

Registered Number 05376925

KT's Care Angels Ltd

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2015

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Tangible		472,129	3,946
		<u>472,129</u>	<u>3,946</u>
Current assets			
Debtors		202,494	93,437
Cash at bank and in hand		166	5,872
Total current assets		<u>202,660</u>	<u>99,309</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(185,552)	(77,481)
Net current assets (liabilities)		17,108	21,828
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>489,237</u>	<u>25,774</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	3	(314,915)	0
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>174,322</u>	<u>25,774</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	1	1

Profit and loss account	174,321	25,773
Shareholders funds	<u>174,322</u>	<u>25,774</u>

- a. For the year ending 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 17 December 2015

And signed on their behalf by:

Mrs J Gyekye-Mensah, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 March 2015

1 Accounting policies**Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008). Changes in accounting policies In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005), FRSSE 2005. FRSSE 2005 adopts the approach of FRS 25 to accounting for dividends on equity shares, that is dividends are debited to profit & loss reserves, rather than the profit and loss account for the year. The comparative figures have been restated to provide consistency in presentation.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions

relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings	0% Method for Fixtures & fittings
Equipment	0% Method for Equipment

2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 April 2014	12,705	12,705
Additions	470,492	470,492
At 31 March 2015	<u>483,197</u>	<u>483,197</u>
Depreciation		
At 01 April 2014	8,759	8,759
Charge for year	2,309	2,309
At 31 March 2015	<u>11,068</u>	<u>11,068</u>
Net Book Value		
At 31 March 2015	472,129	472,129
At 31 March 2014	<u>3,946</u>	<u>3,946</u>

3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

	2015	2014
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100

**Allotted, called up and fully
paid:**

1 Ordinary of £1 each

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