Centenary Music Holdings Limited (Registered Number: 5344517)

Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

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Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2008

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Principal activity and future developments

The company's principal activity during the year was to act as a holding and finance company. The directors do not anticipate any change in the activities of the company in the foreseeable future.

Business review

The result and position of the company for the year ended 31 December 2008 are given in the profit and loss account and balance sheet on pages 5 and 6 respectively. Trading was in line with the directors' expectations.

The company's loss on ordinary activities before taxation for the year increased by £20,682,000 compared to the prior year primarily due to changes in the interest rate charged on existing loans in the year.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is exposed to the following risks:

- Impact of interest rate fluctuations from amounts receivable and payable on loans with other group undertakings
- Potential impairment of investments held due to the current economic climate

Results and dividends

The company's loss after taxation for the year was £24,066,000 (2007: £17,390,000)

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2007: nil). The loss for the year has been transferred to reserves

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year ended 31 December 2008 and subsequently were as follows:

B J Muir

M N Henny

(US Citizen)

R M Constant

(appointed 25 March 2008)

Directors' qualifying third party indemnity provisions

A qualifying third party indemnity provision remains in force as at the date of approving the directors' report, subject to the provisions of s236 CA 2006. Vivendi SA, the ultimate parent undertaking, maintains a Directors & Officers Liability Programme which indemnifies directors' personal liabilities resulting from alleged wrongful acts committed in the line of their employment.

Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2008

Elective resolutions

On 16 December 2005, an elective resolution under Section 379A of the Companies Act 1985 was passed in respect of dispensing with the following provisions:

- the laying of the annual report and financial statements before the company in general meeting;
- · the holding of an annual general meeting; and
- the requirement to reappoint annually the registered auditors of the company in general meeting.

The provisions of this elective resolution will apply for subsequent years until the election is revoked.

Re-appointment of auditors

The auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 by virtue of an elective resolution passed by the members.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. The directors are required to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently. They also confirm that reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 and that applicable accounting standards have been followed.

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

At the date of approving this report, so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. The directors confirm that they have taken all necessary steps, as directors, to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of this information.

By Order of the Board

Company Secretar 30th March 2009

364-366 Kensington High Street London W14 8NS

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Centenary Music Holdings Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses the Balance Sheet, and the related notes 1 to 11. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

Ernst & Young LLP Registered auditor

London

30 March 2009

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Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2008

	Nate	Year ended 31 December 2008 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2007 £'000
Administrative Expenses	Note	(12,221)	£ 000
Interest payable	4	(29,757)	(21,296)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(41,978)	(21,296)
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	5	5,691	3,906
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation and retained loss for the year	10	(36,287)	(17,390)

The above results were derived entirely from continuing operations.

There is no difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained loss for the financial year and their historical cost equivalents.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

N	ote	Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2008	2007
		£,000	£,000
Loss on ordinary activities after tax		(36,287)	(17,390)
Exchange difference on foreign currency asset			837
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report		(36,287)	(16,553)

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2008

	Note	31 December 2008 £'000	31 December 2007 £'000
Fixed assets			
Investments	6	1,298,342	1,111,759
Current assets Debtors	7	-	79,730
Creditors: amounts falling due within period	8	(1,115,329)	(972,189)
Net current liabilities		(1,115,329)	(892,459)
Total assets less current liabilities		183,013	219,300
Net assets		183,013	219,300
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	-	-
Share premium	10	244,000	244,000
Profit and loss account	10	(60,987)	(24,700)
Equity shareholders' funds	10	183,013	219,300

The financial statements on pages 5 to 14 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30th March 2009 and were signed on its behalf by:

'R M Constant Director

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

1 Accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

As the immediate parent undertaking is incorporated within the European Union and the results of the company are included within the publicly available consolidated accounts of Vivendi S.A., the company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 from preparing consolidated accounts. As such, these financial statements give information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Cash flow statement and related party disclosures

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Vivendi S.A. who control 90% or more of the voting rights and is included in the consolidated financial statements of the group, which are publicly available. Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS") 1 from preparing a cash flow statement and the exemption of FRS 8 from disclosing transactions with entities that are part of the Vivendi S.A. group or investees of that group.

