DRL HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2010

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DRL HOLDINGS LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2010

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

CHAIRMAN

Richard Rose

DIRECTORS

Richard Rose
Stephen Caunce
William Holroyd DL
Christopher Hopkinson
Kevin Philbin
John Roberts
Norman Stoller CBE CStJ DL

SECRETARY

Stephen Caunce

REGISTERED OFFICE

Aspinall House Aspinall Close Middlebrook Bolton BL6 6QQ

BANKERS

The Royal Bank of Scotland Spinningfields 3 Hardman Boulevard Manchester M3 3AQ

AUDITORS

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Manchester United Kingdom

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the DRL Holdings Limited ('group") is the supply and delivery of kitchen appliances sold via the internet

BUSINESS REVIEW

Development and performance of the DRL business

The group continued to grow in 2009/10 in a period where the white goods industry faced significant challenges. The principal issues were the UK economy and the weakness of the pound which forced suppliers to increase prices.

Despite the issues faced, the group has increased significantly its turnover and operating profitability performance indicators of the group (prior to 31 March 2009 the retail trading subsidiary) are as follows

	31 March 2010	31 March 2009	31 March 2008	31 March 2007	31 March 2006
Turnover	£126,716,030	£89,069,362	£80,778,999	£52,679,503	£24,044,777
Turnover growth	42%	10%	53%	119%	57%
Gross profit margin Profit/(loss) before tax,	16%	13%	12%	12%	14%
goodwill amortisation and					
exceptional items	£3,775,063	£499,840	£501,308	£260,471	(£2,445,608)
Profit/(loss) before tax	£1,054,695	(£106,614)	(£105,146)	(£260,471)	(£2,445,608)
Cash balances	£4,153,713	£2,290,713	£2,195,592	£1,449,186	£486,260

The group also continued to invest significantly in the year through its staff in operational and system improvements. These investments resulted in improved delivery service and delivery lead times to the customer. Stock balances have increased as a result but are still relatively small in comparison to sales. The Board expect this strategy to further improve results for the 2010/11 financial year. The group does not capitalise internally generated costs for the development of its offering and IT infrastructure. In June 2009 DRL Holdings Limited completed the purchase of Expert Logistics Limited ("Expert"), the incumbent provider of the distribution services to DRL Limited. This has allowed further development of the delivery proposition provided to the company by Expert and in turn the services offered by DRL Limited to its end consumer.

The group also secured contracts with Argos and B&Q in the year to deliver white goods on behalf of these major retailers

Position of the business

Working capital of the group has increased by £623,029 from net current liabilities of £758,209 to net current liabilities of £135,180 and cash at bank had increased by £1,863,000 to £4,153,713

GOING CONCERN

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future

Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies note in the financial statements

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

FINANCIAL RISK

Price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk

The business' principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, trade debtors, trade creditors and finance lease agreements. The main purpose of these instruments is to finance the business' operations

In respect of bank balances, the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance between the continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of overdrafts at floating rates of interest. All of the business' cash balances are held in such a way that achieves a competitive rate of interest. In the current period, the group has also secured an invoice discounting facility which has improved cash flow

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debtors.

Trade creditors' liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due

The business is a lessee in respect of finance leased assets. The liquidity risk in respect of these is managed by ensuring that there are sufficient funds to meet the payments

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results for the group are set out in the financial statements and notes on pages 7 to 25

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 nil)

Post balance sheet events impacting the results of the business are set out in note 21

EMPLOYMENT POLICIES

The group's policy is to give full and fair consideration to applications for employment made by disabled persons, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities

Disabled employees receive appropriate training to promote their career development within the group. Employees who become disabled are retained in their existing posts where possible or retained for suitable alternative posts.

Regular meetings are held between senior management and employee representatives to discuss matters of concern Employees are kept well-informed about the progress and position of the group by means of regular departmental meetings, newsletters and journals

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year the group made charitable donations of £28,598 (2009 £10,428) These donations were principally to local charities such as Bolton Lads and Girls Club as part of the group's commitment to its staff and local community

DIRECTORS

The directors who held office during the year and thereafter are noted on page 1

The company has taken out insurance for the directors against public liability claims, which remains in force at the date of this report

DRL HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- As far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- The director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provision of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

On 25 January 2010 Gortons resigned as auditors of the company On 26 January 2010 Deloitte LLP were appointed by the Board of Directors

