Registration number: 10026937

VETPARTNERS GROUP LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

80A

08/03/2024 COMPANIES HOUSE

CONTENTS

Strategic Report	1 - 16
Directors' Report	17 - 19
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	20
Independent Auditor's Report	21 - 24
Consolidated Income Statement	25
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive income	26
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	27
Company Statement of Financial Position	28
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	29
Company Statement of Changes in Equity	30
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	31
Notes to the Financial Statements	

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

J C Malone M Stanworth

Registered Office

Spitfire House Aviator Court York YO30 4UZ

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc

3rd Floor 2 Whitehall Quay

Leeds LS1 4HR

Auditor

Deloitte LLP

1 New Street Square

London EC4A 3HQ

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2023.

This strategic report has been prepared for the Group as a whole and therefore gives greater emphasis to those matters which are significant to VetPartners Group Limited and its subsidiary undertakings (the "Group") when viewed as a whole.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Group is the provision of veterinary services. The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company.

Business ownership

The Group is owned by BC European Capital X, advised by BC Partners LLP.

BC European Capital X's ownership of the Group is through a collection of limited partnerships with no individual or institutional investor holding, directly or indirectly, more than 10%.

Group Strategy

The Group's mission is to deliver the best possible care for pets and clients. We provide a secure home for veterinary practices and our people. We deliver this by working as true partners; investing in people and infrastructure and by listening and evolving.

VetPartners' vision is to be the veterinary group of choice for customers, veterinary professionals and other employees, owners of vet practices, and related businesses as well as other key stakeholders and suppliers.

The Group's key strategies centre around five key areas:

- To be the veterinary employer of choice: In order to attract and retain the very best clinical and non-clinical teams the Group supports its team members at all stages of their career progression. During the year the Group has undertaken further group-wide employee engagement surveys and has acted on the feedback by continuing to improve terms and conditions and allowing hybrid working to continue where appropriate to enhance employees' productivity and work-life balance. The Group has an active wellbeing group which provides literature and support to ensure focus on the wellbeing of its team members.
- Provide excellence in customer care and service: The Group's team members are developed
 with a customer-centric focus. All customer care team members are enrolled into the British
 Veterinary Receptionist Association allowing them to receive training and achieve relevant
 qualifications. All practices have social media pages to promote engagement and communication
 with customers. Advice and content is supplied by the Group and key, best practice concepts are
 shared. Feedback from customers is encouraged and considered in order to enhance the quality
 of service provided.
- Provide outstanding care for our patients: At all times the Group expects its teams to put patient care at the forefront of everything they do and the Group provides investment in facilities and equipment to aid the delivery of this. The Group promotes training at all clinical levels to develop the skills of our clinical teams to help them provide the broadest range of treatment options. Patient care is championed and promoted throughout the Group. The Group's clinical boards and special interest groups share best practice and the latest innovations throughout the Group through local and national events and at regular training sessions.
- Develop our business in an efficient, ethical, sustainable and profitable way: The Group uses its scale and international reach to leverage efficiencies. Whilst the Group's emphasis is on sustainable growth and profit levels we are also focused on our environmental impact and sustainability in a much broader sense.
- Be the acquirer of choice in the UK and across Europe: A key strategy for the Group during 2023 and beyond is its continued growth across Europe.

In addition to the Group's five core strategies, there has been a move to increase the expertise in the central support teams both in the UK and also in our new geographies.

Review of the business

The results of the year show that the Group is continuing to achieve significant growth driven by both acquisitions and by organic growth with revenue up by 26% (2022: 33%), whilst, at the same time, maintaining a healthy gross margin of 77% (2022: 76%). The results for the European businesses within these Group results show turnover of £144,977,000 up from £50,477,000 last year representing an increase of 187% (2022: 387%). This increase has been driven by acquisitions in the year alongside organic growth. The Group's administrative expenses have increased due to continued expansion and amount to 71% of turnover (2022: 67%).

The Group's Adjusted EBITDA for the year ended 30 June 2023 was £130,081,000 (2022: £119,985,000). The Group's growth is partly driven by acquisitions, with 101 practices joining the Group in the year, as well as by organic growth. In each financial period the Group expects to incur professional fees for both completed and aborted transactions together with the costs of restructuring, integrating and combining acquired businesses. The Group operating result for the year ended 30 June 2023 included £22,414,000 of such costs (2022: £11,762,000).

There has been continued uncertainty in the macro-environment throughout the year. The Group is helped by the resilience of the veterinary sector but have worked hard to control costs appropriately and look after our people so we can continue to provide the highest levels of care and service. Increases in interest rates have been partly managed by flexibility built into our financing arrangements and we have a mixture of fixed and floating interest rate loans. We only have material exposure to the euro exchange rate as the base currency in which we trade in most of our European countries. We borrow in euros to fund our European expansion to provide a natural hedge.

Summary Financial Results	2023	2022
•	£'000	£'000
Revenue	723,296	574,467
Gross Profit	553,335	435,745
Adjusted EBITDA	130,081	119,985
Operating Profit	43,293	51,658

Adjusted EBITDA: is defined as profit or loss for the period before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and profit or loss on the disposal of tixed assets, plus adjustments for exceptional items. It is a non-GAAP measure and is the Group's measure of underlying profitability, which is used by the Board and senior management to measure and monitor the Group's performance.

The following table provides a reconciliation of Loss for the year to Adjusted EBITDA.

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Loss for the year	(81,946)	(22,339)
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(9,434)	(2,578)
Other losses	1,192	46
Depreciation	38,822	29,827
Amortisation	23,263	19,316
Interest payable and similar charges	134,334	79,506
Interest receivable and similar income	. (115)	(726)
Tax credit	(18,333)	(4,994)
Foreign exchange differences	8,161	165
Exceptional Items	34,137	21,762
Adjusted EBITDA	130,081	119,985
Exceptional items include the following:		
Reorganisation and restructuring costs	5,201	3,753
Business transformation costs	3,559	1,274
Acquisition and integration costs	22,414	11,762
Other non-recurring exceptional costs	2,963	4,973
Exceptional Items	34,137	21,762

Across its operating divisions the Group identifies its revenue into four categories: Fees, Drugs, Pet Care Plans and Other Sales including testing, training and on-line sales. Veterinary Fees are the largest component and account for 62% of the Group's revenue (2022: 61%). The gross margin percentage has increased to 77% (2022: 76%), with changes in the sales mix offset by the Group's improved procurement processes.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

People Costs account for the largest element within administrative expenses and amounted to £328,255,000 representing 45.4% of turnover (2022: £248,016,000 representing 43.2% of turnover).

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

Cash generated from operations amounted to £84,546,000 compared to £81,861,000 for the previous year; payments for acquisitions amounted to £276,523,000 (2022: £240,098,000) and proceeds from borrowings were £139,500,000 (2022: £280,511,000).

As at 30 June 2023, the Group's utilised bank borrowing facilities totalled £1,145,904,000 (June 2022: £987,125,000) – comprising Unitranche, Super Senior Debt and a Revolving Credit Facility. The Group has subsequently undertaken a refinancing exercise to increase the overall facilities and extend the term of the loans. See Note 29.

Financial Risk Management Policies and Objectives

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and inflation risk

Credit Risk: The Group's principal assets, excluding goodwill, other intangibles and right-of-use assets are bank balances and trade debtors. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors, which totalled £47.4m at 30 June 2023 (2022: £41.5m). This risk is managed through credit control procedures including limits on customer spending and the use of a dedicated central credit collection team supporting practice-based team members. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of the provision for doubtful debts. The credit risk in respect of bank balances is safeguarded by using banks with high credit ratings. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with its exposure spread across a large number of customers.

Liquidity Risk: In order to maintain liquidity and to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and developments, the Group operates a centralised treasury function, including intercompany cash transfers. The Group has sufficient funds through existing cash balances, free cash flow and its credit facility to service the annual cost of its financing and to meet its other business needs. The Group manages the banking risk by only using banks with a high credit rating and by minimising the cash held overseas.

Interest Rate Risk: During the year to 30 June 2023 the Group's bank loans were at variable rates linked to SONIA, EURIBOR and SOFR depending on the currency of the loan; the Board continues to monitor the Group's position regarding interest rate risk and to implement strategies to manage this as is considered appropriate. Increases in interest rates experienced before and after our financial year end have been partly managed by flexibility built into our financing arrangements but we also have a mixture of fixed and floating interest rate loans to spread risk. On 18 October 2023 the Group's loans were refinanced and additional equity of £260m was injected. The loan facility has been increased to £1,490m. This refinancing reduces the liquidity risk with more Payment In Kind (PIK) and non-payment of interest options and the loans are not due for repayment until 2029.

Foreign Exchange Risk: As the Group expands in Europe the part of the Group's earnings and borrowings that are denominated in non-sterling currencies increases. In the year the Group has increased its euro-denominated assets and to a lesser extent its Swiss franc denominated assets. Under its debt facilities the Group is able to borrow in the underlying currency of the assets to fund these acquisitions which provides a natural hedge to the foreign exchange risk of the assets. The Group does not undertake any further foreign exchange risk hedging and has no direct trading or borrowing exposure to the US dollar.

Inflation Risk: During the year to 30 June 2023 there has been a significant increase in the rate of inflation leading to increases in the costs of goods and services provided by the Group. The Group manages inflation risk by regularly monitoring the costs and seeking to mitigate these by enhanced purchasing power and by regularly reviewing the prices charged to customers.

Development and Performance During the Year

Our practice teams have demonstrated enormous commitment and professionalism meeting our clients' requirements.

In addition to organic growth the Group has continued to acquire more veterinary practices both in the UK and overseas. During the year a further 12 UK practices joined VetPartners as well as a further 89 practices in Europe, with the Group making its first acquisitions in Portugal and the Netherlands. The European acquisitions comprised seven French practices, 32 Spanish practices, 10 Italian practices, two Swiss companies, six German practices, seven Irish practices, five Portuguese practices and two Dutch groups. Each of our country teams has expanded to

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

support the newly acquired local practices and cross-country networks have been established in order to bring consistency and support across the Group where this is relevant and beneficial.

Each country team has also developed external PR strategies in order to attract further clients, team members and other potential acquisitions. This includes social media and veterinary congress attendance.

The Group has purchased its own Practice Management System (PMS) and has a team who have been enhancing, developing and implementing this. More than 50 of the Group's sites within the UK are now using this PMS and the roll out will continue over the coming years bringing a greater level of consistency and reliability to our systems.

The Group continues to invest in capital projects to improve the Group's infrastructure. During the year the Kibworth branch of Ash Tree Vets was doubled in size, the West Road site of Westway Vets was expanded, three other of the Westway sites were merged into one enlarged and improved site to provide enhanced patient care and Beechwood Vets have opened a new site to improve client and patient services. Further capital investment will continue in the forthcoming year.

In order to continue to improve our customers experience the Group started measuring Net Promoter Scores for each site during the year. This enables the Group to obtain an objective measure of customer satisfaction and this is being used to support practices where the score is lower than expected.

During the year the Group continued to move pay above the National Minimum Wage, providing enhancements to our lowest paid employees.

A number of bursaries have been introduced to help students from lower income households during their time at vet school. Each of the recipients of these bursaries will receive £1,500 a year for the duration of their time at vet school.

The Group is also maintaining its hardship fund which enables team members to access financial support in certain circumstances.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group has identified the following major risks:

Group reputational risk: Internal reporting lines have been established to ensure fair and compliant processes are in place in order to avoid incidents and to manage PR risks if they occur.

Brexit and resultant risks: The Group continues to experience challenges with recruiting vets arising from the reduced number of EU vets registered with RCVS. There is a continued focus on the retention of people and effective networking to ensure timely visibility of regulatory changes. The procurement team continues to work with suppliers, in order to ensure continuity of supply of products.

Compliance Breach: Internal processes have been developed and shared alongside systems being implemented to mitigate this risk.

Regulatory or Legislative change: The Group undertakes professional networking, has a consultant to provide specialist sector knowledge, engages legal services for regular updates and employs an experienced lawyer as Group Legal Counsel.

French Regulatory Environment – During 2023 the national and regional regulatory bodies in France issued deregistration decisions against VetPartners France's subsidiaries and a number of other groups operating veterinary practices in the country. On 28 September 2023, the French Vet National Order (CNOV) sought to enforce previously issued deregistration decisions in place against VetPartners France and its subsidiaries. On 23 October 2023, a conciliation process commenced between all parties including, amongst others, the CNOV, the French Ministry of Agriculture and VetPartners France. On 8 December it was confirmed via a press release from the Ministry of Agriculture that the first phase of this conciliation process has concluded with a standard doctrine established to clarify the decisions handed down by the French High Court's decisions issued on 10 July 2023. This doctrine has been signed by all parties involved in the conciliation procedure. Phase 2 of the conciliation process is expected to run until mid-March 2024. The Group has considered the progress made under phase 1, including the contemplated arrangements the Group has already thought of putting put in place to enable it to meet the requirements of the regulator and the Ministry of Agriculture, and is committed to reaching a satisfactory conclusion to this matter that ensures all its practices continue to operate. The French practices contributed 6.6% of revenue and 1.2% of adjusted EBITDA in the year to 30 June 2023. At this stage, it is not anticipated that the doctrine will lead to any change in the

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Group's assessment of control, but this matter remains under review by the Group as the conciliation process continues.

Competition and Markets Authority (CMA): The Group ensures that knowledge gained during the CMA review in the last two years is used when assessing further UK acquisitions. On 7 September 2023 the CMA announced that they are to open an enquiry into the operation of the UK veterinary sector and to explore how the market is working for pet owners. It is expected that the Group will receive feedback from this market study in February 2024.

IT failure: Elements of the disaster recovery plan mean that redundancies are built in, such as duplicated servers in geographically distinct locations and appropriate service level agreements for third party suppliers. The Group's IT support has been brought in-house and this has helped to increase visibility and mitigate issues arising.

Significant data breach: The Group maintains an ongoing focus on training around policies regarding data breaches alongside IT resources being regularly stress tested and a clear escalation process for any possible issues.

The attraction and retention of excellent clinical and non-clinical employees, including vets and nurses: A variety of factors contribute to recruitment challenges across the veterinary and non-veterinary teams including people leaving the profession, reduced hours working and career breaks which all impact on available working hours. The focus on attraction and retention of vet teams remains a key priority for the Group.

Financial and Non-Financial key performance indicators

The KPIs set out in the table below are fundamental to the business and reflect the focus on the drivers that enable the management team to achieve the Group's business plans, strategic aims and objectives:

	2023	2022
Revenue (£'000)	723,296	574,467
Adjusted EBITDA (£'000)	130,081	119,985
Operating Profit (£'000)	43,293	51,658
Gross Profit Margin	76.5%	75.9%
Net Debt – excluding lease liabilities (£'000) Note 27	1,341,033	973,216
Employee Numbers	11,288	6,887
Number of Sites	763	647
Number of Vets	3,809	2,635

Business Model

The Group aims to provide outstanding veterinary care to its patients and thereby build a long-term relationship with its clients, recognising that customer care and professionalism are key to customer retention. In order to help to achieve this the Group shares benchmarking and best practice across its various sites and in doing so helps to improve performance both operationally and financially. This is promoted by the Group's clinical boards sharing knowledge and looking to enhance patient and customer care.

The Group's small animal practices work on a hub and spoke model with local practices sending out of hours and more complex cases to larger hospital sites. Team members are frequently shared between the local and hospital sites to help to maintain consistent standards of care and utilise the range of experience provided by our employees.

The Group business model is to allow veterinary practices to continue to operate under their original name in order to retain their local identity and their place in the community. The Group recognises that practices can only build sustainably by providing excellent value care and that organic growth is driven by reputation and word of mouth. Whilst the business model is to grow turnover locally at a practice level another key feature is to create a streamlined and centralised support function enabling savings to be made through enhanced purchasing power and more efficient administrative functions.

This model has proved to be successful in the UK and the Group is now continuing to expand into mainland Europe where similar models are being adopted.

In each country we expand into time is taken to ensure that the country lead has the appropriate range of skills and experience, as well as critically endorsing and embodying our culture. All country leads are well networked in the veterinary sector.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The Group recognises that clients increasingly expect to be able to use technology to interact with our practices. Equally the use of the appropriate digital technology and expertise creates opportunities for us to improve the quality of care and service and improve the effectiveness of our teams, both in practices and centrally.

Future developments

The veterinary sector continues to experience favourable trends both in the UK and Europe. The continued humanisation of pets, an increased pet population and the desire of owners for their pets and animals to receive more sophisticated levels of care is present in all markets we operate in. We are conscious of the current pressures on household budgets but, based on past experience and current research and feedback we are confident in the resilience of the Group.

The expansion into Europe presents multiple opportunities and is a priority for the Group. We are expanding into more countries within mainland Europe where the recruitment of well-connected Country Leads in each target country has helped to facilitate this. We have significant undrawn committed facilities to support this growth but if future and non-committed acquisitions require funding in excess of the current facilities, we would approach the provider of our current facilities, who have significantly increased our acquisition facilities in the past, to facilitate this. Our fast rate of growth in Europe requires good people, with the right mix of experience, sector knowledge and cultural fit, effective processes and reliable professional advisors. We are lucky to have almost seven years of experience across a number of key roles in the UK of managing this type of growth. We use this to share relevant knowledge and provide a control framework that is then adapted to the local culture and regulations.

The Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons ("RCVS") is looking at the role of other members, or potential members, of the veterinary team, including Registered Veterinary Nurses, and consulting on bringing others into regulation and they have also been holding consultations on remote prescribing. These consultations bring a mix of risks and possible opportunities.

Environmental matters

As a veterinary company with an estate comprising over 763 sites operating throughout the UK and Europe, the Group recognises the potential scale of its environmental impact through resource and energy consumption and the size of our supply chain. The Group's sustainability strategy responds to this and is structured according to some of the core values upon which the Group was founded: ethical and sustainable business development and a commitment to providing excellent experiences for customers and colleagues.

The Group's sustainability strategy contains 21 targets for the five years 2021-2026, including commitments to reduce energy use by 20%, to divert at least 90% of waste from landfill, to tackle the environmental impacts of veterinary care, and to increase positive social impacts through volunteering and fundraising for charity. The strategy also incorporates a commitment to review and report on progress annually. In March 2023 we published our second annual Sustainability and Giving Back report describing highlights from the year and reviewing our progress against the 21 identified targets as well as restating the targets themselves to ensure that they are still relevant and sufficiently challenging. We have achieved four of the targets and are on track to achieve a further 14. Having increased the level of ambition for three targets last year, we increased the level of ambition for one further target this year and changed our Investors in the Environment targe to include the news RCVS Environmental Sustainability award within the Practice Standards Scheme.

