

Company Registration No. 05603625 (England and Wales)

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Mr N Crowther Mr S Beauchamp Mrs G Birley-Smith
Secretary	Vercity Social Infrastructure (UK) Limited
Company number	05603625
Registered office	8 White Oak Square London Road Swanley Kent BR8 7AG
Auditor	BDO LLP 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

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NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Business Review

NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Holdings Limited ("the company") is a holding company for NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Limited, NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Finance plc and NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Nominee Limited, collectively known as "the group". The group's principal activities are the financing, design, construction and maintenance of two new hospital facilities at the Whiston and St Helens sites, together with the operation of certain non-clinical services within the existing and new hospital facilities, as part of the strategic redevelopment scheme for the St Helens and Knowsley Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust, ("the Trust") under the UK Government's Private Finance Initiative ("PFI"). was incorporated on 26 October 2005 and commenced trading on 7 June 2006.

On 7 June 2006, the group authorised the creation of £178,300,000 of 1.7774% index-linked guaranteed secured bonds due 2047 of which £153,000,000 were issued. It also entered into a loan agreement with the European Investment Bank ("EIB") under which EIB granted it £149,186,000 of a 1.743% index-linked guaranteed secured bank loan due 2038. The bonds and bank loan have the benefit of an unconditional and irrevocable financial guarantee as to all payments of interest and principal issued by the monoline insurer Assured Guaranty (Europe) Limited ("AG").

On 20 March 2008, £6,800,000 of the remaining £25,300,000 index-linked guaranteed secured bonds created but not issued were cancelled as they expired on 31 December 2007 in accordance with the terms of the Bond Trust Deed and Collateral Deed.

On 26 May 2009 the shareholders of the group commenced subscription for tranches of unsecured 11.96% fixed interest subordinated loan stock created, constituted and issued by NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Finance Plc on 7 June 2006. This subordinated loan stock totalled £29,490,000 and was fully subscribed as at 31 March 2011.

The financial performance and position is covered in detail in the Key performance indicators section below.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The risk management policy of the group is designed to identify and manage risk at the earliest possible point. Risk management contributes to the success of the business by identifying opportunities and anticipating risks in order to improve business performance and the fulfilment of the group's contractual obligations. The group maintains a detailed risk register which is formally reviewed by the Board on a quarterly basis. The directors have policies for managing each of these risks. The principal risks are summarised below:

Sole client

The group operates within a contractual relationship with its primary client, the Trust. Failure to perform obligations under this contract could have a direct and detrimental effect on the group's result and could result in termination of the concession. To manage this risk the group has regular meetings with the Trust including discussions on performance, project progress, future plans and customer requirements. The group's price risk is principally managed through a 41 year Project Agreement, a long-term contract with the Trust, which provides for payments that are fixed, subject to performance and movements in the UK All Items Retail Price Index (the "UK RPI"), and through sub-contracts with suppliers that largely mirror the provisions of the Project Agreement. The PFI hospital concession assets produce revenues which are index-linked to movements in the UK RPI. These revenues generate the cash flows with which the group funds its operating costs, finance costs and repayments due on its financial liabilities.

Lifecycle

The principal risk borne by the group is that lifecycle maintenance costs exceed those forecast in the financial model agreed at financial close. This risk is mitigated by regular management review of actual expenditure against budget and technical evaluations of the physical condition of the facilities.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Availability

Investment in the project is funded primarily by the bonds, bank loan and subordinated unsecured loan stock. During the operational phase the principal source of funds available to meet its liabilities under the bonds and bank loan will be unitary charge received from the Trust under the Project Agreement, a long term contract held with the Trust. Failure to achieve the forecast levels of availability would result in lower than forecast revenues and this may adversely affect the group's ability to make payments to bondholders and funders. This risk is mitigated by having robust monitoring systems in place and any unavailability deductions are passed on to the service provider under the contract.

Service performance

Performance risk under the Project Agreement and related contracts is passed on to the service providers. The obligations of these subcontractors are underwritten by parent group guarantees. Ultimately, poor performance may result in the Trust having the right to terminate the Project Agreement. As noted in the discussion of the group's key performance indicators, the levels of deductions levied in the year were low and are not considered to pose a risk to the project.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the other party by failing to discharge an obligation under the contract giving rise to the financial instrument.

