Northern Gas Networks Finance Plc

Annual Report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2007

Registered number 5575923

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Directors' report

For the year ended 31 December 2007

The directors present their Annual Report on the affairs of the company, together with the accounts and auditors' report, for the year ended 31 December 2007

Principal activity

The company's principal activity is to fund group operations

Business review

The company was incorporated in 2005 to raise funds in the financial markets for Northern Gas Networks Limited

No new funds have been raised in the year As shown in the company's profit and loss account the company has not made a profit or loss in the year

The balance sheet of the accounts shows that the company's financial position at the year end is consistent with the prior year. Details of amounts owed by its parent company are shown in note 3.

The company is managed as part of the overall group For this reason, the company's directors believe that further key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The performance of the group, including the company, is discussed in the Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is financed by bonds, the proceeds of which were loaned to its parent company. Associated risks are discussed below

Group risks and uncertainties are discussed in the Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited group Annual Report which does not form part of this report

The Directors do not expect the company to make a profit or loss in the forthcoming year

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company's financial instruments, comprise guaranteed bonds and intercompany debt. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the group's operations.

The main qualitative and quantitative risks ansing from the company's financial instruments are liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Directors' report (continued)

Liquidity risk

The maturity of debt facilities are managed such that at any one time all have a time to maturity of more than one year and that at least 50% by value have a time to maturity of more than two years

Facilities are staggered to maturity to avoid excessive concentrations in any twelve month period as well as removing refinancing risk if such timeframes coincide with a regulatory reset date

Interest rate risk

Any interest rate exposure to the company is borne by the parent company as any rate change would be passed on to the parent company (see note 3 for details)

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis has no impact on the liquidity or interest rate risks as the only potential variable is interest rate which is fixed

Dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2006 - £nil)

Directors' report (continued)

Directors

The directors, who served throughout the year except as noted, were as follows

W Shurniak (Chairman)

B Scarsella

F R Frame

D V Latham

(resigned 8 October 2007)

H Lam Kam

K Sum Tso

N McGee

A Hunter

C J Brook

(appointed 2 January 2007, resigned 12 April 2007)

C Cornish

(appointed 12 April 2007, resigned 2 December 2007)

J Doman

(appointed 8 October 2007)

S Fraser

(appointed 2 December 2007)

The Board of Directors

The daily operations of the business are managed by the Senior Management Team (SMT) and the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) All significant decisions are referred to the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors meet at least four times a year. The number of Board meetings held during the year and attendees at the Board meetings is detailed below.

20	07	2006	
Date	Attendees	Date	Attendees
5 March	9 out of 9	3 Aprıl	9 out of 9
21 May	9 out of 9	5 June	7 out of 9
4 July	8 out of 9	3 July	8 out of 9
3 September	9 out of 9	9 October	9 out of 9

The effectiveness of systems and internal controls are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the SMT who formally report into the CEO. The Board is ultimately responsible for the system of internal controls and for the review of effectiveness.

The Board consider the business a going concern at the time of approval of the Annual Report and accounts

Directors' report (continued)

Auditors

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

The directors will place a resolution before the annual general meeting to reappoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as auditors for the ensuing year

1100 Century Way Thorpe Park Business Park Colton Leeds LS15 8TU By order of the Board,

Director

13 March 2008

B Scarsella

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The accounts are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the accounts, and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregulanties.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of accounts may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Independent auditors' report

To the Members of Northern Gas Networks Finance Pic.

We have audited the accounts of Northern Gas Networks Finance Plc for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of accounting policies and the related notes 1 to 11 These accounts have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the accounts.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

Independent auditors' report (continued)

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated

the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts

Opinion

In our opinion

the accounts give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting

Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its result for the year then

ended,

the accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the accounts

Delvittet Touche CCP

Deloitte & Touche LLP
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
Leeds

(7 March 2008

Profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 December 2007

	Notes	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Operating profit		-	-
Finance charges (net)	1	-	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	-	-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		-	-
Profit for the year			

The above results arise from continuing operations

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account

There are no recognised gains or losses in the year

Balance sheet

31 December 2007

	Notes	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Current assets			
Debtors			
- due within one year	3	7,101	7,105
– due after more than one year	3	505,000	505,000
		512,101	512,105
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	4	(7,956)	(7,999)
Net current assets		504,145	504,106
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	5	(504,095)	(504,056)
Net assets		50	50
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	7	50	50
Profit and loss account	8	-	-
Shareholders' funds	9	50	50

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet

The accounts were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 3 March 2008 and signed on its behalf by

B Scarsella

Director

Statement of accounting policies

31 December 2007

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year other than for the adoption of Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 29 "Financial Instruments Disclosures" during the current year.

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

The company is exempt from the requirement of FRS1 (revised) "Cash flow statements" to present a cash flow statement as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited, which prepares consolidated accounts which are publicly available

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the accounts that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in years different from those in which they are recognised in the accounts

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the years in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Finance costs

Finance costs of debt are recognised in the profit and loss account over the term of the instrument at a constant rate on the carrying amount

Debt

Debt is initially stated at the amount of the net proceeds after deduction of issue costs. The carrying amount is increased by the finance cost in respect of the accounting year and reduced by payments made in the year.

Notes to the accounts

31 December 2007

1	Finance	charges ((net)

	-	-
Interest receivable and similar income	(25,124)	(25,259)
Interest payable and similar charges	25,124	25,259
	£'000	£,000
• ,	2007	2006

Interest receivable and similar income is all received from the parent undertaking. All interest payable and similar charges incurred are recharged to the parent undertaking.

