| Company Registration No. 05325205 (England and Wales) |
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| |
| MICK PARTLETT CAR SALES LIMITED |
| UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS |
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 |
| PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR |
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

| | | 202 | 1 | 2020 |) |
|--|-------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 4 | | 14,873 | | 9,561 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Stocks | | 551,042 | | 420,820 | |
| Debtors | 5 | 27,893 | | 1 1 ,778 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 1 59,018 | | 167,623 | |
| | | 737,953 | | 600,221 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 6 | (315,769) | | (296,495) | |
| Net current assets | | | 422,184 | | 303,726 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 437,057 | | 313,287 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | (2,169) | | (1,015 |
| Net assets | | | 434,888 | | 312,272 |
| | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 7 | | 200 | | 200 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 434,688 | | 312,072 |
| Total equity | | | 434,888 | | 312,272 |
| | | | | | |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 May 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M D Partlett

Director

Company Registration No. 05325205

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

2 Accounting policies

Company information

Mick Partlett Car Sales Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 264 Banbury Road, Oxford, OX2 7DY.

2.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

2.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Motor vehicles25% Reducing BalanceComputer equipment25% Straight Line MethodFixtures and fittings15% Reducing Balance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

2.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

2.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

2.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

2.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

The company is exempt from corporation tax, it being a company not carrying on a business for the purposes of making a profit.

2.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2.10 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------|--------|--------|
| | Number | Number |
| Total | 3 | 3 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

| 4 | Tangible fixed assets | | |
|---|--|----------------|------------------------|
| | | _ | Plant and achinery etc |
| | | 111 | acimiery etc |
| | Cost | | £ |
| | At 1 January 2021 | | 28,823 |
| | Additions | | 13,127 |
| | Disposals | | (12,295) |
| | At 31 December 2021 | | 29,655 |
| | Depreciation and impairment | | |
| | At 1 January 2021 | | 19,262 |
| | Depreciation charged in the year | | 3,818 |
| | Eliminated in respect of disposals | | (8,298) |
| | At 31 December 2021 | | 14,782 |
| | Carrying amount | | |
| | At 31 December 2021 | | 14,873 |
| | At 31 December 2020 | | 9,561 |
| 5 | Debtors | | |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | 2021 £ | 2020 £ |
| | Trade debtors | 27,893 | 702 |
| | Other debtors | 27,095 | 11,076 |
| | outer destate | | |
| | | 27,893 | 11,778 |
| | | | |
| 6 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Corporation tax | 39,830 | 28,149 |
| | Other taxation and social security | 1,062 | 189 |
| | Other creditors | 274,877 ——— | 268,157 |
| | | 315,769 | 296,495 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

| 6 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | | (| Continued) |
|---|--|--------|--------|------|------------|
| 7 | Called up share capital | | | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| | Ordinary share capital | Number | Number | £ | £ |
| | Issued and fully paid | | | | |
| | Ordinary shares of £1 each | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | Ordinary A - D shares of £1 each | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | | | | | |
| | | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| | | | | | |

8 Related party transactions

At the year end Mick Partett Car Sales Limited owed £241,507 (2020: £224,513) to a company under common control of the directors.

9 Directors' transactions

Dividends totalling £44,600 (2020 - £78,619) were paid in the year in respect of shares held by the company's directors.

At the year end, directors owed the company £0 (2020: £6,252). No Interest has been charged (2020: £110) as at the official rate as determined by HM Revenue & Customs.

At the year end the company owed directors £31,414 (2020:£41,164).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.