The group's long term exposure to credit risk, which exists predominantly until the end of the Project Agreement (a long term contract with the Trust), is principally dependent on the creditworthiness of three major European banks which hold the group's cash balances. These banks must hold a minimum short term debt rating of A-1 (or better) issued by Standard & Poors and P-1 (or better) issued by Moody's. Should the ratings of existing counterparties fall below these levels, its senior lenders each have the right to require that an acceptable replacement counterparty be appointed. The group actively monitors the credit ratings of its counterparty banks and reports are issued to the board on a monthly basis. The group's maximum credit risk exposure relating to its financial assets is represented by their carrying value at the balance sheet date.

The group's other long term exposure to credit risk is principally dependent on the creditworthiness of the Trust as the group's sole client. The risk associated with this is mitigated as the cash flows are secured under the Project Agreement, which is a long term contract with the Trust, whose obligations and liabilities are effectively underwritten by the UK Government.

Interest rate risk/inflation risk

All borrowings are at fixed rate other than index-linking, and therefore no interest rate risk arises on them. Interest rate risk arises on the group's cash and short-term deposits. The majority of the group's borrowings comprise an index-linked secured bond and an index-linked secured loan. Repayment of these loans, and meeting operational expenditure commitments, will be made from income which is itself subject to indexation. The group thereby mitigates any exposure to movements in the UK All Items Retail Price Index ("UK RPI").

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The group's liquidity risk is principally managed through financing the group by means of long term borrowings which are tailored to match the expected cash flows arising from the Trust. In addition the group maintains a debt service reserve bank account to provide short term liquidity against future debt service requirements.

Brexit

The risks from Brexit are a result of the risk it poses to the service providers, rather than the group itself. Therefore, this is linked to the service performance and service provider failure risks referred to above. The group is substantively insulated from these risks because non-performance will result in deductions being passed down to the service providers. However, there remains a risk that in extreme circumstances non-performance may result in the Trust having the right to terminate the Project Agreement.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The service providers have performed a review of their respective exposure to Brexit. The relevant concerns relate to availability of spare parts, materials which come from the EU. While there will likely be some disruption, each service provider has a strategy in place to keep this to a minimum. This will result in higher costs to the service providers but not impact the group itself. The directors are comfortable that the increased costs and disruption will not threaten the service providers to such an extent as to put the project at risk.

There are no estimates which are sensitive to Brexit matters.

COVID-19

The group is exposed to the COVID-19 risk as a result of the inherent uncertainty around the impact of the pandemic on UK society and economy. Whilst the group itself is not considered to be significantly exposed, subcontractors which it engages with are considered to have exposure in relation to labour and the ability to continue to perform required services. The group is aware of the Government guidance for public bodies on payment to suppliers to ensure service continuity during and after the coronavirus outbreak, which provides additional assurance. Nevertheless, performance risk under the Project Agreement and related contracts are passed on to the service providers and to the building contractor. The obligations of these subcontractors are underwritten either by performance guarantees issued by banks or by parent company guarantees. During the year, no significant issues have arisen due to COVID-19 that have adversely impacted the group. Due to the evolving nature of the risk, the board continue to actively monitor developments.

Key performance indicators

Financial performance and position

The group's loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £356,000 (2020: £5,000 profit). The group's turnover increased by £11,006,000, largely driven by inflationary price increases and increased pass-through activity. The group's gross profit increased by £79,000 largely as a result of the margin applied to the increased operating costs. The group's net interest payable decreased by £3,872,000 due to the impact of lower UK RPI inflation on finance debtor income and bond and loan interest payable as compared to 2020. The group's tax credit on the loss for the year has decreased by £798,000 reflecting decreased taxable losses for the period and no in year movement for revisions to the corporation tax rate. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2020: £nil).

Financial penalties are levied by Trust in the event of performance standards not being achieved in accordance with the detailed criteria as set out in the Project Agreement. All deductions are passed on to the service providers and the quantum of the penalties is an indication of the level of performance. During the year service performance deductions totalling £7,000 were levied (2020: £44,000). This represents 0.03% (2020: 0.18%) of the total costs from the service providers for the provision of the services.

The group had net liabilities of £37,594,000 as at 31 March 2021 (2020: £37,238,000). The group currently has net liabilities due to the bond and loan debt financing being in excess of the finance debtor which represents the future cash flow receivable. This position will reverse and is primarily driven by operating profits being weighted towards the middle and end of the concession. The increase in net liabilities is attributable to the loss for the year of £356,000. Cash balances of £24,945,000 (2020: £23,677,000) include reserve account balances of £22,291,000 (2020: £20,636,000), in line with contractual requirements.

