

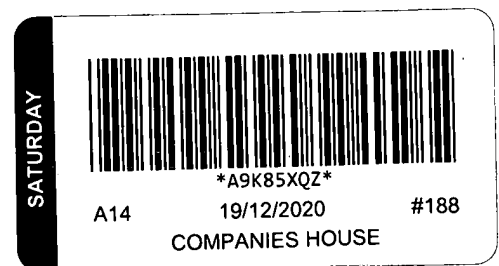
NO. 10 CHESHAM STREET TENANTS' MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020



NO. 10 CHESHAM STREET TENANTS' MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER:05337996

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 JANUARY 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	4	27,899	26,356
		<u>27,899</u>	<u>26,356</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(22,309)	(19,926)
		<u>(22,309)</u>	<u>(19,926)</u>
Net current assets		<u>5,590</u>	<u>6,430</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>5,590</u>	<u>6,430</u>
Net assets		<u>5,590</u>	<u>6,430</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		4	4
Profit and loss account		5,586	6,426
		<u>5,590</u>	<u>6,430</u>

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:



Mr A S Davis
Director

Date: **10-11-2020**

The notes on pages 2 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

NO. 10 CHESHAM STREET TENANTS' MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

1. General information

No. 10 Chesham Street Tenants' Management Company Limited is a private company, limited by shares, domiciled in England and Wales, registration number 05337996.

The registered office is 2 London Wall Place, London, EC2Y 5AU.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A small entities. There were no material departures from that standard.

The financial statements have been prepared in pound sterling, the functional currency of the company, rounded to the nearest £1.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.4 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Profit and loss account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NO. 10 CHESHAM STREET TENANTS' MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020**

2. Accounting policies (continued)**3. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2019 - 1).

4. Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	27,895	26,352
Other debtors	4	4
	<u>27,899</u>	<u>26,356</u>

5. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Other creditors	20,026	18,026
Accruals and deferred income	2,283	1,900
	<u>22,309</u>	<u>19,926</u>

6. Controlling party

There is no ultimate controlling party.