Registration number: 05581714

Leather Consultancy Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

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Company Information

Director A Leather

Registered office 16 Church Road

Brackley Northants NN13 7BU

Accountants J R Walker Limited

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(Registration number: 05581714) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	23,656	23,848
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	28,368	36,513
Cash at bank and in hand		53,775	28,064
		82,143	64,577
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(23,651)	(22,388)
Net current assets		58,492	42,189
Net assets		82,148	66,037
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		20	20
Profit and loss account		82,128	66,017
Total equity	_	82,148	66,037

For the financial year ending 31 October 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

Director

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 19 June 2018	
A Leather	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 16 Church Road Brackley Northants NN13 7BU

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 19 June 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and equipment Motor vehicles Depreciation method and rate

25% per annum reducing balance basis 20% per annum reducing balance basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2016 - 2).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 November 2016	51,054	10,400	61,454
Additions	7,531	<u> </u>	7,531
At 31 October 2017	58,585	10,400	68,985
Depreciation			
At 1 November 2016	29,675	7,931	37,606
Charge for the year	7,229	494	7,723
At 31 October 2017	36,904	8,425	45,329
Carrying amount			
At 31 October 2017	21,681	1,975	23,656
At 31 October 2016	21,379	2,469	23,848
5 Debtors		2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors		28,368	36,513
Titude debitors	=	28,368	36,513
6 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2017 £	2016 £
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		4,807	2,084
Taxation and social security		2,055	4,567
Other creditors	_	16,789	15,737
	=	23,651	22,388

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	20	20	20	20
8 Dividends			2017 £	2016 ₤
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