During the year, the group repaid £2,475,000 (2020: £2,424,000) against the bond, £7,695,000 (2020: £7,405,000) against the loan and £1,178,000 (2020: £1,033,000) against its subordinated loan notes.

The directors have modelled the anticipated financial outcome of the Project over the 41-year concession term and this has shown the project to be profitable and cash generative. The directors monitor actual financial performance against this anticipated performance. Financial covenants have been met during the year and, having considered the anticipated future performance and position of the group, the directors are of the opinion that the covenants will continue to be met in the future, and the group will therefore continue in business. Whilst the group is currently in a cumulative loss-making position the financial model forecasts year on year profitability until the end of the concession.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Historical performance

The group is obliged to meet the conditions laid down in the Bond Trust Deed and Collateral Deed with AG, EIB and Deutsche Trustee Company Limited. To the best of the directors' knowledge the group has met all of the obligations contained within these Deeds and there have been no events of default, potential events of default or trigger events with regard to the Collateral Deed in the year to 31 March 2021.

SECR Reporting

The provision of services under the contract is not deemed to relate to energy consumed by the company nor within our operational control, we have therefore excluded such activities from our reporting. The company itself is considered to be a low energy user and therefore energy and carbon information for the company has not been disclosed.

Section 172 Companies Act 2006 Statement

The directors have a duty to promote the success of the group for the benefit of the shareholders as a whole and to describe how this duty has been performed with regard to those matters set out in section 172 of the Companies act 2006 ("section 172").

The directors have identified the group's main stakeholders as the following:

i. The group's shareholders, bondholders and credit provider

Principal considerations of the board are whether the investment objective of the group is meeting shareholder and bondholder expectations and how Vercity Social Infrastructure (UK) Limited ("the manager"), who the group has subcontracted its management obligations to, delivers these objectives. These are discussed at all board meetings, which are held regularly throughout the year.

The Bonds are secured by an irrevocable financial guarantee policy issued by Assured Guaranty (Europe) Limited in favour of Deutsche Trustee Company Limited, the Credit Provider. The Board regularly discuss the obligations under this policy and how the manager is fulfilling these at board meetings and through engagement with the senior management of the manager. The board frequently engages with the Credit Provider and keeps them updated on matters as required.

ii. The Trust

The board recognises the importance of working in partnership with the Trust, to successfully deliver a key public infrastructure asset. On behalf of the group, the manager fosters this partnership through regular meetings with the client representatives and other key managers. The manager provides regular monthly reporting to the Trust on the performance of its obligations under the PFI agreement. Periodically the directors will also meet with the Trust to discuss key service delivery matters.

iii. The subcontractors

On behalf of the group, the manager seeks to maintain a constructive relationship with the subcontractors by meeting regularly. The subcontractors reports provided to the group contain service provision information and relevant information about the performance of the PFI contract. These reports are reviewed by both the manager and the board. Periodically the directors will also meet with the subcontractors to discuss key service delivery matters.

iv. The manager

The delivery by the manager of its services is fundamental to the long term success of the group. The board seeks to engage regularly with the manager through a number of forums, including at board meetings, portfolio briefings and through engagement with the manager's senior leadership team. Regular reporting is provided to the board by the manager, which will alert the board to changes to regulation or market practice, which will inform the board's decision making.

Throughout the year the board has made due consideration during its discussions and decision-making of the matters set out in section 172 and below is a description of how the directors have had regards to these matters when performing their duties:

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

(a) The likely consequences of any decision in the long term

The group has made no decisions during the year that have material long term consequences.

(b) The interests of the group's employees

As an externally managed group, the group's activities are all outsourced and therefore it does not have any employees. The group does however, pay due regard to the interests and safety of all those engaged by contractors to the group to perform services on its behalf. This is performed by undergoing an external health and safety review and performing regular health and safety inspections.

(c) The need to foster the group's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others

The group is committed to upholding the underlying principle of PFI of working in partnerships with all parties to the arrangement. As noted above, the group has policies and procedures to ensure regular communication is maintained between the parties and ensure that the supply chain is managed effectively in order that the company obligations to the Trust and subcontractors can be upheld.

(d) The impact of the group's operations on the community and the environment

The group has very limited direct impact on the environment and it has no greenhouse gas emissions as a result of not owning any buildings or vehicles. Notwithstanding that the group is committed to minimising environmental disruption from its activities. The board upholds the group's environmental policy in all its activities and requires all parties to the arrangement to do the same.

