Fanplate Limited
Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2014

Registered number: 5347672

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# Fanplate Limited Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 Contents

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## Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their strategic report on Fanplate Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014.

## Principal activities and review of business

The principal activity of the company is to act as a holding company. The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 6 and the position of the company as at the year end is set out in the balance sheet on page 7.

## Key performance indicators

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The development, performance and position of Priory Group No. 1 Limited, which includes the company, are discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

## Financial risk management

The company's operations mean that it is exposed to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The directors monitor the risks in order to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance by reviewing levels of debt finance and the related finance costs, however these are integrated with the risks of the group and not managed separately. Accordingly, the financial risk management policies of Priory Group No. 1 Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

## Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Priory Group No. 1 Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

## **Future developments**

The future developments of the company are alighted to the strategy of the Priory Group, headed by Priory Group No. 1 Limited. The group's strategy for the future development of the business is included in the group's annual report, which does not form part of this report.

By order of the board

David Hall

Dr Hall

**Company Secretary** 

22 July 2015

## Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### **Dividends**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2013: £nil).

## **Directors**

The directors of the company who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

J Lock

(resigned 1 April 2015)

D Hall

M Moran

(appointed 1 April 2015)

In accordance with the articles of association, no directors retire by rotation.

## **Future developments**

The future developments of the company are discussed in the strategic report.

## Independent auditors

The independent auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

#### Provision of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors
  are unaware; and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
  any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to
  establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

## Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (FRS 101).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 101 used in the preparation of the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

David Hall

N. Hav

Company Secretary

22 July 2015

80 Hammersmith Road London England W14 8UD

## Independent auditors' report to the members of Fanplate Limited

## Report on the financial statements

## Our opinion

In our opinion, Fanplate Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### What we have audited

Fanplate Limited's financial statements comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 December 2014;
- the profit and loss account for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in shareholders' funds for the year then ended;
- the accounting policies; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

## Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

## Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

## Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Fanplate Limited (continued)

## Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

## Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and ISAs (UK & Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

## What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Tom Yeates (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

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Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Newcastle upon Tyne

22 July 2015

## Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2014

		2014	2013
	Note	£'000	£'000
Interest receivable and similar income	3	386	399
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1	386	399
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(106)	(111)
Profit for the financial year		280	288

The results for the current and prior year derive from continuing activities.

There is no other comprehensive income for the period.

## Balance sheet as at 31 December 2014

		2014	2013
	Note	£'000	£,000
Fixed assets			
Investments	5	-	
Current assets			
Debtors	6	13,577	13,302
	· -	13,577	13,302
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(106)	(111)
Net current assets		13,471	13,191
Total assets less current liabilities		13,471	13,191
Capital and reserves		•	
Called up share capital	8	-	-
Profit and loss account	•	13,471	13,191
Total shareholders' funds		13,471	13,191

The financial statements on pages 6 to 15 were approved by the board of directors on 22 July 2015 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mark Moran

Director

Registered number: 5347672

# Statement of changes in shareholders' funds for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Called up Share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 January 2013	-	12,903	12,903
Profit for the financial year	-	288	288
At 31 December 2013		13,191	13,191
Profit for the financial year	-	280	280
At 31 December 2014	-	13,471	13,471

## Statement of accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in the company's financial statements.

## **Basis of preparation**

The company is a private limited company, incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom.

The financial statements are presented in sterling, rounded to the nearest thousand. They are prepared on a going concern basis and under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below, and, unless otherwise stated, these policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, in particular, Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and, the Companies Act 2006 (the Act). FRS 101 sets out a reduced disclosure framework for a "qualifying entity" as defined in the standard which addresses the financial reporting requirements and disclosure exemptions in the individual financial statements of qualifying entities that otherwise apply the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of EU-adopted IFRS.

The Company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 101. Note 9 gives details of the Company's ultimate parent and from where its consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS may be obtained.

These are the first financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with FRS 101. The Company's date of transition to FRS 101 is 1 January 2013. The Company has notified its shareholders in writing about, and they do no object to, the use of the disclosure exemptions used by the Company in these financial statements. The impact of the amendments to the Company's previously adopted accounting policies in accordance with UK GAAP (excluding FRS 101) was not material to the shareholders' equity as at the date of transition or as at 31 December 2013 or as at 31 December 2014, nor on the profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2014.

