REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 AUGUST 2005 TO 31 MARCH 2006 FOR

ASHFLAME LINWOOD LIMITED

5489807

WEDNESDAY



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COMPANY INFORMATION for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

DIRECTORS:

A C Gallagher

G H Gosling

SECRETARY:

S A Burnett

REGISTERED OFFICE:

15 Hockley Court

Hockley Heath

Solihull

West Midlands B94 6NW

REGISTERED NUMBER:

5489807 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Cornwall Court 19 Cornwall Street Birmingham

B3 2DT

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements of the company for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of property investment.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the period and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements.

The company owns a retail park. At 31 March 2006 the retail park was almost fully let and surplus income was being generated from the investment. Both the results for the period, and the period end financial position were satisfactory. The directors consider future prospects to be satisfactory.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the period ended 31 March 2006.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the period under review were:

A C Gallagher

G H Gosling

The directors holding office at 31 March 2006 did not hold any direct beneficial interest in the issued share capital of the company at 1 August 2005 or 31 March 2006.

The interests of the directors in the share capital of the parent company are shown in the financial statements of that company.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of credit, liquidity and interest rate risks. The directors actively monitor these risks and the potential costs.

The credit rating of property tenants is regularly assessed and changes in the risk profile are managed.

The company utilises a mixture of bank and group funding designed to ensure it has sufficient working capital available. Floating interest rates are reviewed and swapped for fixed rates where appropriate to reduce exposure to adverse interest rate fluctuations.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and the directors have taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

G H Gosling - Director

17 January 2007

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASHFLAME LINWOOD LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Ashflame Linwood Limited for the period ended 31 March 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2006 and of its profit for the eight month period then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and

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• the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Birmingham

17 January 2007

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

		Period	Period
		1.8.05	23.6.05
		to	to
		31.3.06	31.7.05
1	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		974,267	67,411
Cost of sales		(105,521)	(9,836)
GROSS PROFIT		868,746	57,575
Administrative expenses		(30,715)	(6,520)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	838,031	51,055
Interest receivable and similar income	4	32,397	6,198
		870,428	57,253
Interest payable and similar charges	5	<u>(775,425)</u>	(59,407)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY AC BEFORE TAXATION	CTIVITIES	95,003	(2,154)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	6	(27,579)	(2,077)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANC AFTER TAXATION	IAL PERIOD	_67,424	(4,231)
RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR T PERIOD	HE 13	67,424	(4,231)

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

All of the company's activities were acquired during the previous period. None of the current activities were discontinued during the current or previous period.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the current period and the loss for the previous period.

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES

There is no difference between the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account and the results on an unmodified historical cost basis.

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2006

		31.3.06	31.7.05
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	-	27.000.725	07.022.000
Tangible assets	7	27,980,735	27,833,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	8	47,083	38,697
Cash at bank	Ü	846,898	209,936
		_ 	
		893,981	248,633
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(13,251,641)	(12,484,480)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(12,357,660)	(12,235,847)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		15,623,075	15,597,153
LIADIU, HES		13,023,073	15,577,155
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than or	ne		
year	10	(15,550,000)	(15,600,000)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			
AND CHARGES	11	(9,880)	(1,382)
NET ACCETC//LIABILITIES		62 105	(4.220)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		<u>63,195</u>	(4,229)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	12	2	2
Profit and loss account	13	63,193	(4,231)
			·
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS/			
DEFICIT	15	63,195	(4,229)
		- - 	

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

G H Gosling - Director

Approved by the Board on 17 January 2007

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards. A summary of the more important policies which have been consistently applied is set out below.

Cash flow statement

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company.

Turnover

Turnover represents the rental income receivable, service charges and other recoveries from investment properties in the United Kingdom.

In circumstances where a tenant has been given an incentive to enter into a lease by way of a payment, the incentive is treated as a reduction in rental income. The incentive is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from term commencement to the date of the first rent review, in accordance with UITF 28. Where an incentive is given to a tenant by way of a rent free period, the total rental income receivable for the period to the first rent review is recognised on a straight-line basis from term commencement to the date of the first rent review, in accordance with UITF 28.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales represents expenses relating to the servicing of property and collection of rental income.

Investment properties

Until investment properties are complete they are included in the accounts at cost. Once completed, open market valuations are performed on a 3-year cycle subject to an annual impairment review.

The Companies Act 1985 requires all properties to be depreciated. However, this requirement conflicts with the generally accepted accounting principle set out in SSAP 19. The directors consider that, because these properties are not held for consumption but for their investment potential, to depreciate them would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary for the accounts to give a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount, which might otherwise have been shown, cannot reasonably be separately identified or quantified.

Deferred tax

Full provision is made on a non-discounted basis for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising due to timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in the tax computation at the current rate of tax. Deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is considered more likely than not that they will be realised.

Amortisation of loan issue costs

Costs incurred in respect of obtaining loan finance are included in other debtors and the costs are amortised over the period of repayment of the loan in proportion to the outstanding loan.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

2. STAFF COSTS

There were no direct staff costs for the period ended 31 March 2006 (period to 31 July 2005: none). However, £28,588 (period ended 31 July 2005: £nil) was payable to J J Gallagher Limited, a related company, for the service of individuals who had performed work on behalf of Ashflame Linwood Limited.

