# CLIFTON MOOR LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 17 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

Registered Number: 05268531



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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### Directors' Report for the 17 month period ended 31 December 2007

The directors present their report and audited financial statements of Clifton Moor Limited (the "company") for the 17 months ended 31 December 2007

#### Business review and principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of property investment

Clifton Moor Limited is a subsidiary of Shopping Centres Limited which is owned 50% by Tesco PLC and 50% by Slough Estates Limited

The accounting reference date has changed from 31 July 2007 to 31 December 2007 to bring in line with the group accounting date

The results for the 17 months show a pre-tax profit of £1 36m (9 months to 31 July 2006 £0 4m) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2006 £ml)

The company had net assets at the period end of £1 2m (2006 £1 3m)

#### Future outlook

The company's level of trade is expected to continue throughout 2008 and the current performance levels should be maintained

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to relate to UK economic and market conditions.

#### Key performance indicators

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

#### Research and development

The company does not undertake any research and development activities

#### **Employees**

The company had no employees during the 17 month period (2006 none)

#### Directors and their interests

The following directors served during the period and up to the date of signing the financial statements

G Osborn

J Heawood

(resigned on 11 August 2008)

N Earp

(resigned on 22 February 2008)

N Mourant

S Rigby

(appointed on 22 February 2008)

None of the directors had any disclosable interests in the company during the 17 month period

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### Directors' Report for the period ended 31 December 2007 (continued)

## Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Annual Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the
  company will continue in business, in which case there will be supporting assumptions or qualifications as
  necessary

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

#### Statement on disclosure of information to auditors

Each director who is a director at the date of approval of this Annual Report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

### Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their re-appointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting

By order of the Board, 19 August 2008

N Mourant Director

Clifton Moor Limited

Registered Number 05294243



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CLIFTON MOOR LIMITED

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

10 Bricket Road St Albans ALI 3JX Telephone +44 (0) 1727 844155 Facsimile +44 (0) 1727 845039

We have audited the financial statements of Clifton Moor Limited for the 17 months ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances. consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its profit for the 17 months then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

St Albans

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# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE 17 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

	Notes	17 months to 31 December 2007 £'000	9 months to 31 July 2006 £'000
Rental income		5,801	2,139
Rental expenditure		(343)	
Gross profit		5,458	2,139
Amounts provided against investment		(12)	-
Administrative expenses		(551)	(441)
Operating profit	2	4,895	1,698
Net Interest payable	3	(3,540)	(1,293)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,355	405
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(410)	(122)
Retained profit for the financial period		945	283

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial period stated above and their historical cost equivalents

All operations are continuing for the financial period

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE 17 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

	17 months to 31 December 2007 £'000	9 months to 31 July 2006 £'000
Profit for the financial period	945	283
(Deficit) / Surplus on revaluations of properties	(995)	995
Total recognised (losses) / gains in the financial period	(50)	1,278

# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2007**

		31 December 2007	31 July 2006
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets	•		
Tangible fixed assets	5	73,000	74,000
		73,000	74,000
Current assets			
Debtors - due within one year	6	5,529	113
		5,529	113
Creditors – amounts falling due			
within one year	7	(27,990)	(23,577)
Net current liabilities	-	(22,461)	(23,464)
Total assets less current liabilities		50,539	50,536
Creditors – amounts due after more			
than one year	8	(49,310)	(49,257)
Net assets		1,229	1,279
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	1	1
Revaluation Reserve	10	-	995
Profit and loss reserve	10	1,228	283
Total equity shareholder's funds	11	1,229	1,279

The financial statements on pages 5 to 11 were approved by the board of directors on 19 August 2008 and were signed on its behalf by

N Mourant Director

Clifton Moor Limited

Registered Number 05294243

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 17 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain tangible fixed assets and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. The principal accounting policies which have been applied consistently are set out below.

#### Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Shopping Centres Limited and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Shopping Centres Limited, which are publicly available Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Balance Sheet date and which could give rise to an obligation to pay more or less taxation in the future. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable. They are regarded as recoverable to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it is regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date

#### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are independently valued each period on an open market basis. Any surplus or deficit arising is taken to the revaluation reserve, unless a deficit is expected to be permanent, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account.

