Elan Homes SEQ Limited

Annual report and financial statements Registered number 05394485 Period ended 30 December 2018

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Directors' report

Principal Activity

The company's principal activity during the period was the administering and collection of an existing portfolio of second charge shared equity loans

On 31 January 2018 the company changed its year end from 31 October to the end of December. As a result these financial statements are drawn up for the 14 months to 30 December 2018 and the comparatives are for the year to 31 October 2017.

Development of the business and position at the end of the period

The company's retained profit for the period was £8,000 (12 months to 31 October 2017: £327,000) and the net assets as at 30 December 2018 were £515,000 (31 October 2017: £507,000).

Proposed dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Directors

The directors who held office during the period were as follows:

A Bravington

P Halliwell

J Kendrick

R Rafferty - appointed 31 January 2018

All of the directors benefit from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial period and at the date of this report.

Political contributions

The Company made no political donations or incurred any political expenditure during the period.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board

A Bravington Secretary

1 April 2019

2nd Floor, Colmore Court, 9 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 2BJ

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



KPMG LLP

8 Princes Parade Liverpool L3 1QH United Kingdom

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ELAN HOMES SEQ LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Elan Homes SEQ Limited ("the company") for the period ended 30 December 2018 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 December 2018 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

The impact of uncertainties due to the UK exiting the European Union on our audit

Uncertainties related to the effects of Brexit are relevant to understanding our audit of the financial statements. All audits assess and challenge the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors and related disclosures and the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. All of these depend on assessments of the future economic environment and the company's future prospects and performance.

Brexit is one of the most significant economic events for the UK, and at the date of this report its effects are subject to unprecedented levels of uncertainty of outcomes, with the full range of possible effects unknown. We applied a standardised firm-wide approach in response to that uncertainty when assessing the company's future prospects and performance. However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors or all possible future implications for a company and this is particularly the case in relation to Brexit.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model, including the impact of Brexit, and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ELAN HOMES SEQ LIMITED (continued)

Going concern (continued)

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ELAN HOMES SEQ LIMITED (continued)

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Will Baker (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

8 Princes Parade

Liverpool

L3 1QH

3 April 2019

Profit and Loss Account

for the 14 months to 30 December 2018

	Note	14 months to 30 December 2018 £000	12 months to 31 October 2017 £000
Turnover Cost of Sales	2	- -	-
Gross Profit Other operating income		10	406
Operating profit Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3-5 6	10 (2)	406 (79)
Profit for the financial period		8	327
Other Comprehensive Income for the 14 months to 30 December 2018			
	Note	14 months to 30 December 2018 £000	12 months to 31 October 2017 £000
Profit for the period		8	. 327
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the period		8	327

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

at 30 December 2018

	Note	30 December 2018 £000	31 October 2017 £000
Current Assets:	_		
Debtors: amounts falling due within year Debtors: amounts falling due after one year	7 7	582	1,068
		582	1,068
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(67)	(561)
Net Assets		515	507
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	9	515	507
Shareholder's funds		515	507

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 1 April 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

A Bravington
Director

J Kendrick Director

Company registered number: 05394485

company regional numbers coes viol

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Called up share capital £000	Profit and Loss Account £000	Total Equity £000
Balance at 1 November 2016	-	180	180
Total comprehensive income for the period Profit or loss Other comprehensive income	- -	327	327
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	507	507
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity Total contributions by and distributions to owners	-	-	-
Balance at 31 October 2017	-	507	507
Total comprehensive income for the period Profit or loss Other comprehensive income	- -	8 -	8 -
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	8	8
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity Total contributions by and distributions to owners	<u>-</u>		-
Balance at 30 December 2018		515	515

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

Elan Homes SEQ Limited (the "Company") is a company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard* applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") as issued in August 2014. The amendments to FRS 102 issued in July 2015 and effective immediately have been applied. The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling. All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £1,000.

The Company's intermediate parent undertaking, Elan Homes Holdings Limited, and its ultimate parent undertaking, Amber Residential Properties Limited, includes the Company in their consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Elan Homes Holdings Limited and Amber Residential Properties Limited are prepared in accordance with FRS102 and are available to the public and may be obtained from 2nd Floor, Colmore Court, 9 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 2BJ.

In these financial statements, the company is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of the following disclosures:

- Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding from the beginning to end of the period;
- Cash Flow Statement and related notes; and
- Key Management Personnel compensation.

As the consolidated financial statements of ultimate parent undertaking include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 102 available in respect of the disclosures required by FRS 102.11 *Basic Financial Instruments* and FRS 102.12 *Other Financial Instrument Issues* in respect of financial instruments not falling within the fair value accounting rules of Paragraph 36(4) of Schedule 1.