In Autumn 2022 we began the process of installing automatic meter reading technology to allow more accurate monitoring of energy use and highlight where intervention would be most effective. We have also commenced a series of site energy audits with our energy consultants, to help us identify and implement energy efficiency measures across our estate.

Since its launch in October 2020, Group colleagues have prevented over 14 tonnes of PPE and plastic packaging from going to waste by recycling through the TerraCycle Zero Waste Box service.

Nine further VetPartners businesses or locations signed up to Investors in the Environment this year, bringing the total number of participating businesses to 33. Nine businesses have now achieved the Bronze award, three Silver (including our head office), and one the highest Green award.

The Group also launched a group wide initiative with the World Land Trust and are sponsoring new graduates to provide services in Thailand.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Streamlined energy and carbon reporting (SECR)

The report covers the energy use and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions arising from purchased electricity, consumption of transport fuels by company-owned vehicles, and the combustion of fuel for hot water and space heating. All the sites within this scope were assumed to use natural gas as fuel for hot water and space heating.

		Calendar year 2023	Calendar year 2022
Energy consumption used to calculate emissions	:/kWh	60,439,649	49,084,976
Breakdown of above total energy by source	Electricity	12,235,138	10,503,082
	Gas	7,575,899	7,764,783
	Transport	7,653,069	5,880,427
	Other	32,975,543	24,936,684
Emissions from combustion of gas (Scope 1) / tCo	O2e	9,486	7,592
Emissions from combustion of fuel for transport	purposes (Scope 1) / tCO2e	1,892	1,441
Emissions from business travel in rental cars of where the company is responsible for purchas business flights (Scope 3) / tCO2e		23	8
Emissions from purchased electricity (Scope 2, location-based) / tCO2e Emissions from biomass (Scope 1) / tCO2e		2,530 0	1,817 1
Total gross CO2e based on above (location-based	l) / tCO2e	13,931	10,859
Emissions from purchased electricity (Scope 2, ma	arket-based) / tCO2e	18	87
Intensity ratio: tCO2e (gross) per m² floor area		0.135	0.119
Intensity ratio: tCO2e (gross) per number of practices		82,435	70,512
Number of Supplies Listed for Gas		353	293
% Invoice Coverage for SECR for Gas		85%	84%
Number of Supplies Listed for Electricity		540	516
% Invoice Coverage for SECR for Electricity		88%	69%

Method

The report has been prepared in accordance with the 2019 HM Government Environmental Reporting Guidelines, the GHG Reporting Protocol – Corporate standard and the 2023 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Electricity and Gas

More invoices were available for 2023 compared to the 2022 report, in particular for electricity supplies. Where necessary to fill the gaps in available data a pro-rata calculation of the estimated annual consumption has been used. The estimated annual consumption has been derived from site invoices where available and for sites where no invoices were available an average of the known annual consumption per site has been used.

Electricity - Market Based Emissions

Market based emissions have been calculated using published fuel mix disclosures from relevant suppliers for the reporting period. Where records of appointed suppliers are unavailable or where this information has not been published emissions have been calculated using the 2023 UK Conversion Factors for Company reporting.

Transportation

Where only fuel card data is available, or where there is no information on engine type the assumption used is that it was diesel that was purchased.

Intensity Measurement

The chosen intensity measurement ratio is total gross emissions in tonnes of CO2e per m2 floor area and total gross emissions in tonnes of CO2e per practice.

Energy Efficiency Action taken

During the year the Group has periodically updated the bespoke guide to sustainability in veterinary practices and associated businesses, which is available to all colleagues via the Group's e-Learning system. The guides include comprehensive advice and resources for reducing energy use in practice, including both behavioural change and practical / technological measures. To complement this the Group has organised a series of 'mini campaigns on internal social media, with tips for energy use reduction in practice.

30 of the Group's practices and the central support office have signed up to the Investors in the Environment scheme, which includes commitments to monitoring and reducing energy use. The Group has offered discounted membership, and has resources dedicated to encouraging practices to sign up and support them through the process. Nine practices have achieved the Bronze accreditation, two practices and the central support office have achieved Silver accreditation and one practice has maintained the highest Green level accreditation. The Group continues to encourage practices and businesses to sign up and has seen consistently high interest and rates of enrolment since the start of this initiative.

A process has been established to ensure that each site takes manual meter readings every month where automatic meter reading (AMR) is not in place to allow more accurate monitoring of energy use and highlight where intervention would be most effective. The rollout of AMR to all of the sites is underway with 85% of the Group's UK sites now on smart meters. The intention is to have 100% of the UK sites on AMR by 2024.

The Group has engaged energy consultants to conduct energy reviews at a representative sample of sites, the results will inform an energy efficiency strategy which will also feed into the Group's recently commenced programme of work to set net zero carbon targets.

There continue to be periodic updates to the bespoke guide to sustainability in veterinary practices and associated businesses, which is available to all colleagues via the in-house e-learning system. The guides include comprehensive advice and resources for reducing energy use in practice, including both behavioural change and practical / technological measures.

Climate Related Financial Disclosures

Governance of climate risks

VetPartners Group Limited's Risk Committee comprises members of the Board and the Senior Management Team and the Committee meets at least three times a year. The company risk register documents the likelihood, severity, likely consequences and planned mitigations for all categories of risk, including climate-related risks. Climate risks and opportunities are primarily identified by the Sustainability Team and forwarded by the Head of Environment, Social & Governance and the Operations Director (Non-Practice Operations) to the Risk Committee.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Each risk documented in the company risk register is owned by a departmental head: in the case of climate-related risks this is the Operations Director (Non-Practice Operations). The risk owner may delegate actions to their own department or to other departments as appropriate. VetPartners' climate-related risks are managed as follows:

- Property team: weather-related damage to buildings, flood risk
- Sustainability team: emissions reductions and reporting and climate-related regulatory reporting
- Clinical Board, Regulatory Advice team and Business Development team: risks involving disease, treatment and aspects of patient care

Climate-related opportunities are not currently within the Risk Committee's remit. They are documented in business cases and project briefs developed within VetPartners' Programme Management framework.

Climate risks and opportunities for VetPartners Group Limited

The climate related risks and opportunities were identified through consultation with the Head of Environment Social & Governance, the Group Financial Controller, and the members of the Risk Committee.

The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Sixth Assessment Report used five Shared Socioeconomic Pathways (SSP) to describe different scenarios of potential socioeconomic and geopolitical changes up to 2100. Climate models were used by the IPCC to estimate warming levels (relative to pre-industrial temperatures) under the different scenarios. Three of the five SSPs have been used to guide internal discussions and assessments of the risks and opportunities, and to frame assessment of their materiality over the short, medium and long term. Warming estimates for the scenarios from the Summary for Policymakers of the Contribution of Working Group I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the IPCC were used alongside the narrative scenarios.

SSP2 ('Middle of the road') and SSP5 ('Fossil-fuelled development') were omitted as the risks and opportunities presented by these scenarios were considered likely to be fully encapsulated within the other three scenarios chosen. The Summary for Policymakers of the 2023 Synthesis Report from the IPCC (AR6) was also used as a reference for identifying risks and opportunities. Factors considered when choosing the time periods by reference to which risks and opportunities are assessed include the typical investment cycle for VetPartners Group Limited, the age of the Company and the increase in uncertainty of predictions further into the future: both ours and those of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) whose warming estimates and scenarios have been used. Risks were considered over the following time horizons:

Short term (<5 years), which aligns approximately within the Group's planning cycles and with the current set of goals for sustainability and company growth.

Medium term (5 - 10 years), which is considered to be a timeframe within which risks can be anticipated with some degree of accuracy based on climate, geopolitical and sociological forecasts, albeit with some uncertainty over scale and scope.

Long term (>10 years), which describes the Group's consideration of risks and opportunities outside the other time horizons, based on available climate, geopolitical and sociological forecasts but with significant uncertainty over their likelihood scale and scope.

SSP1: Sustainability (Taking the Green Road)

"The world shifts gradually, but pervasively, toward a more sustainable path, emphasizing more inclusive development that respects predicted environmental boundaries. Management of the global commons slowly improves, educational and health investments accelerate the demographic transition, and the emphasis on economic growth shifts toward a broader emphasis on human well-being. Driven by an increasing commitment to achieving development goals, inequality is reduced both across and within countries. Consumption is oriented toward low material growth and lower resource and energy intensity."

Warming 2021 - 2040		Warming 2	2041 - 2060
Best estimate °C	Very likely range °C	Best estimate °C	Very likely range °C
1.5	1.2 – 1.7	1.6	1.2 – 2.0

SSP3: Regional rivalry (A Rocky Road)

"A resurgent nationalism, concerns about competitiveness and security, and regional conflicts push countries to increasingly focus on domestic or, at most, regional issues. Policies shift over time to become increasingly oriented toward national and regional security issues. Countries focus on achieving energy and food security goals within their own regions at the expense of broader-based development. Investments in education and technological development decline. Economic development is slow, consumption is material-intensive, and inequalities persist or worsen over time. Population growth is low in industrialized and high in developing countries. A low international priority for addressing environmental concerns leads to strong environmental degradation in some regions."

Warming 2021 - 2040		Warming:	2041 - 2060
Best estimate °C	Very likely range °C	Best estimate °C	Very likely range °C
1.5	1.2 – 1.8	2.0	1.6 – 2.5

SSP4: Inequality (A Road Divided)

"Highly unequal investments in human capital, combined with increasing disparities in economic opportunity and political power, lead to increasing inequalities and stratification both across and within countries. Over time, a gap widens between an internationally-connected society that contributes to knowledge- and capital-intensive sectors of the global economy, and a fragmented collection of lower-income, poorly educated societies that work in a labour intensive, low-tech economy. Social cohesion degrades and conflict and unrest become increasingly common. Technology development is high in the high-tech economy and sectors. The globally connected energy sector diversifies, with investments in both carbon-intensive fuels like coal and unconventional oil, but also low-carbon energy sources. Environmental policies focus on local issues around middle and high income areas."

Warming 2021 - 2040		Warming :	2041 - 2060
Best estimate °C	Very likely range °C	Best estimate °C	Very likely range °C
1.5	1.2 – 1.8	2.1	1.7 – 2.6

Risk	Opportunity	Timescale and likelihood
More frequent extreme weather events disrupt distribution of goods, leading to shortage of key veterinary medicines or equipment		Medium term, increasing in the long term. As extreme weather events become more frequent, it is likely that the risk of supply chain distribution disruptions will increase. The rate of increase is difficult to predict due to the uncertainty around weather predictions at the region scale, and the rate of adaptation of distribution infrastructure and systems. This risk is most likely to be realised under SSP3 and SSP4, and the higher temperature range estimate for SSP1.
Flooding of buildings due to more frequent flood events (surface water, river and coastal flooding)		Short term, increasing in the medium to long term.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Risk	Opportunity	Timescale and likelihood
Damage to buildings or vehicles from increasingly frequent and intense extreme weather events		Statistically significant Increases in heavy rainfall and flooding have already been observed in the UK.
(storms, wind)		Statistically significant increases in the frequency and intensity of storms and high winds have already been observed in the UK.
		The most significant impacts are likely to occur under SSP3 and SSP4 and the higher temperature range estimate for SSP1.
Enhanced emissions	Increased focus on energy	Short, increasing in the medium term.
reduction and reporting obligations incur increased time and resource costs for monitoring and analysing environmental and energy data.	use and emissions allows identification of efficiencies. Early enhanced reporting, target-setting and action may provide reputational benefits.	New reporting requirements on climate change risks, opportunities, mitigation and adaptation have already been introduced in recent years and are very likely to continue to develop in detail.
Reputational risk of perceived or actual failure to comply with new regulations.		Both risks and the reputational benefit opportunity here are likely highest under SSP1. The opportunity to benefit by identifying efficiencies will be high under all scenarios, subject to developments in the global energy market. This opportunity may be higher under SSP3 and SSP4, but harder to predict in a volatile global economy.
		Under SSP3 and SSP4, the risks will likely be lower due to the lower emphasis on human and environmental wellbeing, although under SSP4 we would expect highly differing levels of risk between different operating regions. The reputational benefit of best practice reporting and action would similarly be lower under SSP3, and heterogeneous by region under SSP4.
Societal shift away from	A shift to alternatives such as	Long term.
meat and dairy consumption due to regulation or social trends leads to a shrinking livestock sector in the UK, with loss of revenues for farm vets.	insect protein offers opportunities for farm veterinary business diversification into insect production and husbandry veterinary services.	Many climate change mitigation scenarios require a dramatic decrease in meat consumption by 2050. However despite the rapidly growing market for vegetarian and vegan meat alternatives, meat consumption in the UK has shown only recent signs of levelling off, and no downturn. This issue is therefore unlikely to present material risks or opportunities for the business in the short to medium term under all scenarios. Risks and opportunities in this area are most likely to become relevant under SSP1, still over the longer term but sooner than under SSP3 and SSP4.
	Heatwaves, and increased vector ranges due to milder	Long term.

Risk	Opportunity	Timescale and likelihood
	wetter weather, lead to pandemics and higher disease burden in animals, and increased demand for veterinary services and increased revenues.	There is currently limited evidence for increases in disease burden in VetPartners' operating regions due to climate change. Epidemiologists and climate scientists predict that the risk will increase globally in a warming world, though region-specific risk assessments are challenging. Increased demand for veterinary services is therefore likely under SSP1 if the temperature increase is in line with the upper bound of the estimates, and more likely under SSP3 and SSP4 as the world warms more rapidly.

Resilience statement

Under all three scenarios, we consider that the core business model and operations of the business are resilient to the risks presented by climate change over the short and medium term as we have defined those time periods here. Over this timescale, the risks most likely to occur and to have material impacts are those involving weather-related disruption, with damage to buildings and supply chain disruption being the key issues. As a result, while resilience is considered high across the board, it is likely higher under scenarios with less warming occurring, i.e. SSP1.

While some weather-related disruption is virtually certain to occur over this timeframe (and indeed already has occurred), we have a well established crisis management structure which was tested and improved during the shortages of PPE, sanitisers, and other key veterinary supplies due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Good supply chain data and well maintained supplier relationships allow us to respond dynamically to a changing commercial environment, and we have established internal processes to identify alternatives and procure via alternative means. In FY23 - 24 our supply chain sustainability project will map tier 1 suppliers, enabling more detailed assessment of potential climate impacts on VetPartners' supply chain.

The crisis management structure developed during the Covid-19 pandemic also includes mitigation measures when sites are required to close temporarily. Additionally, the geographic spread of our businesses increases the resilience of our operations, as it allows for movement of colleagues between practices to maintain levels of service. There is also the potential for the temporary transfer of business operations or patients to unaffected sites.

While enhanced emissions reduction and reporting obligations are considered highly likely over the short and medium terms, the material risks and opportunities presented by this are considered to be minor. Environment and climate-related regulatory compliance is managed by the Sustainability team, which has a defined process for identifying changes to regulatory requirements including subscription to a specialised environmental legal register with monthly bulletins on changes and consultations. An additional role and increases in contracted hours have increased the team's capacity by 1 FTE this year, partly as a response to these requirements, and to ensure good progress on our net zero carbon targets. We have also recently appointed consultants to work with us to calculate our baseline Scope 1, 2 and 3 CO2e emissions, and set net zero targets which we will submit for approval by the Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTI) by the end of calendar year 2024.

While resilience in the longer term (>10 years) becomes harder to predict under all scenarios, we consider that the internal conditions are in place to allow VetPartners to remain resilient to the impacts of climate change over this time period. The extent of our resilience will be impacted by the external factors discussed in the SSP scenarios, and by VetPartners' actions over the short and medium term to mitigate and adapt to risks and benefit from opportunities.

The longer term risks and opportunities identified here will require flexibility and the development of new skills and knowledge. Our learning and development framework, managed by a dedicated Learning & Development team, ensures that all clinical colleagues receive appropriate CPD to keep their skills and knowledge up to date. Our teams are therefore well placed to develop new skills to respond to changes in client requirements.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Shifting trends in pet ownership, developments in best available treatments and techniques, and changes to the guidelines issued by accrediting bodies are common in the sector; and we therefore have well-established processes for communicating and adapting to them. Similarly, we have established processes for responding rapidly to a changing epidemiological landscape, with precedents with the avian flu and foot and mouth diseases; and potential zoonoses such as the recent rise in Brucella canis cases in the UK.

Climate-related targets and performance

VetPartners' sustainability strategy and our annual sustainability reports set out our commitments to positive action for the environment, including reductions in our energy use and greenhouse gas emissions. Of the 21 targets we have set ourselves to achieve by 2026, four relate to mitigation of our impacts on the climate:

Target	KPI	Progress
90% of practices will be on renewable energy tariffs.	Percentage of VetPartners business sites (by number of premises) on 'green' or renewable electricity tariffs.	93% of UK sites are now on green tariffs. Overseas sites are not currently being monitored.
We will know the carbon footprint of VetPartners and set carbon reduction targets for 2026 and 2030.	Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon footprints Accredited reduction targets	We have recently engaged consultancy support to calculate our scope 1, scope 2 and scope 3 carbon footprint across VetPartners. The project scope includes setting net zero targets for each scope, submission of targets for accreditation by the Science Based Targets Initiative, and development of an implementation plan for reaching net zero. We anticipate that the project will commence in December 2023, with footprinting to finish in approximately Q3 2024, and target setting and submission to SBTI to take place in or around Q4 2024.
		In addition to the site energy audits currently being conducted for our forthcoming ESOS submission, we are also installing automatic meter reading technology across all of our sites in order to improve energy monitoring and identify opportunities for efficiency improvements. We are continuing to improve our understanding of our energy consumption: in 2022 gas invoice data were available for 84% of our sites, and electricity invoice data for 69% of our sites; up from 16% and 23% respectively in 2021.
We will implement	Documented measures in	In 2022 over 99% of VetPartners practices committed
additional measures to	practices, including remote	to stopping purchases of nitrous oxide: one of the
reduce the use of and	and on-site training and	more potent greenhouse gases.
escape of anaesthetic greenhouse gases in 20% of practices.	purchase of equipment designed to reduce required use of inhaled anaesthesia. Uptake of training on low flow or 'greener' anaesthesia.	In collaboration with the VetPartners Clinical Board and Anaesthesia Clinical Interest Group, a campaign was produced on reducing the environmental impacts of anaesthesia, including reference guides and three hours' worth of webinars which are available to all colleagues via our e-learning platform.
We will reduce our energy use by 20% (on a per practice basis) compared with 2021.	Purchased electricity, natural gas, and other heating fuels.	Energy consumption for financial year 2022/23 and commentary on efficiency measures undertaken are documented in the Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting

Employee Matters

In order to ensure compliance with external regulations, Employee Handbooks are available to all the Group's employees, which outline the core employment related policies including Equal Opportunities, Disciplinary and Grievance and Health & Safety. Post coronavirus most training programmes, where our managers keep up to date with employment law and management best practice, were moved back to being face-to-face events to aid the audience. We continue to listen to our colleagues, via our bi-annual colleague engagement surveys and hold leadership development sessions with all line managers via our internal teams and with external support as appropriate.

