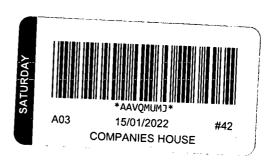
Registration number: 05499464



Viridor Polymer Recycling Limited

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2021



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Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company is recovering the value in waste plastic materials through recycling. During the year, revenue was principally generated through sales to Viridor Resource Management Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Viridor Limited. Viridor Resource Management Limited provides the Company with access to UK and export customers.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Corporate restructure

On 30 November 2020, the Viridor Group entered into a series of transactions to effect a corporate reorganisation. The aim of the reorganisation was to create two sub-groups wholly owned by Viridor Waste Limited (an intermediate parent of this Company).

- 1) An Energy Group consisting of the Energy and Polymers assets
- 2) A Waste Group consisting of landfill, landfill gas, recycling and collections assets.

As part of the reorganisation the immediate parent of this Company changed to Viridor Energy Limited (a fellow indirect subsidiary of Viridor Limited). In addition, on 30 November 2020, the Avonmouth Polymers Recycling Facility assets, associated trade and other supporting Polymers assets were transferred into this Company from another Viridor Group subsidiary, alongside an inter-company loan liability.

Financial results

Revenue increased by £2,251,000 from last year to £17,150,000 (2020: £14,899,000).

There was on operating loss before interest, tax and depreciation, of £3,857,000 (2020: loss of £1,739,000).

Net finance costs were £702,000 (2020: £690,000).

The Company's taxation position results in a credit for current tax of £1,970,000 (2020: credit of £598,000) and a charge for deferred tax of £418,000 (2020: credit of £77,000).

Investment

Capital expenditure in the year totalled £80,157,000 (2020: £1,958,000). The increase was primarily due to the assets transferred from another Viridor Group company as part of the corporate restructure disclosed above. The Company is committed to ensuring the facilities and equipment used in its operations continue to meet the highest environmental standards.

Financing

Significant funding facilities are in place to cover both medium and long-term requirements, including finance leasing and loans from the intermediate parent undertaking and fellow subsidiaries. The Directors confirm that the Company can meet its short-term requirements from existing facilities without breaching covenants or other borrowing restrictions.

Dividends and reserves

No interim dividends were paid in the year (2020: no dividends were paid). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2020: nil).

There was an increase in accumulated losses in the year of £6,621,000 (2020: £2,162,000). The balance in retained earnings at 31 March 2021 shows an accumulated losses position of £28,079,000 (2020: £21,458,000).

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the Viridor Group and are not separately managed. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Viridor Limited, which include those of the Company, are discussed on pages 9 to 12 of Viridor Limited's Annual Report and Financial Statements which does not form part of this Report.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; market risk (interest rate risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. Further information on the Company's management of these risks is given in note 3 of these financial statements.

Key performance indicators ('KPI's)

The directors of Viridor Limited (the smallest Group in which these financial statements are consolidated), manage the Viridor Group's operations on a fully integrated basis. For this reason, the Company's Directors believe that analysis using key performance indicators for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company. The development, performance and position of the Viridor Group's operations, including those of the Company, are discussed on pages 2 to 7 of Viridor Limited's Annual Report and Accounts which does not form part of this Report.

Environmental impacts

We keep a strong focus on our environmental performance and responsibilities, working closely with environmental regulators (the Environment Agency, Scottish Environment Protection Agency and Natural Resources Wales) to maintain high standards of operations and compliance, and to further reduce the risk of pollution incidents. In addition to the services Viridor offers its customers for the safe management, treatment and disposal of hazardous wastes, our environment policy clearly commits us to minimising hazardous wastes used or produced and any impacts arising, as well as any (non-greenhouse gases) emissions to air. This is monitored via the performance, compliance and reporting of our operating environmental permit conditions.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Company is continuing to invest in modern technologies to enhance efficiency and product quality, which provides the Company with a competitive advantage in its markets.

COVID-19 - Resilient operations in unprecedented times

It has been a difficult and challenging year for our people and we have kept safety and wellbeing at the heart of our business.

We have listened to employee feedback about introducing more flexible ways of working for some colleagues where appropriate. We have been exploring a number of options which will enable us to collaborate effectively whilst also having a flexible approach.

The Strategic Report was approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 21 December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

N W Maddock

N W Maddock Director

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The Directors' Report is prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 and regulations made thereunder. It comprises pages 3 to 4 as well as any matters incorporated by reference. Information regarding Viridor, including events and its progress during the year, events since the year-end and likely future developments is contained in the strategic report set out on pages 1 to 2.

In addition, and in accordance with s414C of the Companies Act 2006, the strategic report contains a fair, balanced and comprehensive review and analysis of the development and performance of the Company's business during the year and the position of the Company's business at the end of the year.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis due to the continued financial support of the intermediate parent company, Viridor Limited. The directors of Viridor Limited confirm that it is their intention to support the company in meeting all its financial obligations as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing the balance sheet.

