Annual Report and Accounts

Year ended 31 March 2008



27/12/2008 COMPANIES HOUSE

Company number: 5489767

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS for the year ended 31 March 2008

The directors submit their Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008.

Principal activities

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The British Land Company PLC and operates as a constituent of The British Land Company PLC group of companies (the "Group"). The company's principal activity is property investment in the United Kingdom (UK).

Business review

As shown in the company's profit and loss account on page 5, the company's turnover has increased by 13.9% over the prior year and profit before tax has increased by 575.1% over the prior year.

Dividends of £nil (2007: £nil) were paid in the year. Dividends paid are shown in note 12.

The balance sheet on page 7 of the financial statements shows that the company's financial position at the year end is, in net asset terms, an improvement on the prior year.

The value of investment properties held as at 31 March 2008 decreased by 12.5% during the year then ended as shown in note 5 to the company's balance sheet.

The performance of the Group, which includes the company, is discussed in the group's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

Details of significant events since the balance sheet date, if any, are contained in note 16 of the financial statements.

The subsidiaries, if any, held by the company are listed in note 6 to the accounts. Where the company has subsidiaries, consolidated financial statements are not presented as the company takes advantage of the exemption afforded by Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985.

Risk management

This company is part of a large property investment group. As such, the fundamental underlying risks for this company are those of the property group as discussed below.

The group generates returns to shareholders through long-term investment decisions requiring the evaluation of opportunities arising in the following areas:

- demand for space from occupiers against available supply;
- differential pricing for premium locations and buildings:
- alternative use for buildings;
- demand for returns from investors in property, compared to other asset classes;
- economic cycles, including their impact on tenant covenant quality, interest rates, inflation and property values;
- price differentials for capital to finance the business;
- legislative changes, including planning consents and taxation; and
- construction pricing and programming.

These opportunities also represent risks, the most significant being change to the value of the property portfolio. This risk has high visibility to senior executives and is considered and managed on a continuous basis. Executives use their knowledge and experience to knowingly accept a measured degree of market risk.

The group's preference for prime assets and their secure long term contracted rental income, primarily with upward only rent review clauses, present lower risks than many other property portfolios.

The company is financed by a variable interest rate loan from its ultimate holding company and has no third party debt. Interest can be charged at nil% where the company is not active or where to do so would put the company in financial difficulty.

Environment

Across the Group, The British Land Company PLC recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the Group's activities. The company operates in accordance with Group policies. The Group's full Corporate Responsibility Report is available online at www.britishland.com/crReport/2007.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS for the year ended 31 March 2008

Directors

The directors who served during the year were, except as noted:

S A M Hester

R E Bowden (Resigned 31 December 2007)

G C Roberts

L M Bell

P C Clarke

S M Barzycki

T A Roberts

N M Webb

C M J Forshaw

A M Jones

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK Accounting Standards and applicable law).

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Payments policy

In the absence of dispute, amounts due to trade and other suppliers are settled as expeditiously as possible within their terms of payment. Payments are administered on a consistent basis throughout the Group by The British Land Company PLC whose suppliers' days outstanding at 31 March 2008 were 24 (31 March 2007: 26).

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS for the year ended 31 March 2008

Disclosure of information to Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- (a) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- (b) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Deloitte LLP as the company's auditors will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the Board on 12 December 2008

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A Braine Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ORBITAL SHOPPING PARK SWINDON LIMITED for the year ended 31 March 2008

We have audited the financial statements of Orbital Shopping Park Swindon Limited for the year ended 31 March 2008 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of total recognised gains and losses, note of historical cost profits and losses and the related notes 1 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Decorate -

