REGISTERED NUMBER: 05618883 (England and Wales)

SGN Smart Limited

Strategic Report, Directors' Report and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

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SGN Smart Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

DIRECTORS:

Gregor Alexander (Chairman)

Charlotte Brunning Natalie Flageul

Ines Grund (Alternate)

Guy Lambert Robert McDonald John McManus

Charles Thomazi (Alternate) Nicholas Robin Salmon Michael McNicholas

Peter Mccosker (Alternate)

SECRETARY:

Nicola Shand

REGISTERED OFFICE:

St Lawrence House Station Approach

Horley

Surrey RH6 9HJ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

05618883 (England and Wales)

AUDITOR:

KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

This strategic report sets out the main trends and factors underlying the development and performance of SGN Smart Limited ("the Company") during the year ended 31 March 2020 as well as those matters which are likely to affect our future development and performance.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Turnover for the year ended 31 March 2020 was £3,693k (2019: £3,034k). The operating profit for the year ended 31 March 2020 was £1,238k (2019: £1,121k).

The Company provides managed services to MapleCo1 Ltd, MapleCo2 Ltd, and MapleCo3 Ltd, companies which provide smart metering services. The Maple companies are related to the Company by virtue of common ownership through ultimate shareholders, however, they are not subsidiaries within SGN Group.

The impact of COVID has been limited on the company and the services provided to the Maple Companies have continued as normal. The company expects to continue to operate with no material impacts to forecasts as a result of the pandemic. The Directors consider the financial position of the Company at 31 March 2020 satisfactory, and expect that the activities carried out by the Company will continue in the forthcoming year.

At the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company had no employees (2019: nil).

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

As well as the opportunities the Company has to grow and develop the business, the Company faces certain risks and uncertainties in achieving its objectives. These risks and uncertainties include those of the Group, given that the Company provides its services to Group companies and is dependent upon the performance of the business of the Group. The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company's business identified are as follows:

- Changes in laws or regulation affecting the Group's business, for example regulation of the Group's business;
- Changes in laws or regulation affecting the Company's business, for example environmental or health and safety law or regulation;
- Breaches of laws or regulation affecting the Company's or the Group's business, or breaches of the Group's licence conditions, or breaches of the Company's contractual obligations to Group companies; and
- Failure of the Group's network or other critical non-network operations.

Our reviews of the UK's decision to leave the EU do not indicate any material issues for our model but our assessments are ongoing and mitigations for the supply chain are in place.

The Board of Directors of SGN reviews the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group's business and considers the risk management processes in place, which are designed to safeguard assets and to manage, rather than eliminate, material risks to the achievement of the Group's business objectives. These reviews recognise that any such process can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

GOING CONCERN

The Company's financial position and liquidity position are set out in the Balance Sheet. The Company's principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management objectives and policies are discussed here and in the strategic report.

The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the company will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

The impact of COVID has been considered if this assessment and Directors' do not consider that this will impact the going concern status of the company as it will continue to provide services to the MapleCo companies.

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SIGNED BY:

Gregor Alexander (Chairman) - Director

Date: 30 June 2020

<u>Directors' Report</u> for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for SGN Smart Limited (the "Company") in respect of the year ended 31 March 2020. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Scotia Gas Networks Limited ("SGN"), which together with its subsidiary undertakings (including the Company) is hereinafter referred to as the "Group".

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Company provides MSA's (managed service agreements) to MapleCo1 Ltd, MapleCo2 Ltd and MapleCo3 Ltd, companies that provides smart metering services.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not propose the payment of any dividends for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: £nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2019 to the date of this report.

