# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CARISBROOKE CENTRAL LIMITED YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

TUESDAY



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# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

# **DIRECTORS**

N Young N S Rumsey

# **SECRETARY**

N S Rumsey

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

Deloitte LLP 1 Little New Street London London EC4A 3TR

# **BANKERS**

Irish Bank Resolution Corporation Limited 10 Old Jewry London EC2 8DN

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

22 Grosvenor Square London W1K 6DT

# **REGISTERED NUMBER**

5467450

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements of Carisbrooke Central Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 June 2012

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption of the Companies Act 2006

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company during the year was to act as an intermediate holding company

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The company had no recognised gains or losses for the year (2011 £1,500 loss)

No dividend is proposed (2011 £nil)

#### GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis for the reasons set out below

The Company and its subsidiaries operate in the UK property market which has experienced volatile conditions over the last number of years. Whilst there are signs of stabilisation in the UK market overall, conditions for the secondary property market remain extremely demanding.

The Company does not maintain any liquid assets itself and places all surplus funds and draws any required funds from its ultimate parent company, Carisbrooke Anglo Ventures Limited ("CAVL") Consequently, the Company relies completely on CAVL for the ongoing daily supply of liquidity and funds to enable the Company to function The Company has operated effectively throughout the year and continues to do so at the date of the Directors' report

However, the CAVL financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis as the CAVL Group's loan to value ratio under the lender's loan agreement is breached as it exceeds 80%, thereby putting the loan into an event of default

On the 16 January 2013, the lender sold the loans of the CAVL Group to Firelighter (LUX) S A R L Firelighter (LUX) S A R L has confirmed to the company, by way of a letter dated 16th January 2013, that it is Firelighter (LUX) S A R L's intention to support the strategy/business plan of the Company

No adjustments to the carrying value of the Company's assets or liabilities were necessary as a result of ceasing to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (Cont.)**

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The principal risks that the Company is exposed to and manages are as follows

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk arising from the possibility that the Company will incur losses from the failure of customers to meet their obligations

- Risk is managed on a periodic basis by the board
- Customers with emerging credit problems are managed on a daily basis to ensure that any
  contractual cash flow obligations can be met as they arise

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is unable to meet its obligations as they fall due

 The liquidity of the Company is managed on a daily basis to ensure that any contractual cash flow obligations and potential cash flows can be met as they arise

#### Valuation risk

Valuation risk is the risk that the value of the Company's investments fall due to a reduction in property values and ultimately results in losses for the Company

The directors seek to reduce this risk through active asset management of their investments

### **DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS**

The directors of the Company throughout the year ended 30 June 2012 and up to the date of approval of the Directors' Report were as follows

N Young

N S Rumsey

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (Cont.)**

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES (Cont.)

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

#### DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of \$418 of the Companies Act 2006

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Deloitte LLP has indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements are being made for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting

By order of the board

N Young Director Date 2 am April 2013.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CARISBROOKE CENTRAL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Carisbrooke Central Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

# Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at year ended 30 June 2012 and of its result for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

## Emphasis of matter - Financial statements prepared other than on a going concern basis

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements, which explains that the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# <u>INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CARISBROOKE CENTRAL LIMITED</u> (Cont.)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, and
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report

Caroline Britton (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Codie Buth

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

Date 29 April 2013

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 30 June 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
TURNOVER	2	-	-
Administrative expenses		-	(1,500)
OPERATING LOSS	_	-	(1,500)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges Impairment of investments	5 6 8	2,661,164 (2,661,164)	2,687,248 (2,687,248)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAX		-	(1,500)
Tax charge/credit on loss on ordinary activities	7		
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	12 _		(1,500)

The Company had no recognised gains or losses for the year or prior year, other than those shown above Accordingly no statement of recognised gains and losses has been presented

