Registered number: 05266806

SPIRIT MANAGED FUNDING LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

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COMPANY INFORMATION

R Smothers **Director**

Mrs L A Keswick Company secretary

05266806 Registered number

Westgate Brewery Bury St Edmunds Suffolk Registered office

IP33 IQT

Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor **Auditor**

I More London Place

London SEI 2AF

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DIRECTOR'S REPORT For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of a financing company.

Going concern

Greene King Limited has agreed to provide continuing financial support to enable the company to meet its obligations as and when they fall due for a minimum period of at least 12 months from the date of these financial statements.

The directors of Greene King Limited have assessed the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic as part of their going concern assessment of the Greene King Limited group. In doing so, the Greene King Limited directors have modelled a worst-case scenario that assumes the group's pubs were asked to close for the entire 12 month going concern period. Under this worst-case basis, the Greene King Limited group is forecast to continue to have access to sufficient cash funds to be in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of the financial statements. In forming this conclusion, the directors have made a significant judgement in respect of the continued availability of its long-term asset-backed financing vehicles in the knowledge that it could be reliant upon continued waiver or non-recall of debt in response to breached debt covenants in the going concern period.

The directors of Greene King Limited have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least the next 12 months from the date of the approval of the financial statements. However, the directors of Greene King Limited concluded that this significant judgement represents a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The director of the company has made appropriate enquiries of the directors of Greene King Limited to confirm that they are satisfied that the financial support will be available and accordingly continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. However, given the material uncertainty disclosed in Greene King Limited financial statements as noted above, the director of the company has also concluded there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The director continues to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis and as a result do not include any adjustments to the carrying amount or classification of assets and liabilities that would result if the company were unable to continue as a going concern.

Director

The director who served during the 52 weeks was:

R Smothers

The director did not hold held any interest in the share capital of the company during the period.

Future developments

No significant changes are anticipated to the activities of the company in the foreseeable future.

Directors' and officers indemnity insurance

Greene King Limited group ("the group") has taken out insurance to indemnify the director of the company against third party proceedings whilst serving on the board of the company and of any subsidiary. This cover indemnifies all employees of the group who serve on the boards of all subsidiaries. These indemnity policies subsisted throughout the year and remain in place at the date of this report.

DIRECTOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

Disclosure of information to auditor

The director at the time when this director's report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Post balance sheet events

On 22 June 2020 the company entered into a new subordinated loan agreement with Spirit Pub Company (Managed) Limited and Spirit Pub Company (Leased) Limited (each a borrower) whereby the company has agreed on an uncommitted basis to advance to the borrowers up to a total aggregate principal amount of £100.0m in a series of advances from time to time. Interest on any subordinated loan advances will accrue at a rate of 16% per annum, and repayment of any subordinated loan advances is only permissible following repayment of all the secured loan notes. As at the date these financial statements were signed, an aggregate amount of £3.0m had been advanced to Spirit Pub Company (Leased) Limited under this subordinated loan. There has been no advance to Spirit Pub Company (Managed) Limited.

There are no other post balance sheet events requiring disclosure in the financial statements.

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP will be resigning as auditor of the company following the completion of these financial statements. The company proposes to appoint Deloitte LLP to audit the next financial statements of the company in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, which will be for the period to 3 January 2021, as the company will be aligning its financial year end to that used by the remainder of the CKA group.

In preparing this report, the director has taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

R Smothers

Director

Date: 10 November 2020

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DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SPIRIT MANAGED FUNDING LIMITED

OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of Spirit Managed Funding Limited for the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 18, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 26 April 2020 and of its loss for the 52 weeks then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to Note 2.4 in the financial statements, which describes the impact of COVID-19 on the company, including on its ability to continue as a going concern. A material uncertainty exists relating to the continued availability of both long-term asset-backed financing vehicles in the knowledge that this could be reliant upon continued waiver of debt covenants which are forecast to be breached. As stated in Note 2.4, these events or conditions, indicate that material uncertainties exist that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SPIRIT MANAGED FUNDING LIMITED

