M.R.M.U Limited

Filleted Accounts

30 September 2017

M.R.M.U Limited

Registered number: 05224788

Balance Sheet

as at 30 September 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		2,100		4,363
Current assets					
Stocks		128,843		128,843	
Debtors	3	3,890,805		4,041,823	
		4,019,648		4,170,666	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(3,406,913)		(3,589,653)	
Net current assets			612,735		581,013
Net assets		_ _	614,835	_ _	585,376
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			614,833		585,374
Shareholders' funds		- -	614,835	_ _	585,376

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mark Upton

Director

Approved by the board on 1 May 2018

M.R.M.U Limited Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 September 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal

of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

			Plant and machinery etc £
	Cost		
	At 1 October 2016		11,316
	At 30 September 2017		11,316
	Depreciation		
	At 1 October 2016		6,953
	Charge for the year		2,263
	At 30 September 2017		9,216
	Net book value		
	At 30 September 2017		2,100
	At 30 September 2016		4,363
3	Debtors	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade debtors	53	309,800
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in		
	which the company has a participating interest	2,823,999	2,647,755
	Other debtors	1,066,753	1,084,268
		3,890,805	4,041,823
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	19,357	16,972
	Trade creditors	74,929	69,499
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in		
	which the company has a participating interest	48,600	50,000
	Taxation and social security costs	52,411	68,515
	Other creditors	3,211,616	3,384,667
		3,406,913	3,589,653

5 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Mr Mark Upton by virtue of holding 100 percent shareholding in the company.

6 Other information

M.R.M.U Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

317 Horn Lane

Acton

London

W3 0BU

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