Interest payable and similar charges

	25,124	25,259
Guaranteed Bonds	25,124	25,259
	£'000	£'000
	2007	2006

2 Directors remuneration and auditors fee

The directors did not receive any remuneration in relation to their services to the company during the current year or prior year. The total remuneration received by the directors during the year was £752,000 (2006 - £500,000) which was paid by other group companies for their services to other group companies. The audit fee of £5,000 (2006 - £5,000) will be borne by Northern Gas Networks Limited.

3 Debtors

V Debtors	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	7,101	7,105
	7,101	7,105
Amounts falling due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	505,000	505,000
	505,000	505,000
	512,101	512,105

Balances have been accounted for as loans and receivables

Notes to the accounts (continued)

3 Debtors (continued)

The amounts owed by group undertakings falling due after one year is an intercompany loan repayable in two tranches at par, £250 0m on 30 June 2027 and £255 0m on 15 November 2035 in line with the related bond repayments (see note 5). Interest is paid annually on 30 June in relation to the £250 0m loan and on 15 November in relation to the £255 0m loan at a rate equivalent to that paid on the related bonds.

The amounts owed by group undertakings are not impaired in any way and are fully recoverable as the group undertaking holding the debt has been deemed a going concern by the directors of that company due to a net asset position and future profit forecasts

4 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
·	2007	2006
	£,000	£'000
Accruals and deferred income	7,956	7,999
	7,956	7,999
Balances have been accounted for as loans and payables 5 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
o ordanors. Amounts faming due after more than one year	2007	2006
	£,000	£'000
Guaranteed bond due 2027	249,559	249,536
Guaranteed bond due 2035	254,536	254,520
	504,095	504,056

Balances have been accounted for as loans and payables

The guaranteed bond due 2027 of £250 0m matures on 30 June 2027 and will be redeemed at par. Interest is paid annually on 30 June at a rate of 4 875%

The guaranteed bond due 2035 of £255 0m matures on 15 November 2035 and will be redeemed at par. Interest is paid annually on 15 November at a rate of 4 875%

5 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

Maturity analysis of bonds

Maturity analysis of interest and repayments	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
In one year or less	24,619	24,619
In more than one year but less than two years	24,619	24,619
In more than two years but less than five years	73,856	73,856
In more than five years but less than ten years	123,094	123,094
In more than ten years but less than twenty years	490,094	246,188
In more than twenty years	352,896	621,421
	1,089,178	1,113,797

Maturity is measured as actual cash flows

6 Derivatives and other financial instruments

Pages 1 and 2 of the Directors' report provide an explanation of the role that financial instruments have had during the year in creating or changing the risks the company faces in its activities. The explanation summarises the objectives and policies for holding or issuing financial instruments and similar contracts and the strategies for achieving those objectives that have been followed during the year.

Short term debtors and creditors have been excluded from the disclosures
The directors believe that the fair values are not materially different from the balance sheet values

Fair values

Set out below is a comparison by category of book values and fair values of the company's financial liabilities and assets at 31 December

	2007	7	2006	6
	Book	Fair	Book	Fair
	Value	value	value	value
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Financial liabilities				
Guaranteed bonds	504,095	508,720	504,056	519,446
Financial assets				
Intercompany loan	505,000	508,720	505,000	519,446

The fair values shown above have been calculated by discounting cash flows at prevailing interest rates

Notes to the accounts (continued)

7 Cailed-up share capital		
	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Authorised	2 000	2000
50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50	50
	50	50
Allotted and called-up		
50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50	50
	50	50
The unpaid shares remain outstanding within debtors at the year end		
8 Reserves		
		Profit and loss account £'000
At 1 January 2007		-
Profit for the financial year		
At 31 December 2007		
9 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Profit for the financial year	-	-
Net addition to shareholders' funds	-	
Opening shareholders' funds	50	50
Closing shareholders' funds	50	50

Notes to the accounts (continued)

10 Financial commitments

The company has a total commitment of £12 1m (2006 - £12 6m) over the term of the bonds in relation to a financial guarantee from FGIC UK Limited ("FGIC") to cover the guaranteed bonds included within long term borrowings in note 5

The company has also entered into a Guarantee and Reimbursement Agreement with FGIC in conjunction with its parent, Northern Gas Networks Limited ("NGN"), in relation to those bonds. NGN guarantees the punctual payment of any and all sums and fees due to FGIC and undertakes to pay any amount due from the company but not paid by it NGN also indemnifies FGIC against any loss or liability suffered, if any obligation guaranteed by FGIC is, or becomes, unenforceable, invalid or illegal. The amount of the loss or liability under the indemnity is equal to the amount FGIC would otherwise have been entitled to recover.

11 Ultimate controlling party

The directors regard Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales as the ultimate parent company and the ultimate controlling party. Northern Gas Networks Limited is the immediate parent company.

Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited is the parent company of the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are drawn up. Copies of the accounts are available from 1100 Century Way, Thorpe Park Business Park, Colton, Leeds, LS15 8TU

The Shareholders of Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited are a consortium consisting of

PG (April) Limited (40%)
Beta Central Profits Limited (19 9%)
Goldia Resources Limited (15 2%)
United Utilities Energy and Contracting Services Holdings Limited (15%)
Challenger Northern Gas Limited (5 8%)
SAS Trustee Corporation (4 1%)

As a subsidiary undertaking of Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group headed by Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited There were no related party transactions with the Shareholders of Northern Gas Networks Holdings Limited