A resolution to re-appoint Deloitte LLP as the company's auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

John Roberts

Director

3 December 2010

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DRL HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of DRL Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 which comprise the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, the Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Consolidated and Parent Company Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, and the related notes 1 to 26 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Damian Sanders BA ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Manchester, United Kingdom

8 December 2010

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 March 2010

			2010		2009
	Note	Group trading £	Other items*	Total	£
TURNOVER	2	126,716,030	-	126,716,030	89,069,362
Cost of sales		(105,384,442)	(1,268,157)	(106,652,599)	(77,565,223)
GROSS PROFIT/(LOSS)		21,331,588	(1,268,157)	20,063,431	11,504,139
Administrative expenses	_	(17,395,654)	(749,011)	(18,144,665)	(11,042,357)
Amortisation of goodwill		(609,804)		(609,804)	(606,454)
		(18,005,458)	(749,011)	(18,754,469)	(11,648,811)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	3	3,326,130	(2,017,168)	1,308,962	(144,672)
Other interest receivable and similar income		1,886	-	1,886	39,747
Interest payable	6	(162,757)	(93,396)	(256,153)	(1,689)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax (charge)/credit on profit/(loss) on		3,165,259	(2,110,564)	1,054,695	(106,614)
ordinary activities	7	(914,094)	590,958	(323,136)	925,430
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	17, 18	2,251,165	(1,519,606)	731,559	818,816

^{*&#}x27;Other items' relates to post balance sheet events as disclosed in note 26

Turnover and operating profit/ (loss) derive wholly from continuing operations

The group has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above Consequently, no separate Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been prepared

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2010

	Note	£	2010 £	£	2009 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	8		10,373,320		10,916,171
Tangible assets	9		1,209,872		443,614
			11,583,192		11,359,785
CURRENT ASSETS			, ,		,
Stocks	12	3,714,107		1,336,189	
Debtors	13	8,571,035		5,046,322	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,153,713		2,290,713	
		16,438,855		8,673,224	
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	14	(16,574,035)		(9,431,433)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(135,180)		(758,209)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			11,448,012		10,601,576
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	15		(4,614,158)		(4,499,281)
NET ASSETS			6,833,854		6,102,295
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
	16		21.021		21.021
Called up share capital	16		31,021		31,021
Merger reserve	17		5,357,604		5,357,604
Profit and loss reserve	17		1,445,229		713,670
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18		6,833,854		6,102,295

The financial statements of DRL Holdings Limited, registered number 05525751 were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 Deventor 2010

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

John Røberts

Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2010

	Note	£	2010 £	£	2009 £
FIXED ASSETS Investments	10		10 454,465		9,862,988
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	13 -	3,221 40,697 43,918	_	48,693	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	14	(725,924)		(35,598)	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(682,006)		13,095
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			9,772,459		9,876,083
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(4,490,000)		(4,490,000)
NET ASSETS			5,282,459		5,386,083
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	16		31,021		31,021
Called up share capital Merger reserve	17		5,357,604		5,357,604
Profit and loss reserve	17		(106,166)		(2,542)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18		5,282,459		5,386,083

The financial statements of DRL Holdings Limited, registered number 05525751 were approved by the Board of Directors on 2010

Signed on bahalf of the Board of Directors

John Roberts

Director

DRL HOLDINGS LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT Year ended 31 March 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities Returns on investments and servicing of finance	22 23	2,443,230 (254,267)	186,460 38,058
Taxation	23	•	-
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(920,610)	(121,022)
		(920,610)	(121,022)
Acquisitions and disposals Acquisition of subsidiary undertaking Net overdraft acquired with subsidiary		(591,477) (247,655)	
		(839,132)	
Cash inflow before management of liquid resources and financing		429,221	103,496
Financing Issue of equity shares			1,074
Increase in short term borrowings Capital element of finance lease rental payments		1,255,812 177,967	(9,449)
		1,433,782	(8,375)
Increase in cash in the year		1,863,000	95,121
Cash brought forward Cash carried forward		2,290,713 4,153,713	2,195,592 2,290,713

Cash flows arising from Expert, acquired during the year, include the purchase of tangible fixed assets (£508,000) and increase in short term borrowing (£1,255,783)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 March 2010

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom accounting standards

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 March 2010. The result of subsidiaries acquired or sold are consolidated for the period from or to the date on which control passed.

Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method

Under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the company is exempt from the requirement to present its own profit and loss account. Its loss for the financial year was £103,624 (2009 £1,250)

Going concern

The group has continued to trade profitably in the current economic circumstances and has no significant borrowings. Future growth in the business is expected to be funded through trading and working capital management and the cash resources available are expected to be more than adequate for the group and company for the foreseeable future, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance

On the basis of this assessment of the financial and trading position and expectations, the directors consider that the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of goods delivered to the customers during the year, net of value added tax. For the group, turnover is recognised on orders received when goods have been delivered to customers.

Where the company acts as a sales agent for other businesses, the expected value of deferred remuneration is recognised when all services in relation to a contract have been completed

Tangible fixed assets

All fixed assets are recorded at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows

Property alterations 10% straight line

Fixtures and fittings Between 3 and 8 years reducing balance

Motor vehicles20% straight lineComputer equipment25% straight lineOffice equipment20% reducing balance

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment if events or circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between the fair value of consideration paid for an acquired entity and the aggregate of fair value of that entity's identifiable assets and liabilities

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset to the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life, estimated to be 20 years. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for impairment. Current asset investments are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks

Current tax

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences at the balance sheet date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income or expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax and liabilities are not discounted. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is more likely than not that they will be recovered.

Hire purchase and finance lease contracts

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Pensions

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme

Share and capital instruments

Shares and capital instruments issued are valued at the date of issue at the market value of the consideration received. Any premium on redemption of non-equity capital instruments is recognised over the earliest period under which that premium may be due under terms of the instrument. Shares and related instruments issued to an employee are valued at their fair value in accordance with FRS 20 where this can reliably be determined. Where this is not possible such instruments are valued at their intrinsic value until an accurate value can be determined.

2. TURNOVER

All the group's turnover in the year and prior year arose in the UK from the supply of kitchen appliances and associated products and services and delivery

3. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Operating lease charges		
Plant and machinery - operating leases	930,000	-
Other – operating leases	784,033	210,200
Depreciation on owned assets	260,409	276,674
Depreciation of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	14,884	6,531
Amortisation	609,804	606,454
Auditors' remuneration		
Auditors' remuneration	2010	2009
	2010 £	£009
	•	~
Fees payable to the group's auditors for the audit of the group's annual accounts	1,850	1,850
Fees payable to the group's auditors and their associates for other services to the group - the audit of the group's subsidiaries pursuant to legislation	36,800	17,050
Total audit fees	38,650	18,900
Total non audit fees	14,493	24,189
Total	53,143	43,089
	 	

Included within auditors' remuneration is audit services of £5,150 and non audit services of £14,493 relating to the previous auditors of the group (2009 £43,089) The audit and non-audit fees of a subsidiary, Expert Logistics Limited, in prior year were paid by its previous parent company

Non-audit fees include tax £2,350 (2009 £2,350), corporate finance £1,450 (2009 £6,275) and other remuneration and payroll £10,693 (2009 £15,564)

4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

In the year the group employed an average of 395 staff (2009 217) of whom 8 were directors or senior management and the other 387 were sales, logistics and administrative staff (2009 8 and 209 respectively)

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Wages and salaries	9,231,049	5,093,813
Social security	896,925	478,591
Pension costs	173,262	143,981
	10,301,236	5,716,385

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 March 2010

5. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The directors' emoluments for the year are as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Directors' remuneration (including benefits in kind) Director pension contributions	1,055,913 38,594	421,338 35,625
	1,094,507	456,963

During the year the number of directors who were accruing benefits under company pension schemes was as follows

Money purchase 2 2

The aggregate of emoluments and amounts receivable under long term incentives schemes of the highest paid director was £605,937 (2009 £163,292), and company pension contributions of £20,312 (2009 £18,750) were made to a money purchase scheme on their behalf

6. INTEREST PAYABLE

	2010	2009
	£	£
Interest on preference shares	98,000	-
Bank interest	62,000	-
Hire purchase interest	2,757	1,689
	162,757	1,689
Other interest*	93,396	
	256,153	1,689
		

^{*&#}x27;Other interest' relates to exceptional costs as disclosed on the consolidated profit and loss account

7. TAX ON PROFIT OR LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The tax charge/(credit) comprises

	2010	2009
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax	-	•
		
Deferred taxation	323,136	(925,430)
Origination and reversal of timing differences	523,130	(723,730)

The deferred tax charge arising in the year is due to the utilisation of the asset relating to brought forward operating losses. This recognition reflected the group's pattern of established and increasing profitability. As noted below, the current tax charge for the year benefited by £438,233 from unutilised losses brought forward.

