DREAMSTONE MINING LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 August 2016

SATURDAY

A64EOALD A24 15/04/2017 #432

COMPANIES HOUSE

DREAMSTONE MINING LIMITED

Registered number:

5544684

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2016

	Notes		2016 £		2015 £
Current assets Debtors		6,371		6,371	
Creditors: amounts falling d within one year	ue	(9,766)		(8,618)	
Net current liabilities			(3,395)		(2,247)
Net liabilities		- -	(3,395)	-	(2,247)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	2		100 (3,495)		100 (2,347)
Shareholders' funds		-	(3,395)	_	(2,247)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

Members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Director

Approved by the board on 6 April 2017

DREAMSTONE MINING LIMITED Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the year ended 31 August 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes. Deferred taxation is calculated on an un-discounted basis at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse.

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives. The corresponding lease or hire purchase obligation is treated in the balance sheet as a liability.

The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Share capital	Nominal value	2016 Number	2016 £	2015 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	Ordinary shares	£1 each	100	100	100