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GEOSMART INFORMATION LIMITED Company Registration No. 05475394 (England and Wales)
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

		202	21	202	10
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		20,414		23,012
Current assets					
Debtors	4	439,872		388,521	
Cash at bank and in hand		379,249		219,579	
		819,121		608,100	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(338,176)		(357,440)	
Net current assets			480,945		250,660
Total assets less current liabilities			501,359		273,672
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(1,137,697)		(1,069,662)
Net liabilities			(636,338)		(795,990)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(636,438)		(796,090)
Total equity			(636,338)		(795,990)

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 August 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M A Fermor **Director**

Company Registration No. 05475394

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Geosmart Information Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Suite 9-11, 1st Floor, Old Bank Buildings, Bellstone, Shrewsbury, Shropshire, SY1 1HU.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

Although at the end of the year the balance sheet shows an insolvent position of £636,338 (2020: £795,990), this is covered by a loan note agreement with a flexible repayment schedule. The directors hold the loan notes and have prepared forecasts that support a proposed repayment schedule but this will be amended if there are not sufficient funds to support the repayment schedule. The directors are therefore of the opinion that the going concern basis is appropriate.

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The directors have over the last year been managing certain material uncertainties and challenges that the Company faces in relation to the Covid-19 pandemic. In response the directors have taken steps to forecast and mitigate uncertainties caused by the pandemic by utilising the support available, including, the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme, payment deferrals and other steps, where possible. As a result of the Company's activities it exceeded its sales target for the last year, recording the highest ever revenue to date. The directors consider that GeoSmart is in a strong position to weather the economic shocks being experienced and prospects for the business remain positive.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% pa straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.13 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Total	17	15

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

3	Tangible fixed assets		
		m	Plant and achinery etc
			£
	Cost		~
	At 1 July 2020		31,636
	Additions		5,953 ———
	At 30 June 2021		37,589
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 July 2020		8,624
	Depreciation charged in the year		8,551 ———
	At 30 June 2021		17,175
	Carrying amount		
	At 30 June 2021		20,414
	At 30 June 2020		23,012
4	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £	2020 £
	Trade debtors	90,052	44,977
	Other debtors	349,820	343,544
		439,872 	388,521
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	9,167	-
	Trade creditors	47,071	40,196
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	750
	Taxation and social security	67,070	83,512
	Other creditors	214,868	232,982
		338,176	357,440

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

6	Creditors: amounts falling due after mo	re than one year			
				2021	2020
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			40,833	-
	Other creditors			1,096,864	1,069,662
				1,137,697	1,069,662
7	Called up share capital				
,	Called up Strate Capital	2021	2020	2021	2020
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

8 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2020	2021
£	£
23,896	16,146

9 Related party transactions

Included in other creditors is an amount of £1,089,809 (2020: £1,003,111), due to the directors.

10 Parent company

The ultimate parent company is Geosmart Information Group Limited, a company registered in England & Wales. The registered office is Suite 9 to 11, First Floor, Old Bank Buildings, Bellstone, Shrewsbury SY1 1HU. This address is also the principal place of business.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.