Registered number: 05532620

# **ODSTOCK MEDICAL LIMITED**

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr Philip Casson (resigned 10 June 2019)

Mr Mark Ellis (appointed 1 February 2020)

Mr Calum Grant-Wood (appointed 30 September 2020)

Mr Ian Downie (resigned 26 July 2019) Mr Michael Hawker (appointed 23 July 2019) Mrs Lisa Hayes (resigned 1 February 2020)

Mr Paul Taylor

Registered number 05532620

Registered office Salisbury District Hospital

Odstock Road Salisbury Wiltshire SP2 8BJ

Independent auditors Fletcher & Partners

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Crown Chambers Bridge Street Salisbury Wiltshire SP1 2LZ

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# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

## Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- repare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# **Principal activity**

The company's principal activity during the year was the sale of medical equipment and associated services.

## **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

Mr Philip Casson (resigned 10 June 2019) Mr Mark Ellis (appointed 1 February 2020) Mr Ian Downie (resigned 26 July 2019) Mr Michael Hawker (appointed 23 July 2019) Mrs Lisa Hayes (resigned 1 February 2020) Mr Paul Taylor

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

## Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

## Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 24 March 2021 and signed on its behalf.

Mr Michael Hawker Director

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ODSTOCK MEDICAL LIMITED

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Odstock Medical Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2020, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- · give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ODSTOCK MEDICAL LIMITED (CONTINUED)

## Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

# Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ODSTOCK MEDICAL LIMITED (CONTINUED)

## Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

James Fletcher (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Fletcher & Partners

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

Crown Chambers Bridge Street Salisbury Wiltshire SP1 2LZ

30 March 2021

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

|                               | Note | 2020<br>£ | 2019<br>£   |
|-------------------------------|------|-----------|-------------|
| Turnover                      |      | 1,989,758 | 2,083,027   |
| Cost of sales                 |      | (914,434) | (1,037,054) |
| Gross profit                  |      | 1,075,324 | 1,045,973   |
| Distribution costs            |      | (14,626)  | (19,575)    |
| Administrative expenses       |      | (937,996) | (947,409)   |
| Operating profit              |      | 122,702   | 78,989      |
| Tax on profit                 |      | (23,428)  | (14,808)    |
| Profit for the financial year |      | 99,274    | 64,181      |

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2020 or 2019 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2020 (2019:£NIL).

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# ODSTOCK MEDICAL LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05532620

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

|  | Note         |           | 2020<br>£ |           | 2019<br>£ |
|--|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Fixed assets                                   |              |           |           |           |           |
| Tangible assets                                | 4            |           | 6,264     |           | 14,954    |
|  |              | -         | 6,264     | -         | 14,954    |
| Current assets                                 |              |           |           |           |           |
| Stocks   |              | 168,102   |           | 193,789   |           |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year   | 5            | 319,895   |           | 389,032   |           |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       | 6            | 322,460   |           | 140,242   |           |
|  | _            | 810,457   | _         | 723,063   |           |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 7            | (347,684) |           | (366,982) |           |
| Net current assets                             | _            |           | 462,773   |           | 356,081   |
| Total assets less current liabilities          |              | -         | 469,037   | -         | 371,035   |
| Provisions for liabilities                     |              |           |           |           |           |
| Deferred tax                                   | 8            | -         |           | (1,272)   |           |
|  | <del>-</del> |           | -         |           | (1,272)   |
| Net assets                                     |              | -         | 469,037   | -         | 369,763   |
| Capital and reserves                           |              |           |           |           |           |
| Called up share capital                        |              |           | 49        |           | 49        |
| Profit and loss account                        |              |           | 468,988   |           | 369,714   |
|  |              | _         | 469,037   | -         | 369,763   |

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 24 March 2021.

# Mr Michael Hawker

Director

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

|   | Called up share<br>capital<br>£ | Profit and loss<br>account<br>£ | Total equity<br>£ |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| At 1 April 2018                         | 50                              | 309,782                         | 309,832           |
| Comprehensive income for the year       |                                 |                                 |                   |
| Profit for the year                     |                                 | 64,181                          | 64,181            |
|   |                                 |                                 |                   |
| Other comprehensive income for the year |                                 | -                               |                   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | -                               | 64,181                          | 64,18 <b>1</b>    |
| Purchase of own shares                  | -                               | (4,249)                         | (4,249)           |
| Shares redeemed during the year         | (1)                             | -                               | (1)               |
| Total transactions with owners          | (1)                             | (4,249)                         | (4,250)           |
| At 1 April 2019                         | 49                              | 369,714                         | 369,763           |
| Comprehensive income for the year       |                                 |                                 |                   |
| Profit for the year                     |                                 | 99,274                          | 99,274            |
| Other comprehensive income for the year |                                 |                                 |                   |
| ,                                       |                                 |                                 |                   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year |                                 | 99,274                          | 99,274            |
| Total transactions with owners          | -                               |                                 | -                 |
| At 31 March 2020                        | 49                              | 468,988                         | 469,037           |

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 1. General information

Odstock Medical Limited is a private company limited by shares. Its' registered office is Salisbury District Hospital, Odstock Road, Salisbury, Wiltshire, SP2 8BJ. The financial statements are prepared in £'s, which is the functional currency of the company.

