

Registered number: 05616851

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

WEDNESDAY



LD2 07/09/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

#8

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Report	1
Directors' Responsibilities Statement	2
Independent Auditor's Report	3 - 4
Statement of Comprehensive Income	5
Statement of Financial Position	6
Statement of Changes in Equity	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8 - 13

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies' exemptions.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company holds loan notes issued in relation to the acquisition of part of the Wood Wharf estate, adjacent to Canary Wharf, London.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £446,422 (2014 - loss £511,888).

No dividends have been paid or proposed in the year (2014 - £NIL).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were:

A P Anderson II Sir George Iacobescu CBE R J J Lyons A J S Jordan

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2015 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 31 August 2016 and signed on its behalf.

J R Garwood Secretary

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WOOD WHARF PROPERTY HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Wood Wharf Property Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 15. The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WOOD WHARF PROPERTY HOLDINGS LIMITED

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report or from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

James Wright FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountant and Statutory Auditor

London, UK

31 August 2016

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Administrative expenses		(150)	(960)
Operating loss	•	(150)	(960)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	. 6 7	99,932 (546,204)	116,448 (627,376)
Loss before tax	•	(446,422)	(511,888)
Tax on loss	8	-	-
Loss for the year	•	(446,422)	(511,888)
Other comprehensive income net of tax	•	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(446,422)	(511,888)

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

WOOD WHARF PROPERTY HOLDINGS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05616851

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	1,905,971	2,211,302
Cash at bank and in hand	10	28,868,797	29,295,571
		30,774,768	31,506,873
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(14,937,359)	(14,973,265)
Net current assets		15,837,409	16,533,608
Total assets less current liabilities		15,837,409	16,533,608
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(27,264,133)	(27,513,910)
Net liabilities		(11,426,724)	(10,980,302)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	1,000	1,000
Retained earnings		(11,427,724)	(10,981,302)
		(11,426,724)	(10,980,302)
			

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 31 August 2016.

R J J Lyons

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
At 1 January 2015	1,000	(10,981,302)	(10,980,302)
Comprehensive income for the year Loss for the year	-	(446,422)	(446,422)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(446,422)	(446,422)
At 31 December 2015	1,000	(11,427,724)	(11,426,724)
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014			
	Share capital	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2014	1,000	(10,469,414)	(10,468,414)
Comprehensive income for the year			
Loss for the year	-	(511,888)	(511,888) ———
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>	(511,888)	(511,888)
At 31 December 2014	1,000	(10,981,302)	(10,980,302)

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Wood Wharf Property Holdings Limited is an English Limited Company registered at One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland").

Information on the impact of first-time adoption of FRS 102 is given in Note 15.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see Note 3).

The principal accounting policies are summarised below.

2.2 Going concern

At the year end, the company is in a net liability position. Included in this are group creditors of £14,917,850, which to the extent that the company cannot pay, will not be called in for at least a period of 12 months from the signing date of the financial statements. In addition, as a member of the Canary Wharf Group, the company has access to considerable resources.

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

2.3 Cash flow statement

The company has taken the exemption from preparing the cash flow statement under Section 1.12(b) as it is a member of a group where the parent of the group prepares publicly available consolidated accounts which are intended to give a true and fair view.

2.4 Financial instruments

Trade and other receivables

Debtors are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

Loans receivable

Loans receivable are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans receivable are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in the Income Statement over the period of the loan, using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances, deposits held with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, which are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.

Borrowings

Loans payable are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans payable are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in the Income Statement over the period of the loan, using the effective interest method.

2.5 Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, there were no items which the directors believe are significant to the financial statements.

4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor's remuneration of £800 (2014 - £800) for the audit of the company has been borne by another group undertaking

5. EMPLOYEES

The company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2014 - £NIL).

	ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015	-	
6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Bank interest receivable	99,932	116,448
		99,932	116,448
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	0045	2044
		2015 £	2014 £
	Bank interest payable	721	867
	Loan note finance charge (Note 12)	545,483	626,509
		546,204	627,376
8.	TAXATION		_
		2015 £	2014 £
	TOTAL CURRENT TAX	-	-
	FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
	The tax assessed for the year is different to the standard rate of co 20.25% (2014 - 21.5%). The differences are explained below:	rporation tax	in the UK of
		2015 £	2014 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	(446,422)	(511,888)
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 21.5%) EFFECTS OF:	(90,400)	(110,056)
	Group relief	90,400	110,056
	TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	 	

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

The tax rate of 20.25% has been calculated by reference to the current corporation tax rate of 20% which was in effect for the final three quarters of the year and the previous rate of 21% which was in effect for the first quarter of the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

9. DEBTORS

	2015 £	2014 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,887,337	2,193,798
Other debtors	2,920	3,070
Prepayments and accrued income	15,714	14,434
	1,905,971	2,211,302
		

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2015 £	2014 £
Cash at bank and in hand	28,868,797	29,295,571
	28,868,797	29,295,571

Included in cash at bank is £28,830,669 (2014 - £29,268,295) which is held as collateral by The Royal Bank of Scotland who provide a bank guarantee for the loan notes issued on 6 February 2006.

11. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2015 £	2014 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	14,917,850	14,917,850
Accruals and deferred income	19,509	55,415
	14,937,359	14,973,265

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

12. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

		2015 £	2014 £
Loan notes	,	27,264,133	27,513,910
		27,264,133	27,513,910

The loan notes were originally issued to acquire the entire share capital of Wood Wharf Property Company Limited, a subsidiary that is now dissolved. At 31 December 2015, the loan notes had a nominal value of £27,283,123 (2014 - £27,720,748). The loan notes were issued at a discount, the discount rate being 5.5% p.a. Loan notes with a nominal value of £437,625 were redeemed in 2015.

The loan notes were issued in four tranches as follows:

	2015 £	2014 £
'A' loan notes	8,446,873	8,659,498
'B' loan notes	7,640,000	7,640,000
'C' loan notes	6,890,000	6,890,000
'D' loan notes	4,287,260	4,324,412
	27,264,133	27,513,910

For the year ended 31 December 2015 interest was payable on all of the notes except the 'D' notes which have an 'interest trigger date' of 6 February 2016. Following the interest trigger date, interest is payable at 3 month LIBOR plus 1% p.a. The loan notes are cash collateralised (Note 10) and are due for repayment 15 years from the date of issue in February 2021. If the holder of the loan notes serves a redemption notice before the repayment date then the loan note repayment is 12 months from the date of the notice.

13. SHARE CAPITAL

	2015	2014
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
500 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	500	500
500 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	500	500
	1,000	1,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

14. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is owned 50% by CWG (Wood Wharf General Partner) Limited and 50% by CWG (Wood Wharf) Holdings Limited. Both companies are wholly owned members of the Canary Wharf Group.

As at 31 December 2015, the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group Investment Holdings plc. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB.

The largest group of which the company is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Stork HoldCo LP, an entity registered in Bermuda and the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party.

Stork HoldCo LP is controlled as to 50% by Brookfield Property Partners LP and as to 50% by Qatar Investment Authority.

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other wholly-owned group companies.

15. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.