7. TAX ON PROFIT OR LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

Factors affecting current period tax charge/(credit)

The tax assessed on the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities for the year and the previous year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%)

The differences are reconciled below

	2010 £	2009 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	1,054,695	(106,614)
Standard rate corporation tax charge/(credit) Depreciation (lower than)/in excess of capital	295,315	(29,852)
allowances	(41,799)	29,110
Losses utilised in the year	(438,233)	(177,397)
Goodwill amortisation not deductible for tax purposes	181,005	169,807
Other expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3,712	8,332
Total current tax for the year	<u> </u>	

8. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

	Goodwill £
Cost At I April	12,129,079
Additions	66,953
At 31 March 2010	12,196,032
Amortisation	4 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
As at 1 April 2009 Charge for the year	1,212,908 609,804
As at 31 March 2010	1,822,712
Net book value	
At 31 March 2010	10,373,320
A 31 March 2009	10,916,171

On 19 June 2009 the company acquired Expert Logistics Limited (notes 10,11)

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

	Property alterations £	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles £	Computer and office equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 April 2009	36,159	95,306	29,686	1,570,554	1,731,705
Additions	6,605	7,937	•	906,068	920,610
Acquired with subsidiary at net book value	-	-	36,941	84,000	120,941
At 31 March 2010	42,764	103,243	66,627	2,560,622	2,773,256
Depreciation					
At I April 2009	11,047	51,544	12,369	1,213,131	1,288,091
Charge for the year	3,910	7,100	17,937	246,346	275,293
At 31 March 2010	14,957	58,644	30,306	1,459,477	1,563,384
Net book value					
At 31 March 2010	27,807	44,599	36,321	1,101,145	1,209,872
At 31 March 2009	25,112	43,762	17,317	357,423	443,614

Hire purchase agreements

Included within the total net book value of tangible fixed assets is £65,340 (2009 £32,713) in respect of assets held under finance leases and similar hire purchase contracts. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £14,884 (2009 £6,531)

10. INVESTMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASSETS Company

	2010 £	2009 £
Shares in group undertakings Loans to group undertakings	9,947,285 507,180	9,355,808 507,180
	10,454,465	9,862,988
Additional information is as follows		
	ui	Shares in group ndertakings
Cost As at 1 April 2009 Additions		9,355,808
At 31 March 2010		9,947,285
Net book value As at 31 March 2010		9,947,285
As at 31 March 2009		9,355,808

Loans to group undertakings £

At 1 April 2009 and at 31 March 2010

507,180

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of the following companies, incorporated in England & Wales, which are included in the consolidated accounts

Company	Aggregated capital and reserves £	Profit for financial year	Activity
DRL Limited	437,757	1,281,906	Retail
Expert Logistics Limited	687,604	453,557	Logistics and transport
Worry Free Cover Limited	2	Nıl	Dormant

11 ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING

On 19 June 2009 the company acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Expert Logistics Limited for consideration of £500,000 paid in cash

Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method

The following table sets out the book values of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired. There is no material difference between book cost and fair value.

	£
Tangible fixed assets	120,941
Current assets	- 44- 4-4
Trade debtors	2,605,070
Prepayments	793,383
Total assets	3,519,394
Creditors	
Bank overdraft	247,655
Trade creditors	1,328,086
Accruals	968,003
Taxation	451,126
Total liabilities	2,994,870
Net assets	524,524
Goodwill	66,953
	591,477
Satisfied by	500,000
Cash	500,000
Legal and professional fees	91,477
	591,477

£

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 March 2010

11 ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING (continued)

Net cash outflows in respect of the acquisition comprised

Cash consideration	591,477
Bank overdrafts acquired	247,655
	839,132

Expert Logistics Limited earned a profit after taxation of £453,557 in the year ended 31 March 2010 - £290,477 of which arose in the period 1 April 2009 to 19 June 2009. The summarised profit and loss account and statement of total recognised gains and losses for the period from 1 April 2009 to 19 June 2009 shown on the basis of the accounting policies of Expert Logistics Limited, prior to acquisition, are as follows

Profit and loss account	£
Turnover Cost of sales	4,416,388 (3,063,598)
Gross Profit Administrative expenses	1,352,790 (1,061,353)
Operating profit Finance charges	291,437 (960)
Profit before and after taxation	290,477

