Registration number: 05452046

## BAPP Industrial Supplies (UK) Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

Thorntons
Chartered Certified Accountants
176-178 Pontefract Road
Cudworth
Barnsley
South Yorkshire
S72 8BE

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### **Company Information**

**Directors** Mr Dean Garth Cook

Mr Christopher Garwood

Company secretary Mr Christopher Garwood

Registered office Unit 14 Darton Business Park

Darton Barnsley

South Yorkshire

S75 5QX

**Accountants** Thorntons

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

176-178 Pontefract Road

Cudworth Barnsley

South Yorkshire

S72 8BE

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# (Registration number: 05452046) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	57,046	50,540
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	145,000	140,000
Debtors	<u>6</u>	750,301	484,176
Cash at bank and in hand		315,392	166,510
		1,210,693	790,686
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(1,104,073)	(750,901)
Net current assets	_	106,620	39,785
Total assets less current liabilities		163,666	90,325
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u> 7</u>	(12,742)	-
Net assets	_	150,924	90,325
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	200	200
Profit and loss account	_	150,724	90,125
Total equity	_	150,924	90,325

For the financial period ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\frac{4}{2}$  to  $\frac{11}{2}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

## (Registration number: 05452046) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

Approved and authorised by the Board on 10 February 2020 and signed on its behalf by:
Mr Dean Garth Cook
Director
The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{11}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unit 14 Darton Business Park Darton Barnsley South Yorkshire \$75 50X

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 10 February 2020.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

**Asset class** 

Motor vehicles

Fixtures and fittings

#### **Depreciation method and rate**

25% straight line basis 20% straight line basis

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 7 (2018 - 7).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

### 4 Tangible assets

Cost or valuation         At 1 August 2018       72,485       41,275       113,760         Additions       -       43,682       43,682         Disposals       -       (40,216)       (40,216)         At 31 December 2019       72,485       44,741       117,226         Depreciation         At 1 August 2018       28,031       25,190       63,230		Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Additions       -       43,682       43,682         Disposals       -       (40,216)       (40,216)         At 31 December 2019       72,485       44,741       117,226         Depreciation	valuation			
Disposals         -         (40,216)         (40,216)           At 31 December 2019         72,485         44,741         117,226           Depreciation	gust 2018	72,485	41,275	113,760
At 31 December 2019 72,485 44,741 117,226  Depreciation		-	•	
Depreciation	S		(40,216)	(40,216)
	ecember 2019	72,485	44,741	117,226
At 1 August 2010 20 021 25 100 62 220				
·	gust 2018	38,031	25,189	63,220
Charge for the period         12,354         8,736         21,090		12,354	•	•
Eliminated on disposal - (24,130) (24,130)	ed on disposal	<u> </u>	(24,130)	(24,130)
At 31 December 2019 50,385 9,795 60,180	ecember 2019	50,385	9,795	60,180
Carrying amount	g amount			
At 31 December 2019 <u>22,100</u> 34,946 57,046	ecember 2019	22,100	34,946	57,046
At 31 July 2018 34,454 16,086 50,540	ly 2018	34,454	16,086	50,540
5 Stocks	cks			
2019 2018				
£ £				
Other inventories <u>145,000</u> 140,000	ventories	=	145,000	140,000
6 Debtors	tors			
2019 2018 £ £				
Trade debtors 669,826 393,968	ebtors		669,826	393,968
·	ebtors		·	90,208
750,301484,176		_	750,301	484,176

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

#### 7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts railing due within one year			
		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>9</u>	575,182	305,783
Trade creditors		380,597	405,213
Taxation and social security		27,423	3,447
Accruals and deferred income		8,265	2,500
Other creditors		112,606	33,958
		1,104,073	750,901
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due after one year	2	10.740	
Loans and borrowings	9	12,742	<u>-</u>

### 8 Share capital

### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2019	9	20	18
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
Ordinary B class shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	200	200	200	200

#### 9 Loans and borrowings

	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Finance lease liabilities	12,742	-

2019

2018

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

		019 £	2018 £
Current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities Other borrowings		11,568 563,614	6,256 299,527
10 Related party transactions Transactions with directors		575,182	305,783
2019 Mr Christopher Garwood	2018 £	Repayments by director	At 31 December 2019 £
Loan at 0% interest	15,000	(10,000)	5,000
2018 Mr Christopher Garwood		At 1 August 2017 £	At 31 July 2018 £
Loan at 0% interest		15,000	15,000

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

#### **Directors' remuneration**

The directors' remuneration for the period was as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Remuneration	17,260	-
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	8,500	6,000
	25,760	6,000

#### Summary of transactions with entities with joint control or significant interest

During the ordinary course of business the company bought goods and services from related parties and also sold to them. The aggregate of these transactions was as follows;

#### Income and receivables from related parties

2019	Entities with joint control or significant influence £
Sale of goods	81,117
Receipt of services	76,193
	157,310
2018	Entities with joint control or significant influence £
Sale of goods	59,519
Receipt of services	49,178

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2019

### Expenditure with and payables to related parties

2019	Entities with joint control or significant influence £
Purchase of goods	2,542,751
Rendering of services	303,745
	2,846,496
2018	Entities with joint control or significant influence £
Purchase of goods	1,055,282
Rendering of services	168,380
	1,223,662

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