In accordance with SSAP 19, no amortisation or depreciation is provided in respect of freehold or long leasehold properties. The departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985, which requires all properties to be depreciated, is, in the opinion of the directors, necessary to show a true and fair view. The financial effect of this departure cannot be reasonably quantified, as amortisation or depreciation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

#### Amortisation of debt issue costs

Under the provisions of FRS 4 'Capital Instruments', costs associated with the raising of long term finance for the company are netted off against the gross loan amount. The costs are being amortised over a five year period on a straight-line basis, in line with the year over which the finance will be repaid.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 17 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007 (continued)

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Taxation**

The amount included in the Profit and Loss account is based on the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and is calculated at current local tax rates, taking into account timing differences and the likelihood of realisation of deferred tax assets and liabilities

#### Interest payable and receivable

Interest payable and receivable is calculated on an accruals basis

#### 2. OPERATING PROFIT

The directors received no emoluments for their services to the company (2006 £mil)

The company had no employees during the period (2006 none)

The auditors' remuneration for the current and prior period was borne by another group company

#### 3. NET INTEREST PAYABLE

	17 months to 31	9 months to
	December 2007	31 July 2006
	£'000	£'000
Interest payable on other loans (West LB Loan)	3,540	1,293
	3,540	1,293

## 4. TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	17 months to 31	9 months to
	December 2007	31 July 2006
	£'000	£'000
Current tax:		
UK Corporation tax on profit for the financial period	410	122
Total current tax	410	122
	17 months to 31	9 months to
	December 2007	31 July 2006
	£'000	£'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,355	405
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate in the UK	406	122
30% (2006 30%)	400	122
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4	-
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	410	122

Factors that may affect future tax charges:

The standard rate of Corporation Tax in the UK changes to 28% with effect from the 1 April 2008

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 17 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007 (continued)

#### 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leaseholds more than 50 years
	£'000
Cost/valuation	
At 1 August 2006	74,000
Additions at cost (a)	7
Revaluation	(995)
Amounts provided against investment	(12)
NBV at 31 December 2007	73,000
NBV at 31 July 2006	74,000

All the above leaseholds are deemed investment properties and were valued on the basis of open market value, in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors, at December 2007 by Colliers Conrad Ritblat Erdman, Chartered Surveyors and International Property consultants The historical cost of the properties to the company is £73m

#### 6. DEBTORS - DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31 December 2007	31 July 2006
	£'000	£'000
Amounts due from group undertakings	4,326	-
Prepayments and accrued income	1,203	113
	5,529	113

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand

## 7. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31 December 2007	31 July 2006
	£'000	£'000
Amounts due to group undertakings	26,442	22,373
Corporation Tax		122
Other taxation and social security	-	358
Accruals and deferred income	1,548	724
	27,990	23,577

Amounts due to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 17 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007 (continued)

#### 8. CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	31 December 2007	31 July 2006
	£'000	£'000
Bank loans (West LB)	49,425	49,425
Amortisation of finance costs	(115)	(168)
	49,310	49,257

The loan from West LB is interest bearing at a margin of 40bps above LIBOR plus a mandatory cost equivalent to 0.013% per annum. The loan is repayable in 2011

#### 9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	31 December 2007	31 July 2006 £
	£	
Authorised		
1,001 (2006 1,001) ordinary shares of £1 each	1,001	1,001
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,001 (2006 1,001) ordinary shares of £1 each	1,001	1,001

#### 10. RESERVES

	Revaluation reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000
As at 1 August 2006	995	283
(Reversal of surplus) / Surplus on revaluations of properties	(995)	-
Retained profit for the financial period	· · ·	945
As at 31 December 2007	-	1,228

## 11. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

	31 December 2007	31 July 2006
	£'000	£'000
Retained profit for the financial period	945	283
(Reversal of surplus) / Surplus on revaluations of properties	(995)	995
Net (reduction) / addition to shareholder's funds	(50)	1,278
Opening shareholder's funds	1,279	1
Closing shareholder's funds	1,229	1,279

#### 12. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

Clifton Moor's share capital is held by the intermediate parent company Shopping Centres Ltd The share capital of Shopping Centres Ltd is equally split by Tesco PLC and SEGRO PLC Tesco PLC and SEGRO PLC are both companies incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 17 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007 (continued)

#### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with other companies within the group are not disclosed as the company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures", as the consolidated financial statements of Shopping Centres Limited, in which the company is included, are available at The Company Secretary, Tesco PLC, New Tesco House, PO Box 18, Delamare Road, Cheshunt, Hertfordshire, EN8 9SL During the 17 month period Clifton Moor Limited received Rental Income from Tesco Stores Limited of £3,402,984 Tesco Plc received £12,500 in the year from Clifton Moor Limited for management and Treasury Services

#### 14. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

The 2008 Finance Bill includes a proposal to reduce the UK corporate income tax rate from 30% to 28% with effect from 1 April 2008

Certain other changes are expected to be enacted in the 2008 Finance Act. The impact of these changes will be recognised in the period in which the 2008 Finance Act becomes substantively enacted, which is expected to be in the next financial year.