Registration number: 05368838

InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2023



Contents

	Page
Company Information	1
Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2023	2
Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2023	3 to 4
Independent Auditors' Report to the members of InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited	5 to 8
Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2023	9
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023	10
Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2023	11
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023	12 to 18

Company Information

Directors

A C Ritchie

A C M Rhodes

C James

R K Sheehan

Company secretary

Semperian Secretariat Services Limited

Registered office

Third Floor

Broad Quay House Prince Street

Bristol BSI 4DJ

Independent Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

2 Glass Wharf Temple Quay Bristol BS2 0FR

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is a holding company with a single subsidiary, InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Limited (EDL).

The principal activity of EDL is to design, build, finance and operate six secondary schools, on behalf of East Dunbartonshire Council, as part of a private finance initiative (PFI) concession which runs to 31 March 2039. The six schools are: Bearsden Academy, Bishopbriggs Academy, Douglas Academy, Kirkintilloch High School, St. Ninians High School, and Turnbull High School.

Results and review of business

The profit for the year is set out in the profit and loss account on page 9. The directors consider the performance of the company during the year and the financial position at the end of the year, to be in line with the long term expected performance of the project, and its prospects for the future to be satisfactory.

Principal risks and uncertainties and key performance indicators ('KPIs')

As described above InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited acts as a holding company for its subsidiary EDL. As such the principal risks and key performance indicators adopted by EDL are applicable to the management of the company's investment in its subsidiary and are detailed in the directors' report for EDL for the year ended 31 March 2023.

In addition, the holding company also takes the risk of impairment of its investment in the subsidiary. This risk is directly related to the performance of the subsidiary.

Approved by the Board on and signed on its behalf by:

A C Ritchie

armos

Director

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Registration number: 05368838

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Future developments

No significant changes are expected to the company's activities, as set out in the Strategic Report, in the foreseeable future.

Dividends

A dividend of £2,902,000 (£54.35 per ordinary share) was paid during the year (2022: £1,603,000, £30.02 per ordinary share).

On 8 June 2023 the company declared and paid a further dividend of £1,423,000 (£26.64 per share).

Financial risk management

As described in the Strategic Report, InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited acts as a holding company for its subsidiary EDL. As such the financial risk management adopted by EDL is applicable to the management of the company's investment in EDL and is detailed in the directors' report for EDL for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Directors of the company

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

A C Ritchie

A C M Rhodes

C James

R K Sheehan

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 Section 1A, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' confirmations

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Reappointment of auditors

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The independent auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors, have signified their willingness to continue in office.

Approved by the Board on and signed on its behalf by:

A C Ritchie

Director

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023; the Profit and Loss Account and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited (continued)

Reporting on other information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2023 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited (continued)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to UK corporation tax legislation and the Companies Act 2006, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and management bias in accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Discussions with management and internal audit to enquire of any known instances of non-compliance with Laws and Regulations and Fraud
- Reading board minutes for evidence of breaches of regulations and reading relevant correspondence
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular journal entries posted with unexpected account combinations
- · Incorporating unpredictability into the nature, timing and/or extent of our testing

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited (continued)

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: prepare financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Andrew Latham (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Bristol

Date: 41 September 2023

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

	Note	2023 £ 000	2022 £ 000
Turnover			
Operating result	4	-	-
Income from shares in group undertakings		2,902	1,603
Profit before taxation		2,902	1,603
Tax on profit	5	-	
Profit for the financial year		2,902	1,603

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no other Comprehensive Income for the year other than the profit for the financial year stated above.

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

	Note	2023 £ 000	2022 £ 000
Fixed assets			
Investments	6	53	53
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		2	2
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7 _	(2)	(2)
Net current assets/(liabilities)	_		
Net assets	=	53	53
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	53	53
Profit and loss account	_		-
Total equity	=	53	53

The financial statements on pages 9 to 18 were approved by the Board of Directors onand signed on its behalf by:

A C Ritchie

armos

Director

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of the Companies Act 2006 related to small companies.

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

	Note	Called up Share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total equity
At 1 April 2021		53		53
Profit for the financial year			1,603	1,603
Total comprehensive income		_	1,603	1,603
Dividends	9		(1,603)	(1,603)
At 31 March 2022		53	-	53
		Called up Share capital	Profit and loss	Total equity
	Note	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
At 1 April 2022	Note			
At 1 April 2022 Profit for the financial year	Note	£ 000		£ 000
•	Note	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
Profit for the financial year	Note 9	£ 000	2,902	£ 000 53 2,902

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

1 General information

The principal activity of the company is a holding company with a single subsidiary, InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Limited (EDL).

The principal activity of EDL is to design, build, finance and operate six secondary schools, on behalf of East Dunbartonshire Council, as part of a private finance initiative (PFI) concession which runs to 31 March 2039. The six schools are: Bearsden Academy, Bishopbriggs Academy, Douglas Academy, Kirkintilloch High School, St. Ninians High School, and Turnbull High School.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is:

Third Floor Broad Quay House Prince Street Bristol BS1 4DJ

The company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', as applied to small entities, and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the recognition of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

The financial statements contain information about InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information. The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements, under section 398 of the Companies Act 2006, as the group it heads is a small sized group.