Career Pathways have been developed for all clinical positions which allow practice-based employees to evaluate their current level of experience and capability. This is with a view to creating a development plan which they can follow in order to improve specific skills or gain experience which will stand them in good stead for career advancement. As part of their employment contract the majority of employees receive a Continual Professional Development (CPD) allowance which can be used to fund their ongoing development by attending bespoke external programmes. During the year we also continued to move pay above the National Minimum Wage, providing enhancements to our lowest paid employees.

A range of internal training programmes are made available including The Manager Programme, a national Equine CPD and Business update event, a Middle / Senior Manager strategy workshop and the Group's LMS Moodle platform.

Due to its rapid growth the Group has had ongoing recruitment campaigns for a broad range of employment opportunities both in the practices and the Central Office. On average we welcomed 121 new starters per month during 2022/23. The Group also recruited 120 Graduate Vets and an additional 85 student veterinary nurses were employed through an apprenticeship programme offering them the chance to qualify as Registered Veterinary Nurses, at the same time as gaining practical on the job experience.

On the company's extranet, Squirrel, recruiting managers are given access to a wide variety of supporting documentation including advertisement templates, interview guides and candidate evaluation grids as a means of promoting best practice and compliance with recruitment legislation.

The Group undertakes a bi-annual employee survey. The results are confidential and are managed by a specialist external company. The results are provided to the directors who then hold a series of meetings with employees to discuss the feedback and to advise what consequential action is being taken, previously surveys have resulted in improved work flexibility where practical and appropriate to the business.

The directors hold quarterly team briefings to provide the employees with an update with regard to the Group's performance and development. The directors advise the employees, via e-mail, of significant developments such as the announcement of the CMA investigation, as soon as practicable. Individual achievements are recognised through 'Celebrating Success' notifications and by 'Nettie' awards.

Social, community and human rights issues

The Group is committed to preventing slavery and human trafficking in our activities and ensuring that our supply chains are free from slavery and human trafficking. We view this as part of our wider responsibility to the Animal Health industry and to society.

The Group recognises that the greatest societal impacts we can have are likely to be in our supply chain, and therefore have a dedicated target in our sustainability strategy to develop a set of minimum standards for human rights and sustainability and to ensure that all tier 1 suppliers meet them within five years. Following this we will extend our focus to subsequent tiers within our supply chain.

The Group has a significant presence in communities all over the UK and Europe, where its practices provide vital support for companion animals and for the farming sector. In its sustainability strategy the Group has committed to working with farmers and farming organisations to promote sustainable agriculture, and to working with other organisations in the veterinary sector and beyond to participate in knowledge exchange and to promote the key role that vets have in responding to environmental and social issues.

Many of the Group's colleagues are passionate about fundraising for a variety of social causes, and the Group's Giving Back action plan contains a number of measures to support its colleagues in volunteering and fundraising activities. During the financial year, Group colleagues raised £115,000 for a range of charities including the Gambia Horse and Donkey Trust, our chosen charity of the year, through a variety of events including cake sales, raffles, walks, runs, bike rides, charity claw clips and hoof trims, and the donation of speaker fees. During the year

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

VetPartners Group donated an additional £54,000 through our matched donation scheme, which augments fundraising by VetPartners colleagues for their chosen charities. In September 2022 VetPartners formed a corporate partnership with the conservation charity World Land Trust, pledging to support the organisation for a minimum of five years. Donations from VetPartners are derived through sponsoring colleagues' team building activities and challenges such as the 'Months of Movement' in October 2022 and May 2023. Since September 2022, £50,000 has been donated to World Land Trust's Buy an Acre programme, allowing the charity to purchase 497 acres of threatened habitats and to protect the wildlife there.

The Group encourages volunteering with all colleagues in the UK receiving one day a year of paid leave for the purpose of volunteering for their chosen cause.

The Group undertakes inclusivity and diversity training at a practice level.

Section 172 statement

The Directors are of the opinion that they have effectively implemented their duties under section 172 of the Companies Act 2006. The Directors have considered the long-term strategy of the of the Group as disclosed in the Group strategy section of this report and consider that this strategy will continue to deliver long term success to the Group and its stakeholders.

The Directors recognise the importance of a wide range of stakeholders in delivering their strategy and achieving sustainability within the Group. The main stakeholders in the Group are considered to be the shareholders, lenders, employees (see page 14), suppliers and customers. Information on the Group's considerations in respect of its employees, its suppliers the wider community in which it operates (see page 14) including environmental considerations (see page 6) and maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct are detailed in this report. The Directors provide monthly financial information to the principal shareholders and lenders and the Group's growth strategy clearly identifies our approach to continually add value for our shareholders.

Providing excellence in customer care and service and outstanding care for our patients are two of our core strategies. During the year we continued our regular programmes of communication with customers to support the care of their pets or animals. We also aim to improve customer service standards and engagement with customers through daily monitoring of customer reviews, tracking our customer NPS scores and through ongoing training programmes throughout the Group. Our Clinical Board, Species-specific Clinical Boards and Special Interest Groups meet regularly to discuss and share ideas and review best practice in respect of patient care. They consider new developments while providing guidance on all clinical and professional matters. The members of the Clinical Boards are rotated on a periodic basis to ensure fresh approaches are introduced and the professional development opportunity this provides is widely available.

We have built strong relationships with our suppliers over several years and work closely with them to deliver sustainable and mutually beneficial improvements. We work to ensure they are paid on time and there is regular communication with our supplier base together with formal meetings, often on a quarterly basis. We use these forums for feedback and to identify ways to adjust practices and processes to improve the supply chain and terms of purchase. Many of our pharmaceutical suppliers attend our UK annual congresses where they were able to meet a wide array of members of our practice teams to better understand our business and ask any questions they may have. This has been repeated across all our European businesses over the last twelve months as their local presence grows. Key members of the Group's management attend industry conferences and events to engage with current and future suppliers.

Gender diversity

A summary of the gender diversity throughout the Group is as follows:

	2023		2022	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Clinical Directors	58%	42%	58%	42%
Vets	27%	73%	34%	66%
Employees	12%	88%	17%	83%

The Group's gender balance is aligned to the veterinary sector being made up of a high proportion of female vets, veterinary nurses, receptionists and animal care assistants even though the Group's Clinical Directors are predominantly male. This is typical within the industry, in 1960 only 5% of veterinary surgeons were female,

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

however in 2022 over 78% of practicing vets registered with the RCVS were female. It is likely that the proportion of vets who are female will continue to increase as 80% of students enrolling to study a veterinary degree course are women.

Clinical Directors are senior vets who manage the practices from an operational perspective, the gender diversity for this Group is more in line with the gender balance of veterinary students from 25 years ago.

The average gender pay gap for veterinary surgeons, excluding Clinical Directors, is 8.2% in favour of males, whilst the average gender pay gap for graduate vets is 3.4% in favour of males.

Approved by the Board on 15 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

J C Malone Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The directors present their report and the consolidated financial statements for the year to 30 June 2023.

Directors of the Group

The directors who held office during the year and subsequently were as follows:

J C Malone

M Stanworth

M Giffin – resigned 29 September 2023)

During the year the Board of VetPartners Group Limited consisted of three Executive Directors. The directors are not members or employees of BC Partners.

Jo Malone - Chief Executive Officer - appointed 25 February 2016

Jo Malone qualified as a vet at Glasgow University in 1998 and began her working life at a mixed practice in Market Harborough, before returning to her home city of York to work at Minster Vets, where she became a partner in 2009. Jo established VetPartners in October 2015 with three practices, including Minster Vets, and it has grown into one of Europe's leading veterinary groups.

Jo was Managing Director of VetPartners until February 2016 when she became Chief Executive Officer.

Mark Stanworth - Chief Operations Officer - appointed 31 January 2017

Mark Stanworth has vast experience from 25 years working in a variety of sectors, including private equity-owned businesses. He was interim Chief Financial Officer at Hovis, Group Finance Director for the Royal Bank of Scotland's car division and the Kalon Group, owners of Leyland and Johnstone's Paint.

Mark joined VetPartners in 2017 initially as Chief Financial Officer and his knowledge and experience of the Group led to him becoming Chief Operations Officer in 2020.

Michael Giffin - Chief Financial Officer - appointed 23 February 2021, resigned 29 September 2023

Mike brought a wealth of experience to VetPartners having had more than 20 years' experience as a CFO across a number of different sectors including media, retail and education. He had previously worked for large publicly quoted companies, private equity-owned businesses and also fast-growing founder-led private companies.

Directors' indemnities

The Company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

Objectives and policies

The Board constantly monitors the Group's trading results and projections as appropriate to ensure that the Group can meet its future obligations as they fall due.

Dividends

No dividends were declared in the year and no further dividends have been proposed by the directors.

Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Group's financial risk management policies and objectives are set out in the Strategic Report, see page 3.

Going concern

The Group meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through operating cash flows and a revolving credit facility ("RCF").

At 30 June 2023, the Group had cash balances of £39.7m and an unutilised RCF of £39.0m. At this date, term loan facilities of £1,581.0m were available to support the Group's acquisitive growth initiatives of which £142.7m was undrawn at that date

Since the year end, the Group has undertaken a refinancing exercise including an increase in equity of £365.6m reducing the Group's net debt and providing sufficient facilities to cover the Group's net current liabilities. The financing reduced the term loan facilities to £1,490.0m with repayments not due until 2029.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

At 31 October 2023, the Group had cash balances of £54.0m and had £23.0m available under the RCF and £87m was available to draw under the term loans for future acquisitions. The reduction from 30 June 2023 results from utilising funds to acquire businesses.

The Directors consider that the cash balances the RCF and term loan facility available enable the Group to meet its liabilities in full over a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements (the forecast period).

The Directors have considered the following in their assessment of the Group's ability to operate on a going concern basis:

- market conditions, including the recent market volatility, interest rate and inflation forecasts;
- the Group's financial position (including the level of liquidity and covenant headroom available within the bank facilities) over the forecast period and longer term financial forecasts for the five years to 30 June 2028.
- the Group's profile of cash generation and the timing and amount of bank borrowings repayable;
- · committed cash outflows in respect of future acquisitions; and
- principal risks, including consideration of the CMA market study (page 5) and the potential French regulatory decisions (page 4)

The Directors have considered the uncertainty arising from the above matters, including consideration of sensitivities and have a reasonable expectation that both the Company and the Group will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities and revised financial covenants following the refinancing, including committed acquisitions, as they fall due over the period, being at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

For this reason, the going concern basis continues to be adopted in preparing the financial statements.

Employment of disabled persons

The Group's policy is to consider the recruitment of disabled workers for those vacancies that they are able to fill. All necessary assistance with initial training courses is given. Once employed, a career plan is developed so as to ensure suitable opportunities for each disabled person. Arrangements are made, wherever possible, for retraining employees who become disabled, to enable them to perform work identified as appropriate to their aptitudes and abilities.

Employee involvement

The Group encourages the involvement of employees in its management through regular departmental meetings. For further information regarding Employee Matters, see page 143.

Research and development

The Group has an ongoing programme of research and development comprising several projects which are primarily related to evidence-based medicine.

Information disclosed in the Strategic Report

The following information required to be reported on in the Directors' Report has been reported on in the Strategic Report to the extent, in the opinion of the directors, that no further disclosure is considered necessary:

- · Further information in respect of employees involvement;
- Further information on how the directors have had a regard to the need to foster business relationships with suppliers, customers and others;
- Further information in respect of the review of the business;
- Further information in respect of the growth strategy;
- · Streamlined energy and carbon reporting;
- · Future developments and
- Financial risk management policies and objectives (page 3 and note 25).

Important non adjusting events after the financial period

On 18 October 2023 the Group completed a refinancing exercise resulting in a realignment of the loans and additional equity of £259.6m in the Group's ultimate parent company, Scooby Equityco Limited.

As part of this refinancing exercise VetPartners Group issued an additional 365,549,535 £1 ordinary shares at par.

As part of the refinancing arrangement the RCF, attracting interest of SONIA +2.0%-2.5% and with a maturity date of 17 April 2029, has been increased by £35.0m to £75.0m, the Super Senior Loan facility, attracting interest of SONIA +2.0%-2.5% and with a maturity date of 17 April 2029, has been increased by £60.0m to £175.0m and the

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Unitranche Loan facility, attracting interest of SONIA +6.75% and with a maturity date of 17 October 2029, has been reduced by £323.0m to £695.0m.

Additional loans of £144.0m have been made available to Scooby Bidco Limited as part of the refinancing arrangement and these funds are available to be loaned to the Group.

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group has completed the acquisition of the following UK entities where 100% of the voting rights were acquired, obtaining control, in line with the Group growth strategy:

- Isabelle Vets Limited Acquired 24 July 2023
- Forge veterinary Centre Limited Acquired 3 August 2023

The Group also acquired the following overseas entities:

- Clinica Veterinaria Monzon Acquired 13 July 2023 Located in Spain
- Centre Veterinaire Vet 24 Jonction Acquired 9 August 2023 Located in Switzerland
- Tierarzte Igling Acquired 31 August 2023 Located in Germany
- Tierarztpraxis Dr. Berthold Graule Acquired 31 August 2023 Located in Germany
- Ambulatorio Veterinario Sant'Anna Acquired 5 September 2023 Located in Italy
- Centro Neurologico Veterinario Acquired 9 October 2023 Located in Italy
- Grupo Veterinario Sao Framcisco de Assis Acquired 25 October 2023 Located in Portugal
- Dierenartspraktijk Kerkebosch Acquired 26 October 2023 Located in The Netherlands
- Hospital dos Animais Acquired 10 November 2023 Located in Portugal
- Breifne Animal Care Ltd Acquired 20 November 2023 Located in Ireland.

The total consideration paid in respect of the above share acquisitions and the trade and asset acquisitions was £584,000. The acquisition accounting for these business combinations is not yet complete. Any goodwill acquired as a result of the above acquisitions is considered to principally relate to the following:

- synergies arising, in particular from increased buying power and the use of central administrative functions;
- geographical location and convenience of practice sites; and
- acquired workforces, including the experience and reputation of veterinary surgeons.

The bank borrowing facilities were increased with £250.0m of term loan facilities on 8 September 2022. These funds are for future acquisitions.

Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution to reappoint Deloitte LLP as auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board on 15 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

J C Malone Director

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the group financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards. The directors have chosen to prepare the parent company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing the group financial statements International Accounting Standard 1 requires that the directors:

- · properly select and apply accounting policies;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements of the financial reporting framework are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance; and
- make an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

In preparing the parent company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the tinancial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Independent auditor's report to the members of VetPartners Group Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements of VetPartners Group Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 30 June 2023 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards;
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- · the consolidated income statement;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income;
- the consolidated and company statement of financial position;
- · the consolidated and company statements of changes in equity;
- · the consolidated cash flow statement; and
- the related notes 1 to 30.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the group financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the parent company financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the group and the parent company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

trregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the group's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the group's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and the directors about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities including those that are specific to the group's business sector.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the group operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These
 included relevant laws and regulations applicable to the Group and the sector it operates in with e.g. the UK
 Companies Act and tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the group's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included GDPR and Anti-money laundering laws and Veterinary and Health and Safety regulations.

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as tax, valuations and IT specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

As a result of performing the above, we identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following areas, and our procedures performed to address them are described below:

Acquisition accounting – valuation of identified intangible assets

- o assessment of the methodology of management's valuation; and
- tested management's identification and valuation of the intangible assets through verification of third party evidence, benchmark market data and the involvement of our internal valuation specialists who supported our challenge of the methodology and certain inputs in management's models.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

· Impairment of goodwill

- assessed the completeness of assets being included in the asset base and the appropriateness of any liability balances included by management;
- challenged the cash flow forecasts and estimates as at the reporting date by:
 - Considering the reasonableness of management's cash flow forecasts. This included challenging
 forecast revenue and profit growth assumptions through the evidence on which these assumptions
 were based, comparison to historical performance and external evidence.
 - Assessing forecasts in the context of the latest trading results of each group of cash generating units.
 - Considering contradictory evidence and external data points.
- o focused on those assumptions where the impairment test was most sensitive we performed sensitivity analysis to assess the risk that reasonably possible changes in assumptions used by management could give rise to an impairment;
- o performed sensitivity analysis by testing key assumptions in the model to recalculate a range of potential outcomes in relation to the size of the headroom between the carrying value and the net present value. The sensitivities performed were based on the key assumptions underpinning managements' assessment;
- performed a stand back assessment and evaluated management's impairment for any evidence of management bias in assumptions and judgements applied; and
- assessed the disclosures included in the consolidated financial statements, including the inclusion of the impairment of goodwill as a key source of estimation uncertainty and of the sensitivity analysis disclosures required by both IAS 1 and IAS 36.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and external legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- · reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing correspondence with HMRC.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and of the parent company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit
 have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Kate Davlison

Kate Darlison FCA (Senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

15 December 2023

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

		Year ended 30 June 2023	Year ended 30 June 2022
	Note	£'000	£'000
Revenue	3	723,296	574,467
Cost of sales	-	(169,961)	(138,722)
0 "		550.005	105 545
Gross profit		553,335	435,745
Other income	4	3,584	3,426
Administrative expenses	-	(513,626)	(387,513)
Operating profit	5	43,293	51,658
Operating profit before depreciation, amortisation and profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets.		95,944	98,223
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	5	9,434	2,578
Amortisation	12	(23,263)	(19,316)
Depreciation	14	(38,822)	(29,827)
Operating profit	5	43,293	51,658
Other gains	13	(1,192)	(46)
Other interest receivable and similar income	6	<u>` 115</u>	726
Loss on foreign exchange transactions		(8,161)	(165)
Interest payable and similar charges	7 _	(134,334)	(79,506)
Loss before taxation		(100,279)	(27,333)
Taxation	11 _	18,333	4,994
Loss for the financial year	-	(81,946)	(22,339)

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Year ended 30 June 2023 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2022 £'000
Loss for the year	(81,946)	(22,339)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments	(410)	(267)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	(82,356)	(22,606)

There are no tax effects of the other comprehensive income (2022: none).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023 $\,$

		30 June 23	30 June 22
	Note	£'000	£'000
Non-current assets			
Goodwill	12	1,218,013	954,341
Other intangible assets	12	249,912	219,232
Property, plant and equipment	14	85,677	66,633
Right-of-use assets	14	133,312	101,791
		1,686,914	1,341,997
Current assets		•	
Inventories	16	22,146	16,739
Trade and other receivables	17	99,685	75,412
Cash at bank and in hand		39,661	66,220
	-	161,492	158,371
Total assets		1,848,406	1,500,368
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18	(194,977)	(142,875)
Provisions	20	(21,957)	(18,499)
Borrowings	19	(235,925)	-
Lease liabilities	24	(25,572)	(18,753)
		(478,431)	(180,127)
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	19	(1,144,769)	(1,039,436)
Lease liabilities	24	(118,609)	(91,248)
Deferred tax liabilities	11	(33,774)	(47,442)
Other payables	18	(30,576)	(17,512)
		(1,327,728)	(1,195,638)
Total liabilities	·	(1,806,159)	(1,375,765)
Net assets		42,247	124,603
Capital and reserves	-		
Called up share capital	22	257,251	257,251
Retained losses	23	(214,362)	(132,416)
Foreign translation reserve	23	(642)	(232)
Total Equity		42,247	124,603

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 15 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

J C Malone Director

The notes on pages 32 to 104 form an integral part of these financial statements

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

		20 June 22	30 June 22
	Note	30 June 23 £'000	£'000
Assets	11010	2 000	2,000
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	15	257,251	257,251
Amounts owed by group undertakings	17	238,142	55,377
Total assets		495,393	312,628
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Amounts owed to groundertakings	p	(234,990)	-
Non-current liabilities Amounts owed to group undertakings	18	<u> </u>	(52,311)
Total liabilities		(234,990)	(52,311)
Net assets	=	260,403	260,317
Equity	00	057.054	055.55
Called up share capital	22	257,251	257,251
Retained earnings	23	3,152	3,066
Total equity	·	260,403	260,317

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 for the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own financial statement of Profit or Loss or Statement of Comprehensive Income. The profit of the Company for the year was £86,000 (2022 – profit of £2,650,000).

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 15 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

J C Malone Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	Share capital £'000	Retained losses £'000	Foreign Translation reserve £'000	Total £'000
At 1 July 2022		257,251	(132,416)	(232)	124,603
Issue of share capital	22	-	-	~	-
Loss for the year Currency translation differences on foreign currency net		-	(81,946) -	(410)	(81,946) (410)
investments Total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	(81,946)	(410)	(82,356)
Balance at 30 June 2023	=	257,251	(214,362)	(642)	42,247
At 1 July 2021		254,352	(110,077)	35	144,310
Issue of share capital	22	2,899	-	~	2,899
Loss for the year		-	(22,339)	-	(22,339)
Currency translation differences on foreign currency net investments		-	-	(267)	(267)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	_	-	(22,339)	(267)	(22,606)
Balance at 30 June 2022	-	257,251	(132,416)	(232)	124,603

The issue of share capital represents £1 ordinary shares issued at par.

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Company		£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 July 2022		257,251	3,066	260,317
Profit for the period and total comprehensive income		<u> </u>	86	86
Balance at 30 June 2023	Pain	257,251	3,152	260,403
Balance at 1 July 2021		254,352	416	254,768
Profit for the period and total comprehensive income		-	2,650	2,650
Issue of share capital	22 _	2,899		2,899
Balance at 30 June 2022		257,251	3,066	260,317

The issue of share capital represents £1 ordinary shares issued at par.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	30 June 2023 £'000	30 June 2022 £'000
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Loss for the year Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash and non-operating		(81,945)	(22,338)
activity items: Depreciation, amortisation and profit on disposal Other gains	5 13	52,651 -	46,565 46
Finance income	6	(115)	(726)
Finance costs	7	134,335	79,506
Taxation credit	11 _	(18,333)	(4,994)
Operating cash flows before movement in working capital		86,593	98,059
(Decrease)/increase in inventories		(208)	59
(Decrease)/increase in receivables		(12,241)	2,715
Decrease/(increase) in payables	_	12,771	(17,045)
Cash generated from operations		86.915	83,788
Corporation tax paid	_	(2,369)	(1,927)
Net cash flow from operating activities		84,546	81,861
Investing activities			
Interest received		115	726
Purchase of tangible assets		(31,425)	(20,522)
Proceeds from sale of tangible assets		10,872	6,944
Purchase of intangible assets		(1,793)	(6,215) (2,181)
Additional consideration on prior year acquisitions Acquisition of subsidiaries net of cash acquired	13	(276,523)	(2,181) (240,098)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(298,754)	(261,346)
Not odoli doda ili ilivoding doli ilido	_	(200), (2)	(201,010)
Cash flows from financing activities		(10= 1==
Interest and financing costs paid		(87,232)	(67,405)
Lease interest paid	27	(10,454)	(6,730)
Proceeds from bank borrowing Repayment of bank borrowings	27 27	139,500 (6,644)	280,511
Transaction costs related to loans and borrowings	21	(5,010)	(10,051)
Issue of ordinary shares	22	(0,010)	2,899
Payment of contingent consideration	13	(8,392)	(13,875)
Amounts loaned by parent undertaking		182,479	-
Payments to parent undertaking		-	(1,721)
Principal payments on lease liabilities	_	(16,497)	(11,576)
Net cash flows from financing activities		187,750	172,052
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(26,458)	(7,433)
Cash and cash equivalents at start of the year		66,220	73,653
Foreign exchange movement on opening balance		(101)	<u>-</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		39,661	66,220

The notes on pages 32 to 104 form an integral part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1 General Information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Spitfire House Aviator Court York YO30 4UZ

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The group financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards.

The separate financial statements of the Company are presented as required by the Companies Act 2006. The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 Application of Financial Reporting Requirements issued by the FRC. Accordingly, these financial statements are prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

As permitted by FRS 101, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to capital management, presentation of comparative information in respect of certain assets, presentation of a cash flow statement, standards not yet effective, certain disclosure in respect of revenue from contracts with customers, impairment of assets, certain related party transactions, and certain disclosure requirements in respect of lease.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except for, where disclosed in these accounting policies, certain items, including contingent consideration, that are shown at fair value.

The presentational currency of the financial statements is Pounds Sterling. The functional currency of the Company is Pounds Sterling as this is functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest thousand Pounds.

New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following standards and amendments, applicable to the Group, for the first time in their financial reporting period commencing 1 July 2022:

- Reference to conceptual framework (Amendments to IFRS 3) (effective 1 January 2022);
- Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds before intended use (Amendments to IAS 16) (effective 1 January 2022) and
- Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37) (effective 1 January 2022).

None of the standards adopted by the Group during the year have had a material impact.

Future standards in place but not yet effective

No new standards, amendments or interpretations to existing standards that have been published and that are mandatory for the Group's and the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2022 have been adopted early. The following standards and amendments, applicable to the Group and the Company, are not yet applied at the date of authorisation of these financial statements:

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (amendments to IAS 1) (effective 1 January 2023);

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2 Accounting policies (continued)

- Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8) (effective 1 January 2023);
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) (effective 1 January 2023);
- Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12) (effective 1 January 2023) and
- IFRS17 Insurance Contracts (effective 1 January 2023).

The Group and the Company do not believe that there would have been a material impact on the financial statements from early adoption of these standards / interpretations or conceptual frameworks or a material impact in future years. However the Group and the company are yet to perform detailed work to assess this impact.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 30 June 2023.

No Profit and Loss Account is presented for the company as permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006. The company made a profit after tax for the financial period of £86,000 (2022 - £2,650,000).

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is achieved where the company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the Profit and Loss Account from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Group.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for business combinations that result in the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of a business combination is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the business combination. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Any excess of the cost of the business combination over the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised is recorded as goodwill.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between the company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, are eliminated in full.

Intra-group losses are also eliminated but may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. In the event of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary, non-controlling interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the non-controlling shareholder's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination.

Going concern

The Group meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through operating cash flows and a revolving credit facility ("RCF").

At 30 June 2023, the Group had cash balances of £39.7m and an unutilised RCF of £39.0m. At this date, term loan facilities of £1,581.0m were available to support the Group's acquisitive growth initiatives of which £142.7m was undrawn at that date

Since the year end, the Group has undertaken a refinancing exercise including an increase in equity of £365.6m reducing the Group's net debt and providing sufficient facilities to cover the Group's net current liabilities. The financing reduced the term loan facilities to £1,490.0m with repayments not due until 2029.

The notes on pages 32 to 104 form an integral part of these financial statements

2 Accounting policies (continued)

At 31 October 2023, the Group had cash balances of £54.0m and had £23.0m available under the RCF and £87m was available to draw under the term loans for future acquisitions. The reduction from 30 June 2023 results from utilising funds to acquire businesses.

The Directors consider that the cash balances the RCF and term loan facility available enable the Group to meet its liabilities in full over a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements (the forecast period).

The Directors have considered the following in their assessment of the Group's ability to operate on a going concern basis:

- market conditions, including the recent market volatility, interest rate and inflation forecasts;
- the Group's financial position (including the level of liquidity and covenant headroom available within the bank facilities) over the forecast period and longer term financial forecasts for the five years to 30 June 2028,
- the Group's profile of cash generation and the timing and amount of bank borrowings repayable;
- committed cash outflows in respect of future acquisitions; and
- principal risks, including consideration of the CMA market study (page 5) and the potential French regulatory decisions (page 4)

The Directors have considered the uncertainty arising from the above matters, including consideration of sensitivities and have a reasonable expectation that both the Company and the Group will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities, including committed acquisitions, as they fall due over the period, being at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

For this reason, the going concern basis continues to be adopted in preparing the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Revenue arises from the provision of veterinary services.

To determine whether to recognise revenue, the Company follows the five-step process as set out within IFRS 15:

- 1. Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied

Contracts with customers take the form of agreed terms and conditions relating to the relevant services and goods being provided as part of each veterinary practice's activities.

Sale of goods

The sale of goods is recognised at the point of sale, when goods have been transferred and control has passed to the customer.

Rendering of service

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised as and when the services are delivered. In most instances the service is performed at a point in time and revenue can be recognised at the point the service is performed.

Contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised in line with the terms of the contract based on the specific obligations of the contract.

Members of Pet Care Plans (PCPs) pay monthly subscription fees and receive preventative consultations and treatments plus discounts over a twelve-month period, being the life of the contract. Revenue from the PCP is recognised as performance obligations which are satisfied at the point in time services are provided to customers, with the exception of worm and flea treatments and discounts which are recognised evenly over time. Where transfer of PCP services to the customer does not match the pattern of monthly payments made by members, contract assets

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2 Accounting policies (continued)

or contract liabilities are recognised. The IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") practical expedient to not disclose information about performance obligations not yet satisfied at the reporting date has been applied in respect of the PCP since these performance obligations are part of a contract originally expected to have a duration of one year.

Government grants

Income received as a result of a government grant are recognised in other income in the period in which the Group became entitled to receive the grant. Where the grant has conditional terms, the grant is recognised as a liability when received and recognised as revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant have been met.

Volume rebates

The Group receives cash refunds or credits against purchases from suppliers for purchasing a certain amount of inventories or for participating in promotions. Rebates are recognised within cost of sales in the Consolidated Income Statement and are recognised as they are earned by the Group based on the expected entitlement for each relevant supplier contract up to the reporting date. To ensure that rebates are reflected in the inventory valuation, an adjustment is made by the Group at the reporting date to reduce inventories by the average percentage manufacturer rebate received in the year, with the corresponding entry being recognised in cost of sales. For rebates, which are receivable in cash, amounts are included within other receivables, whilst those rebates which are deducted from suppliers' invoices are included within trade payables in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Research and development tax credits

Certain companies within the Group may be entitled to claim tax credits in relation to the Research and Development Expenditure Tax Credit scheme in the UK. Tax credits receivable under this scheme are determined to have the substance of a government grant and accordingly these tax credits are accounted for under ISA20, 'Accounting for Government Grants'. The tax credits are recognised within Other Income in the Income Statement when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the relevant conditions and that the tax credits will be received.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising from either the retranslation of the resulting monetary assets or liabilities at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date or from the settlement of the balance at a different rate are recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement when they occur.

On consolidation, the income statements of foreign currency subsidiaries are translated into sterling at the average exchange rate. If this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, a weighted average rate is used. The balance sheets of such subsidiaries are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Resulting exchange differences arising on the translation of foreign currency subsidiaries are taken directly to a separate component of shareholders' equity.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign subsidiaries are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign subsidiaries and are translated at the closing rate.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets to their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Land Buildings Furniture, fittings and equipment Motor vehicles Right-of-use assets

Depreciation method and rate

Not depreciated 2% to 10% straight line 10% to 33% straight line 25% to 33% straight line Over the term of the lease

The residual values and useful lives of tangible assets are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Intangible assets

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date.

Separately acquired trademarks and licences are shown at historical cost.

Trademarks, licences (including software), brands and customer-related intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date.

Trademarks, licences (including software), brands and customer-related intangible assets have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets include capital projects being the costs of software and IT development projects, these are not amortised until the relevant project is complete.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition derived using a Multi-Period Excess Earnings Model for customer relationships and using a Relief from Royalty model in relation to brands. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Valuation analysis inputs:

Customer acquisition costs – working capital Customer acquisition costs – workforce Customer acquisition costs – fixed assets

Range %

-12.0% to +4.3% (2022: -8.6% to +5.9%) 0.54% to 4.03% (2022:0.37% to 2.86%) 1.2% to 2.8% (2022: 0.4% to 2.5%)

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss in the expense category that is consistent with the function of the intangible assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually at the cashgenerating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising upon derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

A summary of the policies applied to the Group's intangible assets is:

Asset class

Customer relationships Brands Capital projects

Trademarks and Patents

Amortisation method and rate

7.7% straight line 5% to 10% straight line not amortised until complete, then 10% to 33% straight line 10% to 33% straight line

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the purchase method. The cost of a business combination is the fair value of the consideration given, liabilities incurred or assumed and of equity instruments issued plus the costs directly attributable to the business combination. Where control is achieved in stages the cost is the consideration at the date of each transaction.

Contingent consideration is initially recognised at an estimated amount where the consideration is probable and can be measured reliably. Where (i) the contingent consideration is not considered probable or cannot be reliably measured but subsequently becomes probable and measurable or (ii) contingent consideration previously measured is adjusted, the amounts are recognised through the income statement.

On acquisition of a business, fair values are attributed to the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities unless the fair value cannot be measured reliably, in which case the value is incorporated in goodwill. Intangible assets are only recognised separately from goodwill where they are separable and arise from contractual or other legal rights. Where the fair value of contingent liabilities cannot be reliably measured they are disclosed on the same basis as other contingent liabilities.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price. All trade receivables are repayable within one year and hence are included at the undiscounted cost of cash expected to be received. A provision for the impairment of trade receivables is established using the expected credit loss model in accordance with IFRS 9.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. The cost of inventories is assigned using the first in – first out (FIFO) formula.

Payables 4 8 1

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and all are repayable within one year and hence are included at the undiscounted amount of cash expected to be paid.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

If the Group acts as lessee all contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position in accordance with the lessee's guidance in IFRS 16 with the exception of leases of low value assets.

The Group as lessee

The Group recognises right-of-use assets under lease agreements in which it is the lessee. The underlying assets mainly include property, plant and equipment. The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability payments made at or before the commencement day as well as any initial direct costs. Furthermore, lease incentives are recognised separately and amortised during the lease term. The corresponding lease liability is included in the consolidated statement of financial position as a lease liability. Existing lease liabilities have been reclassified from borrowings to finance lease liabilities into the separate line item lease liability.

The right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the lease-term and if necessary impaired in accordance with applicable standards. The Group has not made any adjustments for re-measurement of the lease liability nor for the right-of-use asset. The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (application of the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made. No modification or reassessments of the lease liability have been made during the reporting period.

Variable rents are not part of the lease liability and the right-of-use asset. The payments are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. Variable payments are presented within the Right-of-use assets note.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the Group has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability on the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expenses in the profit and loss account. For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial assets or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the balance sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as described below. A non-financial asset is impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

The recoverable amount of goodwill is derived from measurement of the present value of the future cash flows of the cash-generating unit groups ('CGUGs') of which the goodwill is a part. Any impairment loss in respect of a CGUG is allocated first to the goodwill attached to that CGUG, and then to other assets within that CGUG on a pro-ratabasis.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value, had no impairment been recognised. Where a reversal of impairment occurs in respect of a CGUG, the reversal is applied to the assets (other than goodwill) of the CGUG on a pro-rata basis.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of an impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value hierarchy levels 1 to 3 are based on the degree to which fair value is observable

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Critical judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are dealt with separately below), that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. It is not considered that there are any critical judgments for the Company.

Accounting for leases under IFRS 16

For leases where the Group is a lessee, the Group is required to recognise right-of-use assets and a corresponding lease liability to be realised over the term of the lease. The directors have applied their judgement in assessing the initial fair value of the right-of-use asset in line with the terms of the lease as well as the fair value of the lease liability at initial recognition.

Management has concluded that the interest rate implicit in the leases cannot always be readily determined and so the leases held have been discounted by the incremental borrowing rate (IBR) on the date of lease commencement or modification in the Group, being the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain assets of a similar value to the right-of-use assets in a similar economic environment. This involves assumptions and estimates, which would affect the carrying value of the lease liabilities and corresponding right-of-use assets.

To determine IBR, the Group uses synthetic credit rating as a starting point and adjusts this for conditions specific to each lease such as its term and security. The Group has used IBRs in the range 5.1% to 9.8% (2022: 4.1% to 6.9%)

Accounting for intangible assets arising from business combinations

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the acquisition method. In the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Income Statement from the date on which control is obtained. See note 12 for further information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2 Accounting policies (continued)

The determination of the value of the intangible assets requires significant judgements and estimates to be made by the Directors. These judgements can include, but are not limited to, the cash flows that an asset is expected to generate in the future and the appropriate discount rate. Judgement is also required in determining appropriate useful economic lives ("UEL") of the intangible assets arising from business combinations. The Directors make this judgement on an asset class by asset class basis and have determined that contracts with customers have a useful economic life of 13 years; brands have a useful economic life of between 10 and 20 years.

Goodwill represents the excess of the consideration transferred in a business combination over the Group's interest in the fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date are discussed below. It is not considered that there are key sources of estimation uncertainty for the Company.

Impairment of goodwill

The directors are required to assess goodwill for any impairment annually. In order to assess whether goodwill is impaired, goodwill is allocated to groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The Group tests goodwill for impairment annually, or more frequently if there are any indications that impairment may have arisen. The value of a Cash Generating Unit Group (CGUG) is based on value-in-use calculations.

As each practice acquired generates revenue for the Group, the value-in-use valuation is used to value the goodwill of the Group. The directors also apply a number of estimates such as the expected growth rate and discounting rates used. These rates are assessed based on a number of factors that, in the opinion of the directors, will impact on the future growth of the Group, in the case of the growth rate, and the weighted average cost of available debt adjusted for various risk factors associated with Group's growth strategy, in the case of discount rates. See note 12 for further information in respect to these estimates along with appropriate sensitivity analysis.

Dilapidation provision

The Group's property leases may contain a clause requiring the Group to restore the property to its original state during the term or at the end of the lease. In order to assess the required provision for acquired entities, the directors obtain a report from an independent third-party detailing what restorative work is required at the date of acquisition. The directors also perform an annual assessment of the provision based on an average square foot charge and based on the level of dilapidation at year end for each property. Where information is not available, the assessment for a relevant property is based on an average rate across the Group, as this, in the opinion of the directors, is considered reasonable on the basis that similar trade is conducted across each of the properties and where each of the properties are considered to be not materially dissimilar from each other. Equine practices that operate from sites that have large non-clinical properties, such as stables and out-buildings, are provided at 50% of the dilapidation rates applied to non-equine clinical buildings. The Group has assessed this level to appropriately reflect the reduced dilapidation liability associated with these sites. In instances where the report differs substantially from the formula used, the directors then specifically assess the relevant property in order to identify which position represents a true and fair position in respect of the dilapidation provision to be recognised.

In the event that the rate used per square foot, which is derived from the level of dilapidation at year end, changes on average by 25%, the dilapidation provision at year end will change by £5,489,000 (2022: £4,625,000). For those entities where an average square footage has been used, a change in this rate of 25% would see a change in the dilapidation provision at year end of £1,024,000 (2022: £719,000).

Contingent consideration

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position includes amounts which are payable for the acquisition of subsidiaries which are dependent on the future performance of the trade acquired. Contingent consideration is estimated based on the terms of the purchase contract and the entity's knowledge of the business and how the current economic environment is likely to impact it. The assumptions utilised in the calculation based on financial performance include projected revenue and/or earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation amounts and risk adjusted discount rates. Contingent consideration involves certain assumptions requiring significant judgment and actual results may differ from assumed and estimated amounts. The carrying value of contingent consideration is disclosed in note 13. These amounts have been estimated at acquisition date based on the terms of the purchase agreements and the expected future performance based on the information available at the year end and may vary depending on actual results.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2 Accounting policies (continued)

For potential payments related to financial performance the expected payment is determined separately in respect of each earn-out or growth payment agreement taking into consideration the expected level of profitability of each material acquisition. For individually immaterial acquisitions, historical pay-out percentages have been used to determine the fair value of contingent consideration. Contingent consideration is remeasured each reporting period, and subsequent changes in fair value, including accretion for the passage of time, are recognized within revaluation of financial instruments in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss. For details of the assumptions used for contingent consideration and sensitivity analysis refer to note 13.

3 Revenue

		2023	2022
		£'000	£'000
	United Kingdom	578,319	523,990
	Rest of Europe	144,977	50,477
		723,296	574,467
		2023	2022
		£'000	£'000
	Rendering of services and sale of goods	689,951	549,098
	Pet Care Plans	33,345	25,369
		723.296	574,467
4	Other income		
		2022	0000
		2023 £'000	2022 £'000
			•
	Research and development tax credits	3,584	3,426
5	Operating profit		
	Arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
	Arrived at after charging/(dediting).	2023	2022
		£,000	£'000
	Amortisation	23,263	19,316
	Depreciation expense – property plant and equipment	19,666	16,616
	Depreciation expense – right-of-use assets	19,156	13,211
	Profit on sale and leaseback of assets	_	(1,740)
	Profit on disposal of tangible assets	(9,434)	(838)
6	Other interest receivable and similar income		
		0000	
		2023	2022
	Interest income on hank denseits	£'000	£'000
	Interest income on bank deposits Interest receivable on intercompany loan	115	165 561
	iliterest receivable on intercompany loan	-	301
		115	726

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Interest payable and similar charges	2023	202
	£'000	£'00
Finance charges on leased assets	10,454	6,73
Interest on bank overdrafts and borrowings	111,535	62,50
Other finance costs adjacent to interest	12,345	10,26
	134,334	79,50
Staff costs		
Company No staff costs are borne by the company. Directors of the company are regroup.	emunerated via other comp	anies within t
The average number of persons employed by the company (including category was as follows:	directors) during the year	ar, analysed
	2023 No	202 N
Directors	3	
	3	
Group The aggregate payroll costs (including directors' remuneration) were as for	Mows.	
The aggregate payron costs (including unodors formulation) were as it		202
	2023 £'000	202 £'00
Wages and salaries	290,402	222,26
Social security costs	30,972	19,76
Pension costs, defined contribution scheme	6,881	5,97
The average number of persons applicated by the Croup (including direct)	328,255	248,010
The average number of persons employed by the Group (including director was as follows:	ors) during the year, analys	ed by calego
	2023	2022
Vala	No 3,809	No.
Vets Nurses	3,024	2,635 2,102
Administration and support	4,455	2,150
	11,288	6,887
Directors' remuneration		
The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:		
	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Remuneration		
The directors' remuneration has been borne by the Group's parent underta	aking.	
During the year the number of directors was as follows:	2022	2022
	2023 No	2022 No
	3	3

	2023 £'000	20 £'0
Audit of financial statements	580	6
Other fees to auditor Audit related assurance services	20	
The 2022 audit fee figures include covenants compliance work which has audit fee as this fee was agreed with the auditor of the financial statement.		rtioned from
Taxation		
Tax charged/(credited) in the profit and loss account		
	2023 £'000	20 £'0
	2000	~ ~
Current taxation Current year corporation tax	373	8
Adjustment in respect to previous period	322	
	695	
Deferred taxation		
Arising from origination and reversal of timing differences	(15,957)	(1,2
Adjustment in respect to previous period	(905)	(4,8
Effect of changes in tax rates	(2,166) (19,028)	(5,9
Tax credit	(18,333)	(4,9
The tax on loss before tax for the year is lower than (2022 – lower than) the in the UK of 20.5% (2022 – 19%).	e blended standard rate of	corporation
,		
The differences are reconciled below:	2022	20
The differences are reconciled below:	2023 £'000	20 £'0
The differences are reconciled below: Loss before tax		£'C
Loss before tax	£'000 (100,279)	£'(
Loss before tax Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740	£*0 (27,3 (5,1) 4,9
Loss before tax Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800)	£'((27,3 (5,1 4,9 (8
Loss before tax Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578	£*((27,3 (5,1 4,9 (8
Loss before tax Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs Deferred tax not provided	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578 91	£*((27,3 (5,1 4,9 (8
Loss before tax Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578 91 (342)	£*((27,3 (5,1 4,9 (8
Loss before tax Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs Deferred tax not provided Super-deduction Effect of overseas tax rates Adjustments relating to previous periods	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578 91 (342) 2,602 (583)	£*0 (27,3 (5,1) 4,9 (8
Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs Deferred tax not provided Super-deduction Effect of overseas tax rates Adjustments relating to previous periods Impact of tax rate changes	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578 91 (342) 2,602 (583) (2,166)	£*((27,3 (5,1 4,5 (8 (4,7)
Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs Deferred tax not provided Super-deduction Effect of overseas tax rates Adjustments relating to previous periods Impact of tax rate changes Other overseas taxes	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578 91 (342) 2,602 (583) (2,166) (209)	£*0 (27,3 (5,1) 4,9 (8 (4,7)
Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs Deferred tax not provided Super-deduction Effect of overseas tax rates Adjustments relating to previous periods Impact of tax rate changes Other overseas taxes Tax charge relating to pre-acquisition period	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578 91 (342) 2,602 (583) (2,166) (209) 6	£*((27,3 (5,1 4,5 (8 (4,7)
Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs Deferred tax not provided Super-deduction Effect of overseas tax rates Adjustments relating to previous periods Impact of tax rate changes Other overseas taxes Tax charge relating to pre-acquisition period Goodwill amortisation Other tax effects for reconciliation between accounting profit and tax	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578 91 (342) 2,602 (583) (2,166) (209)	£70 (27,33 (5,1) 4,9 (8) (4) 4
Corporation tax at standard rate Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit Effect of income not taxable Effects of group relief / other reliefs Deferred tax not provided Super-deduction Effect of overseas tax rates Adjustments relating to previous periods Impact of tax rate changes Other overseas taxes Tax charge relating to pre-acquisition period Goodwill amortisation	£'000 (100,279) (20,557) 5,740 (2,800) 578 91 (342) 2,602 (583) (2,166) (209) 6	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

11 Taxation (continued)

Changes in tax law

The UK corporation tax rate at 30 June 2023 was 25%. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The group is within the scope of the OECD Pillar Two model rules. Pillar Two legislation was substantively enacted in the UK on 20 June 2023, the jurisdiction in which the company is incorporated, and will come into effect from 1 January 2024. Since the Pillar Two legislation was not effective at the reporting date, the group has no related current tax exposure. The group applies the exception to recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes, as provided in the amendments to IAS 12 issued in May 2023.

The group is in the process of assessing its exposure to the Pillar Two legislation for when it comes into effect. Due to the complexities in applying the legislation and calculating GloBE income, the quantitative impact of the enacted or substantively enacted legislation is not yet reasonably estimable. Therefore, even for those entities with an accounting effective tax rate above 15%, there might still be Pillar Two tax implications. The group is currently engaged with tax specialists to assist it with applying the legislation.

Deferred tax balances before offset

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Deferred tax liability	(64,234)	(56,834)
Deferred tax asset	30,854	9,392
Total deferred tax liability	(33,380)	(48,848)
Deferred tax balances after offset	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Deferred tax asset	394	-
Deferred tax liability	(33,774)	(47,442)
Total deferred tax liability	(33,380)	(47,442)

The amounts reflect the differences between the carrying and tax amounts of the following balance sheet headings as at each year end.

11 Taxation (continued)

Credits/(charges) during each year are as follows:

	Losses interest restrictions and other	Short term temporary differences	Intangible assets	Corporate interest reactivation	Fixed asset temporary differences	Total
	deductions £'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 July 2021 – asset/(liability)	2,590	457	(44,010)	3,547	(3,929)	(41,345)
Tax credit in respect of year	3,947	1,696	2,270	(3,547)	1,539	5,905
Acquired through business combinations	-	-	(11,411)	-	(591)	(12,002)
At 30 June 2022 – asset/(liability)	6,537	2,153	(53,151)	-	(2,981)	(47,442)
Tax credit/(charge) in respect of year	13,131	1,921	1,178	-	2,798	19,028
Acquired through business combinations	-	_	(4,739)	-	(227)	(4,966)
At 30 June 2023 – asset/(liability)	19,668	4,074	(56,712)	_	(410)	(33,380)

At the year end the Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets of £4,488,000 (2022: £1,741,000). There are no expiry dates in respect of the unrecognised deferred tax assets except for £262,000, in relation to Switzerland, which expires after seven years.

For the net deferred tax assets in Switzerland the Group has determined that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the losses can be utilised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

12 Intangible assets

Group					
	Goodwill	Customer relation-	Brands	Other	Total
	£'000	ships £'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost					
At 1 July 2021	715,784	203,641	16,707	1,786	937,918
Additions Arising on business combinations	238.681	41,648	10,982	6,214	297.525
Adjustments to goodwill acquired in	2,181	-41,040	10,302	0,214	2,181
previous years	_,				24,101
Reclassification	(2,305)	3,457		(1,152)	
At 20 hora 2000	054.044	040.740	07.000	0.040	4 807 004
At 30 June 2022 Additions	954,341	248,746	27,689	6,848 1,792	1,237,624 1,79 2
Arising on business combinations	275,513	49,029	1.632	1,490	327,664
Adjustments to goodwill acquired in	3,163	-	-	-	3,163
previous years					
Disposals	(15,004)				(15,004)
At 30 June 2023	1,218,013	297,775	29,321	10,130	1,555,239
Amortisation					
At 1 July 2021	-	44,422	313	-	44,735
Charge for the year		17,541_	1,775		19,316
At 30 June 2022	_	61,963	2,088	_	64,051
Charge for the year	-	20,978	2,181	104	23,263
At 30 June 2023	-	82,941	4,269	104	87,314
Carrying value					
At 30 June 2023	1,218,013	214,834	25,052	10,026	1,467,925
At 30 June 2022	954,341	186,783	25,601	6,848	1,173,573
At 30 June 2021	715,784	<u>159,219</u>	16,394	1,786	893,183

Goodwill has arisen on the acquisition of various subsidiaries and businesses as set out in note 13 and in previous years. The directors have utilised the provisions of IFRS 3 in respect of determining fair values on business combinations provisionally and will adjust goodwill accordingly in the year ended 30 June 2023 for any amounts arising from the finalisation of those fair value within 12 months of the respective acquisitions prior to the date of approval of these financial statements.

Brands are recognised on larger acquisitions where the practice name is widely known and therefore can be recognised as an asset.

Other intangible assets represent trademarks, licences and capital projects.

Adjustments to goodwill acquired in previous years above relate to adjustments to consideration for business combinations completed in the prior period and to the final payments for net assets.

The customer relationships have a remaining useful life of between 5 and 13 years. Brands have a remaining useful life of between 8 and 18 years.

12 Intangible assets (continued)

The valuation of customer relationship intangible assets recognised in the year includes the use of key estimates, including customer attrition rates and discount rates. A change of 50 basis points in discount rates or in customer attrition rates at the acquisition date would have increased/(decreased) the intangible assets recognised by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the comparative periods.

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Increase in the discount rate	(1,163)	(1,274)
Decrease in the discount rate	1,203	1,322
Increase in the attrition rate	(2,803)	(2,934)
Decease in the attrition rate	3,039	3,360

To reflect uncertainties in the economic environment at the date of signing, a 4% increase in the discount rate applied would result in a reduction in the customer relationship intangible assets recognised in the current year of £8,312,000. A 4% reduction in the discount rate would result in an increase in value of the customer relationship intangible assets recognised of £10,944,000.

Impairment testing

Foreign based entities are treated as separate CGUs as these are managed and monitored separately from the UK pased entities.

The Group tests goodwill for impairment annually, or more frequently if there are any indications that impairment may have arisen. The value of a Cash Generating Unit Group (CGUG) is based on value-in-use calculations. This involves deriving a value for goodwill based on the net present value of future cash flows of the Group. The directors used the forecasts for the year ending 30 June 2024 (2022 – 30 June 2023) as the basis for the cash flow projections. Cash flows were estimated using the basis of EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, amortisation and depreciation) less exceptional items, capital expenditure and taxation payments, and also taking account of projected working capital movements (which are not expected to have a significant impact). Cash flows up to and including the year ending 30 June 2028 (2022 – 30 June 2026) were then estimated using a long term growth rate of 4% (2022 – 3%) per annum, which is considered by the directors to be a prudent estimate of the potential growth in the sector. A terminal value was then calculated based on the same factors, and the discount rate described below.

The discount rate used in the calculations was based on an assessment of an appropriate third party rate available to a comparable business in each country in which the Group operates which has been applied at a country specific rate of between 6.5% and 10% (2022 – 8.0%).

Goodwill is considered for impairment purposes in the following groups:

	June 2023 £'000	June 2022 £'000
Small Animal	327,008	319,524
Equine	74,627	73,956
Farm	70,903	70,721
Mixed	300,289	242,634
Other	62,928	67,784
France	97,964	82,746
Italy	57,586	36,092
Germany	15,974	1,813
Spain	93,453	39,712
Switzerland	14,361	15,400
Ireland	33,666	3,959
Portugal	6,845	-
Netherlands	62,409	
	1,218,013	954,341

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

12 Intangible assets (continued)

The reduction in goodwill attributable to the Other CGUG is due to the disposals during the year.

Based on the results of the impairment testing, no impairment charge has been made against the carrying value of goodwill at 30 June 2023 (2022 - £Nil), however both the Farm and the Spanish GCGUs are sensitive to a movement in certain key assumptions. The directors have, therefore, considered any reasonably possible changes in assumptions that could lead to an impairment charge arising.

The only reasonably possible changes, according to the directors, are considered to be the following:

In the Farm GCGU, for an impairment to arise,

• the long term growth rate would have to decrease from 4% to 2.4% and the discount rate would have to increase from 9.5% to 9.9%; or the long term growth rate would have to decrease from 4% to 2.0%.

In the Spanish GCGU, for an impairment to arise,

• the long term growth rate would have to decrease from 4% to 2.5% and the discount rate would have to increase from 9% to 10%.

13 Business combinations

Goodwill represents the excess of consideration over the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired. For all acquisitions, goodwill is not tax deductible and is considered to principally relate to the following:

- synergies arising, in particular from increased buying power and the use of central administrative functions;
- geographical location and convenience of practice sites; and
- acquired workforces, including the experience and reputation of veterinary surgeons.

The results of acquired businesses post-acquisition are included in the tables below. Given the nature of the group, it is not practicable to disclose the separate revenue and profit/loss for each of the entities as if they had been acquired on 1 July 2022 as the pre-acquisition accounting is not always consistent with that of the Group. It is also not practical to disclose the profit/loss of each of the acquired entities since they entered the Group as the individual entity's accounts are prepared under local GAAP and then IFRS and tax adjustments are posted at a Group level.

Goodwill and intangible assets acquired are not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Acquisition costs in relation to business combinations in the year were £6,716,000 (2022: £8,637,000).

Each acquisition made during the year was done so in line with Group's growth strategy to grow through acquisitions of independent vet groups or practices. In the current year, the Group expanded into mainland Europe with a view of further growth and expansion within the continent.

Certain business combinations, as highlighted below, include contingent consideration. The amount of contingent consideration payable on acquisitions in the year ranges from a minimum of £Nil to a maximum of £5,500,000.

The directors have provided for the expected amount payable of 70% of the maximum contingent consideration on the basis that the level of contingent consideration reflects the expected performance of the relevant businesses. This is at level 3 on the fair valuation hierarchy.

Total contingent consideration included within liabilities, which includes amounts payable in respect of business combinations in the prior year, amounts to £59,360,000 (2022 - £32,136,000).

The payment of contingent consideration in excess of the expected value together with unwinding of discounting the expected future consideration payments and any reassessment of the expected future contingent consideration payments has resulted in a charge in the profit and loss account of £1,192,000 (2022: £1,477,000). Deferred consideration payments made in the year totalled £8,392,000 (2022: £13,875,000) and the unwind of discounted provisions represented a charge of £1,950,000 (2022: £1,184,000).

The tables below show details of business combinations considered to be individually material as well as a summary of those considered to be individually immaterial, but material in aggregate.

The Group has acquired veterinarian practices and groups throughout the United Kingdom, Italy, France, Spain, Germany, Switzerland, Ireland, Portugal and the Netherlands. The primary reason for these acquisitions is to expand the Group's presence and increase future earnings in these geographical areas.

The material acquisitions are separately disclosed within this note. The directors have considered the accounting requirements of international accounting standards and have concluded that there were no other material acquisitions which require separate disclosure. For some acquisitions completed within the twelve months prior to the date of approval of these financial statements the initial accounting has only been provisionally determined at the end of the reporting period. The acquired value of the acquired identifiable intangible assets is provisional pending receipt of the final valuations for those assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 11 August 2022 VetPartners Practices II Limited acquired 100% of the trade and assets of Carisbrooke Vets.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
A seate and tightilities required	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	200 92 200 1,034 (227) (182)
Total identifiable assets	1,117
Goodwill	5,672
Total consideration	6,789
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	6,789
	0,700
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	6,789
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	6,789

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £200,000 were contractual receivables of £227,000.

Acquisition costs of £164,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 11 August 2022 the Carisbrooke Vets has generated revenue of £2,777,000.

No contingent consideration is recognised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 28 October 2022 VetPartners Practices II Limited acquired 100% of the trade and assets of Clevedale Veterinary Practice.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets	222
Stocks Tangible assets	98 100
Intangible assets	1,085
Financial liabilities	(39)
Deferred tax provision	(191)
Total identifiable assets	1,275
Goodwill	6,631
Total consideration	7,906
Satisfied by:	
Cash	7,206
Deferred consideration	700
Total consideration transferred	7,906
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	7,206
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	7,206

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £222,000 were contractual receivables of £236,000.

Acquisition costs of £75,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 26 October 2022 Clevedale Veterinary Practice has generated revenue of £2,801,000.

£700,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 27 February 2023 VetPartners Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of E C Straiton & Partners Limited.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

Fair Value

	rall value
	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks	3,014 218
Tangible assets Intangible assets	243 2,055
Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	(687) (396)
Total identifiable assets	4,447
Goodwill	15,035
Total consideration	19,482
Satisfied by:	40.640
Cash Deferred consideration	18,642 <u>840</u>
Total consideration transferred	19,482
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration	18,642
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(1,702)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	16,940

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £200,000 were contractual receivables of £246,000.

Acquisition costs of £255,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 27 February 2023 E C Straiton & Partners Limited has generated revenue of £1,926,000.

£840,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 21 March 2023 VetPartners Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Chine House Veterinary Hospital Limited.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets	355
Stocks	142
Tangible assets	865
Intangible assets	2,733
Financial liabilities	(1,662)
Deferred tax provision	(481)
Total identifiable assets	1,952
Goodwill	21,409
Total consideration	23,361
Satisfied by:	
Cash	18,011
Deferred consideration	5,350
Total consideration transferred	23,361
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	18,011
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(42)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	17,969

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £312,000 were contractual receivables of £355,000.

Acquisition costs of £346,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 21 March 2023 Chine House Veterinary Hospital Limited has generated revenue of £1,823,000.

£3,850,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 26 April 2023 VetPartners Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Parkside Veterinary Group Limited.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

Enir Value

	Fair Value
	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	1,552 140 305 2,070 (727) (444)
Total identifiable assets	2,896
Goodwill	13,756
Total consideration	16,652
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	15,252 1,400 16,652
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	15,252 (1,313)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	13,939

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £94,000 were contractual receivables of £144,000.

Acquisition costs of £246,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 26 April 2023 Parkside Veterinary Group Limited has generated £967,000.

£1,400,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 11 May 2023 VetPartners Practices II Limited acquired 100% of the trade and assets of Senlac Vets.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets	55 66
Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	1,144 (59) (201)
Total identifiable assets	1,005
Goodwill	6,732
Total consideration	7,737
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration	7,387 350
Total consideration transferred	7,737
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	7,387
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	7,387

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £55,000 were contractual receivables of £58,000.

Acquisition costs of £75,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 11 May 2023 Senlac Vets has generated revenue of £246,000.

£350,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

During the reporting period, VetPartners Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of the following practices in the UK on the following dates: Bearl Equine Limited (7 July 2022) and Mid Sussex Veterinary Limited (28 April 2023).

On the following dates during the reporting period VetPartners Practices II Limited acquired 100% of the trade and assets of the following practices in the UK on the following dates: Gortlands Veterinary Clinic (7 November 2022); Aurora Vet Clinic (31 January 2023) and Hyndland Street Veterinary Surgery (21 April 2023).

On 31 January 2023 Westpoint Group Trading Limited acquired 100% of the trade and assets of the poultry business of Mount Vets.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	342 171 117 1,642 (427) (297)
Total identifiable assets	1,548
Goodwill	8,376_
Total consideration	9,924
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	8,924 1,000 9,924
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	8,924 (134)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	8,790

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £145,000 were contractual receivables of £185,000.

Acquisition costs of £435,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since acquisition the above entities have generated revenue of 2,042,000.

£700,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 14 October 2022 VetPartners Holdings Italia S.r.I. acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Veterinaria San Francesco S.r.I.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

F-1-37-1---

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets Stocks	1,716 10
Tangible assets Intangible assets	148 1,536
Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	(1,139) (234)
Total identifiable assets	2,037
Goodwill	9,286
Total consideration	11,323
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration	9,243 2,080
Total consideration transferred	11,323
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	9,243 (402)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	8,841

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £nil were contractual receivables of £nil.

Acquisition costs of £131,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 14 October 2022 Veterinaria San Francesco S.r.l. has generated revenue of £2,442,000

£1,214,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 14 October 2022 During the reporting period, VetPartners Holdings Italia S.r.I. acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of the following practices in Italy on the following dates: Ambulatorio Veterinario Dott. ssa Contri Dott. e De Zen S.r.I S.p.t. (3 August 2022); Deler Vet S.r.I. (6 September 2022); Clinica Veterinaria Citta di Catania S.r.I. (9 November 2022); Animal Care Trento S.r.I. (20 December 2022); Domus Vet S.r.I. (24 February 2023) and Clinica Veterinaria Sant'Anna S.r.I. (21 June 2023).

On the following dates during the reporting period VetPartners Holdings S.r.I. acquired 100% of the trade and assets of the following practices in Italy on the following dates: Ambulatorio Veterinario San Pietro (22 February 2023); Clinica Veterinaria Cardiovet (27 April 2023) and Clinica Veterinaria Marengo (30 June 2023).

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

Fair Value

	rair value
	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets	572
Stocks	277
Tangible assets	782
Intangible assets	2,684
Financial liabilities	(1.593)
Deferred tax provision	(472)
2 of one of the provision	
Total identifiable assets	2,250
Goodwill	13,740
Total consideration	15,990
Satisfied by:	
Cash	11,976
Deferred consideration	4,014
Total consideration transferred	15,990
rotal consideration transferred	15,990
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	11,976
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(174)
2000. Sadi and Sadi Squitaione Salatioss doquited	
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	11,802

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £20,000 were contractual receivables of £20,000.

Acquisition costs of £277,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since acquisition the above entities have generated revenue of £4,257,000.

£3,585,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 29 July 2022 VetPartners Espana S.L.U. acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Hospital Veterinario Montjuic S.L.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Assata and liabilities anguired	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets	30
Stocks Tangible assets	13 257
Intangible assets Financial liabilities	1,867
Deferred tax provision	(269) (328)
Total identifiable assets	1,570
Goodwill	7,453
Total consideration	9,023
Satisfied by:	
Cash Deferred consideration	8,583 440
Total consideration transferred	9,023
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	8,583 (30)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	8,553

Within of total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £nil were contractual receivables of £5,000.

Acquisition costs of £66,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 29 July 2002 Veterinario Montjuic S.L. has generated revenue of 2,071,000.

£440,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 29 December 2022 VetPartners Espana S.L.U. acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Hospital Veterinario Retiro S.L. and Centro de Formacion y Nutricion Bucefalo S.L.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	301 105 115 1,604 (133) (282)
Total identifiable assets	1,710
Goodwill	9,371
Total consideration	11,081
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	10,462 619 11,081
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	10,462 (339)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	10,123

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £nil were contractual receivables of £nil.

Acquisition costs of £104,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 29 December 2022 Hospital Veterinario Retiro S.L. and Centro de Formacion y Nutricion Bucefalo S.L. generated revenue of £1,238,000.

£619,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

13 Business combinations (continued)

During the reporting period, VetPartners Espana S.L.U. acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of the following practices in Spain on the following dates: Hospital de Referencia La Equina S.L. (15 July 2022); Integral Clinica Veterinaria S.L. (19 July 2022); Janbarro S.I. (28 July 2022): Bonafe Veterinaria S.L. (5 October 2022); Mordisquito SLU (26 October 2022); Terra Veterinarios S.L. (10 November 2022); Clinica Cannis Monforte S.L. (11 November 2022); Argos Veterinaria S.L.U. (16 November 2022); Clinica Veterinaria Los Duranes S.L.U (18 November 2022); Kato Clinica Felina S.L. (2 December 2022); Ocelote S.L. (23 December 2022); Especialidades Veterinarias Oftalvet S.L. (29 December 2022); Clinica Veterinaria Cobena S.L. (1 February 2023); Vetlasalle S.L. (20 February 2023); Maestre Villora S.L. (12 April 2023); Clinica Veterinaria Sedavi S.L. (28 April 2023); Vetsandel S.L. (28 April 2023): Clinica Veterinaria Romareda S.L. (16 June 2023) and Glocaresvet S.L. (27 June 2023).

On the following dates during the reporting period VP Clinicas Espana S.L. acquired 100% of the trade and assets of the following practices in Spain on the following dates: Clinica Veterinaria Vetland (21 July 2022); Clinica Veterinaria Albeiter (29 December 2022); Clinica Veterinaria Mataro (30 December 2022); Surveco Veterinarios (14 February 2023); Clinica Veterinaria Asturcon (30 March 2023); Clinica Veterinaria Gandhi (28 April 2023); Clinica Veterinaria Los Escuderos (11 May 2023); Clinica Veterinaria Mascotas (14 June 2023) and Clinica Veterinaria Covadonga (21 June 2023).

On 27 January 2023 VetPartners Clinicas Canarias S.L.P Clinicas Espana S.L. acquired 100% of the trade and assets of Clinica Veterinaria Lomo Los Frailes a practice in Spain.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value £'000
Assets and liabilities acquired	2000
Financial assets	3,129
Stocks	717
Tangible assets	2,815
Intangible assets	6,892
Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	(3,397)
belefied (ax provision	(1,156)
Total identifiable assets	9,000
Goodwill	30,197
Total consideration	39,197
Satisfied by:	00.007
Cash Deferred consideration	33,287
Deletted Cotts/delation	5,910
Total consideration transferred	39,197
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	33,287
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(412)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	32,875

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £316,000 were contractual receivables of £432,000.

Acquisition costs of £950,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since acquisition the above entities have generated revenue of £6,921,000

£5,645,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 21 Febriuary 2023 VetPartners Germany GmbH acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Tierarztpraxis Schiffdorf GmbH & Co KG.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Accepts and Rabilities aggregated	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	739 312 145 865 (1,201) (113)
Total identifiable assets	747
Goodwill	5,748
Total consideration	6,495
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration	5,571 924
Total consideration transferred	6,495
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	5,571 516
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	6,087

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £250,000 were contractual receivables of £250,000.

Acquisition costs of £168,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 21 February 2023 Tierarztpraxis Schiffdorf GmbH & Co KG generated revenue of £1,137,000.

£924,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 19 September 2022 VetPartners Germany GmbH acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Baab-Kleintierzentrum am Alzeyer Kreuz GmbH.

On the following dates during the reporting period VetPartners Germany GmbH acquired 100% of the trade and assets of the following practices in Germany on the following dates: Tierarztpraxis Dr Hans-Peter Larscheid (15 August 2022); Tierarztliche Praxis furKleinetiere (5 May 2023); Dr Seidensticker Kleinetier und Pferdepraxis (30 June 2023) and Tierarzte Mettendorf (30 June 2023).

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets	486
Stocks	273
Tangible assets	147
Intangible assets	2,217
Financial liabilities	(380)
Deferred tax provision	(390)
Total identifiable assets	2,353
Goodwill	7,955
Total consideration	10,308
Satisfied by:	
Cash	9,394
Deferred consideration	914
Total consideration transferred	10,308
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	9,394
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(60)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	9,334

Within of total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £143,000 were contractual receivables of £143,000.

Acquisition costs of £168,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since acquisition the above entities have generated revenue of £1,935,000.

£914,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

During the reporting period, Cluster 1A acquired 100% of the of the trade and assets of the following practices in Switzerland on the following dates: Bex Vet (15 December 2022) and Cabinet Veterinaire Dr Martine Kinsbergen (13 June 2023).

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	22
Total identifiable assets	22
Goodwill	238
Total consideration	260
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration	260
Total consideration transferred	260
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	260
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	260

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £nil were contractual receivables of £nil.

Acquisition costs of £nil arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

No contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

During the reporting period, VetPartners France SAS acquired 49% of the issued share capital, the full economic rights and control of the following practices in France on the following dates: SAS des Trois Clochers (30 September 2022); SAS Oiselet (30 November 2022); La Societe Group Veterinaire Du Porhoet (2 January 2023) and Selarl Benoit-Bacot (10 February 2023).

On the following dates during the reporting period VetPartners France SAS acquired 100% of the trade and assets of the following practices in France on the following dates: Clinique Veterinaire de Plouigneau (1 August 2022); Caravet (11 October 2022) and Clinique Veterinaire de l'Emeraude (30 December 2022).

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets	1,155
Stocks	411
Tangible assets	411
Intangible assets	1,215
Financial liabilities	(955)
Deferred tax provision	(214)
Total identifiable assets	2,023
Goodwill	12,764
Total consideration	14,787
Satisfied by:	
Cash	12,617
Deferred consideration	2,170
Total consideration transferred	14,787
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	12,617
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(292)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	12,325

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £344,000 were contractual receivables of £344,000.

Acquisition costs of £352,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since acquisition the above entities have generated revenue of £1,623,000.

£2,170,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 9 September 2022 VetPartners Practices Ireland Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Red Rover Limited.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
A seal and lightiffing according to	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	311 180 35 1,348 (103) (237)
Total identifiable assets	1,534
Goodwill	5,277
Total consideration	6,811
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	5,649 1,162 6,811
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	5,649 (68)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	5,581

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £224,000 were contractual receivables of £224,000.

Acquisition costs of £157,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 9 September 2022 Red Rover Limited generated revenue of £2,051,000.

£728,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 31 March 2023 VetPartners Practices Ireland Limited acquired 100% of the trade and assets of Riverview Veterinary Group.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	239 110 1,232 (58) (217)
Total identifiable assets	1,306
Goodwill	8,820
Total consideration	10,126
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration	8,526 1,600
Total consideration transferred	10,126
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	8,526
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	8,526

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £nil were contractual receivables of £nil.

Acquisition costs of £51,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 31 March 2023 Riverview Veterinary Group generated revenue of £1,202,000.

£1,600,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 31 March 2023 VetPartners Practices Ireland Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of ACVG Veterinary Supplies Limited.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

Enir Malua

	Fair Value
Accete and liabilities acquired	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	1,120 605 181 1,280 (1,000) (225)
Total identifiable assets	1,961
Goodwill	4,085
Total consideration	6,046
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	5,738 308 6,046
	0,040
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	5,738 (421)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	5,317

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £285,000 were contractual receivables of £317,000.

Acquisition costs of £153,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 31 March 2023 ACVG Veterinary Supplies Limited has generated revenue of £593,000.

£308,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 31 March 2023 VetPartners Practices Ireland Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of Droberry Limited.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Accets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets	540
Stocks Tangilita agasta	118
Tangible assets Intangible assets	134 934
Financial liabilities	(1,394)
Deferred tax provision	(164)
Total identifiable assets	168_
Goodwill	5,879
Total consideration	6,047
Satisfied by:	
Cash	4,816
Deferred consideration	1,231
Total consideration transferred	6,047
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	4,816
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(81)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	4,735

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £266,000 were contractual receivables of £281,000.

Acquisition costs of £160,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 31 March 2023 Droberry Limited has generated revenue of £1,008,000.

£1,231,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

During the reporting period, VetPartners Practices Ireland Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of the following practices in Ireland on the following dates: AAA Vet Care Limited (9 August 2022) and Market St. Veterinary Limited (4 May 2023).

On 4 May 2023 VetPartners Practices Ireland Limited acquired 100% of the trade and assets of Barry Judge Vets (4 May 2023).

	Fair Value
a cate and the bitters are units of	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	571 101 155 1,305 (425) (230)
Total identifiable assets	1,477
Goodwill	6,719
Total consideration	8,196
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	7,066 1,130 8,196
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	7,066 (485)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	6,581

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £84,000 were contractual receivables of £88,000.

Acquisition costs of £229,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since acquisition the above entities have generated revenue of £1,118,000.

£1,130,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

During the reporting period, VetPartners Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of the following practices in Portugal on the following dates: Vetfaro Lda (7 December 2022); Sinais de Esperanca Lda (28 December 2022); Clinica Veterinaria de Serralves Lda (8 March 2023); Hugo Brancal — Servicos Veterinarios, Sociedade Unipressoal Lda (8 March 2023) and Torres Pet-Saude Animal Lda (5 May 2023).

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
A A A MARKET TO THE STATE OF TH	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	924 223 737 880 (903) (154)
Total identifiable assets	1,707
Goodwill	7,098
Total consideration	8,805
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	7,535 1,270 8,805
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	7,535 (403)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	7,132

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £76,000 were contractual receivables of £76,000.

Acquisition costs of £110,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since acquisition the above entities have generated revenue of £1,079,000.

