Alcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited Annual report and financial statements For the year ended 31st December 2018

Registered number: 05257340



Alcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited Annual report and financial statements

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Company information

Directors

N Stopford S Voulon

Registered office

Unit 6
Parc Caer Seion
Conwy

UK LL32 8FA

Registered number

05257340

Auditor

Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor 110 Queen Street Glasgow

Glasgow G1 3BX

Strategic report

The Directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31st December 2018.

Principal activities

ALcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited is holding company. During the year ended 31st December 2018 the Company had limited trading activities and continues to search for new investment activities.

Review of husiness

The Company had no third party trading in the year. The sole transaction relating to the revaluation and settlement of a Euro currency loan.

Financial review

Profit and loss

The profit in the year related to a Euro loan revaluation.

Cash flow and balance sheet

The Company had limited movements in its loans owing to fellow group companies.

No assets were acquired or disposed of in the year.

ALcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited future prospects

No future trading is envisaged.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Credit risk

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Company:

Cash flow and interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates is limited.

Foreign exchange risk

There are no foreign exchange risks within the Company.

Liquidity risk

There are no credit risks within the Company.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

S Voulon

Director

26 September 2019

Directors' report

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for Alcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31st December 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of an intermediate holding company.

Future developments

There are no future developments that will affect the operations of the Company.

As an intermediary holding company, we do not expect any material financial impact from the UK leaving the European Union.

Results and dividends

The profit after taxation for the year is £22k (9 month period ended 31st December 2017: loss after taxation of £2.419k).

The Directors cannot recommend the payment of a dividend (9 month period ended 31st December 2017; same).

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year and thereafter were:

R Eckardt (resigned 28/01/2019)

R Zantman (resigned 28/01/2019)

N Stopford (appointed 28/01/2019)

S Voulon (appointed 28/01/2019)

Going concern

The Directors of the Company are in receipt of a letter of support from SYNLAB Bondco plc.

Although the Company has negative net current assets and negative net assets the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources with the support of SYNLAB Bondco plc to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The Company is part of the SYNLAB group which continues to have considerable financial resources. As a consequence of this, together with the continued business activities, the Directors believe the Company is well placed to manage business risk successfully.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditor

So far as each person who is a Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware. Each Director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken in his duty as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information. This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Auditor

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved and authorised for issue by the board on 26 SEPTEM BOX 19 and was signed on its behalf by:

S Voulon Director

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Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Alcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of ALcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the profit and loss account;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 15.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Independent auditor's report to the members of ALcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited (continued)

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the statement of Directors' responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent auditor's report to the members of ALcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited (continued)

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements -

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the Directors' report.

Matters on which we are regulred to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Hazelton CA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Myelten

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

Glasgow, United Kingdom

27 September 2019

Profit and loss account

For the year ended 31st December 2018

	Note	Year ended 31 st December 2018 £'000	9 month Period ended 31st December 2017 £'000
Administrative income/(expenses)	4	22	(2,338)
Operating profit/(loss)		22	(2,338)
Interest receivable Interest payable	6 7	 -	1,248 (1,329)
Profit/(loss) before taxation			(2,419)
Tax on profit/(loss)	8		·
Profit/(loss) for the financial year/period		22	(2,419)

No separate Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been presented as all such income and expenses are presented in the Profit and Loss Account. All operations derive from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 12 to 18 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet

As at 31st December 2018

	Note	31 st December 2018 £'000	31 ³¹ December 2017 £'000
Fixed assets			
Investments	10	3,169	3,169
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(6,273)	(6,295)
Net current liabilities		(6,273)	(6,295)
Total assets less current liabilities		(3,104)	(3,126)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(7,074)	(7,074)
Net liabilities		(10,178)	(10,200)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	53,004	53,004
Share premium reserve	13	67,385	67,385
Profit and loss account		(130,567)	(130,589)
Shareholders' deficit		(10,178)	(10,200)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to small companies' regime.

These financial statements (company number: 05257340) were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 26.5605. Sept. Ett. C.C. 15. and were signed on its behalf by:

S Voulon Director

The notes on pages 12 to 18 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity

As at 31st December 2018

	Share capital	Share premium reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 31st March 2017	. 1	-	(128,170)	(128,169)
Reclassification of				•
liabilities as 'A' ordinary				
shares and share				
premium	203	13,913	•	14,116
Issue of shares	52,800	53,472	-	106,272
Loss and total				•
comprehensive expense	•			
for the period	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(2,419)	(2,419)
At 31 st December 2017	53,004	67,385	(130,589)	(10,200)
Profit and total	•		•	
comprehensive income				• • • •
for the year	•	- -	22	22
At 31 st December 2018	53,004	67,385	(130,567)	(10,178)

Share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Profit and loss reserves include all current and prior period retained profits.