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

17 Decemb 2008

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 March 2008

Turnover 4,066,856 3,571,789 Fees and commissions Other trading income 4,066,856 3,571,789 Total turnover 4,066,856 3,571,789 Cost of sales (45,599) (120,568) Gross profit 4,021,257 3,451,221 Administrative expenses (381,382) (158,035) Operating profit 3,639,875 3,293,186 Profit on disposal of properties Profit on disposal of investments 4,021,257 3,293,186 Write down of investments in subsidiaries Write down of investments in subsidiaries 4,066,856 3,571,789 Dividends receivable Total turnover 3,639,875 3,293,186 Profit on ordinary activities before interest 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable 443 42 Interest payable 4,061,501,500 (2,976,412) Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans - other loans 4,061,602,602 3,63,602 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2,138,818		Note	2008 £	2007 £
Fees and commissions Other trading income 4,066,856 3,571,789 Total turnover 4,066,856 3,571,789 Cost of sales (45,599) (120,568) Gross profit 4,021,257 3,451,221 Administrative expenses (381,382) (158,035) Operating profit 3,639,875 3,293,186 Profit on disposal of properties Frofit on disposal of investments Write down of investments Write down of investments in subsidiaries Dividends receivable 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable 443 42 Group 4,300,400,400,400,400,400,400,400,400,40	Turnover		~	~
Cost of sales	Rental income		4,066,856	3,571,789
Total turnover 4,066,856 3,571,789 Cost of sales (45,599) (120,568) Gross profit 4,021,257 3,451,221 Administrative expenses (381,382) (158,035) Operating profit 3,639,875 3,293,186 Profit on disposal of properties Profit on disposal of investments Group transfer of investments Write down of investments in subsidiaries Dividends receivable 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable Group 443 42 Interest payable 443 42 Group 443 42 Interest payable Group (1,501,500) (2,976,412) Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans - other loans 316,816 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)				
Cost of sales (45,599) (120,568) Gross profit 4,021,257 3,451,221 Administrative expenses (381,382) (158,035) Operating profit 3,639,875 3,293,186 Profit on disposal of properties Profit on disposal of investments 4 3,639,875 3,293,186 Write down of investments in subsidiaries University activities before interest 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable 443 42 Interest payable 443 42 Group 443 42 Interest payable 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 1 4 4 7 9 1 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 1 8 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Other trading income			
Gross profit 4,021,257 3,451,221 Administrative expenses (381,382) (158,035) Operating profit 3,639,875 3,293,186 Profit on disposal of properties Profit on disposal of investments Frofit on disposal of investments Write down of investments in subsidiaries Use of the control of the con	Total turnover		4,066,856	3,571,789
Administrative expenses (381,382) (158,035) Operating profit 3,639,875 3,293,186 Profit on disposal of properties Profit on disposal of investments Group transfer of investments Frofit on investments in subsidiaries Dividends receivable 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable 443 42 Interest payable (1,501,500) (2,976,412) Group Associated companies (1,501,500) (2,976,412) External - other loans - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans - other loans 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Cost of sales		(45,599)	(120,568)
Operating profit 3,639,875 3,293,186 Profit on disposal of properties Profit on disposal of investments Write down of investments in subsidiaries Dividends receivable Profit on ordinary activities before interest 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable Group 443 42 Interest payable 443 42 Group (1,501,500) (2,976,412) Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Gross profit		4,021,257	3,451,221
Profit on disposal of properties Profit on disposal of investments Group transfer of investments Write down of investments in subsidiaries Dividends receivable Profit on ordinary activities before interest Interest receivable Group Associated companies External - other Group Associated companies External - obank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Administrative expenses		(381,382)	(158,035)
Profit on disposal of investments Group transfer of investments Write down of investments in subsidiaries Dividends receivable Profit on ordinary activities before interest Interest receivable Group Associated companies External - other Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Operating profit		3,639,875	3,293,186
Group transfer of investments Write down of investments in subsidiaries Dividends receivable Profit on ordinary activities before interest Interest receivable Group Associated companies External - other Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans 1 2 2,138,818 316,816	Profit on disposal of properties			
Write down of investments in subsidiaries Dividends receivable Profit on ordinary activities before interest Interest receivable Group Associated companies External - other Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Profit on disposal of investments			
Profit on ordinary activities before interest 3,639,875 3,293,186 Interest receivable Group Associated companies External - other 443 42 Interest payable Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Group transfer of investments			
Profit on ordinary activities before interest Interest receivable Group Associated companies External - other Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation 3,639,875 3,293,186 3,639,875 3,293,186 443 42 433 42 443 443 42 443 443 44	Write down of investments in subsidiaries			
Interest receivable Group Associated companies External - other Interest payable Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation Interest receivable (1,501,500) (2,976,412) (1,501,500) (2,976,412) (2,976,412) (3,976,412) (4,976,412) (4,991,367)	Dividends receivable			
Group Associated companies External - other Interest payable Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation 4 47,906 (1,501,500) (2,976,412) (2,976,412) (2,976,412) (2,976,412) (2,976,412) (3,501,500) (4,991,367)	Profit on ordinary activities before interest		3,639,875	3,293,186
Associated companies External - other 443 42 Interest payable Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Interest receivable			
External - other	Group			
Interest payable Group Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation (1,501,500) (2,976,412) (2,976,412) (3,501,500) (2,976,412) (4,501,500) (1,501,500) (1,991,367)	·			
Group (1,501,500) (2,976,412) Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	External - other		443	42
Associated companies External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Interest payable			
External - bank overdrafts and loans - other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	•		(1,501,500)	(2,976,412)
- other loans Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	·			
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2 2,138,818 316,816 Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)				
Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	- other loans			
Taxation 4 47,906 (1,991,367)	Destit an andiment activities before to the	•		
	Front on ordinary activities before taxation	2	2,138,818	316,816
Profit (loss) for the financial year 2,186,724 (1,674,551)	Taxation	4	47,906	(1,991,367)
	Profit (loss) for the financial year		2,186,724	(1,674,551)

Turnover and results are derived from continuing operations within the United Kingdom. The company has only one significant class of business, that of property investment in the United Kingdom.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31 March 2008

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit (loss) on ordinary activities after taxation	2,186,724	(1,674,551)
Unrealised surplus (deficit) on revaluation of investment properties	(12,411,991)	5,399,835
Unrealised surplus (deficit) on revaluation of investments		
Unrealised surplus (deficit) on revaluation of subsidiaries		
Derivative valuation and exchange translation movements on net investments		
Taxation on realisation of prior year revaluations		
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year	(10,225,267)	3,725,284

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31 March 2008

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,138,818	316,816
Realisation of prior year revaluations		
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,138,818	316,816
Historical cost profit (loss) for the year retained after taxation	2,186,724	(1,674,551)

BALANCE SHEET as at 31 March 2008

	Note	200 £	08 £	20 £	07 £
Fixed assets		-	۲.	L	L
Investment properties	5		86,800,000		97,501,346
Plant and Machinery	•		00,000,000		07,100,10
Investments	6				
		_		_	
			86,800,000		97,501,346
Current assets					
Debtors	7	726.057		004 007	
Cash and deposits	,	736,957		221,997	
oddir drid dopodita					
		736,957		221,997	
		, 00,001		221,001	
Creditors due within one year	8	(22,837,285)		(42,798,404)	
		,		, , , , ,	
Net current liabilities			(22,100,328)		(42,576,407)
Takal and An Inc. account A II I 1999		_		-	
Total assets less current liabilities			64,699,672		54,924,939
Creditors due after one year	9				
Provision for liabilities	10				
Net assets		_	64,699,672	<u>-</u>	54,924,939
_		_	-	_	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		61 776 014		44 770 044
Share premium	12		61,776,911		41,776,911
Revaluation reserve	12		2,460,894		14,872,885
Profit and loss account	12		461,867		(1,724,857)
	•=		-01,007		(1,724,007)
Shareholders' funds	12	-	64,699,672	_	54,924,939
		=		=	

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 December 2008

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Director

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted by the directors are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and previous year.

These financial statements are designed to cover a wide variety of companies and circumstances. As a result some notes or some entries in the primary statements or the notes may not be relevant for this company and so may be left blank intentionally.

Accounting basis

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards and under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and other fixed asset investments.

Where the company has subsidiaries, it has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements afforded by Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 because it is a wholly owned subsidiary of another company. Group financial statements which include the company for The British Land Company PLC are publicly available (see note 17).

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt under FRS 1 (Revised) from preparing a cashflow statement.

Properties

Properties are externally valued on an open market basis at the balance sheet date. Investment and development properties are recorded at valuation. Any surplus or deficit arising is transferred to revaluation reserve, unless a deficit is expected to be permanent, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account. Disposals are recognised on completion: profit on disposal is determined as the difference between sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset at the commencement of the accounting period plus additions in the period.

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19, no depreciation is provided in respect of investment property. The directors consider that this accounting policy, which represents a departure from the statutory accounting rules, is necessary to provide a true and fair view. The financial effect of the departure from these rules cannot reasonably be quantified as depreciation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified. Where properties held for investment are appropriated to trading stock, they are transferred at market value.

The cost of properties in course of development includes attributable interest and other associated outgoings. Interest is calculated on the development expenditure by reference to specific borrowings where relevant and otherwise on the average rate applicable to short-term loans. Interest is not capitalised where no development activity is taking place.

A property ceases to be treated as a development on practical completion.

Financial liabilities

Debt instruments are stated at their net proceeds on issue. Finance charges including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs are spread over the period to redemption, using the effective interest method.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

Taxation

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are not taxable (or tax deductible). In particular the Group (including this company) became a REIT on 1 January 2007 and income and gains on qualifying assets are now exempt from taxation.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Net rental income

Rental income is recognised on an accruals basis. A rent adjustment based on open market estimated rental value is recognised from the rent review date in relation to unsettled rent reviews. Where a rent free period is included in a lease, the rental income foregone is allocated evenly over the period from the date of lease commencement to the next rent review date. Rental income from fixed and minimum guaranteed rent reviews is recognised on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the entire lease term or the period to the first break option. Where such rental income is recognised ahead of the related cash flow, an adjustment is made to ensure the carrying value of the related property including the accrued rent does not exceed the external valuation.

Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging a new lease are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from the date of lease commencement to the next rent review date.

Where a lease incentive payment, including surrender premiums paid, does not enhance the value of a property, it is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from the date of lease commencement to the next rent review date. Upon receipt of a surrender premium for the early determination of a lease, the profit, net of dilapidations and non-recoverable outgoings relating to the lease concerned is immediately reflected in income.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

2. Profit (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	2008 £	2001 £
Profit (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging (crediting):	-	_
Amortisation Depreciation		
Auditors Remuneration A notional charge of £1,150 (2007: £1,040) per company is deemed payable to Deloitte & Touche the financial statements. Actual amounts payable to Deloitte & Touche LLP are paid at group level Company PLC.		
3. Staff costs	2008 £	2007 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs		
No director received any remuneration for services to the company in either period.		<u>-</u>
Average number of employees, excluding directors, of the company during the year was nil (2007	' - nil).	

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

4. Taxation	2008 £	2007 £
Current tax UK corporation tax		
Adjustments in respect of prior years	133 (48,039)	1,991,367
Total current tax charge (credit)	(47,906)	1,991,367
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Prior year items		
Total deferred tax charge (credit)		<u> </u>
Total taxation charge (credit) (effective tax rate: (2.2%); (2007: 628.6%))	(47,906)	1,991,367
Tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,138,818	316,816
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2007: 30%) Effects of:	641,645	95,045
REIT conversion charge		1,950,000
REIT exempt income and gains	(641,512)	(53,665)
Capital allowances Tax losses and other timing differences		
(Income not taxable) expenses not deductible for tax purposes		
Transfer pricing adjustments		
Group relief (claimed) surrendered for nil consideration		(13)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(48,039)	
Current tax charge (credit)	(47,906)	1,991,367

Included in the tax charge is a net charge of £nil (2007: £nil) attributable to property sales.

The unprovided tax which would arise on the disposal of properties at valuation after available loss relief but without recourse to tax structuring is in the region of £nil (2007: £nil).

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

5. Property

	Development £	Freehold £	Long leasehold £	Short leasehold £	Total £
At valuation					
1 April 2007		97,501,346			97,501,346
Additions		1,710,645			1,710,645
Disposals					
Group transfers - in					
Group transfers - out					
Revaluation surplus (deficit)		(12,411,991)			(12,411,991)
31 March 2008		86,800,000		<u> </u>	86,800,000
Analysis of cost and valuation 31 March 2008					
Cost		84,339,106			84,339,106
Revaluation		2,460,894			2,460,894
Net book value		86,800,000	-	<u> </u>	86,800,000
1 April 2007 Cost		82,628,461			82,628,461
Revaluation		14,872,885			14,872,885
Net book value		97,501,346		<u> </u>	97,501,346

Properties were valued as at 31 March 2008 by Knight Frank LLP, Chartered Surveyors, as External Valuers on the basis of Market Value in accordance with the requirements of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors Valuation Standards, sixth edition.

Properties valued at £86,800,000 (2007 : £97,550,000) were charged to secure borrowings of the ultimate holding company.

The values of the lease incentives £nil (2007: £48,654) and the fixed and guaranteed rent review debtor of £nil (2007: £nil) are excluded from the net book value above and are included within debtors - Note 7.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

6. Investments

	Shares in subsidiaries £	Other investments £	Total £
At cost or directors' valuation	_	_	_
1 April 2007			
Additions			
Disposals			
Group Transfers - in			
Group Transfers - out			
Provision for write-down			
Revaluation			
31 March 2008			-
Provision for write-down			
1 April 2007			
Provision for write-down			
Disposals			
31 March 2008		-	-
	·		
At cost or directors' valuation excluding provision for write-down			
31 March 2008	-	-	-
4. A . : 1.0007			
1 April 2007		-	-

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

7. Debtors	2008	2007
	£	£
Current debtors (receivable within one year)		
Trade debtors	274,845	142,072
Amounts owed by group companies - current accounts		
Amounts owed by associated companies - current accounts		
Corporation tax		21,560
Other debtors		2
Prepayments and accrued income	462,112	58,363
	736, <u>957</u>	221,997

Included in prepayments and accrued income is an amount of £nil (2007 : £48,656), relating to lease incentives which are amortised over the period to the next rent review.

Long-term debtors (receivable after more than one year) Amounts owed by group companies - Long term loans

Amounts owed by group companies - Long term loans		
8. Creditors due within one year	2008	2007
	£	£
Trade creditors	9,354	14,264
Amounts owed to group companies - current accounts	20,734,166	41,598,033
Amounts owed to associated companies - current accounts		
Corporation tax	41,500	41,367
Other taxation and social security	159,085	167,223
Other creditors		
Accruals and deferred income	1,893,180	977,517
	22.837.285	42.798.404

Amounts owed to fellow group companies are repayable on demand with interest being charged on balances outstanding at the ultimate parent company's weighted average cost of debt plus a margin while the subsidiary is active and if the interest charged does not put the subsidiary in financial difficulty.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

9. Creditors due after one	year (including borrowings.)		2008 £	2007 £
Debentures and loans	due 1 to 2 years		~	
	due 2 to 5 years			
	due after 5 years			
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
10. Provision for liabilities				
		Sinking fund	Deferred tax	Total
		£	£	£
1 April 2007				
Charged (credited) to the pro	fit and loss account			
Released				
Utilised in year				
31 March 2008				_
Deferred tax is provided as for	ollows		2008	2007
			£	£
Accelerated capital allowance	es			
Other timing differences				
_				

The deferred tax provision relates primarily to capital allowances claimed on plant and machinery within investment properties. For the period prior to conversion to a REIT or for properties not within the REIT regime, when a property is sold and the agreed disposal value for this plant and machinery is less than original cost there is a release of the surplus part of the provision.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

11.	Snare	capitai	

·	2008 £	2007 £
Authorised share capital	_	-
Ordinary Shares of £1.00 each		
Opening balance as at 1 April: 50,000,000 (2007: 50,000,000) shares	50,000,000	50,000,000
Increase in authorised share capital: 20,000,000 (2007: nil) shares	20,000,000	
Closing balance as at 31 March : 70,000,000 (2007 : 50,000,000) shares	70,000,000	50,000,000
During the period the company increased its authorised Ordinary shares b Issued share capital - allotted, called up and fully paid	y 20,000,000 shares of 8	E1.00 each
Ordinary Shares of £1.00 each		
Opening balance as at 1 April: 41,776,911 (2007: 41,776,911) shares	41,776,911	41,776,911
Allotted shares: 20,000,000 (2007 : nil) shares	20,000,000	
Closing balance as at 31 March : 61,776,911 (2007 : 41,776,911) shares	61,776,911	41,776,911

During the period the company allocated 20,000,000 Ordinary shares with a nominal value of £1.00 each for intercompany debt.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

12. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds and reserves

	Share capital £	Share premium £	Revaluation reserve £	Hedging & translation reserve	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Opening shareholders' funds	41,776,911		14,872,885		(1,724,857)	54,924,939
Profit for the financial year					2,186,724	2,186,724
Dividends Share issues in the year	20,000,000					20,000,000
Unrealised surplus (deficit) on revaluation of investment						
properties Unrealised surplus (deficit) on revaluation of investments			(12,411,991)			(12,411,991)
Unrealised surplus (deficit) on revaluation of subsidiaries						
Realisation of prior year revaluations						
Taxation on the realisation of prior year revaluations						
Derivative valuation and exchange transalation movements on net investments						
Closing shareholders' funds	61,776,911	<u>. </u>	2,460,894	<u> </u>	461,867	64,699,672

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008

13. Capital commitments

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The company had capital commitments contracted as at 31 March 2008 of £6,602,351 (2007: £nil).

14. Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly and severally liable with the ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries for all monies falling due under the group VAT registration.

15. Related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted to 90% subsidiaries not to disclose transactions with group companies under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 8.

16. Subsequent events

There have been no significant events since the year end.

17. Immediate parent and ultimate holding company

The immediate parent company is BL Retail Warehousing Holding Company Limited.

The British Land Company PLC is the smallest and largest group for which group accounts are available and which include the company. The ultimate holding company and controlling party is The British Land Company PLC, which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. Group accounts for this company are available on request from British Land, York House, 45 Seymour Street, London, W1H 7LX.