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements

CARISBROOKE	CENTRAL LIMITED

Company No 5467450

BALANCE SHEET			
As at 30 June 2012			
		2012	2011
	Note	£	£
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	8	479,762	479,762
		479,762	479,762
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	9		
falling due within one year		38,943,496	38,943,496
		38,943,496	<i>38,943,496</i>
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	10	(42,693,517)	(42,693,517)
orest amounts faming due within one year	10	(42,073,317)	(42,073,317)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(3,750,021)	(3,750,021)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(3,270,259)	(3,270,259)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	2	2
Profit and loss account	12	(3,270,261)	(3,270,261)
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	13	(3,270,259)	(3,270,259)

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors. They were authorised for issue on April 2013 and signed on its behalf by

N Young Director

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2012

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except for the revaluation of investment properties in accordance with SSAP 19, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards and company law except that, as explained below, investment properties are not depreciated

The financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern basis for the reasons set out below

#### Going concern

The Company and its subsidiaries operate in the UK property market which has experienced volatile conditions over the last number of years. Whilst there are signs of stabilisation in the UK market overall, conditions for the secondary property market remain extremely demanding.

The Company does not maintain any liquid assets itself and places all surplus funds with, and draws any required funds from its ultimate parent company, Carisbrooke Anglo Ventures Limited ("CAVL") Consequently, the Company relies completely on CAVL for the ongoing daily supply of liquidity and funds to enable the Company to function which has operated effectively throughout the year and continues to do so at the date of the Directors' report

However, the CAVL financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis as the CAVL Group's loan to value ratio under the lender's loan agreement is breached as it exceeds 80%, thereby putting the loan into an event of default

On the 16 January 2013, the lender sold the loans of the CAVL Group to Firelighter (LUX) S A R L Firelighter (LUX) S A R L has confirmed to the company, by way of a letter dated 16th January 2013, that it is Firelighter (LUX) S A R L's intention to support the strategy/business plan of the Company

No adjustments to the carrying value of the Company's assets or liabilities were necessary as a result of ceasing to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis

#### Consolidation

Consolidated financial statements have not been prepared as the Company is exempt from the obligation to prepare and deliver group accounts under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, as it is an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of CAVL which prepares consolidated accounts that are publicly available. The Company complies with all the conditions set out in section 400 of the Companies Act as a wholly owned subsidiary of a company incorporated in another EEA state.

#### Interest

Interest income and expense are accounted for on an accruals basis

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont.) For the year ended 30 June 2012

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

#### Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

An impairment review is performed when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the fixed asset may not be recoverable. Impairment is measured by comparing the carrying amount of a fixed asset with its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of its net realisable value and its value in use. An impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account to the extent that the recoverable amount of the fixed asset investment is less than its carrying value.

#### Cash flow statement

The Company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS1

#### **Taxation**

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less tax, with the following exceptions

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on a sale has been recognised in the financial statements

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont.) For the year ended 30 June 2012

# 2 TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

The company did not trade during the current or the prior year

# **3 AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The audit fee for the year was £3,500 (2011 £3,500) It was paid by the ultimate parent company

The company had no employees during the year (2011 none)

# **4 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

No director received any emoluments for their services to the company during the year (2011 £nil)

5 INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOMI	${f E}$	
	2012	2011
	£	£
Interest receivable from group undertakings	2,661,164	2,687,248
6 INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Interest payable on intercompany loans	2,661,164	2,687,248

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont.) For the year ended 30 June 2012

	2012	2011
	£	£
Corporation tax		
Current year	•	-
Prior year adjustment	-	<del></del>
The reconciliation of current tax on loss on ordinary actives 25.5% (2011, 27.5%) to the company's actual current tax or		
The reconciliation of current tax on loss on ordinary active 25.5% (2011–27.5%) to the company's actual current tax of Loss on ordinary activities before tax		vs
25 5% (2011 27 5%) to the company's actual current tax c Loss on ordinary activities before tax		
25 5% (2011 27 5%) to the company's actual current tax c  Loss on ordinary activities before tax  Tax on loss on ordinary activities at 25 5% (2011 27 5%)		(1,500
25 5% (2011 27 5%) to the company's actual current tax c Loss on ordinary activities before tax		(1,500

The standard rate of UK corporation tax decreased from 26% to 24% with effect from 1st April 2012 and accordingly the current tax for the year is calculated at an average rate of 25 5%. The standard rate of UK corporation tax decreased further to 23% with effect from 1st April 2013.

