

J N Coxhead Ltd

trading as J N Coxhead

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

J N Coxhead Ltd
trading as J N Coxhead

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Company Information

Director	Mr J N Coxhead
Company secretary	Mrs T R Coxhead
Registered office	Ashgrove 6 Royalty Ave New Longton Preston Lancashire PR4 4JN

J N Coxhead Ltd
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(Registration number: 05584339)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	20,694	21,560
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	83,320	76,414
		<u>104,014</u>	<u>97,974</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	-	552
Cash at bank and in hand		965	1,146
		965	1,698
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(30,726)	(26,973)
Net current liabilities		(29,761)	(25,275)
Total assets less current liabilities		74,253	72,699
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(193,940)	(200,078)
Net liabilities		<u>(119,687)</u>	<u>(127,379)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Retained earnings		(119,688)	(127,380)
Shareholders' deficit		<u>(119,687)</u>	<u>(127,379)</u>

For the financial year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 12 October 2022

.....
Mr J N Coxhead

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.
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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Ashgrove
6 Royalty Ave
New Longton
Preston
Lancashire
PR4 4JN

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 12 October 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance
Land and buildings	2% reducing balance

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Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class	Amortisation method and rate
Goodwill	5% straight line
Website	25% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2021 - 1).

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Website costs £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2021	38,500	-	38,500
Additions acquired separately	-	1,412	1,412
At 31 March 2022	38,500	1,412	39,912
Amortisation			
At 1 April 2021	16,940	-	16,940
Amortisation charge	1,925	353	2,278
At 31 March 2022	18,865	353	19,218
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2022	19,635	1,059	20,694
At 31 March 2021	21,560	-	21,560

5 Tangible assets

	Farm buildings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2021	85,007	21,833	106,840
Additions	-	9,900	9,900
At 31 March 2022	85,007	31,733	116,740
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2021	12,273	18,153	30,426
Charge for the year	1,455	1,539	2,994
At 31 March 2022	13,728	19,692	33,420
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2022	71,279	12,041	83,320
At 31 March 2021	72,734	3,680	76,414

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £71,280 (2021 - £72,734) in respect of long leasehold land and buildings.

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

6 Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	-	552
	-	552
	2022 £	2021 £
Current		
Trade debtors	-	552

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	22,192	22,122
Trade creditors		2,157	1,571
Amounts owed to related parties		4,320	461
Accruals and deferred income		2,057	1,096
Other creditors		-	1,723
		<u>30,726</u>	<u>26,973</u>

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	<u>193,940</u>	<u>200,078</u>

8 Loans and borrowings

	2022 £	2021 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank loans	187,273	200,078
Hire purchase	6,667	-
	<u>193,940</u>	<u>200,078</u>

	2022 £	2021 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank loans	20,358	19,814
Hire purchase	1,834	2,308
	<u>22,192</u>	<u>22,122</u>

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Bank borrowings

The carrying amount at year end is £155,732 (2021 - £169,892).

Security held against agricultural land and property at Ash Grove, New Longton, Preston valued at £475,000 on the 12th December 2019.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.