OPINIONS ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the director's report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the director's report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the director's report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the director's responsibilities statement, set out on page 3, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SPIRIT MANAGED FUNDING LIMITED

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Lloyd Brown (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor London, UK

Date: 10 Nov 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

	Note	52 weeks ended 26 April 2020 £000	52 weeks ended 28 April 2019 £000
Administrative expenses		(64)	
Operating (loss)/profit	6	(64)	-
Interest receivable and similar income	7	•	187,083
Interest payable and expenses	8	(147,424)	(17,598)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(147,488)	169,485
Taxation	9	(1,005)	(800,1)
(Loss)/profit for the period		(148,493)	168,477

There was no other comprehensive income for 2020 (2019: £nil).

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

SPIRIT MANAGED FUNDING LIMITED Registered number:05266806

BALANCE SHEET As at 26 April 2020

		26 April 2020	28 April 2019
	Note	£000	£000
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	1,767,454	1,938,646
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	11	102,577	105,340
		1,870,031	2,043,986
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(348,607)	(341,453)
Net current assets		1,521,424	1,702,533
Net assets		1,521,424	1,702,533
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	7,000	7,000
Share premium account	15	43,688	43,688
Capital redemption reserve	15	923,474	923,474
Profit and loss account	15	547,262	728,371
Equity		1,521,424	1,702,533

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

R Smothers

Director

Date: 10 November 2020

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

Called up share capital	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
				1,228,118
•	43,000	•	•	•
<u> </u>		-	325,822	325,822
7,000	43,688	923,474	579,778	1,553,940
-	•	-	168,477	168,477
-	-	-	(19,884)	(19,884)
7,000	43,688	923,474	728,371	1,702,533
-	-	-	(148,493)	(148,493)
-	-	-	(32,616)	(32,616)
7,000	43,688	923,474	547,262	1,521,424
	share capital £000 7,000 7,000	Called up share capital account	Called up share capital premium account redemption reserve £000 £000 £000 7,000 43,688 923,474 - - - 7,000 43,688 923,474 - - - 7,000 43,688 923,474 - - - 7,000 43,688 923,474	Called up share capital premium account redemption reserve Profit and loss account loss account £000 £000 £000 £000 7,000 43,688 923,474 253,956 - - - 325,822 7,000 43,688 923,474 579,778 - - - (19,884) 7,000 43,688 923,474 728,371 - - - (148,493) - - - (32,616)

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Spirit Managed Funding Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in England & Wales.

The company's financial statements are presented in Sterling and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand pounds (£000) except where indicated.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and applicable accounting standards.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial Reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Impact of new International Reporting Standards, amendments and interpretations

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments to standards are mandatory for the company for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 29 April 2019.

Those standards and interpretations include:

- IFRS 16 Leases
- Prepayments with Negative Compensation Amendments to IFRS 9
- Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement Amendments to IAS 19
- Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax treatments

The company has considered the above new standards and has concluded that none of them has an impact on the company's financial statements.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 sets out requirements for recognition and measurement of financial instruments, including impairment and derecognition. This standard replaced IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

The company adopted IFRS 9 on 30 April 2018 prospectively and did not restate the comparative periods. As a result, the company recognised a £325,822,000 fair value gain in retained earnings to reflect the new standard.

2.4 Going concern

Greene King Limited has agreed to provide continuing financial support to enable the company to meet its obligations as and when they fall due for a minimum period of at least 12 months from the date of these financial statements.

The directors of Greene King Limited have assessed the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic as part of their going concern assessment of the Greene King Limited group. In doing so, the Greene King Limited directors have modelled a worst-case scenario that assumes the group's pubs were asked to close for the entire 12 month going concern period. Under this worst-case basis, the Greene King Limited group is forecast to continue to have access to sufficient cash funds to be in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of the financial statements. In forming this conclusion, the directors have made a significant judgement in respect of the continued availability of its long-term asset-backed financing vehicles in the knowledge that it could be reliant upon continued waiver or non-recall of debt in response to breached debt covenants in the going concern period.

