# Miller (Cobblers Hall) Limited

# **Directors' Report and Financial Statements**

For the year ended 31 December 2011 Registered number 05483570

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## **Directors' Report**

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

## **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company is that of residential property development. The company is expected to sell its final housing unit by early 2013, at which time it will cease to trade. As the directors do not intend to acquire a replacement trade, these financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Results and dividends

The loss for the year ended 31 December 2011 is set out in the profit and loss account. The directors are unable to recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2010 £nil)

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company during the year and to the date of this report were as follows

lan Murdoch

(appointed 29 March 2011)

Moira J Kinniburgh John S Richards

Ewan T Anderson

(resigned 29 March 2011)

## Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

#### **Auditors**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

On behalf of the Board

lan Muroba

lan Murdoch Director

20 June 2012

2 Centro Place Pride Park Derby DE24 8RF

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business. As explained in note 1, the directors do not believe it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditor's report to the members of Miller (Cobblers Hall) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Miller (Cobblers Hall) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 set out on pages 4 to 10. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). These financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis for the reason set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm">www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm</a>

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

21 June 2012

Hugh Harvie (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EG

## **Profit and Loss Account**

For the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Turnover	1	3,064,397	3,317,378
Cost of sales		(2,890,527)	(4,531,278)
Gross profit /(loss)		173,870	(1,213,900)
Administrative expenses		(2,225)	(475)
Operating profit /(loss)		171,645	(1,214,375)
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(173,499)	(210,672)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(1,854)	(1,425,047)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	4	-	-
Loss for the financial year	10	(1,854)	(1,425,047)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those disclosed above

The results for the financial year have been derived from continuing activities

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements

## **Balance Sheet**

As at 31 December 2011

		2011	2010
	Note	£	£
Current assets	_		
Stocks and work in progress	5	2,540,799	3,748,285
Debtors	6	303,277	190,507
		2,844,076	3,938,792
Creditors. amounts falling due within one year	7	(3,499,367)	(9,183)
Total assets less current liabilities		(655,291)	3,929,609
Creditors: amounts falling out with one year	8	(3,647,398)	(8,230,444)
Net liabilities		(4,302,689)	(4,300,835)
Capital and reserves			<del></del>
Called up share capital	9	2	2
Profit and loss account	10	(4,302,691)	(4,300,837)
Shareholders' deficit	11	(4,302,689)	(4,300,835)

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 20 June 2012 and were signed on its behalf by

lan Murdoch Director

lan Murdod.

#### **Notes**

(Forming part of the financial statements)

### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The company continues to sell residential units and expects to sell its final units during 2013, at which time it will cease to trade. As the directors do not intend to acquire a replacement trade, these financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis. No adjustments were necessary to the amounts at which the remaining assets and liabilities are included in these financial statements.

As the company's results are consolidated within its ultimate parent company, The Miller Group Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties). The consolidated financial statements of The Miller Group Limited, within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address in note 12.

## **Turnover**

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the sale of new houses and is based on the selling price for the unit, net of any cash incentives, and is recognised on legal completion and receipt of cash. The incentives offered to customers affect the recognition of turnover. Where cash incentives are given the full cash amount is deducted from turnover. Where properties are sold under a shared equity scheme, up to 25% of the value of the property is offered to the customer by way of an interest free loan from a fellow subsidiary undertaking. In recognising the initial sale of the properties sold under shared equity schemes, the company includes the relevant value in turnover and in balances with fellow subsidiary undertakings.

## Development work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value in relation to housing stocks is assessed by taking account of estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and appropriate attributable overheads.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes in to account taxation deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred taxation is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by Financial Reporting Standard 19. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that these amounts are considered more likely than not to be recoverable in the foreseeable future.