## 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

## 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

## Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

# Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

## 2.3 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Pensions

## Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

## 2.5 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

# 2.6 Research & development costs

All expenditure on research is recognised as an expense when it is incurred.

## 2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.7 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant & machinery - 20% straight line Motor vehicles - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

## 2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# 2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

# 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

# 2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.12 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of financial position.

# 2.13 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

# 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 27 (2019 - 27).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

# 4. Tangible fixed assets

|    |                                     | Plant &<br>machinery<br>£ | Motor vehicles | Total<br>£ |
|----|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|------------|
|    | Cost or valuation                   |                           |                |            |
| ,  | At 1 April 2019                     | 115,126                   | 22,291         | 137,417    |
| ,  | At 31 March 2020                    | 115,126                   | 22,291         | 137,417    |
|    | Depreciation                        |                           |                |            |
| ı  | At 1 April 2019                     | 100,172                   | 22,291         | 122,463    |
| (  | Charge for the year on owned assets | 8,690                     | -              | 8,690      |
| ,  | At 31 March 2020                    | 108,862                   | 22,291         | 131,153    |
|    | Net book value                      |                           |                |            |
| ,  | At 31 March 2020                    | 6,264                     |                | 6,264      |
| ,  | At 31 March 2019                    | 14,954                    |                | 14,954     |
| 5. | Debtors                             |                           |                |            |
|    |                                     |                           | 2020<br>£      | 2019<br>£  |
|    | Trade debtors                       |                           | 300,684        | 367,847    |
| Į. | Other debtors                       |                           | -              | 11,441     |
| I  | Prepayments and accrued income      |                           | 19,211         | 9,744      |
|    |                                     |                           | 319,895        | 389,032    |
| 6. | Cash and cash equivalents           |                           |                |            |
|    |                                     |                           | 2020<br>£      | 2019<br>£  |
| ţ  | Cash at bank and in hand            |                           | 322,460        | 140,242    |
|    |                                     |                           | 322,460        | 140,242    |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

# 7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

|  | 2020<br>£ | 2019<br>£ |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Trade creditors                                      | 73,054    | 70,958    |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings                   | 147,920   | 125,038   |
| Corporation tax                                      | 19,084    | · -       |
| Other taxation and social security                   | 41,878    | 54,056    |
| Accruals and deferred income                         | 65,748    | 116,930   |
|  | 347,684   | 366,982   |
| 8. Deferred taxation                                 |           |           |
|  |           |           |
|  |           | 2020<br>£ |
| At beginning of year                                 |           | (1,272)   |
| Charged to profit or loss                            |           | 1,272     |
| At end of year                                       | :         |           |
| The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows: |           |           |
|  | 2020<br>£ | 2019<br>£ |
| Accelerated capital allowances                       | -         | (1,272)   |
|  |           | (1,272)   |

## 9. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £16,842 (2019 - £16,842). Contributions totalling £2,034 (2019 - £1,859) were payable to the fund at the reporting date and are included in creditors.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

## 10. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2020 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

| 2020   | 2019                  |
|--------|-----------------------|
| £      | £                     |
| 80,900 | 80,900                |
| 14,489 | 18,628                |
| 95,389 | 99,528                |
|        | £<br>80,900<br>14,489 |

## 11. Covid-19 Pandemic

The Covid-19 pandemic is a global pandemic which spread to England in early 2020. Governments across the world have taken action to combat the pandemic, including national lockdowns and social distancing measures. The company has been affected by these measures but is a supplier of essential medical equipment and services and is also a subsidiary of Salisbury NHS Foundation Trust. The directors have put in place measures to comply with Government guidance for staff working arrangements and ensure that the company has sufficient working capital and liquidity to meet its liabilities. The directors are confident that the company will continue to operate on a financial stable basis throughout the course of the pandemic.

# 12. Controlling party

Salisbury NHS Foundation Trust is the ultimate controlling party with a 70% shareholding in Odstock Medical Limited. Mrs L Hayes is an executive director of Salisbury NHS Foundation Trust and Mr M Ellis is also a senior employee of the Foundation Trust. The smallest and largest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are prepared is Salisbury NHS Foundation Trust, these can be obtained from the Trust's Finance Department at Salisbury District Hospital.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.