

**ASPRAY LIMITED
ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2023**

Aspray Limited
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 May 2023

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Aspray Limited
Abridged Statement of Financial Position
As At 31 May 2023

Registered number: 05448533

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		489,329		405,148
Investments	5		176,265		186,058
			665,594		591,206
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		372,466		247,597	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,093,159		3,273,688	
		4,465,625		3,521,285	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		(4,150,197)		(3,142,867)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			315,428		378,418
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			981,022		969,624
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year			(155,619)		(184,583)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(19,621)		(6,481)
NET ASSETS			805,782		778,560
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Revaluation reserve	8		164,474		164,474
Income Statement			641,208		613,986
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			805,782		778,560

Aspray Limited
Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)
As At 31 May 2023

For the year ending 31 May 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Income Statement.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Statement of Financial Position for the year end 31 May 2023 in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

Mr James Whittle

Director

07/09/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Aspray Limited
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 May 2023

1. General Information

Aspray Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 05448533. The registered office is 9 Dalton Court, Darwen, Lancashire, BB3 0DG.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold	nil
Leasehold	nil
Plant & Machinery	25% straight line
Motor Vehicles	25% straight line
Fixtures & Fittings	15% straight line
Computer Equipment	25% straight line

2.4. Leases

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the income statement so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to income statement as incurred.

2.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.6. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the income statement in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the income statement. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the income statement over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the income statement over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the income statement are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 30 (2022: 29)

Aspray Limited
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 May 2023

4. Tangible Assets

	Total £
Cost	
As at 1 June 2022	576,313
Additions	128,305
As at 31 May 2023	<u>704,618</u>
Depreciation	
As at 1 June 2022	171,165
Provided during the period	44,124
As at 31 May 2023	<u>215,289</u>
Net Book Value	
As at 31 May 2023	<u>489,329</u>
As at 1 June 2022	<u>405,148</u>

5. Investments

	Total £
Cost	
As at 1 June 2022	244,814
As at 31 May 2023	<u>244,814</u>
Provision	
As at 1 June 2022	58,756
Added in period	9,793
As at 31 May 2023	<u>68,549</u>
Net Book Value	
As at 31 May 2023	<u>176,265</u>
As at 1 June 2022	<u>186,058</u>

6. Obligations Under Finance Leases

	2023 £	2022 £
The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:		
Not later than one year	6,631	-
Later than one year and not later than five years	16,958	-
	<u>23,589</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>23,589</u>	<u>-</u>

Aspray Limited
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 May 2023

7. Share Capital

	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

8. Reserves

	Revaluation Reserve
	£
As at 1 June 2022	164,474
As at 31 May 2023	164,474

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.