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31st December 2018

1 Accounting policies

1.1 General information

ALcontrol Holdings (UK) Limited (the "Company") is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales and registered in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is Unit 6, Parc Caer Seion, Conwy, UK, LL32 8FA.

The principal activity of the Company is that of an intermediate holding company.

These financial statements have been presented in Pounds Sterling as this is the Company's functional currency, being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

1.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and applicable legislation as set out in the companies act 2006. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 102, and has therefore taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available to qualifying entities. The Company has taken exemption from the following disclosures:

- (a) The requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows and paragraph 3.17(d). [FRS 102.1.12]
- (b) The requirements of paragraphs 11.42, 11.44, 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv); 11.48(b), 11.48(c), 12,26 (in relation to those cross-referenced paragraphs from which a disclosure exemption is available), 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A provide disclosures equivalent to those required by this FRS are included in the consolidated financial statements of the group in which the entity is consolidated. [FRS 102.1.12]
- (c) The requirement of paragraph 33.7 with respect to directors and key management personnel remuneration [FRS 102.1.12]

The Company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group accounts. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The accounts of the Company have been consolidated within SYNLAB Bondco plc. The accounts of SYNLAB Bondco plc can be obtained from 2 Portman Street, London, W1H 6DU.

1.3 Going concern

The Directors of the Company are in receipt of a letter of support from SYNLAB Bondco plc.

Although the Company has negative net current assets and negative net assets the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources with the support of SYNLAB Bondco plc to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The Company is part of the SYNLAB group which continues to have considerable financial resources. As a consequence of this, together with the continued business activities, the Directors believe the Company is well placed to manage business risk successfully.

For the year ended 31st December 2018

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.4 Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

1.5 Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax currently payable, relating to UK corporation tax, is calculated on the basis of the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the reporting date. Transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future give rise to a deferred tax liability or asset. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in years different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date, that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. The tax expense is recognised in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it is deemed probable that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and there is the intention either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.6 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Company holds only basic financial instruments, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, debtors and creditors.

Financial assets - classified as basic financial instruments

Debtors

Debtors are initially recognised at the transaction price, including any transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. Amounts that are receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be received, net of any impairment. Where a financial asset constitutes a financing transaction it is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of the future payments, discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial liabilities - classified as basic financial instruments

Creditors

Creditors are initially measured at the transaction price, including any transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amounts that are payable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be payable. Where a financial liability constitutes a financing transaction it is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of the future payments, discounted at a market rate of interest.

For the year ended 31st December 2018

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholders' funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and
- b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a nonderivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in the financial statement for called up share capital and share premium exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges. Finance payments associated with financial instruments are classified as part of shareholders' funds.

1.8 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The Directors do not consider there to be any critical accounting judgements that must be applied.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The Directors do not consider there to be any estimates or assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying value of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3 Employee information

The Company had no employees other than the 2 Directors (9 month period to 31st December 2017: 4 Directors). No remuneration was paid or is payable to the Directors (9 month period ended 31st December 2017: £nil). The Directors of the Company are also directors of the fellow subsidiaries and group companies and receive remuneration from these groug companies and fellow subsidiaries. The Directors do not believe that it is practical to apportion the amount between their services as directors of the Company and their services of the holding company and fellow subsidiaries.

For the year ended 31st December 2018

4 Administrative income/(expenses)

		9 month
	•	period to 31st
	Year to 31 st	December
	December 2018	2017
	£′000	£'000
Gain/(loss) on retranslation of foreign currency loans	22	(2,338)

In the 9 month period to 31st December 2017 related party Euro denominated loans were settled largely removing the company's exposure to foreign currency fluctuations.

5 Auditor's remuneration

The auditors remuneration of £4k (9 month period to 31st December 2017: £3k) was paid by SYNLAB Analytics & Services United Kingdom Limited on behalf of the Company, for the audit of the financial statements.