# **8 FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS**

TIMED ASSET INVESTMENTS	2012	2011 £
Subsidiary undertakings and shares	£	L.
Cost		
At 1 July	479,762	479,762
Impairment		<del>-</del>
At 30 June	479,762	479,762

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont.) For the year ended 30 June 2012

#### **8 FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS (Cont.)**

The principal subsidiary undertakings are as follows,

	Principal Activity	Country of Incorporation / Registration
Carisbrooke Central Investments Limited	Property investment	England and Wales
Carisbrooke Properties (Basingstoke) Limited	Property investment	England and Wales
Countryroad Investments Limited	Property investment	Cayman Islands

The Company holds 100% of the issued ordinary share capital of all the subsidiaries

The principal activity of the company's subsidiary undertakings is all property investment. Due to the volatile conditions in the UK property market, the timing and extent of any recovery is uncertain. Accordingly the directors have reviewed the Company's investments and have considered that the values of these Companies reflects their net asset value at 30 June 2012.

#### 9 DEBTORS

	2012 £	2011 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Intercompany loans	38,943,494	38,943,494
Called up share capital not paid	2	2
	38,943,496	38,943,496

The loans are subject to cross guarantees within the group and the property portfolio owned by its subsidiary companies is used as security for loans to other members of the group headed by Carisbrooke Anglo Ventures Limited

The interest rate on the loans was at 6 50% during the year and the loans do not have a fixed repayment date

The intercompany loans are reclassifed as debtors falling due within one year, due to the covenant breaches in the previous year

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont.) For the year ended 30 June 2012

#### 10 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2012	2011
	£	£
Trade creditors	<u>-</u>	750
Intercompany Loans	38,943,494	<i>38,943,494</i>
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,028,443	3,027,693
Corporation tax - group relief	721,576	721,576
Other creditors	4_	4
	42,693,517	42,693,517_

The intercompany loans have been reclassified as creditors falling due within one year, due to the covenant breaches in the current year

The loans are subject to cross guarantees within the group and the property portfolio owned by its subsidiary companies is used as security for loans to other members of the group headed by Carisbrooke Anglo Ventures Limited

The interest rate on the loans was at 6 50% (2011 6 50%) during the year and are repayable on demand

### 11 SHARE CAPITAL

	2012 £	2011 £
Allotted, called and fully paid		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each		
12 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
	2012	2011
	£	£
At 1 July	(3,270,261)	(3,268,761)
Loss for the financial year	-	(1,500)
At 30 June	(3,270,261)	(3,270,261)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont.) For the year ended 30 June 2012

#### 13 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2012 £	2011 £
At 1 July Loss for the financial year	(3,270,259)	(3,268,759) (1,500)
At 30 June	(3,270,259)	(3,270,259)

#### 14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As detailed in the directors' report and in note 1 to the financial statements, the loans to the CAVL group have been sold by Irish Bank Resolution Corporation Limited on 16th January 2013 to Firelighter (LUX) S A R L Firelighter (LUX) S A R L has confirmed to the company, by way of a letter dated 16th January 2013, that it is Firelighter (LUX) S A R L's intention to support the strategy/business plan of the Company

# 15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8, "Related Party Disclosures", not to disclose transactions between members of the group that are 100% owned by Carisbrooke Anglo Ventures Limited There are no other related party transactions requiring disclosure (2011 none)

#### 16 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Carisbrooke Anglo Ventures Limited which is the parent of the only group of which the Company is a member Carisbrooke Property Investments Limited is the Company's immediate parent company

The Company's financial statements have been included in the group financial statements of the ultimate parent company, Carisbrooke Anglo Ventures Limited, copies of which are available at Companies House (Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF14 3UZ)