Company Registration No. 05535941 (England and Wales)
LEARNING LIGHT LIMITED A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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LEARNING LIGHT LIMITED A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

		2021		2021		2020	2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£			
Fixed assets								
Intangible assets	3		98,346		114,941			
Tangible assets	4		1,020		1,714			
			99,366		116,655			
Current assets								
Debtors	5	98,785		84,836				
Cash at bank and in hand		-		5,020				
		98,785		89,856				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(92,272)		(109,264)				
Net current assets/(liabilities)			6,513		(19.408)			
Total assets less current liabilities			105,879		97,247			
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(78,407)		(68,085)			
Provisions for liabilities			-		(326)			
Net assets			27,472		28,836			
Reserves								
Revaluation reserve	9		23,836		28,147			
Income and expenditure account			3,636		689			
Members' funds			27,472		28,836			

LEARNING LIGHT LIMITED A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income and expenditure account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 September 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 June 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Ms R Broadhead **Director**

Company Registration No. 05535941

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Learning Light Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Charlotte House, 500 Charlotte Road, Sheffield, S2 4ER.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably; the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights; and the intangible asset is separable from the entity.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Website 10% straight line

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% reducing balance Computer equipment 33.3% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in surplus or deficit immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in surplus or deficit depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

1.9 Taxation

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.13 Government grants

Government grants relating to coronavirus business support funding are recognised as income over the periods when the related costs are incurred.

1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

			2021 Number	2020 Number
	Total		5	5
3	Intangible fixed assets			
				Other £
	Cost			
	At 1 October 2020 and 30 September 2021			202,629
	Amortisation and impairment			
	At 1 October 2020			87,688
	Amortisation charged for the year			16,595
	At 30 September 2021			104,283
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 September 2021			98,346
	At 30 September 2020			114,941
4	Tangible fixed assets			
	·	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Computer equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 October 2020 and 30 September 2021	9,383	16,256 ———	25,639 ———
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 October 2020	8,779	15,146	23,925
	Depreciation charged in the year	120 ———	574 ———	694
	At 30 September 2021	8,899	15,720	24,619
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 September 2021	484	536	1,020
	At 30 September 2020	604	1,110	1,714

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

5	Debtors		
•	Debiois	2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Service charges due	49,250	67,148
	Corporation tax recoverable	5,552	-
	Other debtors	43,983	17,688
		98,785	84,836
			
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	20,390	2,500
	Trade creditors	500	5,720
	Corporation tax	11,274	18,620
	Other taxation and social security	18,598	27,075
	Other creditors	41,510	55,349
		92,272	109,264

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £15,821 (2020 - £18,221).

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
Notes	£	£
	43,333	47,500
	35,074	20,585
	78,407	68,085
	Notes	Notes £ 43,333 35,074

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £35,074 (2020 - £20,585).

8 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

9	Revaluation reserve		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	At the beginning of the year	28,147	32,458
	Transfer to retained earnings	(4,311)	(4,311)
	At the end of the year	23,836	28,147

10 Related party transactions

During the year Learning Light Limited paid dividends on behalf of Learning Light Holdings Limited totalling £nil (2020 - £171,742) and also declared a profit distribution of £nil (2020 - £154,500) to Learning Light Holdings Limited. At the year end Learning Light Holdings Limited owed a balance of £43,449 (2020 - £17,242) to Learning Light Limited.

Learning Light Holdings Limited is the sole member of Learning Light Limited.

11 Parent company

The company's member is Learning Light Holdings Limited, a company registered in England & Wales. The registered office of Learning Light Holdings Limited is Charlotte House, 500 Charlotte Road, Sheffield, S2 4ER.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.