UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017



Company registered number: 05543266

BALANCE SHEET AT 30 APRIL 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
FIXED ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	3	104,296	140,753
CURRENT ASSETS Stock Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	4	6,485,057 689,174 2,240,237	5,733,137 1,708,565 1,940,307
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	5	9,414,468 7,886,005	9,382,009 8,029,459
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,528,463	1,352,550
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,632,759	1,493,303
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(323,507)	(362,847)
NET ASSETS		1,309,252	1,130,456
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings	7	1,309,251	1,130,455
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1,309,252	1,130,456

Company registered number: 05543266

BALANCE SHEET AT 30 APRIL 2017 (CONT.)

For the year in question the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and the option not to file the profit and loss account has been taken.

The accounts were approved by the Director on 24 January 2018

D. Exley, Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1a. Statement of compliance

Seville Developments Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales.

Registered office:

The Robbins Building, Albert Street, RUGBY, Warwickshire. CV21 2SD

These financial statements are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The date of transition is 1 May 2015.

The transition to FRS 102 has resulted in a small number of changes in accounting policies to those used previously.

The nature of these changes and their impact on opening equity and profit for the comparative period are explained in the notes below.

1b. Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The presentation currency is sterling rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

1c. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Property Sales

Turnover from the sale of properties is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer, the amount of turnover can be measured reliably, the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the costs incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. This is usually on legal completion.

Maintenance and Refurbishment Income

When the outcome of a contract can be estimated reliably, the costs and turnover are recognised by reference to the stage of completion at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONT.)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

1d. Taxation

Current tax represents the amount of tax payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit (or loss) for the current or past reporting periods. It is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax represents the future tax consequences of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences with certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income, as stated in the financial statements, that arise from the inclusion of income and expense in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing differences.

1e. Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is provided, after taking account of any grants receivable, at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery	Straight Line 25%
Vehicles	Straight Line 25%
Office Equipment	Straight Line 25%

1f. Stock

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition.

1g. Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in profit and loss.

1h. Loans and borrowings

All interest-bearing loans and borrowings which are basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONT.)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

1i. Leased assets

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over the asset's useful life. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the reduction of the lease liability and finance charges using the effective interest method. The related obligations, net of future finance charges, are included in creditors.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1j. Employee benefits

When employees have rendered service to the company, short term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

The obligations for contributions to defined contribution scheme are recognised as an expense as incurred.

2. DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The average number of employees during the year were as follows:

The average number of employees during the year were as follows.	2017 No.	2016 No.
Employees	6	6

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONT.)

J.	TROTERTI, TEART AND EQUITMENT	Plant, Machinery and Vehicles	Office Equipment	Total
	Cost	£	£	£
	At 1 May 2016 Additions	203,788 20,549	3,687	207,475 20,549
	At 30 April 2017	224,337	3,687	228,024
	Depreciation			
	At 1 May 2016 For the year	65,377 56,084	1,345 922	66,722 57,006
	At 30 April 2017	121,461	2,267	123,728
	Net Book Amounts			
	At 30 April 2017	102,876	1,420	104,296
	At 30 April 2016	138,411	2,342	140,753
_	DEDMOD0			2016
4.	DEBTORS		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors		260,556	110,987
	Amounts owed by associated companies		423,830	1,540,792
	Social security and other taxes Other debtors		4,788	46,960 9,826
			689,174	1,708,565
_	CDEDITORS, AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ON	IE VE AD		
5.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ON	E LEAK	2017	2016
			£	£
	Other loans		615,000	380,000 216,699
	Bank loans Finance leases and hire purchase contracts		410,837 47,003	64,468
	Trade creditors		161,800	79,104
	Corporation tax		57,222	185,760
	Other taxes and social security		44,477	16,319
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income		6,530,064 19,602	7,048,821 38,288
			7,886,005	8,029,459

The bank loans are secured by a fixed charge over the Company's property stock.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONT.)

6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER ONE YEAR	2017	2016
	Bank loans Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	£ 301,017 22,490	£ 317,451 45,396
	•	323,507	362,847
	Due after five years:		
	wholly or in part by instalments otherwise than by instalments	202,972	210,784
		202,972	210,784
7.	SHARE CAPITAL	2017 £	2016 £
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:	*	&
	1 Ordinary shares class 1 of £1 each	1	1
8.	TRANSITION TO FRS 102		
	Reconciliation of equity shareholders funds		
			£
	At 1 May 2015 as previously stated		366,643
	Loan interest		6,553
	Restated at 1 May under FRS 102		373,196
	At 1 May 2016 as previously stated		1,126,232
	Loan interest Hire purchase interest		6,521 (2,297)
	Restated at 1 May 2016 under FRS 102		1,130,456
	Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year		
	Year ended 30th April 2016		£
	As previously stated		759,589
	Loan interest Hire purchase interest		(32) (2,297)
	As reported under FRS 102 Section 1A		757,260