Continued support from intermediate parent undertaking

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as the company has received confirmation from Universal Music Group Inc., the company's intermediate parent undertaking, of its intention to continue to provide financial and other support to the extent necessary to enable the company to continue to pay its liabilities as and when they become due for a year not less than one year from the date of approval of these financial statements. Having regard to this intention, the directors believe it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the deficit on net current liabilities at 31 December 2008.

b) Investments

Investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings are stated at cost less provision for impairment. Costs include acquisition costs directly related to the acquisition of the investment.

c) Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised in respects of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profit and loss and its results as stated in the financial statements. No deferred tax is recognised on permanent differences.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

1 Accounting policies (continued)

c) Deferred taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and law that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

d) Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the market rate of exchange ruling at that date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account with the exception of differences on foreign currency borrowings, to the extent that they are used as finance. These are taken directly to reserves together with the exchange difference on the carrying amount of the related investments.

e) Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

All interest-bearing loans and borrowings are initially recognised at net proceeds. Interest bearing debt is increased by the finance cost in respect of the reporting period and reduced by any settlement made. Interest is charged and earned on a fixed element of the debt at an arms length rate.

Finance costs of debt are allocated over the term of the debt at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

2 Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

Auditors' remuneration of £6,000 and certain other administrative costs are borne by other United Kingdom group undertakings (2007: £6,000). No costs were incurred in respect of non-audit services during the year.

The loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging an investment impairment of £12,221,000 (2007: £nil).

3 Directors' emoluments and employee information

The directors received no remuneration in respect of their services to the company (2007: nil).

The company had no employees during the year ended 31 December 2008 (2007: nil).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

4 Interest payable

Year ended 1 December 2008 £'000 (41,978) (11,754) 6,203 (41) (99)	Year ended 31 December 2007 £'000 (21,296) (6,389) 2,483
11 December 2008 £'000 (41,978) (11,754) 6,203 (41)	31 December 2007 £'000 (21,296) (6,389)
11 December 2008 £'000 (41,978) (11,754)	31 December 2007 £'000 (21,296) (6,389)
11 December 2008 £'000 (41,978) (11,754)	31 December 2007 £'000 (21,296) (6,389)
2008 £'000 (41,978)	31 December 2007 £'000 (21,296)
11 December 2008 £'000	31 December 2007 £'000
11 December 2008 £'000	31 December 2007 £'000
1 December 2008	31 December 2007
1 December	31 December
Year ended	Year ended
(180,6)	(3,906)
/E 601)	(2.006)
(5,691)	(3,906)
(41)	-
(5,650)	(3,906)
	_ 300
5,000	£'000
2008	2007
	31 December
Year anded	Year ended
29,757	21,296
1.000	2 000
	2007 £'000
	31 December
	Year ended
	Year ended 31 December 2008 £'000 (5,650) (41) (5,691)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

6 Fixed asset investments

	Shares in subsidiary undertakings £'000
Cost and net book value	
At 1 January 2008	1,111,759
Additions during the year	198,804
Provision for impairment in the year	(12,221)
At 31 December 2008	1,298,342

The directors have considered the carrying value of investments as at 31 December 2008 and are of the opinion that the aggregate value of the company's investments in subsidiary undertakings, including amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings, is not less than the amount at which they are stated in the accounts.

On 25 September 2008, Centenary Music Holdings Limited formed a new Dutch subsidiary CMHL BV. On 29 October 2008, Centenary Music Holdings Ltd injected £199m of cash into CMHL BV in exchange for share capital.

The impairment charge relates to the investment held in Universal Music Publishing MGB Ltd.

Subsidiary undertakings

The directors are of the opinion that the number of subsidiary undertakings is such that compliance with the full disclosure requirements of Schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act 1985 would result in particulars of excessive length. Accordingly in accordance with section 231 of the Companies Act 1985, only those subsidiary undertakings whose profits or assets are significant in terms of the company have been included.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

6 Fixed asset investments (Continued)

The group has the following investments in subsidiary undertakings:

Name of company	Country of incorporation	Ordinary share holdings	Nature of business
A&M Records Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Centenary UK Limited *	England & Wales	100%	Finance and holding company
Decca Music Group Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Go! Discs Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Universal Music Group International Limited	England & Wales	100%	Management services company
Universal Music Holdings (UK)	England & Wales	100%	Finance and holding company
Limited Centenary Holdings Limited	England & Wales	100%	Finance and holding company
Mercury Records Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Polydor Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Universal – Island Records Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Universal – MCA Music (UK) Limited*	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Universal / MCA Music Limited	England & Wales	100%	Music publishing
Universal / Island Music Limited	England & Wales	100%	Music publishing
Universal Music (UK) Holdings Limited	England & Wales	100%	Holding company
Universal Music Leisure Limited	England & Wales	100%	Finance and holding company
Universal Music Operations Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Universal Music Publishing MGB	England & Wales	100%	Music publishing
Universal Music Publishing International MGB Limited	England & Wales	100%	Music publishing
Universal Music Publishing MGB Holding UK Limited*	England & Wales	100%	Finance and holding company
Universal Publishing Production Music Limited	England & Wales	100%	Music publishing
V2 Records Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
V2 Music Group Limited*	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
V2 Music (France) SARL	France	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music
Sanctuary Copyrights Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