Donations

No political donations were made or political expenditure incurred.

Financial risk management policy

The Company's financial risk management policy is set out at note 3 on pages 15 to 17.

Financial instruments

Details of the Company's financial instruments are provided in note 2 on page and note 10 on page 24.

Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting date for the company are discussed in the future developments section of the Strategic report.

Directors

The directors, who held office during the year, were as follows:

P C Piddington (resigned 12 October 2020)

E A J Rees (resigned 12 October 2020)

N W Maddock (appointed 12 October 2020)

K M Bradshaw (appointed 12 October 2020)

Directors' insurance and indemnities

The Directors have the benefit of the indemnity provisions contained in the Company's Articles and the Company has maintained throughout the year Directors' and Officers' liability insurance for the benefit of the Company, the Directors and its Officers. The Company has entered into qualifying third party indemnity arrangements for the benefit of all its Directors in a form and scope which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and which were in force throughout the year and remain in force.

Employment policies and employee involvement

The Company has no employees (2020: none). Services provided by the Company were undertaken by employees of Viridor Waste Management Limited (a fellow subsidiary of Viridor Limited, the smallest Group in which these financial statements are consolidated). Policies relating to the training and development in the affairs, policy and performance of the Company can be found in the financial statements of Viridor Waste Management Limited.

Parent company

The Company is a subsidiary of Viridor Energy Limited. During the year its ultimate parent undertaking was KKR Planets Aggregator L.P.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies in accordance with IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information and provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs is insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the group and company financial position and financial performance; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Under applicable law and regulations, the directors are also responsible for preparing a strategic report and directors' report, that comply with that law and those regulations. The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website.

The Directors' Report was approved by the Board on 21 December 2021.

By Order of the Board

L M Hughes

Company secretary

Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

| | Note | 2021 £ 000 | 2020 £ 000 |
|--|------|--------------------|------------------|
| Revenue | 4 | 17,150 | 14,899 |
| Manpower costs | 4 | (1,943) | (1,646) |
| Raw materials and consumables used | 4 | (10,130) | (9,182) |
| Other expenses | 4 _ | (8,934) | (5,810) |
| Loss before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and dividends Depreciation and amortisation expense | 4 _ | (3,857) (3,614) | (1,739) (408) |
| Operating loss | | (7,471) | (2,147) |
| Finance costs | _ | (702) | (690) |
| Loss before tax | | (8,173) | (2,837) |
| Taxation credit | 6 _ | 1,552 | 675 |
| Loss for the year | _ | (6,621) | (2,162) |

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

| | 2021 £ 000 | 2020 £ 000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Loss for the year | (6,621) | . (2,162) |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | |
| | - | - |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | |
| | <u> </u> | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | (6,621) | (2,162) |

(Registration number: 05499464)

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021

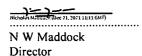
| | Note | 31 March 2021 £ 000 | 31 March 2020 £ 000 |
|-------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 9 | 81,461 | 4,923 |
| Deferred tax assets | 6 _ | <u> </u> | 1,289 |
| | _ | 81,461 | 6,212 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 11 | 2,169 | 2,317 |
| Trade and other receivables | 12 | 3,517 | 3,052 |
| Current tax asset | | 1,970 | 1,193 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 13 | 637 | 494 |
| | _ | 8,293 | 7,056 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current liabilities | | • | |
| Trade and other payables | 14 | (16,234) | (5,991) |
| Loans and borrowings | 15 | (2,280) | (1,150) |
| Provisions | 16 | (210) | (285) |
| | _ | (18,724) | (7,426) |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Loans and borrowings | 15 | (93,880) | (23,000) |
| Provisions | 16 | (1,800) | - |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 6 _ | (2,127) | - |
| | _ | (97,807) | (23,000) |
| NET LIABILITIES | = | (26,777) | (17,158) |
| Equity | | | |
| Share capital | 17 | 4,300 | 4,300 |
| Other reserves | | (2,998) | - |
| Retained earnings | - | (28,079) | (21,458) |
| TOTAL EQUITY | = | (26,777) | (17,158) |

For the financial year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements on pages 5 to 31 were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 21 December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:



Viridor Polymer Recycling Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

| | | Share capital £ 000 | Retained earnings £ 000 | Total £ 000 |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| At 1 April 2019 | | 4,300 | (19,137) | (14,837) |
| Change in accounting policy | | | (159) | (159) |
| At 1 April 2019 (As restated) | | 4,300 | (19,296) | (14,996) |
| Loss for the year | | - | (2,162) | (2,162) |
| Total comprehensive income | | | (2,162) | (2,162) |
| At 31 March 2020 | | 4,300 | (21,458) | (17,158) |
| | Share capital £ 000 | Other reserves £ 000 | Retained earnings £ 000 | Total £ 000 |
| At 31 March 2020 | 4,300 | • | (21,458) | (17,158) |
| Loss for the year | | | (6,621) | (6,621) |
| Total comprehensive income Merger adjustment, increase/ | - | - | (6,621) | (6,621) |
| (decrease) in equity | | (2,998) | | (2,998) |
| At 31 March 2021 | 4,300 | (2,998) | (28,079) | (26,777) |

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

| | Note | 2021 £ 000 | 2020 £ 000 |
|--|------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Loss for the year | | (6,621) | (2,162) |
| Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 4 | 3,614 | 408 |
| Finance costs | . 5 | 702 | 690 |
| Taxation credit | 6 | (1,552) | (675) |
| | | (3,857) | (1,739) |
| Working capital adjustments: | | | • |
| Decrease/(increase) in inventories | • | 148 | (1,233) |
| Decrease in trade and other receivables | | 468 | 417 |
| Increase in trade and other payables | | 2,692 | 1,558 |
| Increase in provisions | | 1,725 | 117 |
| Cash generated from operations | | 1,176 | (880) |
| Taxation received/(paid) | | 1,193 | (1) |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | | 2,369 | (881) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Acquisitions of property plant and equipment | | (17,490) | (1,958) |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | | (17,490) | (1,958) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | • | |
| Interest paid | | (535) | (748) |
| Proceeds from new borrowings | | 16,000 | 3,300 |
| Finance lease principal repayments | | (201) | (146) |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | | 15,264 | 2,406 |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 143 | (433) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April | | 494 | 927 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March | 13 | 637 | 494 |

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated and domiciled in England.

The address of its registered office is:

Viridor House Priory Bridge Road

Taunton Somerset

TAI IAP

United Kingdom

The nature of the Company's operations include recovering the value in waste plastic materials through recycling. During the year, revenue was principally generated through sales to Viridor Resource Management Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Viridor Limited. Viridor Resource Management Limited provides the Company with access to UK and export customers.

2 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with adopted IFRSs and under historical cost accounting rules.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies.

These financial statements are presented in pound sterling, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise indicated.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

New standards, interpretations and amendments not yet effective

There were no new standards or interpretations, which were mandatory for the first time in the year beginning 1 April 2020, that had an impact on the net assets or results of the Company.

New standards or interpretations due to be adopted from 1 April 2021 are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's net assets or results. Existing borrowing covenants are not impacted by changes in accounting standards.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Recognition

Revenue is recognised following delivery of performance obligations and an assessment of when control over the product or service is transferred to the customer. Revenue is only recognised when collection of consideration is highly probable.

Revenue is recognised either when the performance obligation in the contract has been performed ('point in time' recognition) or 'over time' as the performance obligations to the customer are satisfied. For each obligation satisfied over time, the company applies a revenue recognition method that accurately reflects performance in transferring control of the services to the customer.

Where a contract with a customer includes more than one performance obligation, revenue is allocated to each obligation in proportion to a fair value assessment of the total contract sales value split across the services provided.

At the inception of a contract the total transaction price is estimated, being the fair value to which the company expects to be entitled under the contract, including any variable consideration. Variable consideration is based on the most likely outcome of the performance obligations.

Revenue excludes value added tax, trade discounts and includes revenue arising from transactions between Group companies.

Recyclate

The Company transforms waste into recyclate ready for resale. Revenue is measured at the agreed transaction price per tonne of recyclate under the contract with the customer. Revenue recognition occurs when control over the recyclate assets has been transferred to the customer.

In respect of UK sales, the Company's performance obligation is satisfied at the point of collection by the customer. This is the point in time when an invoice is issued and revenue is recognised Payment terms are typically end of month following invoice date. Overseas sales are predominantly agreed under a letter of credit. Goods are despatched at the point the letter of credit is accepted by the customers bank. Payment is released when the customer confirms satisfactory receipt of the recyclate. This is the point legal title (i.e. control) passes to the customer and revenue is recognised.

Contract assets and liabilities

A trade receivable is recognised when the Company has an unconditional right to receive consideration in exchange for performance obligations already fulfilled. A contract asset is recognised when the Company has fulfilled some of its performance obligations but has not yet obtained an unconditional right to receive consideration.

A contract liability is recognised when consideration is received in advance of the Company performing its performance obligations to customers.

Grants and contributions

Grants are recognised where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all the attached conditions will be complied with.

Grants and contributions receivable in respect of property, plant and equipment are deducted from the cost of those assets.

Grants and contributions receivable in respect of expenditure charged against profits in the year have been included in the income statement in other operating expenses.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated at the closing balance sheet rate. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the income statement.

