

Registered number: 05496469

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**



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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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## **BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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### **DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Grosvenor Group Limited, its ultimate parent company. Grosvenor Limited is the immediate holding company and is responsible for the operations of the Grosvenor Group in the United Kingdom and Ireland.

The principal activity of the Company during the year was to act as a holding company investing in GC Bankside LLP and NeoD Investments LLP. During 2015 both LLPs fully repaid the equity, but the Company continues to have an interest in GC Bankside LLP and NeoD Investments LLP and expects to receive income in the form of residual profit share.

The Company was dormant in the previous financial year and therefore unaudited financial statements were filed in accordance with section 480 of the Companies Act.

The Company is in a net asset position and net current asset position, and is profit making as at 31 December 2020.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources for the foreseeable future and a minimum of 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements. Specifically, the directors have considered the impact of both Covid-19 and Brexit on the future performance of the Company.

The Company is continuing to monitor developments associated with the Covid-19 virus and the associated near-term uncertainty for the global economy to understand the ongoing impact for the underlying property business and its tenants. Similarly, the Company continues to plan for all reasonable eventualities following the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union.

The Directors have considered the going concern assumption for the Company in light of these developments and considered the possible impact of Brexit and Covid-19, for example on income and availability of funding, in determining the possible impact on the Company's cash flow forecasts for the period ending 31 December 2022. On the basis of the Company's continued forecast liquidity, the Directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

The results of the Company for the year are shown in the Income Statement.

The Balance Sheet shows that the Company's net assets increased from £532,363 to £562,363 during the year.

The Company is incorporated in the United Kingdom and its registered office is 70 Grosvenor Street, London, W1K 3JP.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £30,000 (2019 - £nil).

Dividends totalling £nil (2019 - £nil) were paid in the year.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**DIRECTORS**

The directors who served during the year, and subsequently, except as noted, were:

R F C Blundell (resigned 30 June 2020)  
C McWilliam (resigned 10 January 2020)  
S Harding-Roots (resigned 30 June 2020)  
C J Jukes (appointed 1 July 2020)  
J E Mendonca (appointed 1 January 2020, resigned 23 October 2020)  
A C Bond (appointed 1 July 2020)

**DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR**

Each of the persons who is a director at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This information is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s.418 of the Companies Act 2006.

**POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since 31 December 2020.

**AUDITOR**

Deloitte LLP has indicated its willingness to be reappointed for another term and is deemed to be reappointed accordingly.

This report was approved by the Board on 22 July 2021 and signed on its behalf.

DocuSigned by:

*Derek Lewis*

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**D J Lewis**  
Company Secretary

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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## **BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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#### **OPINION**

In our opinion the financial statements of Bankside 4 Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the income statement;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED (CONTINUED)**

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thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

**RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS**

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

**AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). The description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

**EXTENT TO WHICH THE AUDIT WAS CONSIDERED CAPABLE OF DETECTING IRREGULARITIES, INCLUDING FRAUD**

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the group's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the group's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the group operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included the UK Companies Act and tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the group's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED (CONTINUED)**

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We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as tax, valuations and IT specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and external legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing internal audit reports.



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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED (CONTINUED)**

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**REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS**

**OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

**MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION**


Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters, if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

**USE OF OUR REPORT**

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:  
  
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Parizan Trewin FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of  
**Deloitte LLP**

Statutory Auditor

London  
United Kingdom

22 July 2021

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**


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**INCOME STATEMENT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**


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	<b>Note</b>	<b>2020 £</b>	<i>Unaudited</i> <b>2019 £</b>
Income from investments		<b>30,000</b>	-
<b>Profit/result before tax</b>		<b>30,000</b>	-
Tax on profit/result	7	-	-
<b>Profit/result for the year</b>		<b>30,000</b>	-

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2020 or 2019 other than those included in the income statement.

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.


All activities in the current year and prior year are derived from continuing operations.

**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 05496469**

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020**

		2020	<i>Unaudited</i> 2019
	Note	£	£
Investments		-	-
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<b>562,363</b>	532,363
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>562,363</b>	532,363
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>562,363</b>	532,363
 <b>Net assets</b>		 <b>562,363</b>	 532,363
 <b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	10	100	100
Retained earnings	9	<b>562,263</b>	532,263
		<b>562,363</b>	532,363

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board and were signed on its behalf on 22 July 2021.