The board recognises that the group is a key partner in the delivery of public infrastructure and encourages its partners in considering and delivering Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) values and initiatives to achieve socially responsible investing.

(e) The desirability of the group maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct

The group is committed, in its day to day operations and dealings with all affiliates to uphold the highest standard of business conduct and integrity. The directors are not responsible for setting a "business culture" in the traditional sense, but are committed to understanding the culture of the manager and service providers and raise any concerns in this regard if necessary.

(f) The need to act fairly between members of the group

The members of the group are represented at board meetings by their appointed director(s). Conflicts on matters to be discussed are identified at each meeting of the board. Directors representing a member with a conflict of interest may therefore be excluded from any discussion or vote in regards to it.

The directors are cognisant of their duty under s172 in their deliberation as a board on all matters. Decisions made by the board take into account the interests of all the group's key stakeholders and reflect the board's belief that the long term sustainable success of the group is linked directly to its key stakeholders.

On behalf of the board



Mr S Beauchamp

Director

29 September 2021

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a holding company for a Group of Companies whose principal activities are the financing, design, construction and maintenance of two new hospital facilities at the Whiston and St Helens sites, together with the operation of certain non-clinical services within the existing and new hospital facilities, as part of the UK Government's PFI strategic redevelopment scheme for the Trust.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 12.

Interim dividends were paid amounting to £164,000 (2020: £160,000). The directors are unable to recommend payment of a final dividend.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr N Crowther

Mr D J Brooking

Mr S Beauchamp

Mrs G Birley-Smith

(Resigned 12 March 2021)

(Appointed 12 March 2021)

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies in the notes to the financial statements.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of the directors of the group have been made during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

Liquidity risk

The group manages its cash and borrowing requirements in order to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring the group has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of the business. At the start of the PFI contract, the group negotiated debt facilities with external parties to ensure that the group has sufficient funds over the life of the PFI concession.

Interest rate risk

The group is exposed to interest rate risk on bank balances with floating interest rates, however the group does not consider this exposure to be significant. The bonds and bank debt are linked to RPI inflation, however, the unitary charge income is also linked to RPI inflation, therefore mitigating the inflation risk on the bonds, bank debt and other costs.

Credit risk

The group's principal financial assets are cash, finance debtor and trade and other receivables. The group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables which are with one counterparty, although in the opinion of the board of directors this risk is limited as the receivables are with a NHS Trust backed by the UK Government.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Lifecycle risk

Lifecycle expenditure is the main risk to the business. The risk being that the allowance for lifecycle costs factored into the financial model is insufficient to cover future lifecycle expenditure, thus resulting in lower profitability and reduced distributions. This mitigated by regular lifecycle reviews undertaken by the manager and a detailed lifecycle review performed every five years.

Post reporting date events

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any post balance sheet events that require disclosure in the financial statements.

Future developments

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any major changes in the group's activities in the next year.

Auditor

BDO LLP were appointed on 9 March 2021 as auditor to the group and in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at a General Meeting.

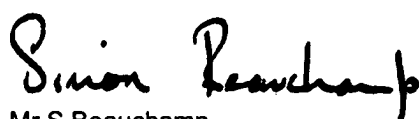
Energy and carbon report

As the group has not consumed or emitted more than 40,000 kWh of energy in the current or prior reporting period, the company qualifies as a low energy user and is not required to report on its emissions, energy consumption or energy efficiency activities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the group is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the group is aware of that information.

On behalf of the board



Mr S Beauchamp

Director

29 September 2021

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company, and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' responsibilities pursuant to DTR4

The directors confirm to the best of their knowledge:

- The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable set of accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit and loss of the company.
- The annual report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the financial position of the company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group and the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of New Hospitals (St Helens & Knowsley) Holdings (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the group statement of comprehensive income, the group balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the group statement of changes in equity, the company statement of changes in equity, the group statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:


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Jack Draycott (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor

London

29 September 2021

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Turnover	3	54,702	43,696
Cost of sales		(50,032)	(39,105)
Gross profit		4,670	4,591
Interest receivable and similar income	7	11,933	15,447
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(17,042)	(20,914)
Loss before taxation		(439)	(876)
Tax on loss	9	83	881
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(356)	5