Taxation including deferred tax

The tax expense for the period comprises tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the statement of comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income or directly in equity as appropriate.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

| Asset class | Depreciation method and rate |
|--|---|
| Freehold buildings | 30-50 years |
| Short-term leasehold land and buildings | The shorter of their estimated useful economic lives or the finance lease period. |
| Fixed and mobile plant, vehicles and computers | 3-10 years |

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Right-of-use assets/liabilities

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Leased assets are accounted for by recognising a right-of use-asset and a lease liability except for:

- · Low value assets; and
- · Leases with a duration of 12 months or less.

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets which have an indefinite useful life are not subject to depreciation and are tested annually for impairment, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Assets which are subject to amortisation are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value, less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Value in use represents the present value of projected future cash flows expected to be derived from a cash-generating unit, discounted using a pre-tax discount rate which reflects an assessment of the market cost of capital of the cash-generating unit.

Impairments are charged to the income statement in the year in which they arise. Non-financial assets other than goodwill that have been impaired are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within current borrowings.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, inventories are assessed for impairment. If inventory is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Fair values

The fair values of short-term deposits, loans and overdrafts with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate to their book values. In the case of non-current bank loans and other loans, the fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate available to the company for similar financial instruments.

Provisions

Provisions are made where there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that there will be an outflow of economic benefits to settle this obligation and a reliable estimate of this amount can be made. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the current amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle obligations. The unwinding of the discount to present value is included as notional interest within finance costs.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Retirement benefit obligations

During the year the Company participated in a defined contribution scheme. Costs of the scheme are included in the employment cost recharge from Viridor Waste Management Limited (a fellow subsidiary of Viridor Limited) as all employees are contracted to that company.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

3 Financial risk review

The financial risk management policies reflect conditions that existed through and at the year ending 31 March 2021.

(a) Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; market risk (including interest rate risk, inflation risk and credit risk). Details of the nature of each of these risks along with the steps the Company has taken to manage them is described below.

The Company receives treasury services from the wider Viridor Group's treasury function which seeks to ensure that sufficient funding is available to meet foreseeable needs, maintain reasonable headroom for contingencies and managing financial risks.

These risks and treasury operations are managed by the chief Financial Officer in accordance with policies established by the Board. Major transactions are individually approved by the Board.

Financial instruments, including derivatives, are used, where appropriate, to manage the risks of fluctuations in interest rates, inflation and other financial risks. Companies within the Viridor Group do not engage in speculative activity.

Market Risk

The Company has no significant interest-bearing assets upon which the net return fluctuates from market risk. Deposit interest receivable is expected to fluctuate in line with interest payable on floating rate borrowings. Consequently its income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

For the year ended 31 March 2021, if interest rates on net borrowings had been 0.5% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have increased/decreased by £239,000 (2020: £86,000).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

3 Financial risk review (continued)

Liquidity Risk

An intermediate parent company, Planets UK Bidco Limited maintains facilities that are designed to ensure the Viridor Group (and therefore the Company) has significant available funds for operations, planned expansions and facilities equivalent to at least one year's forecast requirements at all times, with reasonable headroom for contingencies. A financial covenant relating to Planets' facilities was first assessed in September 2021. This financial covenant is a debt service coverage ratio comparing cash generated during a twelve-month period against interest payments and other debt service costs. The Viridor Group has complied with these covenants throughout the financial year.

The Viridor Group's treasury function managed and determined the criteria for the Company's capital requirement.

Contractual undiscounted cash flows were:

| · | Due within 1 year £000 | Due between 1 and 2 years £000 | Due between 2 and 5 years £000 | Due after 5 years £000 | Total £000 |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|---------------|
| 31 March 2021 | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Borrowings excluding finance lease | | | | | |
| liabilities | 2,125 | 5,679 | 17,036 | 68,145 | 92,985 |
| Interest payments on borrowings | 4,269 | 4,002 | 10,405 | 18,173 | 36,849 |
| Finance lease liabilities including interest | 155 | 318 | 1,018 | 1,684 | 3,175 |
| 31 March 2020 | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Borrowings excluding finance lease | | | | | |
| liabilities | 1,000 | 170 | 6,600 | 15,230 | 23,000 |
| Interest payments on borrowings | 589 | 584 | 1,399 | 1,209 | 3,781 |
| Finance lease liabilities including interest | 182 | 182 | 544 | 363 | 1,271 |

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents with banks and financial institutions, as well as exposure to trade customers, including outstanding receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying value of these financial instruments. Further information on the credit risk relating to trade receivables is given in note 12.

Counterparty risk arises from the investment of surplus funds and from the use of derivative financial instruments. The Viridor Group (and therefore the Company) follows a policy for managing such risk which is controlled through credit limits, counterparty approvals and rigorous monitoring procedures. The Company has no other significant concentration of credit risk. The Company's surplus funds are managed by the Viridor Group's treasury function and where sufficient incremental yield is available, are placed in short-term deposits or the overnight money markets. Deposit counterparties must meet minimum criteria based on their short-term credit ratings and therefore be of good credit quality.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

3 Financial risk review (continued)

(b) Capital risk management

The capital risk management policy is managed by an intermediate parent company, Planets UK Bidco Limited. The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Viridor Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure in order to minimise the cost of capital.

(c) Determination of fair values

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (level 2).
- inputs for the asset/liability not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Company's financial instruments are valued using level 2 measures as analysed in note 10.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

4 Operating profit

Revenue

The grouping of revenue streams, analysed by how they are affected by economic factors is as follows:

| | UK £000 | Total £000 |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------|
| Year ended 31 March 2021 | | |
| Recyclate | 17,150 | 17,150 |
| | 17,150 | 17,150 |
| Year ended 31 March 2020 | | |
| Recyclate | 14,899 | 14,899 |
| • | 14,899 | 14,899 |

The Company's country of domicile is the United Kingdom and is the country in which it generates most of its revenue. The Company's non-current assets are all located in the United Kingdom.

Operating costs

| | | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|
| | Note | £000 | £000 |
| Manpower costs | 7 | 1,943 | 1,646 |
| Raw materials and consumables | : | 10,130 | 9,182 |
| Other operating expenses: | | | |
| Short-term and low value lease rentals payable | | 205 | 130 |
| Power | | 905 | 803 |
| Rates | | 115 | 99 |
| Hired and contracted services | | 5,391 | 3,618 |
| Other external charges | | 2,318 | 1,160 |
| | | 8,934 | 5,810 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment: | | | |
| - Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | | 3,614 | 408 |
| | | 3,614 | 408 |

Viridor Polymer Recycling Limited Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

5 Finance income and costs

| | Note | 2021 £ 000 | 2020 £ 000 |
|--|------|---------------|---------------|
| Finance costs | | | |
| Interest on bank overdrafts and borrowings | | (1) | (14) |
| Interest on obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts | | (56) | (36) |
| Other finance costs | | • | (1) |
| Loans from ultimate parent company | 20 | - | (2) |
| Loans from immediate parent company | 20 | (816) | (637) |
| Borrowing costs included in cost of qualifying asset | 9 | 171 | · |
| Total finance costs | | (702) | (690) |

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

6 Taxation

Tax charged/(credited) in the income statement

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------------------|---------|-------|
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| UK corporation tax | (1,970) | (598) |
| Deferred tax | 418 | (77) |
| Tax credit in the income statement | (1,552) | (675) |

UK corporation tax is calculated at 19% (2020: 19%) of the estimated assessable profit before tax for the year.

Reconciliation of total tax credit:

The total tax for the year differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the standard rate of Corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%) as follows:

| | 2021 £ 000 | 2020 £ 000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Loss before tax | (8,173) | (2,837) |
| Tax calculated at the standard rate of UK Corporation tax of 19% | (1,553) | (539) |
| Depreciation charged on non-qualifying assets | 1 | 1 |
| Adjustment to tax in respect of prior years | - | (1) |
| Deferred tax charge relating to change in tax rate | | (136) |
| Total tax credit | (1,552) | (675) |

The average total effective rate for the year is 19% (2020 23.8%)

UK corporation tax is stated after a charge relating to prior year current tax of £53,000 (2020: £nil) and a prior year deferred tax credit of £53,000 (2020: credit of £1,000).

The adjustment to the tax charge in respect of the change in tax rate follows the announcement in the Chancellor's budget on 11th March 2020, that the UK corporation tax rate will be held at 19% (rather than reducing to 17% as previously enacted). This is considered a non-underlying charge to the Company.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

6 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full on temporary differences under the liability method using enacted tax rates.

Movements on deferred tax were:

| | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--|
| | £ 000 | £ 000 | |
| Net assets at 1 April | 1,289 | 1,175 | |
| (Charge)/Credit to the income statement | (418) | 77 | |
| (Charge)/Credit to equity | (2,998) | 37 | |
| (Net liabilities)/Net assets at 31 March | (2,127) | 1,289 | |

Deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of all temporary differences giving rise to deferred tax assets because it is probable that these assets will be recovered.

All deferred tax assets and liabilities are within the same jurisdiction and may be offset as permitted by IAS 12

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities were:

| | l | Recognised in | | At |
|------------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------|----------|
| | At 1 April | income | Recognised in | 31 March |
| | 2020 | statement | equity | 2021 |
| | £ 000 | £ 000 | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Accelerated tax depreciation | (58) | (498) | (2,998) | (3,554) |
| Provisions | - | 168 | - | 168 |
| Tax losses carry-forwards | 1,347 | (88) | | 1,259 |
| Net tax assets/(liabilities) | 1,289 | (418) | (2,998) | (2,127) |

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the prior year were:

| | Recognised in | | At | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|----------|
| | At 1 April | income | Recognised in | 31 March |
| | 2019 | statement | equity | 2020 |
| | £ 000 | £ 000 | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Accelerated tax depreciation | (30) | (65) | 37 | (58) |
| Provisions | - | - | - | • |
| Tax losses carry-forwards | 1,205 | 142 | | 1,347 |
| Net tax assets/(liabilities) | 1,175 | 77 | 37 | 1,289 |

As part of a Viridor Group restructure, the Company acquired certain assets from another Viridor Group subsidiary, along with the associated deferred tax balance which has been recognised through equity.

