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UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

PURPLETUITY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05612009

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	3	39,511		129,506	
Cash at bank and in hand	4	228,550		600,283	
	_	268,061	_	729,789	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(269,002)		(730,730)	
Net current liabilities	_		(9 41)		(941)
Total assets less current liabilities			(941)	_	(941)
Net liabilities		=	(941)	_	(941)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(1,041)		(1,041)
		_	(941)		(941)

PURPLETUITY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05612009

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2018

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 21 November 2019.

I Gillan

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

1.3 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

1.5 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

1.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account using the effective interest method.

2. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 7 (2017 - 7).

3. Debtors

4.

5.

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	-	80,464
Other debtors	39,511	49,042
	39,511	129,506
Cash and cash equivalents		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	228,550	600,283
	228,550	600,283
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2018 £	2017 £
Accruals and deferred income	269,002	730,730

730,730

269,002

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2018

6. **Financial instruments**

2018 2017 £

£

Financial assets

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

228,550

600,283

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash and cash equivalents.

7. Controlling party

There is no overall controlling party.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.