The group statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

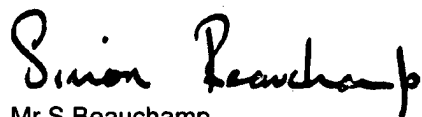
NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000	£'000
Current assets					
Debtors falling due after more than one year	13	287,918		294,917	
Debtors falling due within one year	13	7,541		7,710	
Cash at bank and in hand		24,945		23,677	
		<u>320,404</u>		<u>326,304</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	<u>(20,486)</u>		<u>(20,611)</u>	
Net current assets			299,918		305,693
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year					
Loans	14	335,685		340,902	
Other creditors		<u>1,827</u>		<u>2,029</u>	
			(337,512)		(342,931)
Net liabilities			<u>(37,594)</u>		<u>(37,238)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	17		60		60
Profit and loss account	17		<u>(37,654)</u>		<u>(37,298)</u>
			<u>(37,594)</u>		<u>(37,238)</u>

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 September 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr S Beauchamp
Director

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED


COMPANY BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000	£'000
Fixed assets					
Investments	11		60		60
Current assets					
Debtors	13	165		164	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(165)		(164)	
Net current assets			-		-
Total assets less current liabilities			60		60
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	17		60		60
Total shareholders' funds			60		60

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's profit for the year was £nil (2020: £nil).

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 September 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr S Beauchamp
Director

Company Registration No. 05603625

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 April 2019	60	(37,303)	(37,243)
Year ended 31 March 2020:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	5	5
Balance at 31 March 2020	60	(37,298)	(37,238)
Year ended 31 March 2021:			
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	-	(356)	(356)
Balance at 31 March 2021	60	(37,654)	(37,594)

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	Share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 April 2019		60	-	60
Year ended 31 March 2020:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	160	160
Dividends	10	-	(160)	(160)
Balance at 31 March 2020		60	-	60
Year ended 31 March 2021:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	164	164
Dividends	10	-	(164)	(164)
Balance at 31 March 2021		60	-	60

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000	£'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	19		11,910		8,840
Income taxes (paid)/refunded			-		1
Net cash inflow from operating activities			11,910		8,841
Investing activities					
Interest received		11,933		15,447	
Net cash generated from investing activities			11,933		15,447
Financing activities					
Interest paid on borrowings		(11,062)		(20,288)	
Repayment of borrowings		(11,348)		(1,381)	
Dividends paid		(165)		(164)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(22,575)		(21,833)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			1,268		2,455
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			23,677		21,222
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			24,945		23,677

The notes on pages 18 - 31 form part of these financial statements.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

The company is a private limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent, BR8 7AG.

The group consists of NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Holdings Limited and all of its subsidiaries.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company and group. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £'000.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

In these financial statements, the parent company itself is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS102 in respect of the following disclosures:

- Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding from the beginning to the end of the period;
- Disclosure in respect of financial instruments;
- Cash Flow Statement and related notes; and
- Key Management Personnel compensation.

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 102 and has therefore taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available to it in respect of its parent financial statements. The company is consolidated in these financial statements. Exemptions have been taken in these parent company financial statements in relation to presentation of a company statement of cashflows.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 March each year. The subsidiaries have a year ended of 31 March 2021.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons:

The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts covering a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements which indicate that the group will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period. Those forecasts are dependent on the underlying customer continuing to meet its obligations under the Project Agreement and the directors expect these amounts to be received even in severe but plausible downside scenarios. The group continues to provide the assets in accordance with the contract and are available to be used. As a result the group does not believe there is any likelihood of a material impact to the unitary payment. The directors have considered the potential impact of the emergence and spread of COVID-19, which includes the group's operating cash inflows which are largely dependent on the unitary charge payments. Throughout the pandemic and to date, all unitary charge payments have been received on time and in full and the directors expect this to continue.

The directors have assessed the viability of its main sub-contractors and reviewed the contingency plans of the sub-contractors and are satisfied in their ability to provide the services in line with the contract without significant additional costs to the group, even in downside scenarios, due to the underlying contractual terms. To date, there has been no adverse impact on the services provided by the group or its subcontractors arising from COVID-19. However, in the unlikely event of a subcontractor failure, the group has its own business continuity plans to ensure that service provision will continue.

In addition, although the group is in a net liabilities position as at 31 March 2021 due to the bond and bank debt financing being in excess of the finance debtor, the directors have reviewed the group's forecasts and projections, taking into account future cash requirements and forecast receipts, which show that the group can continue to meet its debts as they fall due.

Consequently, the directors at the time of approving the financial statements have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.4 Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes.