The principle disclosure exemptions adopted by the Company in accordance with FRS 101 are as follows:

- Statement of cash flows;
- IFRS 7 financial instrument disclosures;
- IAS 1 information on management of capital;
- IAS 8 disclosures in respect of new standards and interpretations that have been issued but which are not yet effective;
- IAS 24 disclosure of key management personnel compensation;
- IAS 24 disclosures in respect of related party transactions entered into between fellow group companies (the company has no other related party transactions); and
- Roll-forward reconciliations in respect of share capital (IAS 1).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

## Statement of accounting policies (continued)

## Basis of preparation (continued)

The company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements on the grounds that it is included in the consolidated financial statements of a parent undertaking. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for any impairment in value.

#### Taxation

The tax expense represents the tax currently payable.

The tax currently payable is based on the taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit can differ from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, or that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using rates that have been effective during the accounting period.

#### Group relief

Payment is generally made for group relief at the current tax rate at the time of first estimating the tax provision. To the extent that amendments are subsequently made to the group relief plan, there is generally no payment or receipt in respect of the change.

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

## 1 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The remuneration of the auditors of £500 (2013: £500) was borne by another group undertaking.

## 2 Directors' remuneration

The costs relating to the directors' services have been borne by Priory Central Services Limited, a fellow group company. No amounts have been recharged to the company in respect of the directors' services and the directors do not believe that it is practical to allocate these costs between group companies. The company has no employees.

## 3 Interest receivable and similar income

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
On loans to group undertakings	386	399

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

## 4 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Total current tax	106	111
Current tax charge arising in the year	106	111
UK corporation tax:		
	£,000	£'000
	2014	2013

The current tax charge of £106,000 (2013: £111,000) on profits for the year has been relieved by the surrender of losses by other group companies in exchange for payment of the same amount.

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 21.5% (2013: 23.25%). The actual tax charge for the year is higher than (2013: higher than) the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation:

	2014	2014	2013
	£'000	£,000	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	386	399	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard rate	83	93	
Factors affecting charge for the year:			
Transfer pricing adjustments	23	18	
Total tax charge for the year	106	111	

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK changed from 23% to 21% with effect from 1 April 2014. Accordingly, the company's results for this accounting year are taxed at an effective rate of 21.5% (2013: 23.25%).

In his budget speech on 20 March 2013, the Chancellor announced that the main rate of corporation tax would change from 21% to 20% from 1 April 2015. This change was substantively enacted in July 2013.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

## 5 Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings
£'000

Cost or valuation

At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014

Impairment

At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014

At 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014

At 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2014

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The subsidiary undertakings of the company are as follows:

Subsidiary undertaking	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Class and percentage of shares held
Direct			
Priory Grange (Holdings) Limited	Non-trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary shares
Indirect			
Priory Grange (St Neots) Limited	Non-trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary shares
Priory Grange (Potters Bar) Limited	Non-trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary shares

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

## 6 Debtors

	2014	2013
	£,000	£'000
Due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	12,233	12,233
Due within one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,344	1,069

Amounts owed by group undertakings due after more than one year are unsecured and bear interest at LIBOR plus 2.25% per annum.

Amounts owed by group undertakings within one year are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

## 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Group relief payable	106	111

## 8 Called up share capital

	2014	2013
	£	£
Allotted, called-up and fully paid		
1 (2013: 1) ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

## 9 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The company's immediate parent company, which is incorporated in the United Kingdom, is Priory Group Limited.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Priory Group No. 1 Limited, a company incorporated in England. Priory Group No. 1 Limited is beneficially owned by funds managed by Advent International Corporation which is considered by the directors to be the ultimate controlling party of the company.

Priory Group No. 1 Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2014. Priory Group No. 3 PLC is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2014. The consolidated financial statements of Priory Group No. 1 Limited and Priory Group No. 3 PLC can be obtained from the Company Secretary at 80 Hammersmith Road, London, W14 8UD.