Cash flow statement

In accordance with the small companies regime, no cash flow statement is required as the company qualifies as a small entity as defined in sections 382 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Investment income

Investment income may include dividends and interest receivable. Dividends are included, as 'Income from shares in group undertakings'. Interim dividends are recognised when paid, whilst final dividends are recognised when approved by the paying company. Interest receivable is included, as 'Interest receivable and similar income', on an accruals basis. This heading may also include the amortisation of any premium or discount on the purchase of the loan which has been spread over the life of the loan to determine an effective interest rate.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at historical cost less provision for any diminution in value.

Impairment

Fixed asset investments are subject to impairment review if events or changes in circumstances occur which indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be fully recoverable. An impairment review comprises a comparison of the carrying amount of the fixed asset with its recoverable amount, which is the higher of net realisable value and value in use.

Net realisable value is calculated by reference to the amount at which the asset could be disposed of. Value in use is calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows obtainable as a result of the assets continued use, including those resulting from its ultimate disposal, at a market based discount rate on a pre-tax basis. The carrying values of fixed assets are written down by the amount of any impairment and this loss is recognised in the profit and loss account in the year in which it occurs.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Cash balances are held in bank accounts which are subject to controls, exercised by the providers of the company's long term debt facilities, under the terms of its facility agreements.

Financial Instruments

The company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

(a) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables, finance debtors, cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

(a) Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

(b) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(c) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Called up share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Final dividends and other distributions to the company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends and other distributions are approved by the company's shareholders. Interim dividends are recognised when paid. These amounts are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Exemptions for small entities under FRS 102 1A

FRS 102 1A allows a small entity certain disclosure exemptions. The exemptions which the company has taken are:

- the requirement to prepare a statement of cash flows;
- the requirement to disclose certain financial instruments because it is a small entity;
- the requirement to disclose related party transactions, with the members of the same group, that are wholly owned;
- the requirement to provide consolidated financial statements.

3 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Judgements, estimates and associated assumptions are based upon historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources.

The judgements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates made are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Actual results may subsequently differ from these estimates.

Certain critical accounting judgements and estimates as applicable, adopted by management, in applying the company's accounting policies are described below:

Judgements

There are no critical accounting judgements in applying the company's accounting policies.

Estimates

Impairment of investments

Management makes an estimate of the likely recoverable value of investments by considering factors including the historical performance, and future forecasts of the respective investment. See note 6 for the carrying value of the investments.

4 Operating result

The company had no employees during the year (2022: none). The emoluments of the directors are paid by the controlling parties. The directors' services to this company and to a number of fellow group companies are primarily of a non-executive nature and their emoluments are deemed to be wholly attributable to the controlling parties. The controlling parties charged £nil (2022: £nil) to the company in respect of these services.

The audit fee in respect of the company was £3,000 for the year (2022: £3,000) and has been paid on the company's behalf by its subsidiary, InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Limited, for which no recharge has been made (2022: £nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

5 Tax on profit

(a) Tax expense included in profit or loss

	2023 £ 000	2022 £ 000
Tax on profit		

(b) Reconciliation of tax charge

The tax on profit for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2022: lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2022: 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2023 £ 000	2022 £ 000
Profit before taxation	2,902	1,603
Corporation tax at standard rate Income not subject to tax	551 (551)	305 (305)
Total tax charge	-	

(c) Tax rate changes

On the 3 March 2021 the UK Government announced that from 1 April 2023 the corporation tax rate will increase to 25% from 19%. This new law was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021.

6 Investments

	2023 £ 000	2022 £ 000
Investments in subsidiaries and related undertakings	53	53
	53	53

A full list of subsidiaries and related undertakings is shown in note 12.

7 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£ 000	£ 000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2	2

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

7 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year (continued)

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

8 Called up share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

,	2023	2023		22
	No.	£ 000	No.	£ 000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	53,400	53	53,400	53
9 Dividends				
			2023 £ 000	2022 £ 000
Dividend of £54.35 (2022 - £30.02) per of	ordinary share		2,902	1,603

On 8 June 2023 the group declared and paid a further dividend of £1,423,000 (£26.64 per share)

10 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FSR 102 - paragraph 33.1A of the requirement to disclose transactions between it and its wholly owned subsidiary.

The following companies are fellow group undertakings of the shareholders of the company and together with undertakings within the individual groups of companies are considered to be related parties to the company as defined in FRS 102 - paragraph 33.9.

Innisfree Limited
Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund 2 LP
Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund LP
Semperian PPP Holdings Limited
Semperian Asset Management Limited
Semperian Business Support Limited
Imagile Professional Services Limited

There have been no related party transactions during the year (2022: £nil) with the above companies.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Holdings Limited is equally owned and controlled by Semperian PPP Holdings Limited and Innisfree group of funds, both registered in England and Wales. In the directors' opinion, the company has no ultimate controlling party.

These financial statements are available upon request from the Company Secretary at Third Floor, Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BS1 4DJ.

12 Subsidiary and related undertaking

The company holds investments in the following undertaking incorporated in the UK:

Subsidiary and related undertaking	Activities	of ordinary shares held
InspirED Education (East Dunbartonshire) Limited	Provision of schools under the Private Finance Initiative	100%

The registered office for the company shown above is: Third Floor, Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ.