Intelligent Business Coaching Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 August 2017

Intelligent Business Coaching Limited

Registered number: 05196823

Balance Sheet

as at 31 August 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
Fixed assets			£		£
Tangible assets	3		446		772
Current assets					
Debtors	4	8,173		8,540	
Cash at bank and in hand		10,248		10,292	
	-	18,421		18,832	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(15,943)		(16,010)	
Net current assets	-		2,478		2,822
Net assets			2,924	- -	3,594
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			2,824		3,494
Shareholders' funds		_	2,924	_	3,594

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr R Short

Director

Approved by the board on 31 October 2017

Intelligent Business Coaching Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 August 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses. Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalment over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office equipment

33% straight line

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle

2	Employees	2017	2016
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Office
			equipment £
	Cost		£
	At 1 September 2016		2,838
	At 31 August 2017		2,838
	Depreciation		
	At 1 September 2016		2,066
	Charge for the year		326
	At 31 August 2017		2,392
	Net book value		
	At 31 August 2017		446
	At 31 August 2016		772
4	Debtors	2017	2016
•	Designs	£	£
	Other debtors	8,173	8,540
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
_		£	£
	Trade creditors	36	_
	Corporation tax	10,824	11,051
	Other taxes and social security costs	3,233	3,499
	Other creditors	1,850	1,460
		15,943	16,010

6 Other information

Intelligent Business Coaching Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Westwood House

Thrapston Road

Ellington

Cambridgeshire

PE28 OAE

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