Expert had no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above

12. STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

	Group		Company	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£	£	£	£
Goods for resale	3,714,107	1,336,189	-	-
				

13 DEBTORS

	Group		Compa	ıny
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	2,512,677	563,469	-	-
Other debtors	3,226,668	2,479,201	3,221	14,345
Deferred tax	1,167,294	1,490,430	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	1,664,396	513,222		34,348
	8,571,035	5,046,322	3,221	48,693
				

Other debtors in respect of the group includes future receipts on deferred payment terms due after more than one year of £2,076,504 (2009 £1,104,633)

13. DEBTORS (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax

£
1,490,430 (323,136)
1,167,294
2009
£
-
1,490,430
1,490,430

This deferred tax asset will be realised against future taxable profits arising in the United Kingdom All of the deferred tax asset will be realised within one year

14 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Compa	ny
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£	£	£	£
Obligations under finance leases and hire				
purchase contracts	76,187	13,093	-	-
Trade creditors	9,207,840	5,463,136	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	711,924	35,598
Social security and other taxes	1,632,079	855,144	-	-
Other creditors	1,255,812	-	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	4,402,117	3,100,060	14,000	-
	16,574,035	9,431,433	725,924	35,598
				

Deferred income in the group for goods paid for but not yet delivered is secured on cash deposits of £540,000 (2009 £1,250,000) Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase agreements are secured on the fixed assets to which they relate

The group has granted a floating charge over its assets to secure loan funding of £1,255,812 (2009 £nil) This is an invoice discounting facility loan included within Other creditors

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2010 £	2009 £	2010 £	2009 £
Preference shares Obligations under finance leases and hire	4,490,000	4,490,000	4,490,000	4,490,000
purchase contracts	124,158	9,281		-
	4,614,158	4,499,281	4,490,000	4,490,000

The term of the preference shares are described in the share capital note below. The preference shares are redeemable at £2 each. All obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are due between 2 and 5 years.

16. SHARE CAPITAL

	2010	2009
	£	£
Authorised		
Equity	2.552	2.770
277,936 A Ordinary shares of 1 pence each	2,779	2,779
310,548 B ordinary shares of I pence each	3,105	3,105
330,390 C ordinary shares of 1 pence each	3,304	3,304
370,321 D ordinary shares of 1 pence each	3,703	3,703
402,569 E ordinary shares of 1 pence each	4,026	4,026
1,410,360 F ordinary shares of 1 pence each	14,104	14,104
	31,021	31,021
Non-equity	2.245.000	2 246 200
2,245,000 Preference shares of £1 each	2,245,000	2,245,000
	2010	2009
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
Equity		
277,936 A Ordinary shares of I pence each	2,779	2,779
310,548 B ordinary shares of 1 pence each	3,105	3,105
330,390 C ordinary shares of 1 pence each	3,304	3,304
370,321 D ordinary shares of 1 pence each	3,703	3,703
402,569 E ordinary shares of 1 pence each	4,026	4,026
1,410,360 F ordinary shares of 1 pence each	14,104	14,104
	31,021	31,021
Non-equity 2,245,000 Preference shares of £1 each	2,245,000	2,245,000

The 'A' ordinary shares of 1 pence each carry 1 vote in general meetings. No other shares have voting rights

16. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

The preference shares have a right to redemption at a price of £2 per share on the sale of the company or an equivalent event, including winding up, ranking ahead of all ordinary shares. The ordinary shares of all classes have no rights to redemption. The preference shares have no rights to dividends. The ordinary shares of all classes have no fixed rights to dividends.

The ordinary shares carry rights to assets on winding up or on a sale of the company which vary as the total proceeds, being the first £10 million attributable to ordinary shareholders, are due to the holders of 'A' ordinary shares, with subsequent tranches due to the holders of other classes of ordinary shares in sequence

17. RESERVES

Group

	Merger reserve £	Profit and loss reserve	Total £
Balance at 1 April 2009 Transfer from profit and loss account for the year	5,357,604	713,670 731,559	6,071,274 731,559
Balance at 31 March 2010	5,357,604	1,445,229	6,802,833
Company			
	Merger reserve £	Profit and loss reserve	Total £
Balance at 1 April 2009 Transfer from profit and loss account for the year	5,357,604	(2,542) (103,624)	5,355,062 (103,624)
Balance at 31 March 2010	5,357,604	(106,166)	5,251,438

18. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

Group		Company	
2010	2009	2010	2009
£	£	£	£
731,559	818,816	(103,624)	(1,250)
	1,074		1,074
731,559	819,890	(103,624)	(176)
6,102,295	5,282,405	5,386,083	5,386,259
6,833,854	6,102,295	5,282,459	5,386,083
	731,559 -731,559 6,102,295	2010 2009 £ £ 731,559 818,816 - 1,074 731,559 819,890 6,102,295 5,282,405	2010 2009 £ £ £ 731,559 818,816 (103,624) - 1,074 - 731,559 819,890 (103,624) 6,102,295 5,282,405 5,386,083

19. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

Group

As at 31 March 2010 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows Operating leases which expire

2010	2009
£	£
1,624,000	-
212,033	210,200
1,836,033	210,200
	1,624,000 212,033

20. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The outstanding capital commitments at 31 March 2010 in respect of contracted capital expenditure not provided for amounts to £75,000 (2009 £nil)

21. PENSION SCHEME

Defined contribution pension scheme

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the group to the scheme and amounted to £173,262 (2009 £143,981)

There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial year

22. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) TO OPERATING CASH FLOWS

	2010 £	2009 £
Operating profit/(loss)	1,308,962 885,097	(144,672) 889,659
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges Increase in stocks	(2,377,917)	(669,106)
Increase in debtors* Increase in creditors*	(451,000) 3,078,088	(1,029,258) 1,139,837
Net cash inflow from operating activities	2,443,230	186,460

^{*}The increase in working capital excludes the acquired assets and liabilities of Expert - It also excludes the deferred tax asset

23. ANALYSYS OF CASH FLOWS

	2010 £	2009 £
Returns on investment and servicing of finance Other interest paid Interest received	(256,153) 1,886	(1,689) 39,747
	(254,267)	38,058
Taxation Taxation paid	<u>-</u>	-

DRL HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 March 2010

24 ANALYSYS AND RECONCILIATION OF NET DEBT

	At 1 April £	Cash flow	Other non-cash changes £	At 31 March £
Cash	2,290,713	1,863,000		4,153,713
Preference shares Finance leases	(4,490,000) (22,374)	-	(177,971)	(4,490,000) (200,345)
Hire purchase Loans		(1,225,812)		(1,225,812)
	(4,512,374)	(1,225,812)	(177,971)	(5,916,157)
Net debt	(2,221,661)	637,188	(177,971)	(1,762,444)
			2010 £	2009 £
Increase in cash in year Cash (inflow)/outflow from debt			1,863,000 (1,225,812)	95,121 9,449
Changes in net debt resulting from cashflows New finance leases			637,188 (177,971)	104,570 (15,990)
Movement in debt in year			459,217	88,580
Net debt at 1 April			(2,221,661)	(2,310,241)
Net debt at 31 March			(1,762,444)	(2,221,661)

25. RELATED PARTIES

During the year the group purchased services in the ordinary course of business from Atticus LLP, a partnership in whom a director has an interest, at a cost of £72,049 (2009 £66,193) Amounts due at the year end were £411 (2009 £nil)

During the year the group purchased services in the ordinary course of business from Mark Two Distributors Limited, a company in whom a director has an interest, at a cost of £137,425 (2009 £63,420) Amounts due at the year end were £nil (2009 £12,554)

Controlling entity

DRL Holdings is controlled by its directors acting together

Directors' loan accounts

The following balances were owed by the directors at the year end

	2010	2009
	£	£
J Roberts	-	3,758
N Stoller	-	1,949
W Holroyd	-	1,939
S Caunce	-	1,613
C Hopkinson	-	660
K Philbin	-	129
	-	10,048

No interest was charged in respect of these balances

26. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

DRL Limited, a subsidiary company, continues its litigation against a former supplier. However subsequent to the year end, on 24 September 2010, the Company received an interim judgement as part of the ongoing legal proceedings. Consequently, the Directors now feel it appropriate to make a provision against the balances that may no longer be recoverable whilst continuing to pursue the claim. In the year ended 31 March 2010, the provision is a non trading item and relates to a historical issue. The cash impact to the business is significantly less than the amount displayed on the face of the profit and loss account in the current year, as this charge relates principally to writing off assets previously considered to be recoverable.