Income received in respect of the service concession is allocated between revenue and capital repayment of, and interest income on, the PFI financial asset using the effective interest rate method. Service revenue is recognised as a margin on non-pass-through operating and maintenance costs.

Pass through income represents the direct pass through of recoverable costs, as specified in the Project Agreement, including income relating to the alteration of facilities as requested by the Trust.

1.5 Fixed asset investments

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Fixed asset investments are accounted for at cost and are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

1.7 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's balance sheet when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Loans and receivables

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Service concession

The group is an operator of a Private Finance Initiative ("PFI") contract. As the group entered into the contract prior to the date of transition to FRS102, the group has taken advantage of the exemption in section 35.10 (i) of FRS102 which permit it to continue to account for the service concession arrangements under the accounting policies adopted under old UK GAAP. In particular, the underlying asset is not deemed to be an asset of the group under old UK GAAP, because the risks and rewards of ownership as set out in that standard are deemed to lie principally with the Authority.

During the construction phase of the project, all attributable expenditure was included in amounts recoverable on contracts and turnover. Upon becoming operational, the costs were transferred to the finance debtor. During the operational phase income is allocated between interest receivable and the finance debtor using a project specific interest rate. The remainder of the PFI unitary charge income is included within turnover in accordance with FRS102 section 23. The group recognises revenue in respect of the services provided, including lifecycle services, as it fulfils its contractual obligations in respect of those services and in line with the fair value of the consideration receivable in respect of those services.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the group transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designated as being measured at fair value through profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the group's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of comprehensive income, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Deferred income

Revenue received relating to the hospitals during the construction phase was deferred until the year ended 31 March 2010. During the year to 31 March 2011 this income started to be released on an annual basis over the remaining life of the contract as full occupation of the main Whiston hospital site occurred on 14 April 2010.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows:

Service concession arrangement

As disclosed in Note 1, the group accounts for the project as a service concession arrangement. The directors use their judgement in selecting the appropriate financial asset rate to be applied in order to allocate the income received between revenue, and capital repayment of and interest income on the financial asset; and also the service margin that is used to recognise service revenue. The directors have also used their judgement in assessing the appropriateness of the future maintenance costs that are included in the group's forecasts. The directors will continue to monitor the condition of the assets and undertake a regular review of maintenance spend. If lifecycle costs, cumulatively over the remainder of the concession, increase by 5% the impact on revenue in the year would be a decrease of £163,000.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

3 Turnover

An analysis of the group's turnover is as follows:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Turnover analysed by class of business		
Operating income	33,079	27,993
Pass through income	21,623	15,703
	<u>54,702</u>	<u>43,696</u>

4 Auditor's remuneration

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:		
For audit services		
Audit of the financial statements of the group and company	7	8
Audit of the financial statements of the company's subsidiaries	21	25
	<u>28</u>	<u>33</u>
For other services		
Audit-related assurance services	3	-
	<u>3</u>	<u>-</u>

The current year fees are payable to BDO LLP. The prior year fees were paid to KPMG LLP.

5 Employees

The group had no employees during the year (2020: nil).

6 Directors' remuneration

No directors received any remuneration for services to the group during the year (2020: nil).

7 Interest receivable and similar income

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Interest income		
Interest on bank deposits	60	277
Interest receivable on the finance debtor	11,873	15,170
	<u>11,933</u>	<u>15,447</u>

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

8 Interest payable and similar expenses

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
Interest on bank loans	5,362	7,334
Interest payable to parent undertaking	4,754	4,644
Interest on bonds	6,297	8,309
	<u>16,413</u>	<u>20,287</u>
Other finance costs:		
Amortisation of finance arrangement costs	629	627
	<u>17,042</u>	<u>20,914</u>

9 Taxation

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Deferred tax		
Other adjustments	(83)	(881)
	<u>(83)</u>	<u>(881)</u>

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the UK corporation tax rate of 19% is applied.

The March 2020 Budget announced that a rate of 19% would continue to apply with effect from 1 April 2020, and this change was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020.

The March 2021 Budget announced a further increase to the main rate of corporation tax to 25% from April 2023. This rate has not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, as a result deferred tax balances as at 31 March 2021 continue to be measured at 19%. If all of the deferred tax was to reverse at the amended rate the impact to the closing deferred tax position would be to increase the deferred tax asset by £2,305,000.