6 Interest receivable

	Year to 31 st December 2018 £'000	9 month period to 31 st December 2017 £'000
Waiver of interest on legacy loans to associated companies	•	1,248
7 Interest payable		·
	Year to 31 st December 2018 £'000	9 month period to 31 st December 2017 £'000
Interest payable on bank loans and overdrafts	-	1,329
8 Taxation	Year to 31st	9 month period to 31" December
Tax expense in profit or loss	December 2018 £'000	2017 £'000
UK corporation tax	•	-
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	· -
Total tax expense recognised in profit or loss	-	

For the year ended 31st December 2018

8 Taxation (continued)

Tax reconciliation

The tax rate used for the reconciliation is the corporate tax rate of 19% (31st December 2017: 19%) payable by the corporate entities in the UK on taxable profits under UK tax law.

The profit or loss charge for the year/period can be reconciled to the profit/(loss) for the year/period as follows:

	Year to 31 st December 2018 £'000	9 month period to 31 st December 2017 £'000
Profit/(loss) before taxation	22	(2,419)
Income tax calculated at 19% (9 month period to 31st December 2017: 19%)	. 4	(460)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible Amounts not recognised	-	(237) 697
Amounts offset by Group Relief		• •
Total tax expense recognised in profit or loss	-	
Deferred tax There are no deferred tax assets or liabilities recognised in the balance she realisation.	et because of uncertai	nty of their future
The element of unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:	.,	٠
	31 st December 2018 £'000	31 st December 2017 £'000

10	Investments	in subsidiary	/ undertakings

Unrecognised tax losses

	Total £'000
Cost	
31st December 2017 and 31st December 2018	164,360
Accumulated impairment	
31st December 2017 and 31st December 2018	(161,191)
Carrying value	
31" December 2017 and 31" December 2018	3,169

7,018

7,018

For the year ended 31st December 2018

10 Investments in subsidiary undertakings (continued)

The companies in which the Company's direct interest at the year-end is more than 20% are as follows:

Subsidiary undertakings	Country of Incorporation & registered address	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
ALcontrol Holdings Limited	United Kingdom Registered office: Unit 6, Parc Caer Seion, Conwy, UK, LL32 8FA	Intermediate holding company	100% ordinary

The companies in which the Company's indirect interest at the year-end is more than 20% are as follows:

Subsidiary undertakings	Country of incorporation & Registered office	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
ALcontrol Financial Limited	United Kingdom Registered office: Unit 6 Parc Caer Seion, Conwy, LL32 8FA	Finance company	100% ordinary
ALcontrol Netherlands Limited	United Kingdom Registered office: Unit 6, Parc Caer Seion, Conwy, UK, LL32 8FA	Non- trading	100% ordinary
SYNLAB Analytics & Services United Kingdom Limited (formerly ALcontrol Tribology Limited)	United Kingdom Registered office: 44 Colbourne Crescent, Nelson Park, Cramlington, NE23 1WB	Testing services	100% ordinary
11 Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year		
	31 ^s	December 2018 £'000	31 st December 2017 £'000

Loans owed to subsidiary undertakings are payable on demand and attract no interest charge. Loans owed to parent undertakings attracted interest at 5.3% per annum and are payable on demand.

12 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings

Amounts owed to parent undertakings

		•	2018 £′000	2017 £'000
Accrued interest on legacy preferences shares	•	•	7,074	7,074

4,972

1,323 6,295

6,273

For the year ended 31st December 2018

13 Called up share capital

Authorised:

Equity 31st December 2017 & 2018: 5,305,465,762 'A' Ordinary shares of £0.01 each

53,054,658

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

31st December 2017 & 2018: Equity: 5,300,351,937 'A' Ordinary shares of £0.01 each

53,003,519

31st December 2017 & 2018: Share premium reserve

67,385,424

14 Commitments

The Company has no outstanding commitments at the year-end (9 month period ended 31st December 2017: £nil).

15 Parent undertaking & ultimate controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Alcontrol Group Limited, registered office Unit 6, Parc Caer Seion, Conwy, UK, LL32 8FA.

The smallest group to consolidate these financial statements is SYNLAB Bondco plc, 2 Portman Street, London, W1H 6DU.

The largest group to consolidate these financial statements is SYNLAB Limited, 2 Portman Street, London, W1H 6DU.

Copies of SYNLAB Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at the company's registered office noted above.

The Company's ultimate parent Company and ultimate controlling party is Ephios Luxembourg Sarl a Company registered in Luxembourg. The group is ultimately owned by funds, advised by Cinven Capital Management (V) General Partner Limited, East Wing, Trafalgar Court, Les Banques, St Peter Port, GY1 3PP, Guernsey, authorised and regulated by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission.