

Fanplate Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Registration number: 05347672

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Fanplate Limited

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Fanplate Limited

Company Information

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Directors | David Hall |
| Company secretary | David Hall |
| Registered office | Fifth Floor 80 Hammersmith Road London W14 8UD |

Fanplate Limited

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Fair review of the business

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 5 and the position of the company as at the year end is set out in the balance sheet on page 7.

The company's management is satisfied with the performance for the year.

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The development, performance and position of Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited), an intermediate parent of the company, is discussed in the group's financial statements which includes the company and does not form part of this report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principle risks and uncertainties of Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited), which include those of the company, are discussed in the group's financial statements which do not form part of this report.

Approved by the Board on 31 May 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

.....

David Hall
Company secretary and director

Fanplate Limited

Director's Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The report and the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is to act as a holding company.

Director of the company

The director, who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements was as follows:

David Hall - Company secretary and director

Dividends

The director does not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2016: £nil). No dividends were paid during the year (2016: £nil).

Financial instruments

The company's operations mean that it is exposed to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The directors monitor the risks in order to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance by reviewing levels of debt finance and the related finance costs, however these are integrated with the risks of the group and not managed separately. Accordingly, the financial risk management policies of Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited), which include those of the company, are discussed in the group's financial statements which do not form part of this report.

Future developments

The future developments of the company are aligned to the strategy of the UK group, headed by Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited). The group's strategy for the future development of the business is included in the group's financial statements, which do not form part of this report.

Going concern

The intermediate parent company, Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited), has confirmed that it will continue to provide financial support to the company for the foreseeable future and for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Approved by the Board on 31 May 2018 and signed on its behalf by:



.....
David Hall
Company secretary and director

Fanplate Limited

Statement of Director's Responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101'). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether FRS 101 has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Fanplate Limited

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

| | Note | 2017 £ 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|--|------|---------------|---------------|
| Turnover | | - | - |
| Operating profit/(loss) | | - | - |
| Other interest receivable and similar income | 4 | 371 | 405 |
| Profit before tax | | 371 | 405 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 6 | (101) | (104) |
| Profit for the year | | 270 | 301 |

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Fanplate Limited

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

| | Note | 2017 £ 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Profit for the year | | <u>270</u> | <u>301</u> |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | <u><u>270</u></u> | <u><u>301</u></u> |

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Fanplate Limited

(Registration number: 05347672)

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017

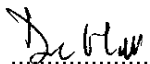
| | Note | 2017 £ 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|---|------|---------------|---------------|
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Investments | 7 | - | - |
| Current assets | | | |
| Debtors | 8 | 14,425 | 14,158 |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | 9 | <u>(101)</u> | <u>(104)</u> |
| Net current assets | | <u>14,324</u> | <u>14,054</u> |
| Net assets | | <u>14,324</u> | <u>14,054</u> |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 10 | - | - |
| Profit and loss account | | <u>14,324</u> | <u>14,054</u> |
| Shareholders' funds | | <u>14,324</u> | <u>14,054</u> |

For the financial year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

Approved by the director on 31 May 2018



David Hall

Company secretary and director

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Fanplate Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

| | Share capital £ 000 | Retained earnings £ 000 | Total £ 000 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| At 1 January 2017 | - | 14,054 | 14,054 |
| Profit for the year | - | 270 | 270 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 270 | 270 |
| At 31 December 2017 | - | 14,324 | 14,324 |

| | Share capital £ 000 | Retained earnings £ 000 | Total £ 000 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| At 1 January 2016 | - | 13,753 | 13,753 |
| Profit for the year | - | 301 | 301 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 301 | 301 |
| At 31 December 2016 | - | 14,054 | 14,054 |

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Fanplate Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated and domiciled in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is:

Fifth Floor
80 Hammersmith Road
London
W14 8UD
United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 31 May 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

The financial statements are presented in sterling, rounded to the nearest thousand.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

FRS 101 sets out a reduced disclosure framework for a "qualifying entity" as defined in the standard which addresses the financial reporting requirements and disclosure exemptions in the individual financial statements of qualifying entities that otherwise apply the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of EU-adopted IFRS.

The Company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 101. Note 11 gives details of the Company's ultimate parent and from where its consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS may be obtained.

The principle disclosure exemptions adopted by the Company in accordance with FRS 101 are as follows:

- Statement of cash flows;
- IFRS 7 financial instrument disclosures;
- IAS 1 information on management of capital;
- IAS 8 disclosures in respect of new standards and interpretations that have been issued but which are not yet effective;
- IAS 24 disclosure of key management personnel compensation;
- IAS 24 disclosures in respect of related party transactions entered into between fellow group companies (the company had no other related party transactions); and
- Roll-forward reconciliations in respect of share capital (IAS 1) and property, plant and equipment (IAS 16).

Fanplate Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The intermediate parent company, Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited), has confirmed that it will continue to provide financial support to the company for the foreseeable future and for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Exemption from preparing group accounts

The financial statements contain information about Fanplate Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group.

The company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent, Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited), a company incorporated in United Kingdom.

Changes in accounting policy

None of the standards, interpretations and amendments effective for the first time from 1 January 2017 have had a material effect on the financial statements.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Payment is generally made for group relief at the current tax rate at the time of first estimating the tax provision. To the extent that amendments are subsequently made to the group relief plan, there is generally no payment or receipt in respect of the change.

Investments

Investments in securities are classified on initial recognition as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value, except where their fair value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are carried at cost, less any impairment.

Unrealised holding gains and losses other than impairments are recognised in other comprehensive income. On maturity or disposal, net gains and losses previously deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income are recognised in income.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Fanplate Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Trade debtors

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period then ended. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that are considered to be reasonable in the particular circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates are used in accounting for allowances for uncollected receivables, depreciation, taxes and contingencies. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of the revision are reflected in the financial statements in the period that an adjustment is determined to be required.

Significant accounting judgements have been applied with respect to the valuation of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities require management judgement in determining the amounts to be recognised. In particular, judgement is used when assessing the extent to which deferred tax assets should be recognised with consideration given to the timing and level of future taxable income.

4 Other interest receivable and similar income

Fanplate Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

4 Other interest receivable and similar income (continued)

| | 2017 £ 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Interest income on bank deposits | - | (1) |
| Other finance income | 371 | 406 |
| | <u>371</u> | <u>405</u> |

5 Director remuneration

The costs relating to the director's services have been borne by Priory Central Services Limited, a fellow group company. No amounts (2016: £nil) have been recharged to the company in respect of the director's services and the directors do not believe that it is practical to allocate these costs between group companies.

The company has no employees.

Fanplate Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

6 Income tax

Tax charged/(credited) in the profit and loss account

| | 2017 £ 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Current taxation | | |
| UK corporation tax | <u>101</u> | <u>104</u> |

The tax on profit before tax for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2016 - higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19.25% (2016 - 20%).

The differences are reconciled below:

| | 2017 £ 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Profit before tax | <u>371</u> | <u>405</u> |
| Corporation tax at standard rate | 71 | 81 |
| Increase (decrease) from transfer pricing adjustments | <u>30</u> | <u>23</u> |
| Total tax charge | <u>101</u> | <u>104</u> |

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK changed from 20% to 19% with effect from 1 April 2017. Accordingly, the company's profits for this accounting year are taxed at an effective rate of 19.25% (2016: 20%).

The main rate of corporation tax has been reduced from 20% to 19% with effect from 1 April 2017 and from 19% to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020.

Fanplate Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

7 Investments

| Subsidiaries | £ 000 |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Cost or valuation | |
| At 1 January 2017 | <u>10,100</u> |
| At 31 December 2017 | <u>10,100</u> |
| Provision | |
| At 1 January 2017 | <u>10,100</u> |
| At 31 December 2017 | <u>10,100</u> |
| Carrying amount | |
| At 31 December 2017 | <u>-</u> |
| At 31 December 2016 | <u>-</u> |

Details of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2017 are as follows:

| Name of subsidiary | Principal activity | Country of incorporation and principal place of business | Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|-------------|
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| Priory Grange (Holdings) Limited* | Non-trading | United Kingdom | 100% | 100% |
| Priory Grange (St Neots) Limited | Non-trading | United Kingdom | 100% | 100% |
| Priory Grange (Potters Bar) Limited | Non-trading | United Kingdom | 100% | 100% |

* indicates directly held subsidiary

Fanplate Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

8 Trade and other debtors

| | 2017 £ 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Amounts owed by group undertakings | 14,425 | 14,158 |
| Total current trade and other debtors | 14,425 | 14,158 |

Amounts owed by group undertakings includes £12,233,000 (2016 - £12,233,000) in respect of amounts due after more than one year. These amounts are unsecured and bear interest at LIBOR plus 2.25% per annum.

The remainder of the amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | 2017 £ 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Income tax liability | 101 | 104 |

10 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

| | No. 000 | 2017 £ 000 | No. 000 | 2016 £ 000 |
|----------------------------|---------|---------------|---------|---------------|
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | - | - | - | - |

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Priory Group Limited.

The ultimate parent is Acadia Healthcare Company Inc..

The parent of the largest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Acadia Healthcare Company Inc., incorporated in the United States of America. The address of Acadia Healthcare Company Inc. is 830 Crescent Centre Drive, Suite 610, Franklin, TN 37067, United States of America.

The parent of the smallest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited) incorporated in the United Kingdom. The address of Priory Group UK 1 Limited (formerly Partnerships in Care UK 1 Limited) is Fifth Floor, 80 Hammersmith Road, London, W14 8UD, United Kingdom.