

**REGISTERED NUMBER: 05499037 (England and Wales)**

**CLIFFORD SEWING MACHINES LTD**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017**

Bevan & Buckland  
Chartered Accountants  
Langdon House  
Langdon Road  
SA1 Swansea Waterfront  
Swansea  
SA1 8QY

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017**

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**CLIFFORD SEWING MACHINES LTD**  
**COMPANY INFORMATION**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017**

**DIRECTORS:** M Hancock  
Mrs D Hancock

**SECRETARY:** Mrs D Hancock

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** C/O Bevan & Buckland  
Langdon House  
Langdon Road  
Swansea  
SA1 8QY

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 05499037 (England and Wales)

**ACCOUNTANTS:** Bevan & Buckland  
Chartered Accountants  
Langdon House  
Langdon Road  
SA1 Swansea Waterfront  
Swansea  
SA1 8QY

**CLIFFORD SEWING MACHINES LTD (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05499037)**

**BALANCE SHEET  
31 AUGUST 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Intangible assets	4		-		-
Tangible assets	5		<u>1,839</u>		<u>2,018</u>
			1,839		2,018
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Stocks		8,366		9,590	
Debtors	6	15,731		17,006	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>68,526</u>		<u>74,380</u>	
		92,623		100,976	
<b>CREDITORS</b>					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>32,962</u>		<u>33,103</u>	
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>			<u>59,661</u>		<u>67,873</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			61,500		69,891
<b>PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES</b>			<u>136</u>		<u>149</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			<u>61,364</u>		<u>69,742</u>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>61,264</u>		<u>69,642</u>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			<u>61,364</u>		<u>69,742</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 August 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (b)

**BALANCE SHEET - continued  
31 AUGUST 2017**

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 March 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

M Hancock - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. **STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of preparing the financial statements**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

**Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

**Goodwill**

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2005, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of five years.

**Intangible assets**

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

**Tangible fixed assets**

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.  
Plant and machinery etc - 33% on cost and 25% reducing balance

**Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

**Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

**Functional and presentation currency**

The company's functional and presentation currency is pounds sterling.

**Going Concern**

The company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

**Transition to FRS 102**

These financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2017 are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102 Section 1A small entities. On transition to FRS 102 no adjustments were made to the opening balances at the date of transition or the comparative year. The transition date was 1 September 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

**Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

**Impairment of financial assets**

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

**Derecognition of financial assets**

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.



**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017**

**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued****Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

**Derecognition of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

**Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

**3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the year was 3 .

**4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

	Goodwill £
<b>COST</b>	
At 1 September 2016 and 31 August 2017	<u>100,000</u>
<b>AMORTISATION</b>	
At 1 September 2016 and 31 August 2017	<u>100,000</u>
<b>NET BOOK VALUE</b>	
At 31 August 2017	<u>-</u>
At 31 August 2016	<u>-</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017**

**5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
<b>COST</b>			
At 1 September 2016	9,775	4,719	14,494
Additions	3,000	1,165	4,165
At 31 August 2017	<u>12,775</u>	<u>5,884</u>	<u>18,659</u>
<b>DEPRECIATION</b>			
At 1 September 2016	8,470	4,006	12,476
Charge for year	3,327	1,017	4,344
At 31 August 2017	<u>11,797</u>	<u>5,023</u>	<u>16,820</u>
<b>NET BOOK VALUE</b>			
At 31 August 2017	<u>978</u>	<u>861</u>	<u>1,839</u>
At 31 August 2016	<u>1,305</u>	<u>713</u>	<u>2,018</u>

**6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	5,654	6,089
Other debtors	6,600	10,100
Directors' loan accounts	3,477	353
Prepayments	-	464
	<u>15,731</u>	<u>17,006</u>

The Directors Loan Account is overdrawn by £3477, (£353 2016). This will be repaid within 9 months of the year end.

**7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	8,456	8,454
Tax	14,280	16,415
VAT	6,280	4,121
Other creditors	2,785	2,785
Commercial Card	1,161	1,328
	<u>32,962</u>	<u>33,103</u>

**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS  
ON THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF  
CLIFFORD SEWING MACHINES LTD**

**The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the directors in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Directors are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd for the year ended 31 August 2017 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at <http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance>.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd. You consider that Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Clifford Sewing Machines Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Bevan & Buckland  
Chartered Accountants  
Langdon House  
Langdon Road  
SA1 Swansea Waterfront  
Swansea  
SA1 8QY

27 March 2018

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.