Company registration number 05446799 (England and Wales)
INBRAY LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr A Marsden

Mr J L Dance

Company number 05446799

Registered office Riverside House

Kings Reach Business Park

Yew Street Stockport Cheshire SK4 2HD

Accountants Hallidays

Riverside House

Kings Reach Business Park

Yew Street Stockport Cheshire SK4 2HD

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		246,374		261,881
Current assets					
Stocks	5	59,072		43,544	
Debtors	6	236,132		128,259	
Cash at bank and in hand		240,347		431,377	
		535,551		603,180	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(353,288)		(360,855)	
Net current assets			182,263		242,325
Total assets less current liabilities			428,637		504,206
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(182)		(241,989)
Provisions for liabilities			(46,811)		(49,757)
Net assets			381,644		212,460
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			150		150
Profit and loss reserves			381,494		212,310
Total equity			381,644		212,460

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 24 May 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A Marsden

Director

Company Registration No. 05446799

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Inbray Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Riverside House, Kings Reach Business Park, Yew Street, Stockport, Cheshire, SK4 2HD.

The principal place of business is Unit 7 Priestley Road, Wardley Industrial Estate, Worsley, Manchester, M28 2LY.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixed assets improvements 10% written down value
Plant and equipment 10% written down value
Computers 20% written down value
Motor vehicles 20% written down value

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.9 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.10 Government grants

During the year the company received grant income in respect of furlough claims as part of the government support measures for companies during the Covid 19 pandemic.

2 Operating profit

Operating profit for the year is stated after charging:	2021 £	2020 £
Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	30,935	26,692

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

N	2021 umber	2020 Number
Total =	15	15 ———

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Tangible fixed assets	Fixed assets	Plant and	Computers Mo	ntor vahiclas	Total
	improvements	equipment	Computers in	otor vernicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 January 2021	47,145	316,737	4,250	46,217	414,349
Additions	-	12,509	1,168	1,750	15,427
At 31 December 2021	47,145	329,246	5,418	47,967	429,776
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 January 2021	27,954	98,004	675	25,835	152,468
Depreciation charged in the year	3,838	21,891	780	4,425	30,934
At 31 December 2021	31,792	119,895	1,455	30,260	183,402
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2021	15,353	209,351	3,963	17,707	246,374
At 31 December 2020	19,191	218,733	3,575	20,382	261,881

Included within the net book value of tangible assets above is £11,439 (2020: £131,658) in respect of assets held under the finance leases and similar hire contracts. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £2,860 (2020: £16,615).

5	Stocks	

		2021 £	2020 £
	Stocks	59,072	43,544
6	Debtors		
		2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	220,810	114,121
	Other debtors	15,322	14,138
		236,132	128,259

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
•	Greators, amounts family due within one year		2021	2020
			£	£
	Obligations under finance leases		5,988	43,339
	Trade creditors		206,216	211,591
	Amounts due to related parties		12,852	11,916
	Corporation tax		45,656	1,907
	Other taxation and social security		50,815	60,858
	Other creditors		-	15,000
	Accruals and deferred income		31,761 ———	16,244
			353,288	360,855
8	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
			2021	2020
		Notes	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	9	-	50,000
	Obligations under finance leases		182	11,989
	Other borrowings	9		180,000
			182	241,989
9	Loans and borrowings			
			2021	2020
			£	£
	Bank loans		-	50,000
	Obligations under finance lease		182	11,989
	Other loans		-	180,000
			182	241,989
	Payable after one year		182	230,000
10	Operating lease commitments			
	At the reporting end date the company had outstanding comm	itments for future minim	um lease paymen	ts under
	non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:			
			2021	2020
			£	£
			583,891	2,704

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

10 Operating lease commitments

(Continued)

The amount of non-cancellable operating lease payments recognised as an expense during the year was £48,134 (2020 - £2,704).

11 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with entities with joint control or significant interest

Roof 2 Roof Limited

During the year, the company was charged £14,167 (2020: £84,998) in respect of consultancy fees by Roof 2 Roof Limited.

The company also made a payment on behalf of Roof 2 Roof Limited. At the year end the amount owing from Roof 2 Roof Limited was £Nil (2020: £810). The balance is interest free and repayable on demand.

Summary of transactions with other related parties

During the year, the company was charged £46,735 (2020: £46,586) in respect of rent and service charges and £87,190 in respect of consultancy fees by Armordor Limited. The company also made a payment on behalf of Armordor Limited.

At the year end the amount owed to Armordor Limited was £12,852 (2020: 11,916). This amount is interest free and repayable on demand.

12 Directors' transactions

At the year end the amount due from the directors was £Nil (2020: 15,000). This amount is interest free and repayable on demand.

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