Gregor Alexander (Chairman)
Charlotte Brunning
Natalie Flageul
Ines Grund (Alternate)
Guy Lambert
Robert McDonald
John McManus
Charles Thomazi (Alternate)
Nicholas Robin Salmon

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Alejandro Lopez Delgado - resigned 28 June 2019 Mariana Popa (Alternate) - resigned 7 June 2019 Michael McNicholas - appointed 28 June 2019 Peter Mccosker (Alternate) - appointed 7 June 2019

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Directors consider that the financial position of the Company at 31 March 2020 is satisfactory.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

None of the Directors who held office at the end of the year had an interest in the shares or loan stock of the Company or any Group undertakings at the end of the financial year, or at any time during the financial year subsequent to their appointment as a Director of the Company.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY

The Company's parent Company (Scotia Gas Networks Limited) has purchased and maintained throughout the financial year directors' and officers' liability insurance in respect of all Group companies, their Directors and senior officers.

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SGN Smart Limited (Registered number: 05618883)

<u>Directors' Report</u> for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

AUDITOR

Each of the Directors at the date of this report confirms that:

- 1) So far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- 2) The Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provision of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

A selection process has been completed by Senior Management and the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board and EY have been selected by the Board as the new Statutory Auditors in respect of the year ending 31 March 2021. KPMG LLP intend to resign as Statutory Auditors upon conclusion of the 2020 statutory audit.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD:

DocuSigned by:

Nicola Shand - Secretary

Date: 30 June 2020

<u>Directors' Responsibilities Statement</u> for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the Independent Auditor to the Members of SGN Smart Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of SGN Smart Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 March 2020, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards applicable to smaller entities, including Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

Strategic Report and Directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Report of the Independent Auditor to the Members of SGN Smart Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Griffiths (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL

Date: 30 June 2020

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Notes	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
TURNOVER	3	3,693	3,034
Net operating costs		(2,455)	(1,913)
OPERATING PROFIT		1,238	1,121
Interest receivable and similar incom Interest payable and similar charges		12 	9 (4)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	6	1,250	1,126
Tax on profit	7	(236)	(216)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA	R	1,014	910

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Notes	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1,014	910
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCO	ME	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOMPOSED FOR THE YEAR	ME	1,014	910

Balance Sheet 31 March 2020

	Notes	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
CURRENT ASSETS	140100	2 000	2000
Stocks	8	-	9
Debtors	9	3,189	1,968
		3,189	1,977
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(550)	(352)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,639	1,625
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		2,639	1,625
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	-	-
Retained earnings	12	2,639	1,625 ———
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		2,639	1,625
			4.005
		<u>2,639</u>	1,625 =====

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 June 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

Docusigned by:

Gregor Alexander (Chairman) - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 April 2018 Profit for the year	- -	715 910	715 910
Total comprehensive income	-	910	910
Balance at 31 March 2019	-	1,625	1,625
Profit for the year	-	1,014	1,014
Total comprehensive income	-	1,014	1,014
Balance at 31 March 2020		2,639	2,639

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General information and basis of preparation

SGN Smart Limited is a private limited Company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is St. Lawrence House, Station Approach, Horley, Surrey, RH6 9HJ. The Company's principal activity is providing MSA's (managed service agreement) to MapleCo1 Ltd, MapleCo2 Ltd and MapleCo3 Ltd, companies that provide smart metering services.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements present the results for the year ended 31 March 2020. The comparative financial statements are for the year ended 31 March 2019.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. There were no material departures from that standard.

The functional currency of SGN Smart Limited is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. Amounts are expressed in thousands of pounds, except where noted otherwise.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Scotia Gas Networks Limited and the financial statements of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of Scotia Gas Networks Limited which can be obtained from the address above. Consequently, the Company has taken exemptions available under FRS 102 in relation to financial instruments, presentation of a cash flow statement, intra-group transactions and remuneration of key management personnel.

Going concern

After reviewing the Company's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial information.

This includes additional analysis with downside scenarios as a result of the COVID pandemic. These forecasts and projections, including performing scenario testing and sensitivity analysis, show the Company should be able to operate within the level of its current facilities.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration for the sale of services supplied by the Company exclusive of value added tax. Revenue is recognised in the year in which the services are rendered and is only recognised when the Company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its services.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arises from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Where items recognised in other comprehensive income or equity are chargeable to or deductible for tax purposes, the resulting current or deferred tax expense or income is presented in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense or income.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if: a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and b) the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Grants and contributions

Capital grants and customer contributions in respect of additions to fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

Revenue grants and contributions are credited to the profit and loss account in the year to which they relate. Deferred income in respect of revenue grants and contributions is included within creditors: amounts falling due within one year.

Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are discounted where the impact of discounting the expected future cash flows is material.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAIN

There are no critical accounting judgements or key sources of estimation uncertainty.

3. TURNOVER

Turnover arises entirely in the United Kingdom and is attributable to the continuing activity of the Company.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The Company had no employees at 31 March 2020 (2019: nil) or at any time during the current or previous financial year and have no staff costs.

The Directors did not receive any remuneration for their services to the Company during the year. No retirement benefits are accruing to any Directors under money purchase or defined benefit schemes, in respect of their services to the Company.

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

2020	2019
£'000	£'000
Other interest payable	4
———	

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

The profit is stated after charging:

	2020	2019
	£'000	£'000
Fees payable to Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's		
annual financial statements	5	5
Operating lease rentals	28	14

The net operating costs in the year of £2,455k (2019: £1,913k) predominantly consist of staff and software recharges from the Group.

7. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

Ourse Adams	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Current tax: UK corporation tax Prior period adjustment	238 (2)	216
Tax on profit	236	216 ———

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

7. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2020	2019
Profit before tax	£'000 1,250 ———	£'000 1,126
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	238	214
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(2)	2
Total tax charge	236	216

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) was substantively enacted on 26 October 2015. Further reductions to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. However, the reduction to 17% was later cancelled and substantively enacted on 11 March 2020, the rate remains at 19%.

8. STOCKS

		2020 £'000	2019 £'000
	Work-in-progress	£ 000	£ 000
	Work-in-progress		===
9.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2020	2019
		£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors	210	257
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,741	1,436
	Prepayments and accrued income	238	275
	• •		
	No.	3,189	1,968
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2020	2019
		£'000	£'000
	Trade creditors	2	28
	Tax and social security	325	133
	Accruals	223	191
		550	352

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, iss	sued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2020	2019
		value:	£	£
1	Ordinary	£1	1	1

The Company was incorporated with the issue of one subscriber share of £1.

12. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	Retained earnings £'000
At 1 April 2019 Profit for the year	1,625 1,014
At 31 March 2020	<u>2,639</u>

13. PARENT COMPANY

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party of the Company is Scotia Gas Networks Limited, a Company registered in England and Wales. Scotia Gas Networks Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest groups which consolidates these financial statements. Copies of Scotia Gas Networks Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary, St Lawrence House, Station Approach, Horley, Surrey RH6 9HJ.

Scotia Gas Networks Limited is owned by a consortium consisting of SSE Plc (33.3%), Borealis Infrastructure Europe (UK) Limited (25%), which is indirectly wholly owned by OMERS Administration Corporation, OTPPB Investments (U.K.) Limited (25%), which is owned by Ontario Teachers' Pension Plan Board and Blue Spyder B 2017 Limited (16.7%), which is owned by Abu Dhabi Investment Authority. It is the opinion of the Directors that the parent Company, Scotia Gas Networks Limited, has no single controlling party as the Company is controlled jointly by the consortium.

14. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for the Company are as follows:

Othor

	Other	Other	
	2020	2019	
	£'000	£'000	
- less than one year	28	20	
- between two to five years	24	38	
- after five years	-	-	
•			

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

15. RELATED PARTIES

The Maple companies noted below and SGN Smart Limited have common ultimate shareholders and as such the Maple companies have been disclosed as related parties.

During the year, the company sold goods and services amounting to £2,705k (2019: £2,942k) to MapleCo1 Ltd, none (2019: £92k) to MapleCo2 Ltd, and £1,100k (2019: £nil) to MapleCo3 Ltd. These goods and services were purchased on an arm's length basis. At 31 March 2020 an amount of £200k (2019: £257k) was receivable from MapleCo1 Ltd and is included within trade debtors.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no subsequent events to report.