The average monthly number of employees during the period was as follows:

		Period	Period
		1.8.05	23.6.05
		to 31.3.06	to 31.7.05
		31.3.00	31.7.03
	Directors		
		2	2
3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		Period	Period
		1.8.05	23.6.05
		to	to
		31.3.06	31.7.05
	Auditors' remuneration	£	£
	Auditors remuneration	2,100	
	Directors' emoluments	-	
4.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		Period	Period
		1.8.05	23.6.05
		to 31.3.06	to 31.7.05
		£	£
	Deposit account interest	10,687	3,528
	Interest receivable on loans to related undertakings	21,710	2,670
		32,397	6,198
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	Period	Period
	1.8.05	23.6.05
	to	to
	31.3.06	31.7.05
	£	£
Bank interest	633,521	47,406
Interest payable on loans from related undertakings	-	11,020
Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	137,789	981
Amortisation of loan issue costs	4,115	
	775,425	59,407

6. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities for the period was as follows:

	Period 1.8.05	Period 23.6.05
	to 31.3.06	to 31.7.05
Current tax: Group relief Group relief prior year	£ 19,627 (546)	£ 695
Total current tax	19,081	695
Deferred tax	8,498	1,382
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	<u>27,579</u>	2,077

The current corporation tax charge differs from the standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% applied to the profit/(loss) for the period. The differences are:

	Period	Period
	1.8.05	23.6.05
	to	to
	31.3.06	31.7.05
	£	£
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at the standard rate of 30%	28,501	(646)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	1,800
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(8,874)	(459)
Prior year adjustment	(546)	
	<u>19,081</u>	695

The amount of tax which would become payable in the event of a sale of the investment properties at their book value is £1.4million (31 July 2005: £1.6 million). No deferred tax provision has been made as there is no commitment to sell the properties.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	leasehold investment properties
COST	27 922 000
At 1 August 2005 Additions	27,833,000 147,735
At 31 March 2006	27,980,735
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2006	27,980,735
At 31 July 2005	27,833,000

On 14 July 2005, Ashflame Linwood Limited purchased the long leasehold investment properties from Linwood Property Investments Limited, its parent undertaking for £27,833,000 on an arm's length basis.

The above assets are held for letting.

8. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	31.3.06	31.7.05
	£	£
Trade debtors	8,226	9,129
Other debtors	38,857	29,568
	47,083	<u>38,697</u>
9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	31.3.06	31.7.05
	£	£
Bank loan	50,000	-
Trade creditors	172	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	12,652,780	12,286,181
VAT payable	64,281	-
Accruals and deferred income	484,408	198,299
	13,251,641	12,484,480

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	31.3.06	31.7.05
	£	£
Bank loan	15,550,000	15,600,000

The bank loan is on normal commercial terms and is secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. Associated interest is payable on the loan at a variable rate of 1.15% over LIBOR with a swap to a fixed LIBOR rate of 5% in respect of £12,500,000 of the loan. The loan is repayable by quarterly instalments of £50,000 commencing January 2007, with a final balloon payment in November 2010, as follows:

payment in November 2010, as follows.		
• •	31.3.06	31.7.05
	£	£
Within one year	50,000	-
In 1 to 2 years	200,000	150,000
In 2 - 5 years	15,350,000	600,000
In more than 5 years	<u> </u>	14,850,000
	15,600,000	15,600,000
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		
	31.3.06	31.7.05
	£	£

11.

Balance at 31 March 2006

	31.3.06 £	31.7.05 £
Deferred tax		
Tax effect of timing differences due to:		
Excess of capital allowances	A 000	1 202
over depreciation	9,880	<u>1,382</u>
		Deferred
		tax
		£
Balance at 1 July 2005		1,382
Charged to the profit and loss account		8,498

9,880

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Authorised:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	31.3.06 £	31.7.05 £
	1,000	Ordinary	£1	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, issu				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	31.3.06 £	31.7.05 £
	2	Ordinary	£1	2	2
13.	RESERVES				
					Profit
					and loss account
					£
	At 1 August 2005				(4,231)
	Ketained pro	fit for the period			67,424
	At 31 March	2006			63,193

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

At 31 March 2006, Ashflame Linwood Limited owed £12,652,780 to Ashflame Investments Limited. At 31 July 2005, Ashflame Linwood Limited owed £3,783,503 to Ashflame Property Investments Limited. Under both loan agreements interest is only payable on a proportion of the loan (£3,115,000 as at inception) at 1% over the Bank of England base rate. The remainder of both loans is interest free.

At 31 July 2005, Ashflame Linwood Limited owed £8,502,678 to Brighton Property Investments Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Ashflame Property Investments Limited. Interest was payable on the loan at 1% over the Bank of England base rate. This loan was repaid during the period.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 not to disclose transactions with other group companies, whilst it remained a wholly owned subsidiary within a consolidated group.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the period 1 August 2005 to 31 March 2006

15. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

Profit/(loss) for the financial period Issue of shares	31.3.06 £ 67,424	31.7.05 £ (4,231) 2
Net addition/(reduction) to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' deficit	67,424 (4,229)	(4,229)
Closing shareholders' funds/(deficit)	63,195	(4,229)
Equity interests	63,195	(4,229)

16. **CONTROLLING PARTY**

Ashflame Linwood Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Linwood Property Investments Limited (incorporated in England and Wales). Linwood Property Investments Limited is controlled by Ashflame Investments Limited, (incorporated in England and Wales) its ultimate parent undertaking.

The ultimate controlling party of the company is Mr A C Gallagher by virtue of his ownership of the majority of the issued share capital of Ashflame Investments Limited.