6 Fixed asset investments (Continued)

Sanctuary Records Group	England &	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded
Limited	Wales		music
Bravado International Group	England &	100%	Merchandising of licensed products
Limited	Wales	10070	
Bravado Retail & Licensing	England &	100%	Merchandising of licensed products
	Wales	100 %	Merchandising of nechised products
Limited			MA -talamet amount
Helter Skelter Agency Limited	England &	100%	Musicians' agent
	Wales		
Trinifold Management Limited	England &	100%	Music industry management services
	Wales		
Twenty First Artists Limited	England &	100%	Artist services
•	Wales		
The Sanctuary Group Limited*	England &	100%	Finance and holding company
The canonary Group Emilion	Wales	10078	
Lieuwana Maraja Dubliahina		1000/	Music publishing
Universal Music Publishing	England &	100%	widsic publishing
Limited	Wales		
Centenary Music Holdings	Netherlands	100%	Holding company
Limited BV*			
Universal Music LLC	Japan	100%	Holding company
Universal Music KK	Japan	100%	Holding company
		10070	

Preference shareholdings

Name of company	Country of incorporation	Preference share holdings	Nature of business
Backcite Limited *	England & Wales	100%	Finance and holding company
Universal Music Operations Limited	England & Wales	100%	Marketing and distribution of recorded music

Those marked with an asterisk are directly owned, all other companies are held 100% through subsidiary undertakings.

7 Debtors

	31 December 2008 £'000	31 December 2007 £'000
Amounts due from group undertakings	.	79,730
		79,730

Amounts due from group undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest accrues on these amounts excluding group relief at rates between 1 month LIBOR and 1 month LIBOR plus 1%.

8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 December	31 December
	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Amounts due to group undertakings		14,535
Loans due to group undertakings	1,115,329	957,654
	1,115,329	972,189

Included within loans due to group undertakings are the following loans:

- Loan due to UMI Finance SAS, for a principal amount of £100,964,000 (2007: 100,964,000). The loan is unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest accrues on the loan at the 1 year LIBOR rate + 1.3% and is payable annually.
- Loan due to UMG Finance UK Limited, for the principal amount of £148,820,000 (2007: £148,820,000). The loan is unsecured and matures on 14 December 2016 or repayable on demand. Interest accrues on the loan at 12 month LIBOR rate + 1% and is payable annually.
- Loan due to Universal Music Operations Limited, for a principal amount of £560,000,000 (2007: £560,000,000). The loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- Loan due to UMG Finance UK Limited, for the principal amount of £140,000,000 (2007: £140,000,000). The loan is unsecured and matures on 1 August 2017 or repayable on demand. Interest accrues on the loan at 12 month LIBOR rate + 1% and is payable annually.
- Loan due to Universal Music Operations Limited, for the principal amount of £199,968,588 (2007: nil). The loan is unsecured and matures on 1 August 2017 or repayable on demand. There is no interest payable on this loan.

Loan amounts due to group undertakings include certain amounts that have been offset by receivable balances with the same entities.

9 Called-up share capital

	31 December 2008 £	31 December 2007 £
Authorised 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Allotted, called-up and fully paid 3 ordinary shares of £1 each	3	3

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

10 Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds

	Share Capital £'000	Share Premium	Profit and Loss Account £'000	Equity Shareholders' Funds £'000
As at 1 January 2008 Loss for the period	-	244,000	(24,700) (36,287)	219,300 (36,287)
At 31 December 2008	-	244,000	(60,987)	183,013

11 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is PolyGram B.V., a company incorporated in the Netherlands. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Vivendi S.A., a company incorporated in France.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company will be consolidated will be that headed by Vivendi S.A. incorporated in France. Copies of its annual report in English may be obtained from:

Vivendi S.A. 42 Avenue de Friedland 75380 Paris Cedex 08 France