

**MOORE STEPHENS**

Company Registration No. 05482857 (England and Wales)

**T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018  
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# **T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED**

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# T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Notes	2018 £	£	2017 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Investment properties	2	2,113,120		1,977,251	
Investments	3	100		102	
		<u>2,113,220</u>		<u>1,977,353</u>	
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	4	-		146,046	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,631		10,440	
		<u>1,631</u>		<u>156,486</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	<u>(359,370)</u>		<u>(358,961)</u>	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<u>(357,739)</u>		<u>(202,475)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>1,755,481</u>		<u>1,774,878</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	6		<u>(750,978)</u>		<u>(850,068)</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			<u>(3,233)</u>		<u>(6,460)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>			<u><u>1,001,270</u></u>		<u><u>918,350</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	7	100		100	
Profit and loss reserves		1,001,170		918,250	
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><u>1,001,270</u></u>		<u><u>918,350</u></u>	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

## **T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED**

### **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

***AS AT 31 MARCH 2018***

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The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 June 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

M J Brimley Jnr  
**Director**

**Company Registration No. 05482857**

# **T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

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### **1 Accounting policies**

#### **Company information**

T R Lawman (Holdings) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 5, Sanders Lodge Industrial Estate, Rushden, Northamptonshire, NN10 6BQ.

#### **1.1 Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### **1.2 Turnover**

Rental income is recognised in the period to which it relates.

#### **1.3 Investment properties**

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

Where fair value cannot be achieved without undue cost or effort, investment property is accounted for as tangible fixed assets.

#### **1.4 Fixed asset investments**

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### **1.5 Cash at bank and in hand**

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

##### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

### 2 Investment property

	2018 £
<b>Fair value</b>	
At 1 April 2017	1,977,251
Additions	135,869
	<hr/>
At 31 March 2018	2,113,120
	<hr/> <hr/>

The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by the directors.

### 3 Fixed asset investments

	2018 £	2017 £
Investments	100	102
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

# T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

### 3 Fixed asset investments (Continued)

#### Movements in fixed asset investments

#### Shares in group undertakings

£

#### Cost or valuation

At 1 April 2017

102

Valuation changes

(2)

At 31 March 2018

100

#### Carrying amount

At 31 March 2018

100

At 31 March 2017

102

### 4 Debtors

2018

2017

#### Amounts falling due within one year:

£

£

Other debtors

-

146,046

### 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2018

2017

£

£

Bank loans and overdrafts

51,425

46,423

Trade creditors

4,583

-

Amounts due to group undertakings

293,090

293,090

Other taxation and social security

8,131

17,309

Other creditors

2,141

2,139

359,370

358,961

The bank loans are secured over the investment property.

### 6 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

2018

2017

£

£

Bank loans and overdrafts

750,978

850,068

The bank loans are secured over the investment property.



## T R LAWMAN (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018**

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**6 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year** (Continued)

Creditors which fall due after five years are as follows:	2018 £	2017 £
Payable by instalments	569,925	664,374
	<u>569,925</u>	<u>664,374</u>

**7 Called up share capital**

	2018 £	2017 £
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

**8 Reserves**

Included within reserves is an amount of £267,690 (2017 £264,463) which is non-distributable.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.