Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

for

Dudley Infracare LIFT Limited

04/02/2022

COMPANIES HOUSE

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Dudley Infracare LIFT Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

P S Andrews **Directors:** M G Hartland R Darch M W Grinonneau D M M Vermeer Ms C S E Douglass G C Brown Secretary: Registered office: Challenge House International Drive Tewkesbury Business Park Tewkesbury Gloucestershire GL20 8UQ Registered number: 05450724 (England and Wales) **Auditors:** Goodman Jones LLP 29/30 Fitzroy Square London

W1T 6LQ

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2021.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the provision of intellectual property and management services to group companies providing health care facilities under the NHS Local Improvement Finance Trust (LIFT) schemes.

Directors

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 October 2020 to the date of this report.

P S Andrews M G Hartland R Darch M W Grinonneau D M M Vermeer

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Ms C S E Douglass - appointed 29 July 2021

Political donations and expenditure

The company made no political donations in the year (2020: £nil).

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company has put in place qualifying third party indemnity provisions for all of the directors of the company which were in force at the date of approval of this report.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

Going concern

The directors consider the performance of the company during the year, the financial position at the end of the year and its prospects for the future to be satisfactory. The directors have reviewed the available cash flow to the company and are of the opinion that the group has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

In making their assessment of the ability of the company to continue as a going concern for at least the next 12 months the directors have also considered the potential impact of the ongoing COVID pandemic on both the company and its subsidiary undertakings.

Based upon the financial structure of the company and its subsidiaries, their long term funding structure and equity risk capital sponsors, the secure nature of their income stream during the year and pronouncements made by HMG, its ability to work in accordance with HMG's social distancing policies and to ensure the availability of critical health infrastructure service delivery, they see no risk to their ability to meet their financial obligations over the next 12 months on a going concern basis.

The directors have considered the possibility that the company or its subsidiaries may suffer from the failure of one or more of the service delivery partners they rely upon to deliver their services, and to secure their revenue, but believe, in relation to the majority of these, there are alternative providers able to take on these contracts at or around the same price they currently pay and within a short time frame.

If their FM service delivery partner failed, they recognise that more work would be required to replace the same or to put in place provisions themselves in order to self-deliver services to ensure the maintenance of their income streams to enable them to meet their obligations they, would be able to do so. The directors accept there may be some short term difficulties to be weathered, which may result in risk capital sponsors being impacted, but they believe they have the finances and the experience to deliver either option, with directors and shareholders having direct experience of replacing their FM service delivery partner on related projects they believe they would be able to do so while maintaining the going concern basis of the company and its subsidiaries.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the board:

	THE	
P S An	drews - Director	••••••
.	24-01-22	
Date:		•••••

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Dudley Infracare LIFT Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Dudley Infracare LIFT Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 30 September 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, but does not include the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Dudley Infracare LIFT Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Report of the Directors and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Dudley Infracare LIFT Limited

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to industry sector regulations and unethical and prohibited business practices, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006 and UK Tax Legislation. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls). Appropriate audit procedures in response to these risks were carried out. These procedures included:

- Discussions with management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Obtaining and reading correspondence from legal and regulatory bodies including HMRC;
- Identifying and testing journal entries;
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members; and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Goodnan Jones LLP

Paul Bailey (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Goodman Jones LLF
29/30 Fitzroy Square
London
W1T 6LQ
24-01-22

Date:

Goodman Jones LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC313156).

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

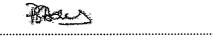
	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover		303,325	300,948
Cost of operations		(147,856)	(150,804)
Gross profit		155,469	150,144
Operating profit	4	155,469	150,144
Income from shares in group undertaki Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses	ngs	161,000 19 (387)	253,000 337 (587)
Profit before taxation		316,101	402,894
Tax on profit	5	(29,421)	(28,424)
Profit for the financial year		286,680	374,470
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income for the	year	286,680	374,470

Statement of Financial Position 30 September 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets Investments	7	1,001	1,001
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank	8	15,910 236,927	12,956 264,273
Creditors		252,837	277,229
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(61,570)	(99,722)
Net current assets		191,267	177,507
Total assets less current liabilities		192,268	178,508
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Retained earnings	10	1,000 191,268	1,000 177,508
Shareholders' funds		192,268	178,508

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on24-01-22....... and were signed on its behalf by:



P S Andrews - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2019	1,000	163,962	164,962
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 30 September 2020		(360,924) 374,470 177,508	(360,924) 374,470 178,508
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	·	(272,920) 286,680	(272,920) 286,680
Balance at 30 September 2021	1,000	191,268	192,268

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

1. Statutory information

Dudley Infracare LIFT Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the restatement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value.