The Company proposes to continue to adopt the reduced disclosure framework of FRS 102 in its next financial statements.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

1.1 Measurement convention

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except shared equity loans which are held within debtors falling due after one year at fair value.

1.2 Going concern

The directors of the Company's believe that the Company has adequate financial resources and is well placed to manage its business risks successfully and continue in operational existence for at least the next 12 months from the date of these financial statements. As a result the financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a going concern basis. The financial statements of Amber Residential Properties Limited can be obtained from 2nd Floor, Colmore Court, 9 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 2BJ.

1.3 Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

In accordance with FRS 102.22, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- (a) they include no contractual obligations upon the company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the company; and
- (b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.3 Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company (continued)

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Where a financial instrument that contains both equity and financial liability components exists these components are separated and accounted for individually under the above policy. Transaction costs are allocated between the debt component and the equity component on the basis of their relative fair values.

1.4 Basic financial instruments

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

1.5 Other financial instruments

Financial instruments not considered to be basic financial instruments (other financial instruments)

Other financial instruments not meeting the definition of Basic Financial Instruments are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition other financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the sale of residential properties which is recognised on the day in which completion takes place. Turnover excludes value added tax.

1.7 Other operating income

Other operating income represents realised and unrealised gains on assets recognised at fair value.

1.8 Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

1.9 Provisions

Where the company enters into financial guarantee contracts to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within its group, the company considers these to be insurance arrangements and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the company treats the guarantee as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

2 Turnover

The company did not have any turnover during the period (12 months to 31 October 2017: none).

3 Expenses and auditor's remuneration

Audit fees of £250 were borne by Elan Homes Limited (12 months to 31 October 2017: £250).

Staff numbers and costs

The company does not employ any staff (12 months to 31 October 2017: none).

Directors' remuneration

The directors were not remunerated for providing services to the Company.

Taxation

Total tax expense recognised in the profit and loss account, other comprehensive income and equi	гy
14 months to	12 months to
30 December	31 October
	0015

		30 December				31 October
		£000		018 000	£000	2017 £000
Current tax	• 1	2000	, 21		2000	-
Current tax on income for the Adjustments in respect of prio				2		79 -
Total current tax				2		79
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of time	ning differences		-		-	
Total deferred tax			-	2		-
Total tax				2		79
			14 months to 30 December			12 months to 31 October
	£000	£000	2018 £000	£000	£000	2017 £000
	Current tax	Deferred tax	Total tax	Current tax	Deferred tax	Total tax
Recognised in Profit and loss		tax				
account Recognised in other	2	-	2	79	-	79
comprehensive income Recognised directly in equity	- -	-	-	-	-	-
Total tax	2		2	79		 79

Analysis			4					4 1	
Anaivsis	OI	current	tax	recogi	usea	ш	ргоні ап	a ioss	

Analysis of current tax recognised in profit and loss		
•	14 months to	12 months to
	30 December	31 October
	2018	2017
	£000	£000
UK corporation tax	2	79
Total current tax recognised in profit and loss	2	79

6 Taxation (continued)

Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
	14 months to	12 months to
	30 December	31 October
	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Profit for the period	. 8	327
Total tax expense	2	79
Profit excluding taxation	10	406
Tax using the UK corporation tax rate of 19% (12 months to 31 October 2017:		
19.42%)	2	79
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Total tax expense included in profit or loss	2	79

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) was substantively enacted on 26 October 2015. Further reductions to 18% (effective 1 April 2020) were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015, and an additional reduction to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

7 Debtors

Debtors		
	30 December	31 October
	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Other debtors	582	1,068
	=_=	
Debtors falling due within one year	-	-
Debtors falling due after one year	582	1,068
		
	582	1,068
		-
9 Conditions amounts followed as a wideling amounts		
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	30 December	31 October
	2018	2017
	£000	£000
A	(5	556
Amounts owed to group undertakings	67	556
Accruals and deferred income	-	. 5
,		
	67	561

9 Capital and reserves

Share capital

	30 December 2018 £	31 October 2017 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
Shares classified as liabilities	-	-
Shares classified in shareholders' funds	1	1
		
	1	. 1

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

Dividends

No dividends have been declared after the balance sheet date up to the date that these financial statements were signed.

10 Contingent Liabilities

The company has entered into a cross guarantee and debenture covering some but not all, of the bank and loan note borrowings of other companies in the Group amounting to £8,000,000 (31 October 2017: £800,000). Elan Homes SEQ Limited considers this cross guarantee to be an insurance arrangement.

11 Ultimate Parent Company and Ultimate Controlling Parties

The ultimate parent undertaking is Amber Residential Properties Limited, a company incorporated and domiciled in the UK. A copy of the consolidated financial statements for Amber Residential Properties Limited can be obtained from 2nd Floor, Colmore Court, 9 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 2BJ.

The ultimate controlling parties are RS Boparan and BK Boparan.