The directors of Greene King Limited have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least the next 12 months from the date of the approval of the financial statements. However, the directors of Greene King Limited concluded that this significant judgement represents a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The director of the company has made appropriate enquiries of the directors of Greene King Limited to confirm that they are satisfied that the financial support will be available and accordingly continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. However, given the material uncertainty disclosed in Greene King Limited financial statements as noted above, the director of the company has also concluded there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The director continues to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis and as a result do not include any adjustments to the carrying amount or classification of assets and liabilities that would result if the company were unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Intercompany balances

Amounts owed by or to group undertakings are classified as short term assets or liabilities unless there is a formal loan arrangement in place that specifies repayment over a period longer than one year at the balance sheet date.

The company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on amounts due from group undertakings. The methodology used to determine the amount of the expected credit loss is based on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial asset.

For those financial assets where the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition of the financial asset, twelve month expected credit losses are recognised. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For those financial assets where the credit risk has increased significantly (or determined to be credit impaired), lifetime expected credit losses are recognised. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset (or for credit impaired assets, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset).

2.6 Intercompany subordinated loans

Subordinated loans owed by group undertakings are classified as fair value through profit or loss where they do not meet the solely payments of principal and interest test in IFRS 9. The company fair values the instrument, recognising a gain or loss through interest in the statement of comprehensive income.

When subordinated loans meet the solely payments of principal and interest test in IFRS 9 they are classified as held at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.7 Interest

Interest costs are expensed to the income statement using the effective interest method. Interest income is recognised in the income statement using the effective interest method.

2.8 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

2.9 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the board. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

3. JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS

In the course of preparing the financial statements, the key judgment made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies is detailed below:

Financial assets - subordinated loans

The company has applied judgment in determining that certain subordinated loans do not meet the solely payments of principal and interest test in IFRS 9 and has classified the loans as fair value through profit or loss.

For those loans that do meet the solely payments of principal and interest test in IFRS 9 the company has classified the loans at amortised cost.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The areas of estimation that have a significant risk of resulting in material adjustment to carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are detailed below:

Financial assets - fair value through profit or loss

In determining the fair value of the subordinated loans the company has estimated the future cash flows anticipated and applied an estimated discount rate factoring in the key characteristics of the loans.

4. STAFF COSTS

The company has no employees (2019: none) and did not incur any staff costs during the period (2019: £nil).

The director who held office during the period was also a director of fellow group undertakings. Total emoluments, including any company pension contributions, received by this director totals £517,000 (2019: £926,000) paid by other companies in the Greene King Limited group. The director does not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between qualifying services as directors to the company and to fellow group undertakings. The number of directors who received or exercised share options in a fellow group company during the period was I (2019: I).

5. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor's remuneration for the period of £1,500 (2019: £1,000) has been borne by another group company.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption not to disclose amounts paid for non audit services as these are disclosed in the group financial statements of the ultimate parent company.

6. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

	52 weeks ended 26 April 2020 £000	52 weeks ended 28 April 2019 £000
Net impairment losses on financial assets	64	-
		=====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

7. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	52 weeks ended 26 April 2020 £000	52 weeks ended 28 April 2019 £000
Movement in fair value of subordinated loans	-	187,083
8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
	52 weeks ended 26 April 2020 £000	52 weeks ended 28 April 2019 £000
Interest payable to group undertakings Movement in fair value of subordinated loans	17,598 129,826	17,598
Provenient in fair value of Subol diffaced loans	147,424	17,598
9. TAXATION		
	52 weeks ended 26 April 2020 £000	52 weeks ended 28 April 2019 £000
Current tax on profits for the year	1,006	1,008
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(1)	-
TOTAL CURRENT TAX	1,005	1,008