Going concern

The directors consider the performance of the company during the year, the financial position at the end of the year and its prospects for the future to be satisfactory. The directors have reviewed the available cash flow to the company and are of the opinion that the group has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

In making their assessment of the ability of the company to continue as a going concern for at least the next 12 months the directors have also considered the potential impact of the ongoing COVID pandemic on both the company and its subsidiary undertakings.

Based upon the financial structure of the company and its subsidiaries, their long term funding structure and equity risk capital sponsors, the secure nature of their income stream during the year and pronouncements made by HMG, its ability to work in accordance with HMG's social distancing policies and to ensure the availability of critical health infrastructure service delivery, they see no risk to their ability to meet their financial obligations over the next 12 months on a going concern basis.

The directors have considered the possibility that the company or its subsidiaries may suffer from the failure of one or more of the service delivery partners they rely upon to deliver their services, and to secure their revenue, but believe, in relation to the majority of these, there are alternative providers able to take on these contracts at or around the same price they currently pay and within a short time frame.

If their FM service delivery partner failed, they recognise that more work would be required to replace the same or to put in place provisions themselves in order to self-deliver services to ensure the maintenance of their income streams to enable them to meet their obligations they, would be able to do so.

The directors accept there may be some short term difficulties to be weathered, which may result in risk capital sponsors being impacted, but they believe they have the finances and the experience to deliver either option, with directors and shareholders having direct experience of replacing their FM service delivery partner on related projects they believe they would be able to do so while maintaining the going concern basis of the company and its subsidiaries.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Dudley Infracare LIFT Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

2. Accounting policies - continued

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

The company has been engaged solely in continuing activities in a single class of business within the United Kingdom. The company recognises income and costs in line with the proportion of work complete on each contract.

Income recognised relates to income received on management services work, including pass through income.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less an appropriate provision to reflect any impairment in the value of the investment.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets, other than investments and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities, excluding convertible debt and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when they are paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

2. Accounting policies - continued

Reserves

The company's reserves policies are as follows:

- Called up share capital reserve represents the nominal value of the shares held.
- Retained earnings represents cumulative profits, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

3. Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the adopted FRS require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts in the financial statements.

The management consider that no judgements or accounting estimates have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements that have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Auditor's remuneration	12,600	3,892

The 2021 audit fee represents the audit fee for the group paid for by the company. The prior year audit fee shown above is the charge for this company only (the corresponding 2020 charge for the group, paid for by this company was £12,645).

The company had no employees during the year (2020: none). The remuneration of the directors is borne by other companies. It is not possible to apportion the share of their remuneration attributable to this company.

5. Taxation

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	29,421	28,424
Tax on profit	<u>29,421</u>	28,424

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

5. Taxation - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	2021 £ 316,101	2020 £ 402,894
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	60,059	76,550
Effects of: Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(30,590) (48)	(48,070) (56)
Total tax charge	29,421	28,424

Future tax rate changes

The main rate of UK corporation tax for the years commencing 1 April 2020 and 1 April 2021 was 19%.

The Finance Act 2021, enacted on 10th June 2021, increases the rate of corporation tax to 25% from April 2023.

6. Dividends

·	2021 £	2020 £
Ordinary - Type A shares of £1 each Interim Ordinary - Type B shares of £1 each	54,584	72,185
Ordinary - Type B shares of £1 each Interim Ordinary - Type C shares of £1 each	54,584	72,185
Interim	163,752	216,554
	272,920	360,924

Dividends of £272.92 (2020: £360.92) per share were declared by the company during the year ended 30 September 2021.