The actual credit for the year can be reconciled to the expected credit for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Loss before taxation	(439)	(876)
	<u>(439)</u>	<u>(876)</u>
Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2020: 19.00%)	(83)	(166)
Effect of change in corporation tax rate	-	(715)
	<u>(83)</u>	<u>(881)</u>
Taxation credit	(83)	(881)

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

10 Dividends

	2021 Per share £	2020 Per share £	2021 Total £'000	2020 Total £'000
Interim paid	2.73	2.66	164	160

11 Fixed asset investments

	Group 2021 £'000	2020 £'000	Company 2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Investments in subsidiaries	-	-	60	60

Movements in fixed asset investments Company

	Shares in group undertakings £'000
Cost	
At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021	60
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2021	60
At 31 March 2020	60

12 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2021 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Class of shares held	% Held		Profit/(Loss)	Capital and Reserves
		Direct	Indirect	£'000	£'000
NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Limited	Ordinary	100%	0%	(356)	(37,654)
NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Finance plc	Ordinary	99.998%	0.002%	-	50
NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Nominee Limited	Ordinary	100%	0%	-	-

All of the above companies are domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales and have a registered address of 8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent BR8 7AG.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

13 Debtors

		Group 2021 £'000	2020 £'000	Company 2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:					
Finance debtor		5,955	6,419	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income		1,586	1,291	165	164
		<u>7,541</u>	<u>7,710</u>	<u>165</u>	<u>164</u>
Amounts falling due after more than one year:					
	Notes				
Finance debtor		280,618	287,701	-	-
Deferred tax asset	16	7,300	7,216	-	-
		<u>287,918</u>	<u>294,917</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total debtors		<u>295,459</u>	<u>302,627</u>	<u>165</u>	<u>164</u>

14 Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

		Group 2021 £'000	2020 £'000	Company 2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Bank loans		152,082	156,964	-	-
Bonds		178,682	177,854	-	-
Subordinated loans		15,848	16,961	-	-
		<u>346,612</u>	<u>351,779</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Payable within one year		10,927	10,877	-	-
Payable after one year		<u>335,685</u>	<u>340,902</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

14 Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

(Continued)

Index-Linked Guaranteed Secured Bonds due 2047

NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Finance Plc ("Finance Plc") has created £178,300,000 of 1.7774% index-linked guaranteed secured bonds due 2047 pursuant to a Bond Trust Deed and Collateral Deed dated 7 June 2006, of which £153,000,000 were issued for cash on 7 June 2006 at a 99.99% of par.

On 20 March 2008, £6,800,000 of the remaining £25,300,000 index-linked guaranteed secured bonds created but not issued were cancelled as they expired on 31 December 2007 in accordance with the terms of the Bond Trust Deed and Collateral Deed.

The bonds bear interest at 1.7774%, which together with its principal repayment, is subject to indexation based on movements in the UK RPI in accordance with the terms of the Bond Trust Deed. The interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on 31 March and 30 September each year. The principle on the bonds is repayable in installments which commenced on 31 March 2012 and end in February 2047.

The index-linked bonds created by the group have the benefit of an unconditional and irrevocable financial guarantee issued by AG in favour of Deutsche Trustee Company Limited as security trustee over all of the undertakings and assets of the group.

Index-Linked Guaranteed Secured Bank Loan due 2038

Finance Plc has drawn £149,186,000 of a 1.743% index-linked guaranteed secured bank loan due 2038 pursuant to a Loan Agreement dated 1 June 2006 and a Collateral Deed dated 7 June 2006.

The loan has an interest rate of 1.743%, which together with its principal repayment, is subject to indexation based on movements in the UK RPI in accordance with the terms of the Loan Agreement. The interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on 31 March and 30 September each year. The loan principle is repayable in installments which commenced on 30 September 2011 and end in June 2038.

The index linked bank loan has the benefit of an unconditional and irrevocable financial guarantee issued by AG in favour of Deutsche Trustee Company Limited as security trustee over all of the undertakings and assets of the group.

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

14 Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

(Continued)

Fixed rate unsecured subordinated loan stock due 2047

On 24 May 2006, NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Finance Plc ("Finance plc"), a member of the group, authorised and approved the issue of £30,090,000 unsecured 11.96% fixed interest loan notes which were constituted in a Deed Poll dated 7 June 2006. Under the terms of an Equity Subscription Agreement dated 7 June 2006 Finance plc's shareholders undertook to subscribe for the loan notes in separate tranches up to a total value of £30,090,000 over the period from 31 May 2009 to 31 March 2011. In the year ended 31 March 2011 the total amount of loan notes subscribed for by Finance plc's shareholders was £29,490,000. Since then, a number of early redemption payments have been made to the Finance plc's shareholders and during the year to 31 March 2021, two further redemptions of principal have been paid, leaving the balance of subordinated loan stock as at the year-end of £15,848,000. The 11.96% fixed interest accrues from 1 April 2011 and interest is paid semi-annually in arrears every 30 September and 31 March thereafter.

Of the total £30,090,000 loan notes constituted, £600,000 relates to a commitment to subscribe for Contingent Equity Tranche loan notes as detailed in the Equity Subscription Agreement. The commitment to subscribe for this tranche of the loan notes is no longer required as the matching Committed Variation Bonds to which the amount relates were cancelled on 20 March 2008, as they expired on 31 December 2007, in accordance with the Terms of the Bond Trust Deed and Collateral Deed.

Under the terms of an Intra group Loan Agreement entered into on 7 June 2006, NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Finance plc undertook to onward loan the proceeds of the issue of the subordinated loan stock to NewHospitals (St Helens and Knowsley) Limited, on exactly the same payment terms for interest and principal.

The proceeds of the loan stock issue are being used by the group to finance its obligations under its Project Agreement with the Trust.

The loan notes are redeemable at any time in line with the provisions of Clause 3 of the Deed Poll Constituting Unsecured Subordinated Loan Notes for the Company and in accordance with condition 3 (Redemption) of the aforementioned Deed.

15 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		Group		Company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans	14	7,725	7,492	-	-
Other borrowings	14	3,202	3,385	-	-
Trade creditors		2,638	3,879	-	-
Other taxation		874	861	-	-
Accruals and deferred income		6,047	4,994	165	164
		<u>20,486</u>	<u>20,611</u>	<u>165</u>	<u>164</u>

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

16 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the group or company has a legally enforceable right to do so. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	Assets 2021 £'000	Assets 2020 £'000
Group		
Tax losses	7,300	7,216

The company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities.

	Group 2021 £'000	Company 2021 £'000
Movements in the year:		
Asset at 1 April 2020	(7,216)	-
Credit to profit or loss	(84)	-
Asset at 31 March 2021	(7,300)	-

17 Share capital and reserves

	2021 Number	2020 Number	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Ordinary share capital				
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	60,000	60,000	60	60

18 Related party transactions

During the year the group entered into the following transactions with related parties :

Innisfree Limited

Innisfree Limited acts as fund manager for Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund 2 LP , the majority shareholder of the group. In the year the group paid directors fees and expenses (including VAT) to Innisfree Limited of £179,000 (2020: £177,000). There was no outstanding balance at 31 March 2021 (2020: £nil).

Vercity Social Infrastructure (UK) Limited

On 7 June 2006 the group entered into transactions in the ordinary course of business for the duration of the Project Agreement with its management services provider, Vercity Social Infrastructure (UK) Limited, a subsidiary of Vercity Holdings Limited. Vercity Holdings Limited and the group are related parties by virtue of both being invested with funds under the management of Innisfree Limited. During the year the group paid the manager and it's subsidiary, Vercity Management Services Limited, for management and other associated services (including VAT) amounting to £975,000 (2020: £950,000). At 31 March 2021, there was no outstanding balance (2020: £nil).

NEWHOSPITALS (ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY) HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

19 Cash generated from operations

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	(356)	5
Adjustments for:		
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	(83)	(881)
Finance costs recognised in profit or loss	17,042	20,914
Investment income recognised in profit or loss	(11,933)	(15,447)
Movements in working capital:		
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	7,210	4,371
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors	30	(122)
Cash generated from operations	11,910	8,840

20 Analysis of changes in net debt - group

	1 April 2020 £'000	Cash flows £'000	Other non- cash changes £'000	31 March 2021 £'000
Cash at bank and in hand	23,677	1,268	-	24,945
Borrowings	(351,778)	11,349	(6,183)	(346,612)
	<u>(328,101)</u>	<u>12,617</u>	<u>(6,183)</u>	<u>(321,667)</u>

21 Controlling party

As at 31 March 2020 the company was owned 74.4% by Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund 2 LP and 25.6% by Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund (through its nominee Innisfree Nominee Limited). All of these entities are registered in England and Wales. In the directors' opinion, the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party was Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund 2 LP, a limited partnership registered in England and Wales. The registered office of both Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund 2 LP and Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund is First Floor, Boundary House, 91-93 Charterhouse Street, London, EC1M 6HR.