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

9. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

FACTORS AFFECTING TAXATION FOR THE PERIOD

The tax assessed for the period is higher than (2019:lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2019:19.0%). The differences are explained below:

	52 weeks ended	52 weeks ended
	26 April	28 April
	2020	2019
	£000	£000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(147,488) 	169,485
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2019:19.0%) EFFECTS OF:	(28,023)	32,202
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3,356	3,344
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(1)	-
Transfer pricing adjustments	25,673	(34,538)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE PERIOD	1,005	1,008

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

The planned reduction in the rate of corporation tax from 19% to 17% was revised by order of a "Ways and means" motion on 17 March 2020, such motions having statutory effect under the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act 1968. Therefore, the enacted rate at the balance sheet date remains at 19% and it therefore included in these accounts.

10. DIVIDENDS

26 April	28 April
2020	2019
£000	£000
32,616	19,884
	2020 £000

Dividends of £4.66 per share (2019: £2.84) were paid in the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

II. DEBTORS

DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	26 April 2020 £000	28 April 2019 £000
Subordinated loans owed by group undertakings held at fair value through profit and loss	1,767,454	1,938,646
	26 April 2020 £000	28 April 2019 £000
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	102,577	105,340

Subordinated loans owed by group undertakings held at fair value through profit and loss of £1,767,454,000 (2019: £1,938,646,000) comprise five subordinated loans.

Three of the loans are due from Spirit Issuer plc, Spirit Pub Company (Managed) Limited and Spirit Pub Company (Leased) Limited and the carrying values are £147,858,000, £559,753,000 and £1,051,285,000 respectively (2019: £162,180,000, £614,978,000 and £1,152,000,000 respectively). Interest accrues at 16% per annum and interest also accrues on unpaid interest at a rate of 15.01% per annum. Repayment of the loans are only permissible following repayment of all of the secured loan notes that Spirit Pub Company (Managed) Limited and Spirit Pub Company (Leased) Limited holds with Spirit Issuer plc, a fellow group undertaking, in 2034.

The remaining two loans are due from Spirit Pub Company (Managed) Limited and Spirit Pub Company (Leased) Limited and the carrying values are £4,276,000 and £4,282,000 respectively (2019: £4,741,000 and £4,747,000 respectively). Interest accrues at 16% per annum. Repayment of the loans are only permissible following repayment of all the secured loan notes that Spirit Pub Company (Managed) Limited and Spirit Pub Company (Leased) Limited holds with Spirit Issuer plc, a fellow group undertaking, in 2036.

Amounts owed to group undertakings due within one year are unsecured, bear no interest, have no fixed date of repayment, are repayable on demand and are held at amortised cost. Expected credit losses of £209,000 (2019: £145,000) have been recognised against the carrying value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

12. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	26 April	28 April
	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	79,461	81,151
Corporation tax payable	1,005	1,008
Share capital treated as debt	252,090	252,090
Accrued preferential dividends	16,051	7,204
	348,607	341,453

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, bear no interest, have no fixed date of repayment, are repayable on demand and are held at amortised cost.

252,090,000 redeemable, cumulative, non voting, 7% preference shares of £1 each are held by the company's sole shareholder, Spirit Pub Company (SGE) Limited. The preferential dividend becomes due and payable on 30 May and 30 November each year. The preference shares are redeemable at the option of Spirit Pub Company (SGE) Limited, on giving notice to the company. No premium is payable on redemption.

Preferential dividends become due and payable to the company on 30 May and 30 November each year.

As at the balance sheet date accrued dividend payments are as follows:

	26 April	28 April
	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Dividend due 30 May 2019	•	7,204
Dividend due 30 November 2019	8,896	-
Dividend due 30 May 2020	7,155	-
	16,051	7,204
	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair values

Set out below is a comparison of carrying amounts and fair values of all of the company's financial instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation or sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Subordinated loans due from group undertakings held at fair value through profit or loss: classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs. The valuation technique used to value the financial instruments was discounted cash flow analysis. Fair values of subordinated loans are calculated by discounting estimated future cash flows by an implied yield determined with reference to observable market data adjusted to take account of economic differences between the subordinated loans and the reference security. These adjustments reflect the length, lack of marketability and subordination of the loan. The cash flows have been assumed to take place at the maturity date.

	Hierarchical classification	Fair value 26 April 2020 £000		Carrying value 26 April 2020 £000	
Financial assets					
Subordinated loans held at fair value through profit or loss	Level 3	1,767,454	1,938,646	1,767,454	1,938,646

The discount rate used to calculate the fair value of the subordinated loans was 10.83% (2019: 9.63%). A 1% increase in this discount rate would decrease the fair value to £1,526,127,000 (2019: £1,658,451,000).

Hierarchical classification of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

IFRS 13 requires that the classification of financial instruments at fair value be determined be reference to the source of inputs used to derive fair value.

The classification uses the following three-level hierarchy:

Level I - unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 - other techniques for which all inputs have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

During the periods ending 26 April 2020 and 28 April 2019 there were no transfers between fair value levels I, 2 or 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following table is a reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

		26 April 2020 £000	28 April 2019 £000
Opening balance		1,938,646	1,815,977
Fair value (losses		(129,826)	187,083
Settlements		(41,366)	(64,414)
		1,767,454	1,938,646
14. SHARE CAPIT	⁻ AL	-	
		26 April	28 April
	•	2020	2019
Shares classifie	d as equity	£000	£000
Allotted, called	d up and fully paid		
7,000,003 (2019:	7,000,003) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	7,000	7,000
		26 April	28 April
		2020	2019
61	Jan Jaha	£000	£000
Shares classifie	d as debt		
Allotted, called	l up and fully paid		
252,090,000 (201	9:252,090,000) Preference shares of £1.00 each	252,090 	252,090

15. RESERVES

Share premium account

Share premium represents the excess of proceeds received over the nominal value of new shares issued.

Capital redemption reserve

Capital redemption reserve arose from the purchase and cancellation of own share capital, and represents the nominal amount of the share capital cancelled.

Profit and loss account

Profit and loss account reserve represents accumulated retained earnings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the 52 weeks ended 26 April 2020

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the period the company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties. The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 8(k) of FRS 101 not to disclose transactions with related parties that are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Greene King plc group. Amounts shown as owed to and by group subsidiaries are all held with fellow group undertakings. There were no transactions entered into during the financial year or trading balances outstanding at the balance sheet date with other related parties.

17. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 22 June 2020 the company entered into a new subordinated loan agreement with Spirit Pub Company (Managed) Limited and Spirit Pub Company (Leased) Limited (each a borrower) whereby the company has agreed on an uncommitted basis to advance to the borrowers up to a total aggregate principal amount of £100.0m in a series of advances from time to time. Interest on any subordinated loan advances will accrue at a rate of 16% per annum, and repayment of any subordinated loan advances is only permissible following repayment of all the secured loan notes. As at the date the financial statements were signed, an aggregate amount of £3.0m had been advanced to Spirit Pub Company (Leased) Limited under this subordinated loan. There has been no advance to Spirit Pub Company (Managed) Limited.

There are no other post balance sheet events requiring disclosure in the financial statements.

18. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

At the balance sheet date, the directors consider the immediate parent undertaking and immediate controlling party of Spirit Managed Funding Limited to be Spirit Pub Company (SGE) Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is CK Asset Holdings Limited, a company registered in the Cayman Islands with its headquarters and principal place of business in Hong Kong. The company's shares are listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Greene King Limited is the smallest group which includes the results of the company and for which group financial statements are prepared. Copies of its group financial statements are available from Westgate Brewery, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, IP33 IQT.

CK Asset Holdings Limited is the largest group which includes the results of the company and for which group financial statements are prepared. Copies of its group financial statements are available from 7th Floor, Cheung Kong Center, 2 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.