All dividends were paid, with the exception of £114 which was held on behalf of Infracare Dudley Limited (2020: £38,275).

7. Fixed asset investments

Pixeu asset investments	Shares in group undertaking £
Cost At 1 October 2020 and 30 September 2021	<u>1,001</u>
Net book value At 30 September 2021	1,001
At 30 September 2020	1,001

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

7. Fixed asset investments - continued

The company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date in the share capital of companies include the following:

the following.	•		
Dudley Infracare LIFT Holdings (1) Limited Registered office: Challenge House, International Gloucestershire. GL20 8UQ Nature of business: Holding company (Dormant)		Business Park,	Tewkesbury,
Class of shares: Ordinary	% holding 100.00	2021	2020
Aggregate capital and reserves		£ 1,000	£ 1,000
Dudley Infracare LIFT (1) Limited Registered office: Challenge House, International Gloucestershire. GL20 8UQ Nature of business: Funding company	Drive, Tewkesbury	Business Park,	Tewkesbury,
Class of shares: Ordinary	% holding 100.00		
Aggregate capital and reserves		2021 £ (6,864,000)	2020 £ (10,807,000)
Profit for the year		<u>216,000</u> =	512,000
Dudley Infracare Developments Holdings Limited Registered office: Challenge House, International Gloucestershire. GL20 8UQ Nature of business: Holding company (Dormant)	Drive, Tewkesbury	Business Park,	Tewkesbury,
Class of shares:	% holding 100.00		
Ordinary	100.00	2021 £	2020 £
Aggregate capital and reserves		1	=
Dudley Infracare Developments Ltd Registered office: Challenge House, International Gloucestershire. GL20 8UQ	Drive, Tewkesbury	Business Park,	Tewkesbury,
Nature of business: Intellectual property	%		
Class of shares:	% holding		
Ordinary	100.00		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100.00	2021	2020
•		£	£
Aggregate capital and reserves		2,082	2,805
(Loss)/profit for the year		(3)	2,804

The directors have considered the position of Dudley Infracare LIFT (1) Limited and, after reviewing the cash flow forecasts and the long term contracts in place with Community Health Partnerships, have concluded that no impairment provision is necessary.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

8. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

-		2021 £	2020 £
	Prepayments and accrued income	15,910	12,956
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	4,366	4,307
	Other creditors	114	38,275
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1	1
	Corporation tax payable	29,424	28,404
	VAT	8,105	9,484
	Accruals and deferred income	19,560	19,251
		61,570	99,722

10. Called up share capital

Allotted, issued and fully pa	aid:
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Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2021 £	2020 £
200	Ordinary - Type A	£1	200	200
200	Ordinary - Type B	£1	200	200
600	Ordinary - Type C	£1	<u>600</u>	600
			1,000	1,000

Ordinary shares are classified as A, B or C shares in the ratio 20%; 20%; 60%. A, B, and C shares carry different voting rights but in all other respects they rank pari passu.

11. Other financial commitments

The company is committed to payments for Operational Management Services and Finance and Company Secretarial Services until the end of the project life in June 2035. Operational Management Services are provided by Semperian Asset Management (formerly Imagile Infrastructure Management Ltd), the cost in the year was £57,000 (2020: £56,000). Finance and Company Secretarial Services are provided by G4S Facilities Management (UK) Limited, the cost in the year was £53,000 (2020: £43,000).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

12. Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

During the year the company had charges of £nil (2020: £3,016) from Archus Infracare Limited for partnering services and refurbishment works. At the year end the company owed £nil (2020: £nil) to Archus Infracare Limited, a company with a director in common (Richard Darch).

Included within creditors is a dividend of £114 (2020: £38,275) held on behalf of Infracare Dudley Limited.

Key management and personnel include all directors who together have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the group. The total compensation paid to key management and personal for services provided to the company was nil (2020: £nil).

13. Ultimate controlling party

The company is owned by Infracare (Dudley) Limited (60%), a wholly owned subsidiary of Infracare (Midlands) Limited, and Community Health Partnerships Limited (40%), both registered in England and Wales. The directors are of the opinion that there is no ultimate parent undertaking or controlling party by virtue of the company's joint ownership and control.