Registered Number 05502818

Dave Addicott Engineering Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

30 September 2016

Dave Addicott Engineering Limited

Registered Number 05502818

Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2016

	Notes	2016		2015	
Fixed assets	2	£	£	£	£
Tangible			79,740		84,969
		-	79,740	_	84,969
			70,740		04,000
Current assets					
Stocks		55,941		53,999	
Debtors		76,368		48,570	
Cook at hank and in hand		0.004		0.447	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,834		9,417	
Total current assets		135,143		111,986	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(75,959)		(77,834)	
,		(,)		(, ,	
Net current assets (liabilities)			59,184		34,152
net carroin access (nazimice)			00,101		01,102
Total assets less current liabilities		_	138,924	_	119,121
Total mat accord (linkillation)		-	420.004	_	440.404
Total net assets (liabilities)		-	138,924	_	119,121
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		1		1
Profit and loss account			138,923		119,120

Shareholders funds 138,924 119,121

a. For the year ending 30 September 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 21 June 2017

And signed on their behalf by: Mr D R Addicott, Director

Mrs E M Addicott, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 30 September 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows: Goodwill-10 years straight line basis

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the

contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery 10% reducing balance basis
Equipment 15% reducing balance basis
Leasehold Property 5% straight line basis

₂ Fixed Assets

	Intangible Assets	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£	£
At 01 October 2015	12,765	148,640	161,405
Additions		2,688	2,688
At 30 September 2016	12,765	151,328	164,093
Depreciation			
At 01 October 2015	12,765	63,671	76,436
Charge for year		7,917	7,917
At 30 September 2016	12,765	71,588	84,353
Net Book Value			
At 30 September 2016		79,740	79,740
At 30 September 2015		84,969	84,969

4 Share capital

2016	2015
£	£

Authorised share capital:

 $_{\ 3}$ Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

10000 Ordinary of £1 each	10,000	10,000
Allotted, called up and fully		
1 Ordinary of £1 each	1	1