£1,270,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 7 February 2023, VetPartners Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of the following practices in the Netherlands: DierenDoktors Holding B.V.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
	£'000
Assets and liabilities acquired Financial assets Stocks Tangible assets Intangible assets Financial liabilities Deferred tax provision	2,675 323 259 4,683 (2,017) (816)
Total identifiable assets	5,107
Goodwill	22,926
Total consideration	28,033
Satisfied by: Cash Deferred consideration Total consideration transferred	25,937 2,096 28,033
Cash flow analysis: Cash consideration Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	25,937 212
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	26,149

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £1,831,000 were contractual receivables of £1,831,000.

Acquisition costs of £673,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 7 February 2023 DierenDoktors Group has generated revenue of £2,504,000.

£2,096,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

On 28 April 2023, VetPartners Limited acquired 100% of the issued share capital, obtaining control of the following practices in the Netherlands: DGN Holding B.V.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

.

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets	1,862
Stocks	343
Tangible assets	460
Intangible assets	13,714
Financial liabilities	(3,934)
Deferred tax provision	(1,743)
Total identifiable assets	10,702
Goodwill	36,631
Total consideration	47,333
Satisfied by:	
Cash	44,132
Deferred consideration	3,201
The state of the s	17.000
Total consideration transferred	47,333
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	44,132
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	1,467
•	
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	45,599

Within total acquired balances of trade receivables with a book and fair value of £152,000 were contractual receivables of £152,000.

Acquisition costs of £1,353,000 arose as a result of the transaction. These have been recognised as part of administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Since 28 April 2023 DGN has generated revenue of £2,546,000.

£3,201,000 of contingent consideration is recognised. See page 50 for the assumptions made on contingent consideration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

13 Business combinations (continued)

Of the businesses acquired by VetPartners Limited during the reporting period estimated or provisional balances have been included for the following: E C Straiton & Partners Limited, Chine House Veterinary Hospital Limited, Parkside Veterinary Group Limited, Mid Sussex Veterinary Limited, Veterinaria San Francesco S.r.I, Clinica Veterinaria Citta di Catania S.r.I. Domus Vet S.r.I. Clinica Veterinaria Sant'Anna S.r.I. Ambulatorio Veterinario San Pietro, Clinica Veterinaria Cardiovet, Clinica Veterinaria Marengo, Hospital de Referencia La Equina S.L., Integral Clinica Veterinaria S.L., Mordisquito SLU, Terra Veterinarios S.L., Clinica Veterinaria Los Duranes S.L.U, Kato Clinica Felina S.L., Ocelote S.L., Hospital Veterinario Retiro S.L., Centro de Formacion y Nutricion Bucefalo S.L., Especialidades Veterinarias Oftalvet S.L., Clinica Veterinaria Cobena S.L., Vetlasalle S.L., Maestre Villora S.L., Clinica Veterinaria Sedavi S.L., Vetsandel S.L., Clinica Veterinaria Romareda S.L., Glocaresvet S.L., Clinica Veterinaria Albeiter, Clinica Veterinaria Mataro, Surveco Veterinarios, Clinica Veterinaria Asturcon, Clinica Veterinaria Gandhi, Clinica Veterinaria Los Escuderos, Clinica Veterinaria Mascotas, Clinica Veterinaria Covadonga, Clinica Veterinaria Lomo Los Frailes, Baab-Kleintierzentrum am Alzeyer Kreuz GmbH, Tierarztpraxis Schiffdorf GmpH & Co KG, Tierarztpraxis Dr Hans-Peter Larscheid, Tierarztliche Praxis furKleinetiere, Dr Seidensticker Kleinetier und Pferdepraxis, Tierarzte Mettendorf, Bex Vet, Cabinet Veterinaire Dr Martine Kinsbergen, Selarl Benoit-Bacot, AAA Vet Care Limited, Red Rover Limited, ACVG Veterinary Supplies Limited, Droberry Limited, Market St. Veterinary Limited, Barry Judge, VetsVetfaro Lda, Sinais de Esperanca Lda, Clinica Veterinaria de Serralves Lda, Hugo Brancal - Servicos Veterinarios, Sociedade Unipressoal Lda, Torres Pet-Saude Animal Lda, DierenDoktors Holding B.V. and DGN Holding B.V.

The amounts recognised in respect of the combined identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as set out in the table below:

	Fair Value
Assets and liabilities acquired	£'000
Financial assets	18,814
Stocks	3,758
Tangible assets	6,332
Intangible assets	4,975
Financial liabilities	(20,097)
Deferred tax provision	(115)
Total identifiable assets	13,667
Goodwill	233,901
Total consideration	247,568
Satisfied by:	
Cash	217,164
Deferred consideration	30,404
Total consideration transferred	247,568
Total consideration transferred	241,300
Cash flow analysis:	
Cash consideration	217,164
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	(3,027)
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition	214,137

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

14 Property, plant and equipment

Group	Land and Buildings	Furniture, fittings and	Motor vehicles	Right-of- use	Total
	£'000	equipment £'000	£'000	assets £'000	£'000
Cost					
At 1 July 2021	24,697	56,252	3,917	99,747	184,613
Acquired through business combinations	6,505	5,962	184	23,610	36,261
Additions	12,892	5,421	2,209	17,720	38,242
Disposals	(1,317)	(7,154)	(4,771)		(13,242)
At 30 June 2022	42,777	60,481	1,539	141,077	245,874
Acquired through business combinations	5,548	2,032	1,143	-	8,723
Additions	5,620	22,856	2,949	50,677	82,102
Reclassifications	(3,842)	3,935	(93)	-	, -
Disposals	(1,607)	(5,033)	(518)	-	(7,158)
At 30 June 2023	48,496	84,271	5,020	191,754	329,541
Depreciation					
At 1 July 2021	4,527	23,996	1,902	26,075	56,500
Charge for the period	4,123	10,702	1,791	13,211	29,827
On disposals	(136)	(6,156)	(2,585)		(8,877)
At 30 June 2022	8,514	28,542	1,108	39,286	77,450
Charge for the period	4,108	14,516	1,042	19,156	38,822
On disposals	(831)	(4,588)	(301)	-	(5,720)
At 30 June 2023	11,791	38,470	1,849	58,442	110,552
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2023	36,705	45,801	3,171	133,312	218,989
At 30 June 2022	34,263	31,939	431	101,791	168,424
At 30 June 2021	20,170	32,256	2,015	73,672	128,113

Certain motor vehicles and other assets were obtained on hire purchase arrangements and are therefore pledged as security accordingly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Investments		
Company	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Investments in subsidiaries	257,251	257,251
Subsidiaries	2023 £°000	2022 £'000
Cost and carrying amount	057.054	054.050
At 1 July Additions	257,251 	254,352 2,899
Carrying amount	257,251	257,251

Subsidiary undertakings

The undertakings in which the Company's and Group's interest at the year end is 20% or more is shown in note 30.

16 Inventories

15

WY CHIES	Group		Company	
	2023 £'000	2022 £'000	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Finished goods and goods for resale	22,146	16,739	_	

Group

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense in the year amounted to £139,134,000 (2022 - £112,388,000).

17 Trade and other receivables

	Group		Company	
	2023 £'000	2022 £'000	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Trade receivables	47,394	41,537	-	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	200	412	238,142	55,377
Other receivables	35,744	26,252	-	-
Current tax receivable	915	333	-	-
Deferred tax asset	394	-	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	15,038	6,878	-	-
	99,685	75,412	238,142	55,377
Less non-current portion	394		(238,142)	(55,377)
	99,291	75,412		<u> </u>

Details of non-current trade and other receivables

Group

Amounts repayable from group undertakings carry interest of 0% per annum charge on the outstanding loan balances.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

17 Trade and other receivables (continued)

Company

£238,142,000 (2022 - £55,377,000) of amounts owed by group undertakings is classified as non-current.

Amounts repayable from subsidiary group undertakings carry interest of 4% per annum charge on the outstanding loan balances. The amounts are repayable after more than one year.

Credit risk and impairment

Due to the nature of the Group's customers, formal credit limits are not set. The Group establishes provisions for impairment in each operating entity based on the perceived credit risk arising, usually on the basis of ageing, and particularly concentrated on newly acquired entities where the credit quality of trade receivables may be weaker when all trade receivables more than 60 days old are provided for. In addition to the impairment assessment conducted in each operating entity, a general provision, based on past experience across the Group, is provided for on initial recognition of the debtor, currently set at 0.2% of revenue (2022 – 0.2%). The amount of provision included at 30 June 2023 was £13,781,000 (2022 – £11,550,000), meaning gross trade receivables before deduction of impairment provisions were £59,397,000 (2022 – £53,087,000).

Where it is determined that the customer will never pay, they are considered to have defaulted and the receivable is written off.

Provision for doubtful debts at 1 July 2022	£'000 11,550
Increase in provision Increase in provision through business combinations	1,874 357
Provision for doubtful debts at 30 June 2023	13,781

The Group does not have any significant concentrations of credit risk, as trade receivables represent a high volume of small amounts. There is no single customer or group of customers with similar characteristics that would lead to a concentration of credit risk. The Group has in place credit control procedures to minimise credit risk and the directors consider that no further provision is required in excess of the normal impairment provisions described above.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at 30 June 2023 is the value of trade receivables disclosed above.

18 Trade and other payables

,		Group		Company	
	Note	2023 £'000	2022 £'000	2023 £'000	2022
B. White and warm	Note	2 000	2,000	£ 000	£'000
Due within one year		E 4 700	00.500		
Trade payables		54,796	29,588	-	-
Social security and other taxes		25,039	21,861	-	-
Other payables		18,919	36,252	-	
Accrued expenses		69,949	40,550	-	_
Current financial liabilities		26,274	14,624		
		194,977	142,875		
Due after one year					
Loans and borrowings	19	1,379,559	1,039,436	234,990	52,311
Lease liabilities		118,609	91,248	, =	, <u>-</u>
Deferred tax liabilities		33,774	47,442	_	_
Other non-current financial		30,576	17,512	-	-
tiabilities					
	·	1,562,518	1,195,638	234,990	52,311

Current and Non-current financial liabilities relate to deferred and contingent consideration payable on business combinations. See note 13.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

19 Borrowings

Current liabilities

	Gr	Group		Company	
	2023 £'000	2022 £'000	2023 £'000	2022 £'000	
Bank borrowings Loan from parent undertaking	1,135 234,790	_	234,790	-	
	235,925	_	234,790	_	

Loans from the parent undertaking are unsecured and no interest has been charged in the current year (2022: charged at 0% per annum).

Non-current liabilities	Gr	oup	Company		
	2023 £'000	2022 £'000	2023 £'000	2022 £'000	
Bank borrowings Loan from parent undertaking	1,144,769	987,125 52,311		52,311	
	1,144,769	1,039,436	-	52,311	

Group

Included in the loans and borrowings are the following amounts due after more than one year:

	30 June	30 June
	2023	2022
•	£'000	£'000
Due within 2-5 years	1,144,769	987,125

Total bank borrowings outstanding of £1,144,769,000 (2022 - £987,125,000) are stated net of costs associated with raising finance of £16,395,000 (2022 - £17,630,000). £1,046,078,000 (2022 - £910,430,000) of the bank borrowings are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the Group and are repayable in full on 28 November 2025. Interest is levied at a rate of SONIA plus up to 7.25% per annum. £115,086,000 (2022 - £94,325,000) of the bank borrowings are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the Group and are repayable in full on 28 May 2025. For the Super Senior term loan of £105.0m (2022: £105.0m) interest is levied at a rate of SONIA plus up to 2.75% per annum. Certain motor vehicles and other assets were obtained on hire purchase arrangements and are therefore pledged as security accordingly.

The maturity dates are in line with the contractual maturity dates.

Subsequent to the year end the Group's loans have been refinanced with amended facilities and principal repayments nor due until 2029 (see note 29).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

20 Provisions

Dilapidations

	30 June	30 June
	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
At start of the year	18,499	11,303
Increase in provision through business combinations	5,613	7,840
Utilised in the year	(2 <u>,155)</u>	_ (644)
At end of the year	21,957	18,499

Dilapidations provisions above relate to the Group's potential future liabilities for correcting dilapidations incurred at the balance sheet date under the terms of property leases. Each property is assessed and the provision is determined by taking the full expected cost of refurbishment at the end of the lease and multiplying this by the percentage of the lease that has already been utilised. The expected costs of refurbishment of an individual site is taken from the property survey carried out at acquisition or where such a survey has not been carried out by using an average based on similar sites. No reimbursements are expected from third parties and therefore no assets have been recognised.

21 Pension and other schemes

Defined contribution pension scheme

The Group operates defined contribution pension schemes. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by group companies to the schemes and amounted to £6,881,000 (2022 - £5,978,000). The amount outstanding from group companies and employees at year end totalled £3,227,000 (2022 - £1,077,000).

22 Share capital

Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	30 Jur	30 June 2022		
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	257,250,793	257,250,793	257,250,793	257,250,793

A reconciliation of the movement in the number of shares in year is shown below.

At 1 July 2021	254,352,833
Share issues in the year	2,897,960
At 1 July 2022 and at 30 June 2023	257,250,793

The issue of shares relates to £1 ordinary shares issued at par.

23 Reserves

Retained earnings represents accumulated profits and losses to date of the Group and Company respectively.

Foreign translation reserve represents accumulated gains and losses in relation to the translation of foreign subsidiaries into the group presentational currency of the Group and is not distributable.

24 Leases

The Group leases properties and certain items of plant and machinery. With the exception of leases of low value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability.

The Group had recognised 889 property leases in 2023 with a carrying value of £124,363,000 (2022 - 553, carrying value of £95,145,00) and 1,170 plant and machinery leases with a carrying value of £8,949,000 (2022 - 726 carrying value of £6,646,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

24 Leases (continued)

All future cash flows are included. The leases are subject to rent reviews. The nature of the rent reviews is such that annual rentals are adjusted to prevailing market rates, unless that would lead to a reduction. In accordance with IFRS 16, any future increases in annual rentals arising from rent reviews are not included in the calculation of the lease liabilities. Any future increases in annual rentals will result in prospective adjustments to the lease liabilities at the point of the rent review.

Amounts recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position relating to leases are:

Right-of-use assets

right of use doods	£'000
Net book value	
At 1 July 2021	73,672
New leases recognised in the year	41,330
Depreciation charge for the year	(13,211)
At 30 June 2022	101,791
New leases recognised in the year	50,677
Depreciation charge for the year	(19,156)
At 30 June 2023	133,312

Maturity analysis

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Due within one year	25,572	18,753
Due within two to five years	89,280	62,708
Due after five years	82,024	66,904
Future finance charges	(52,695)	(38,364)
	144,181	110,001

Amounts recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Depreciation charge of right of use asset - property	14,735	10,780
Depreciation charge of right of use asset – plant & equipment	4,421	2,431
Interest expenses (within finance costs)	10,454	6,730
	29,610	19,941

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

24 Leases (continued)

Amounts recognised in the Consolidated Cash Flows

The consolidated statement of cash flows shows the following amounts relating to leases:

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Cash outflows Cash inflows	26,951	18,306
Net cash outflows	26,951	18,306

Low value leases and short-term leases

The Group has certain lease arrangements to which the recognition exemptions for low-value leases have been applied. These are not considered material for further disclosure.

The Group does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities. Lease liabilities are monitored within the group wide treasury management.

Lease liabilities are calculated at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Interest expense on lease liabilities is disclosed in note 7. The majority of the Group's lease arrangements relate to properties from which the various trading subsidiaries operate. The terms of leases vary depending on factors such as the geography and size of each subsidiary. The Group also accounts for certain equipment acquired under lease arrangements as finance leases. For information in respect of the cash payments made in the year, see the Statement of Cash Flows. Where a lease contains extension or early termination clauses, an assessment is made on initial recognition as to the likelihood that such clauses will be exercised and accounted for accordingly.

25 Financial instruments

Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2019.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (borrowings disclosed in note 19 after deducting cash and bank balances) and equity of the Group (comprising issued capital and reserves).

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group's management regularly reviews the capital structure. As part of this review the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The current capital structure is considered to be appropriate for the Group's ongoing needs.

Significant accounting policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted (including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the bases for recognition of income and expenses) for each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.

The Group is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. There have been no significant changes in the Group's exposure to financial instrument risk and its objectives, policies and processes for managing those from previous periods. The principal financial instruments used by the Group, from which financial instrument risk arises, are trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables, accruals, bank borrowings and amounts owed to group undertakings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

25 Financial instruments (continued)

Categories of financial instruments

All financial instruments are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost with the exception of contingent consideration which is recognised at fair value through profit and loss. The table below shows an analysis of the financial instruments held.

	Gre	Group		Company	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000	
Financial assets					
Trade and other receivables	101,451	67,789	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	39,661	66,220	-	_	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	238,142	55,377	
	141,112	134,009	238,142	55,377	
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	54,796	29.588	-	_	
Other payables	37,232	36,252	-	-	
Accrued expenses	69,949	40,550	-	-	
Deferred consideration	2,947	815	-	-	
Corporation tax payable	-	-	-	-	
Bank borrowings and overdrafts	1,145,904	987,125	-	-	
Lease liabilities	144,181	110,001	-	•	
Amounts owed to group companies	234,790	52,311	234,990	52,311	
Amortised cost total	1,689,799	,1,256,642	234,990	52,311	
Contingent consideration	53,903	31,321	_	_	
Fair value through profit and loss total	53,903	31,321	-	-	
-	1,743,702	1,287,963	234,990	52,311	

Trade and other receivables consist of Trade receivables and other receivables.

Trade and other payables consist of trade payables and other payables meeting the definition of a financial liability, specifically excluding deferred and contingent consideration which is separately disclosed.

Financial risk management

Credit risk

Credit risk arises principally from the Group's trade receivables. It is the risk that the counterparty fails to discharge its obligation in respect of the instrument. The maximum exposure to credit risk at 30 June 2023 was £47,394,000 (2022 - £41,537,000). Trade receivables are managed by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits. At the year end, the credit quality of trade receivables is considered to be satisfactory. Further details can be found in note 17.

There is no expected credit risk associated with the amounts owed by group undertakings of £200,000 (2022: £412,000).

Credit risk on liquid funds is considered to be minimal as the counterparties of are major banks with high credit ratings.

The group manages credit risk by ensuring banks utilised for financing hold an acceptable risk level. Since there are a large number of customers contained in trade receivables and other receivables, the Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to a single counterparty.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

25 Financial instruments (continued)

Credit risk assessment

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses for trade receivables. To measure lifetime expected credit losses on a collective basis, trade receivables are grouped based on ageing. The expected loss rates are based assessed as a collective based on the Group's historical credit loss experience. This risk is managed through credit control procedures including limits on customer spending and the use of a dedicated central credit collection team supporting practice-based team members. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of the provision for doubtful debts. The credit risk in respect of bank balances is safeguarded by using banks with high credit ratings. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with its exposure spread across a large number of customers.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Group's management of working capital. It is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's policy is to meet its liabilities when they fall due. The Group monitors cash flow on a regular basis. At the year end, the Group has sufficient liquid resources to meet its obligations. For further information on the maturity of financial obligations, see notes 19 and 24.