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Dividend on shares presented within shareholders' funds

Dividends unpaid at the balance sheet date are only recognised as a liability at that date to the extent that they are appropriately authorised and are no longer at the discretion of the company Unpaid dividends that do not meet these criteria are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements

#### Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard 1 to prepare a cash flow statement as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of The Miller Group Limited and its cash flows are included within the consolidated cash flow statement of that company

## 2. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

Exceptional charge – write down of land and housing stock	173,804	1,198,520
- tax advisory services	700	700
- audit of these financial statements	1,525	375
Auditor's remuneration		
This is stated after charging -		
	£	£
	2011	2010

The company has no employees The directors did not receive any remuneration from the company during the year (2010 £nil)

## 3. Interest payable and similar charges

	2011	2010
	£	£
Interest payable on bank loan	173,499	210,672

## 4 Tax on loss on ordinary activities

Analysis of credit for the year		
•	2011	2010
	£	£
UK corporation tax:		
Current tax on loss in the year	-	-
	<u></u>	

#### Factors affecting tax credit for year

The current tax credit on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is lower (2010 lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26 25% (2010 28%)

### Current tax reconciliation

	2011 £	2010 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(1,854)	(1,425,047)
Current tax at 26 25% (2010 28%)  Effect of	(487)	(399,013)
Current year losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised	487	399,013
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	-	-

The 2012 Budget on 21 March 2012 announced that the UK corporation tax rate will reduce to 22% by 2014. A reduction in the rate from 26% to 25% (effective 1 April 2012) was substantively enacted on 5 July 2011, and a further reduction to 24% (effective from 1 April 2012) was substantively enacted on 26 March 2012. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge. It has not yet been possible to quantify the full anticipated effect of the announced further 2% rate reduction, although this will further reduce the company's future current tax charge.

There are tax losses carried forward of £1,477,000 (2010 £1,450,000) in respect of which no deferred tax asset has been recognised because it is not possible to confirm with reasonable assurance that sufficient future taxable profit will be available against which the company can utilise its tax losses

## 5 Stocks and work in progress

	2011 £	2010 £
Work in progress	2,540,799	3,748,285
	<del></del>	

### 6. Debtors

	2011 £	2010 £
Unpaid share capital Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertaking	2 303,275	2 190,505
	303,277	190,507
7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2011 £	2010 £
Accruals and deferred income Bank loan (secured)	16,122 3,483,245	9,183 -
	3,499,367	9,183
8 Creditors amounts falling out with one year	<u></u>	
	2011 £	2010 £
Bank loan (secured) Loan from fellow subsidiary undertaking	- 3,647,398	4,583,046 3,647,398
	3,647,398	8,230,444

Final repayment of the bank loan is due to be made by 30 June 2013, following the company's bank refinancing in 2012. However, as at 31 December 2011, the final repayment of the bank loan was due by 29 February 2012. The bank loan is secured against the company's assets and bears interest at commercial rates. The loan from the fellow subsidiary undertaking is not subject to any interest charge and repayment is due subsequent to the repayment of the bank loan and, only then, on the basis that the company has sufficient resources available to it to make such repayment. Under the terms of the loan agreement there is no set repayment dates.

## 9. Called up share capital

	2011 £	2010 £
Authorised 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	<del></del>	
Allotted, called up, and unpaid		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

## 10. Profit and loss account

		2011 £	2010 £
	At beginning of year Loss for the year	(4,300,837) (1,854)	(2,875,790) (1,425,047)
	At end of year	(4,302,691)	(4,300,837)
11.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' deficit		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Loss for the year	(1,854)	(1,425,047)
	Shareholders' deficit at beginning of year	(4,300,835)	(2,875,788)
	Shareholders' deficit at end of year	(4,302,689)	(4,300,835)

## 12 Immediate and ultimate parent company

The company's immediate parent company is Miller Homes Holdings Limited and its ultimate parent company is The Miller Group Limited Both companies are registered in Scotland and incorporated in Great Britain and their accounts can be obtained from The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, EH3 9FF

At the date of approval of these financial statements the company was controlled by GSO Capital Partners LP, a division of the Blackstone Group LP