As announced in the Chancellor's Budget on 4 March 2021, the headline rate of corporation tax in the UK will increase from 1 April 2023 to 25%. As at the balance sheet date the change in tax rate was not substantively enacted and thus this change is not reflected in the tax charge of these financial statements. The effect of the change of rate will be to increase the deferred tax liability by £6,000,000, represented by a tax debit to the income statement of £6,000,000. The change was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021, following the third reading in the House of Commons.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

7 Staff costs

The Company has no employees (2020: none). Services provided by the Company were undertaken by employees of Viridor Waste Management Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Viridor Limited (the smallest Group in which this company's results are consolidated). Viridor Waste Management Limited charged a service fee to the Company including the amounts recorded below for 60 (2020: 45) employees who worked predominantly for the Company.

The aggregate payroll costs (including directors' remuneration) were as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Wages and salaries | 1,710 | 1,429 |
| Social security costs | 170 | 141 |
| Pension costs | 63 | 76 |
| | 1,943 | 1,646 |

Details of Directors' emoluments are set out in note 8. There are no personnel other than Directors, who as key management exercise authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company

8 Directors' remuneration

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-------|-------|
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Aggregate emoluments of the Directors in respect of their services to the | | |
| Company | 51 | 9 |

The Company incurred no direct charge for Directors' emoluments but received a proportion of the employment costs of the Directors as a management charge from Viridor Waste Management Limited. Total emoluments of the Directors are disclosed in the Financial Statements of Viridor Waste Management Limited.

Viridor Polymer Recycling Limited Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

9 Property, plant and equipment

| | Land and buildings £ 000 | Fixed and mobile plant, vehicles and computers £ 000 | Assets under construction £ 000 | Total £ 000 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|
| Cost or valuation | • | | | |
| At 1 April 2019 | 1,103 | 7,824 | 866 | 9,793 |
| Additions | - | - | 1,958 | 1,958 |
| Transfers/reclassifications | | 304 | (304) | - |
| At 31 March 2020 | 1,103 | 8,128 | 2,520 | 11,751 |
| At 1 April 2020 | 1,103 | 8,128 | 2,520 | 11,751 |
| Additions | 3,582 | 2,108 | 74,467 | 80,157 |
| Disposals | - | (254) | - | (254) |
| Transfers/reclassifications | | 4,894 | (4,895) | (1) |
| At 31 March 2021 | 4,685 | 14,876 | 72,092 | 91,653 |
| Depreciation | | | | |
| At 1 April 2019 | - | 6,420 | - | 6,420 |
| Charge for year | 139 | 269 | | 408 |
| At 31 March 2020 | 139 | 6,689 | <u> </u> | 6,828 |
| At 1 April 2020 | 139 | 6,689 | - | 6,828 |
| Charge for the year | 213 | 3,405 | - | 3,618 |
| Eliminated on disposal | | (254) | | (254) |
| At 31 March 2021 | 352 | 9,840 | | 10,192 |
| Carrying amount | | | | |
| At 31 March 2021 | 4,333 | 5,036 | 72,092 | 81,461 |
| At 31 March 2020 | 964 | 1,439 | 2,520 | 4,923 |
| At 1 April 2019 | 1,103 | 1,404 | 866 | 3,373 |

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is (2020 - £) in respect of freehold land and buildings and £4,333,000 (2020 - £964,000) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

Groups of assets forming cash generating units are reviewed for indicators of impairment. No indicators of impairment were identified during the year.

Asset lives and residual values are reviewed annually. No significant changes were required in the year.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

9 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Right of use assets held under leases included above were:

| | Machinery £ 000 | Property £ 000 | Total £ 000 |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Cost or valuation | | | |
| At I April 2020 | - | 1,103 | 1,103 |
| Additions | 9 | 3,582 | 3,591 |
| At 31 March 2021 | 9 | 4,685 | 4,694 |
| Depreciation | | | |
| At 1 April 2020 | - | 139 | 139 |
| Charge for the year | 1 | 213 | 214 |
| At 31 March 2021 | 1 | 352 | 353 |
| Carrying amount | | | |
| At 31 March 2021 | 8 | 4,333 | 4,341 |
| At 31 March 2020 | | 964 | 964 |

10 Financial instruments by category

| | Amortised cost | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---|---------------|
| | Notes | Loans and receivables | Trade receivables and trade payables £000 | Total £000 |
| 31 March 2021 Financial assets | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | 12 | - | 1,590 | 1,590 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 13 | 637 | • | 637 |
| | | 637 | 1,590 | 2,227 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Borrowings | 15 | (96,160) | - | (96,160) |
| Trade and other payables | 14 | - | (11,061) | (11,061) |
| | | (96,160) | (11,061) | (107,221) |
| 31 March 2020 Financial assets | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | 12 | - | 1,351 | 1,351 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 13 | 494 | - | 494 |
| | • | 494 | 1,351 | 1,845 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Borrowings | 15 | (24,150) | • | (24,150) |
| Trade and other payables | 14 | | (4,510) | (4,510) |
| | | (24,150) | (4,510) | (28,660) |
| | | | | |

11 Inventories

| | 31 March | 31 March |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Raw materials and consumables | 2,169 | 2,317 |

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

12 Trade and other receivables

| | Note | 31 March 2021 £ 000 | 31 March 2020 £ 000 |
|----------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Trade receivables | | 1 | 116 |
| Receivables from related parties | 20 | 1,589 | 1,235 |
| Prepayments | | 343 | 918 |
| Other receivables | | 1,584 | 783 |
| | | 3,517 | 3,052 |

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade and other receivables approximate to their fair value.

The Company applies the simplified approach in calculating the expected credit losses for trade receivables allowing a provision matrix to be used which is based on the expected life of trade receivables. The expected credit loss rate applied ranges from 0% for not due balances up to 100% for balances aged over 120 days. However there are exceptions, for example where a customer has gone into liquidation a provision will be made regardless of ageing, or conversely if a customer is a major corporate or local authority with no history of default, a provision might not be considered appropriate.

The ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not specifically impaired was:

| | 31 March | 31 March |
|--------------|----------|----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Not past due | 1 | 116 |
| | 1 | 116 |

There is no significant concentration of credit risk in trade receivables. The company has a large number of customers who are dispersed and there is no expectation of a significant loss on trade receivables which have not been provided for.

13 Cash and cash equivalents

| | 31 March | 31 March |
|--------------|----------|----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Cash on hand | 637 | 494 |

14 Trade and other payables

| | Note | 31 March 2021 £ 000 | 31 March 2020 £ 000 |
|--------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Trade payables | | 2,706 | 500 |
| Accrued expenses | | 5,173 | 1,481 |
| Amounts due to related parties | 20 | 8,355 | 4,010 |
| | | 16,234 | 5,991 |

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade and other payables approximates to their fair value.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

15 Loans and borrowings

Current loans and borrowings

| | •• | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--------------------------------|------|------------------|------------------|
| | Note | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Finance lease liabilities | | 155 | 150 |
| Amounts due to related parties | 20 | 2,125 | 1,000 |
| | | 2,280 | 1,150 |

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of current borrowings approximate to their fair value.

Non-current loans and borrowings

| | | 31 Marc | h 2021 | 31 March 2020 | | |
|--|------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Note | Book Value £000 | Fair Value £000 | Book Value £000 | Fair Value £000 | |
| Finance lease liabilities Amounts due to related | | 3,020 | 3,020 | 1,000 | 1,000 | |
| parties | 20 | 90,860 | 88,762 | 22,000 | 23,040 | |
| | | 93,880 | 91,782 | 23,000 | 24,040 | |

Where market values are not available, fair values of borrowings have been calculated by discounting expected future cash flows at prevailing interest rates.

Maturity of non-current borrowings:

| | 31 March | 31 March | |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|--|
| | 2021 | 2020 | |
| | £ 000 | £ 000 | |
| Between 1 and 2 years | 3,911 | 325 | |
| Between 2 and 5 years | 21,293 | 7,092 | |
| Over 5 years | 68,676 | 15,583 | |
| | 93,880 | 23,000 | |

The weighted average maturity of non-current borrowings was 14 years (2020: 10 years).

Total borrowings

| - | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Finance lease liabilities | 3,175 | 1,150 |
| Amounts due to Intermediate parent company | 92,985 | - |
| Amounts due to Immediate parent company | - | 23,000 |
| | 96,160 | 24,150 |

The loans from the intermediate parent company are unsecured.

£38,000,000 accrues interest at a fixed rate of 1.1% and is due for repayment by 2032. The residual loan balance accrues interest at a fixed rate of 4.698% and is due for repayment by 2038.

(2020: The loan from the immediate parent company is unsecured. Interest is charged with 50% of the balance at a fixed rate of 5.0% and 50% of the balance at the Bank of England base rate plus 0.25%.)

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

16 Provisions

| Current provisions Non-current provisions | | 31 March 2021 £ 000 210 1,800 | 31 March 2020 £ 000 285 |
|---|------|---|----------------------------------|
| | _ | 2,010 | 285 |
| | Note | Other provisions £ 000 | Total £ 000 |
| At 1 April 2020 | | 285 | 285 |
| Provisions utilised | | (285) | (285) |
| Additional provisions | | 2,010 | 2,010 |
| At 31 March 2021 | | 2,010 | 2,010 |

Other provisions of £2,010,000 (2020: £285,000) have been recognised, conforming with IAS 37 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets, as liabilities of uncertain timing or amount arising from obligations from Viridor's operations which are not subject to permit requirements.

17 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

| | 31 March 2021 | | 31 March 2020 | |
|----------------------------|------------------|-------|------------------|-------|
| | No. 000 £ 000 | | No. 000 £ 000 | |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | 4,300 | 4,300 | 4,300 | 4,300 |

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

18 Commitments

Capital commitments

The total amount contracted for but not provided in the financial statements was £1,448,000 (2020 -£285,000).

19 Contingent liabilities

| | 31 March | 31 March |
|----------------|----------|----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | £ 000 | £ 000 |
| Bank guarantee | 637 | 494 |
| | 637 | 494 |

i) Bank Guarantees

Certain banking arrangements of the Company operate on a pooled basis with certain other Group companies and under these arrangements, credit balances of participating companies can be offset against overdrawn balances of participating companies.

No financial liabilities are expected to crystalise from the contingent liabilities.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

20 Related party transactions

The inter-company relationships described below relate to the relationships that existed at 31 March.

Year end balances

| rear end balances | Note | 31 March 2021 £000 | 31 March 2020 £000 |
|-----------------------------|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Current receivables | | | |
| Fellow subsidiaries | | 1,589 | 1,235 |
| | 12 | 1,589 | 1,235 |
| Non-current borrowings | | | |
| Intermediate parent company | | (90,860) | - |
| Immediate parent company | | | (22,000) |
| | 15 | (90,860) | (22,000) |
| Current borrowings | | | |
| Intermediate parent | | (2,125) | - |
| Immediate parent company | | | (1,000) |
| | 15 | (2,125) | (1,000) |
| Current trade payables | | | |
| Intermediate parent company | | (425) | - |
| Immediate parent company | | (32) | (3,300) |
| Fellow subsidiaries | | (7,891) | (710) |
| | 14 | (8,348) | (4,010) |

The loans from the intermediate parent company are unsecured.

£38,000,000 accrues interest at a fixed rate of 1.1% and is due for repayment by 2032. The residual loan balance accrues interest at a fixed rate of 4.698% and is due for repayment by 2038.

(2020: The loan from the immediate parent company is unsecured. Interest is charged with 50% of the balance at a fixed rate of 5.0% and 50% of the balance at the Bank of England base rate plus 0.25%.)

The trading balances due to or from the related parties are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

20 Related party transactions (continued)

Transactions with related parties

Income from related parties:

| 2021 Sale of goods and services 2020 Sale of goods and services | | | | | Fellow subsidiaries £ 000 16,883 Fellow subsidiaries £ 000 14,899 | Total £000 16,883 Total £000 14,899 |
|--|---------|------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Expenditure with related pa | rties: | | | | | |
| 2021 | | Note |] | Immediate parent company £ 000 | Fellow subsidiaries £ 000 | Total £000 |
| Purchase of goods and service | s | | | - | (3,124) | (3,124) |
| Administrative charges | | | | - | (1,603) | (1,603) |
| Payment for provision of loan | finance | 5 | | (816) | | (816) |
| | | | | (816) | (4,727) | (5,543) |
| 2020 Purchase of goods and | Note | | Ultimate parent company £ 000 | Immediate parent company £ 000 | Fellow subsidiaries £ 000 | Total £000 |
| services | | | - | (917) | (4,233) | . (5,150) |
| Administrative charges Payment for provision of | | | - | (808) | - | (808) |
| loan finance | 5 | _ | (2) | (637) | | (639) |
| | | ==== | (2) | (2,362) | (4,233) | (6,597) |

Sales and purchases of goods and services with fellow subsidiaries of Viridor Limited are undertaken on normal commercial terms and conditions that would also be available to unrelated third parties.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

21 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The following information relates to the Group structure that existed at 31 March 2021.

The company's immediate parent is Viridor Energy Limited.

The ultimate parent was KKR Planets Aggregator L.P..

The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements was Planets UK MidCo Limited. These financial statements are available upon request from 11th Floor, 200 Aldersgate Street, London, United Kingdom, EC1A 4HD

Relationship between entity and parents

The parent of the largest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Planets UK MidCo Limited, incorporated in England.

The address of Planets UK MidCo Limited is:

11th Floor, 200 Aldersgate Street, London, United Kingdom, EC1A 4HD

The parent of the smallest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Viridor Limited, incorporated in England.

The address of Viridor Limited is:

Viridor House, Priory Bridge Road, Taunton, Somerset, TA1 1AP