DocuSigned by:  
  
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**C J Jukes**  
 Director

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**


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**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**


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	<b>Called up share capital</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total equity</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>At 1 January 2019</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>532,263</b>	<b>532,363</b>
Result for the year	-	-	-
<b>At 1 January 2020</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>532,263</b>	<b>532,363</b>
Profit for the year	-	<b>30,000</b>	<b>30,000</b>
<b>At 31 December 2020</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>562,263</b>	<b>562,363</b>

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

Bankside 4 Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is shown on page 1. The Financial Statements are prepared in Sterling.

**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101') and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain assets and liabilities that are restated at revalued amounts or for values at the end of each reporting period.

Historical cost is generally based on the value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Grosvenor Limited, its ultimate parent undertaking, which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales and prepares consolidated financial statements. Consequently the Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements.

The following accounting policies have been applied:

**2.2 GOING CONCERN**

The Directors' Report describes the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements.

**2.3 DEBTORS**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**2.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

**Financial assets**

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as loans and receivables.

**Loans and receivables**

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (e.g. trade receivables), but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty or default or significant delay in payment) that the Company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable, the amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses in the Income Statement. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collected, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

**Financial liabilities**

The Company classifies all of its financial liabilities as liabilities at amortised cost.

**At amortised cost**

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including bank borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the instrument. Such interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, which ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried into the Balance Sheet.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**2.5 CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAXATION**

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

**3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY**

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may be different from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The directors do not believe that there are any significant accounting judgements or sources of estimation uncertainty that would result in a material difference to the accounts in the next 12 months.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**


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**4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The Company paid the following amounts to its auditor in respect of the audit of the financial statements and for other services provided to the Company:

	2020 £	<i>Unaudited</i> 2019 £
Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	4,000	-
	<u>4,000</u>	<u>-</u>

The audit fee is borne by Grosvenor Estate Management Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking.

No fees were payable to Deloitte LLP and its associates for non-audit services to the Company during the current or preceding year.

**5. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES**

No fees or other emoluments were paid to the directors of the Company during either the current or the preceding year in respect of their services to the Company. The directors are paid by Grosvenor Estate Management Limited.

There were no employees of the Company for the current or preceding year.



**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020****6. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS**

	2020 £	<i>Unaudited</i> 2019 £
Dividends received from undertaking with a participating interest	30,000	-
	<u>30,000</u>	<u>-</u>

**7. TAXATION**

The total current tax for the year is £nil (2019 - £nil).

**FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR**

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2019 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2020 £	<i>Unaudited</i> 2019 £
Profit/result before tax	30,000	-
Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	5,700	-
<b>Effects of:</b>		
Non-taxable income	(5,700)	-
Share of results of partnership interests	4,343	-
Group relief received for no consideration	(4,343)	-
<b>Total tax for the year</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES**

A current tax rate of 19%, being the UK corporation tax rate throughout the period, has been applied to the year ended 31 December 2020.

The scheduled reduction on Corporation Tax from 19% to 17% from 1 April 2020 in the Budget on 11 March 2020 and substantively enacted on 17 March 2020. The rate applicable from 1 April 2020 remains at 19%. The UK budget on 3 March 2021 announced an increase in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% from 1 April 2023. The change was not substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and therefore has not been reflected in the measurement of deferred tax balances at the period end.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**


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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**


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**8. DEBTORS: Amounts falling due within one year**

	2020 £	<i>Unaudited</i> 2019 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	<b>562,363</b>	532,363
	<b>562,363</b>	532,363

There are no interest bearing amounts owed by group undertakings at 31 December 2020 (2019 - £nil).

Amounts owed by group undertakings are receivable on demand.

**9. RESERVES****Retained earnings**

The reserves contain the balance of retained earnings to carry forward. Dividends are paid from this reserve.

**Called up share capital**

The balance classified as called up share capital includes the total net proceeds on issue of the Company's called up share capital, comprising £1 ordinary shares.

**10. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL**

	2020 £	<i>Unaudited</i> 2019 £
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid</b>		
100 (2019 - 100) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<b>100</b>	100

The Company's shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights.

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**BANKSIDE 4 LIMITED**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

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**11. CONTROLLING PARTY**

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is Grosvenor Group Limited, a Company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales which is wholly owned by trusts on behalf of the Grosvenor family, headed by the Duke of Westminster.

The ultimate parent undertaking heads the largest group of undertakings of which the Company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared. Grosvenor Limited, the intermediate holding company, heads the smallest group of undertakings of which the Company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Grosvenor Group Limited and Grosvenor Limited can be obtained from Companies House, 3 Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

The address of the registered office of Grosvenor Group Limited and Grosvenor Limited is 70 Grosvenor Street, London, W1K 3JP.