Market risk

Market risk arises from the Group's use of interest-bearing financial instruments. It is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate. At the year end, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group were as shown above. The Group ensures that its cash deposits earn interest at a reasonable rate.

The Group's bank borrowings are subject to interest rate risk due to being linked to SONIA, no additional risks have been identified following the change from IBOR in the prior year. The Group's policy is to maximise trading returns from its various subsidiaries to ensure that interest payments can be met.

If SONIA had been 4% (2022: 4%) higher/lower and all other variables were constant, the Group's loss for the year would have increased/decreased by £42,661,000 (2022: £33,864,000) due to its exposure to interest rates on its variable rate borrowings. 4% has been used on the basis that 4% is a reasonable estimation of the maximum change in interest rates in the foreseeable future.

26 Related party transactions

Group

The bank borrowings disclosed in note 19 and the corresponding interest disclosed in note 7 are managed and controlled by Ares Management Limited, an entity that has an indirect shareholding in the company.

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed.

The Company and Group has amounts owed to and from its parent company Scooby Bidco Limited. The amounts outstanding at each year end are shown in notes 17 and 18 to the financial statements.

Company

Summary of transactions with key management

Key management personnel are considered to be the directors of the Company and there have been no transactions with key management. At the end of May 2020, the directors' employment contracts were transferred to the Group's parent undertaking Details of the directors' remuneration is disclosed in the accounts of the immediate parent company Scooby Bidco Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

27 Net debt and liabilities arising from financing activities

	At 1 July 2021	Cash flow	Non- cash m'ment	At 30 June 2022	Cash flow	Non- cash m'ment	At 30 June 2023
Cash and cash	£'000	£'000	£'000	Cinon	£'000	Ciono	
equivalents	£ 000		£ 000	£'000	2.000	£'000	£'000
Cash	73,653	(7,433)	-	66,220	(26,559)	-	39,661
Bank overdrafts			-		_		-
	73,653	(7,433)		66,220	(26,559)		39,661
Debt							
Bank borrowings Loan from parent	(706,083)	(280,511)	(531)	(987,125)	(132,857)	(25,922)	(1,145,904)
undertaking	(54,032)	1,721	_	(52,311)	(182,479)	_	(234,790)
Lease liabilities	(80,248)	11,576	(41,329)	(110,001)	16,497	(50,677)	(144,181)
	(840,248)	(267,214)	(41,860)	(1,149,437)	(298,839)	(76,599)	(1,524,875)
Net debt	(766,710)	(274,647)	(41,860)	(1,083,217)	(325,398)	(76,599)	(1,485,214)
Net debt excluding lease liabilities	(686,462)	(286,223)	(531)	(973,216)	(341,895)	(25,922)	(1,341,033)

Non-cash movements above relate to IFRS 16 adjustments for new leases and interest, adjustments for finance costs on bank borrowings and the addition of accrued interest to the loan.

28 Controlling party

The smallest group for which group financial statements are prepared that include and consolidate the results of the company for the year ended 30 June 2023 is VetPartners Group Limited, the largest group for which group financial statements are prepared that include and consolidate the results of the company for the year ended 30 June 2023 is Scooby Bidco Limited, a company registered in England and Wales whose registered office is Spitfire House, Aviator Court, York, YO30 4GYand whose accounts are publicly available. The ultimate controlling party is BC European Capital X, a collection of limited partnerships with no single controlling party. The ultimate parent company is Scooby Equityco Limited, a company registered in Jersey.

29 Non adjusting events after the financial period

On 18 October 2023 the Group completed a refinancing exercise resulting in an realignment of the loans and additional equity of £259.6m in the Group's ultimate parent company, Scooby Equityco Limited.

As part of this refinancing exercise VetPartners Group issued an additional 365,549,535 £1 ordinary shares at par.

As part of the refinancing arrangement the RCF, attracting interest of SONIA +2.0%-2.5% and with a maturity date of 17 April 2029, has been increased by £35.0m to £75.0m, the Super Senior Loan facility, attracting interest of SONIA +2.0%-2.5% and with a maturity date of 17 April 2029, has been increased by £60.0m to £175.0m and the Unitranche Loan facility, attracting interest of SONIA +6.75% and with a maturity date of 17 October 2029, has been reduced by £323.0m to £695.0m.

Additional loans of £144.0m have been made available to Scooby Bidco Limited as part of the refinancing arrangement and these funds are available to be loaned to the Group.

On 7 September 2023 the CMA announced that they are to open an enquiry into the operation of the UK veterinary sector and to explore how the market is working for pet owners. It is expected that the Group will receive feedback from this market study in February 2024.

On 8 December it was confirmed via a press release from the French Ministry of Agriculture that the first phase of this conciliation process has concluded with a standard doctrine established to clarify the decisions handed down by the French High Court's decisions issued on 10 July 2023. This doctrine has been signed by all parties involved in the conciliation procedure. Phase 2 of the conciliation process is expected to run until mid-March 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

29 Non adjusting events after the financial period (continued)

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group has completed the acquisition of the following UK entities where 100% of the voting rights were acquired, obtaining control, in line with the Group growth strategy:

- Isabelle Vets Limited Acquired 24 July 2023
- Forge veterinary Centre Limited Acquired 3 August 2023

The Group also acquired the following overseas entities:

- Clinica Veterinaria Monzon Acquired 13 July 2023 Located in Spain
- Centre Veterinaire Vet 24 Jonction Acquired 9 August 2023 Located in Switzerland
- Tierarzte Igling Acquired 31 August 2023 Located in Germany
- Tierarztpraxis Dr. Berthold Graule Acquired 31 August 2023 Located in Germany
- Ambulatorio Veterinario Sant'Anna Acquired 5 September 2023 Located in Italy
- Centro Neurologico Veterinario Acquired 9 October 2023 Located in Italy
- Grupo Veterinario Sao Francisco de Assis Acquired 25 October 2023 Located in Portugal
- Dierenartspraktijk Kerkebosch Acquired 26 October 2023 Located in The Netherlands
- Hospital dos Animais Acquired 10 November 2023 Located in Portugal
- Breifne Animal Care Ltd Acquired 20 November 2023 Located in Ireland

The total consideration paid in respect of the above share acquisitions and the trade and asset acquisitions was £584,000. The acquisition accounting for these business combinations is not yet complete. Any goodwill acquired as a result of the above acquisitions is considered to principally relate to the following:

- synergies arising, in particular from increased buying power and the use of central administrative functions:
- geographical location and convenience of practice sites; and
- acquired workforces, including the experience and reputation of veterinary surgeons.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments

Details of undertakings

Details of the investments in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are given below. All subsidiaries are 100% owned in both the current and prior year unless otherwise stated. See disclosure below table for registered addresses of UK entities.

Undertaking	Country	Holding	Company number
Subsidiary undertakings			
VetPartners Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	10026837
Minster Veterinary Practice Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05872103
York Canine Hydrotherapy limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	06700907
R&S Dowding Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	06843771
Westway Veterinary Centres Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07177168
VetSavers UK Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	04046891
The Elisabeth Huntenburg Veterinary Practice Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05775289
Beechwood Veterinary Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06497955
Eastfield Veterinary Clinic Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05252911
Ashleigh Veterinary Clinic Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07402286
Braid Vets Limited	Scotland	Ordinary	SC395761
Prince Bishop Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05875379
VetPartners Practices Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	10084952
Border Vets Limited**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC360960
Wilson Veterinary Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	05063389
Hadrian Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07606135
Ashlands Veterinary Services (2006) Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05911908
Woodcroft Veterinary Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07013686
Rutland House Surgery Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	03984811
Southfields (Cheshire) Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05942126
A & E Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05047115
Best Friends Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04378366
Best Friends Veterinary Group***	England and Wales	Ordinary	03969182
Vetsavers Joint Venture Partnership Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	09897566
Chantry Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	10471388
Robert Young (Kelso) Limited**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC307969
Valley Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	04672056
Veterinary Emergency Treatment Services Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	04676277
David Ashworth Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04627180
YorkVets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	06638521
Tameside Veterinary Clinic Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06589306
Mimram Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07721467

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings	Country	Holding	Company number	
Natterjacks Vet Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	09002899	
Uplands Way Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05749866	
Ash Tree Veterinary Practice Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	09237223	
Heywood Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	08443869	
Parker and Crowther Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07402696	
Kinfauns Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	06550173	
Oak Tree Vet Centre Limited**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC436360	
Sanctuary Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	08031649	
Caerphilly Veterinary Clinic Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07357355	
M Nelson Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07556169	
Adelaide Clinic Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07188781	
NVH Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	08516119	
Severn Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07625669	
Quarry Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07690113	
Meridian Veterinary Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04244187	
Gillivervet Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	04600408	
Lancaster Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07903053	
Littlecroft Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07690170	
Hampden Partners Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07253071	
Anderson Abercromby Veterinary Referrals Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07681515	
Ashlea Veterinary Centre Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04759132	
Beeston Animal Health Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	02905946	
Coastway (Hove) Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	03773517	
Hale Veterinary Group Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	09256327	
St David Veterinary Centre Ltd**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07203928	
Liphook Equine Hospital Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	10465731	
Rainbow Equine Hospital Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08825966	
Valentine Cogan & Deavin Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07344954	
Palmer & Duncan Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	09033367	
Gilmoor Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07403098	
Milfeddygon Bodrwnsiwn Veterinary Group	England and Wales	Ordinary	10320038	
Haven Veterinary Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08937418	
PVG (Cardiff) Tradeco Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	11576752	
Westside Veterinary Clinic Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07306139	
Galedin Limited	Scotland	Ordinary	SC605570	
Rosevean Veterinary Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09496166	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings	Country	Holding	Co. number
M & S EVP Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06620884
N & H Whieldon Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07701802
Abbeyserve Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09879023
Ashfield House Veterinary Hospital Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	05194115
Fellowes Farm Equine Clinic Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06626682
Castle Vets Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06632506
Sound Equine Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06548413
AVC (Abergavenny) Limited***	England and Wales	Ordinary	11794568
Abbey Veterinary Centres Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06481044
Kings Bounty Equine Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08634181
Isle Valley Vets Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07986867
Wood Veterinary Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09053619
Calweton Veterinary Services Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04540277
Devon Equine Vets Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09253058
Clyde Vets Ltd	Scotland	Ordinary	SC437346
Clyde Vet Group Ltd**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC544097
Lynwood Vets Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary	08499179
LSVN Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	10423717
Parklands Veterinary Ltd	Northern Ireland	Ordinary	NI045393
Parklands Veterinary Portglenone Ltd**	Northern Ireland	Ordinary	NI627959
UK Farm Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07331487
UK Farm Vets North Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	09008149
LLM Farm Vets (Derbyshire) Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	06972062
Origin Group Holdco Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08784951
Origin Group Finance Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08784972
Garth Pig Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09467241
Westpoint Veterinary Group Limited**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC439231
Westpoint Veterinary Services (South East) Limited**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC277099
Stock1st Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	04461543
Westpoint Veterinary Services (SouthWest) Limited**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC399354
Poultry Health Services Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	04161083
Myerscough Farm Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	06927434
The Veterinary Farmacy Limited**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC256023
Westpoint Enterprise Support Limited	Scotland	Ordinary	SC437333
Westpoint Group Trading Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08833557

30

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Investments (continued)			
Subsidiary undertakings	Country	Holding	Co.number
Cedar Farm Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	05904064
Biobest Laboratories Limited	Scotland	Ordinary	SC199355
Kingshay Farming and Conservation Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	02596568
Retford Poultry Partnership Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07134493
Farmvets Southwest Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	05640845
Oakwood Veterinary Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	10556618
Oakwood Veterinary Referrals Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	09910044
Penbode Vets Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06313481
Sapphire Imaging Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07192380
Bromyard Vets Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	10129971
Wyre Forest Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07761541
Robin Lewis & Associates Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	08564098
Caring Vets (RR) LLP***	England and Wales	Ordinary	OC387225
Nethan Valley Veterinary Centre Limited**	Scotland	Ordinary	SC403969
Blackhall VS Limited	Scotland	Ordinary	SC393588
Maes Glas Vets Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09020534
St Peter's Vets Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08481671
Bourton Vale Equine Clinic Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	05949470
Broughton Vet Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09243007
Regent Court Veterinary Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04627991
Quantock Veterinary Hospital Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07179413
Stable Close Equine Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04873450
Willows Veterinary Centre Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07104079
Shipston Veterinary Centre Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	05159186
Mourne Veterinary Clinic Limited	Northern Ireland	Ordinary	NI608075
NEVH Limited	Channel Islands	Ordinary	130121
T V V Limited	Scotland	Ordinary	SC359205
The Arkvet Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07757796
The Hyperthyroid Cat Centre Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08597036
Armac Holdings Limited***	England and Wales	Ordinary	12500724
Armac Veterinary Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	05756160
VetPartners Practices II Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	12745481
TCEH (2011) Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	07632395
Head & Head Veterinary Practices Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08519493
Lincolnshire Pet Crematorium Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04812345
Norfolk Pet Crematorium Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05351192
PCS South West Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	04701447
		-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings	Country	Holding	Company number
Pet Cremation Services (Newbury) Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	03923873
Pet Cremation Services (North East) Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05611245
Pet Cremation Services (South East) Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	09512534
Pet Cremation Services Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05407105
Premier Care Service Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	03416359
Summerleaze Pet Crematorium Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05439135
The Surrey Pet Cemetery Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	02801945
Alfold Veterinary Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08401736
Armstrong Vets Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08481135
Jonathan Wood Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	05037913
Rossdales Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	13167468
Newry Veterinary Centre Ltd	Northern Ireland	Ordinary	NI602574
Luxstowe Vets Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09344129
Equivet Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	10505832
VetUK Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09856545
Ensbury Park Veterinary Practice Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06730292
Time Right Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09151027
Time Right Holdings Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	09067869
Time Right Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	02889499
Cheshire Pet Crematorium Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	03337979
Essex PC1 Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05973959
Essex Pet Crematorium Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	05020998
HPL Services Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	06481052
Lime Kiln Farm Pet Services Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	11124204
Lime Kiln Pet Cremation Limited**	England and Wales	Ordinary	11123735
Goddard Holdco Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	12158031
Goddard Veterinary Group Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	01971231
North Essex Veterinary Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	07937809
Our PMS Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	08577097
Pendle Pet Care Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	06715131
Vetmedics Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	12779198
Bearl Equine Clinic Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary	09126439
E C Straiton & Partners Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary	07097933
Chine House Veterinary Hospital Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary	12839445

30

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Investments (contin	nued)			
Subsidiary undertakings		Country	Holding	Company number
Parkside Veterinary	Group Limited*	Scotland	Ordinary	SC524509
Mid Sussex Veterin	ary Ltd*	England and Wales	Ordinary	10733461
Subsidiary undert	akings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number
VetPartners Holdings Italia S.r.l.	Via Piazza Tre Torri no.2, 20145 Milan	Italy	Ordinary	11023910965
Ospedale Veterinario S. Francesco S.r.l.	Via Feltrina 29, Paese (TV), Castagnole	Italy	Ordinary	03663280265
Clinica Veterinaria Costa d'Argento S.r.l.	Strada dell'Airone 4, 58010 Orbetello (GR), Albinia	Italy	Ordinary	01456820537
Vet Hospital H24 Firenze S.r.l.	Via dei Vanni 25, 50142, Finenze	Italy	Ordinary	05197610487
V.E.T.S. S.r.l.	Via Annibale Zucchini 81- 83, Ferara	Italy	Ordinary	01612720381
L'Ospedale degli Animali S.r.l.	Via Annibale Zucchini 81- 83, Ferara	Italy	Ordinary	01967970383
Ferrara Vet S.r.l.	Via Annibale Zucchini 81- 83, Ferara	Italy	Ordinary	02051980387
Ospedale Veterinario Parma S.r.l.	Piazza Meuccio Ruini 25/A, 43126 Parma (PR)	ltaly	Ordinary	02548260344
Centro Medico Veterinario Montecchio	Via Genrale Dalla Chiesa 31, Montecchio Magiore (VI)	Italy	Ordinary	11023910968
Clinica Veterinaria Europa	Via Kassel 18/20, 50126 Firenze (FI)	Italy	Ordinary	05751520486
Clinica Veterinaria Santa Lucia	Via Mantovana, 90/M Verona	Italy	Ordinary	04746160235
Clinica Veterinaria Feltrina	Via Gaspara Stampa 7/C, 32032 Felte (BL)	Italy	Ordinary	01244040257
Clinica Veterinaria Jenner	Via Edward Jenner 37, 43126 Parma	Italy	Ordinary	02957810340
Clinica Veterinaria La Stazione	Viale Stazione 30, 30015 Chioggia	Italy	Ordinary	04612610271
Ospedale Vetarinario Ardenza S.r.I.	Via Uberto Mondolfi 169, 57128 Livorno (LI)	Italy	Ordinary	01973950494
Serenissimavet S.r.l.	Via Borgo Lacchin 1/A, Sacile (PN)	Italy	Ordinary	01892940931

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments (continued)

Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number
Clinica Veterinaria Camagna S.r.l.	Via Circonvallazione Caserta Nord, 13, 89124 – Reggio Calabria (RC)	Italy	Ordinary	02490000805
Diana S.r.I.	Reana del Rojale (UD)	Italy	Ordinary	02940510304
Clinica Veteraria Haziel S.r.l.	Via L. Camaiora snc, Santo Stefano di Magra (SP)	Italy	Ordinary	01526470115
Roma Vet S.r.l.	Via al Quario Miglio 13, 00178 - Roma	Italy	Ordinary	16456101001
Clinica Veterinaria San Carlo S.r.l.	Via Giovanni Pascoli I/C, 25122 Brescia (BS)	Italy	Ordinary	0367190098
Zarcone S.r.l.	Via Catania 66, 90141, Palermo (PA)	Italy	Ordinary	06896240834
Udine Vet S.r.l.	Via Candotti 199, 33033 – Codroipo (UD)	Italy	Ordinary	030554350305
Ospedale Veterinario Santa Fara S.r.l.	Via Generale Bellorno, 91/bis, 70125 – Bari (BA)	Italy	Ordinary	08665270727
Ambulatorio Veterinario Dott.ssa Contri Dott. De Zen S.r.l. S.p.t.*	Zona Industriale Piana, 21/B, 36078 – Valdagno (VI)	Italy	Ordinary	02568590240
Deler Vet S.r.l. *	Piazzale Cina, 68/70/70 – 00144 Roma	Italy	Ordinary	08943011000
Veterinaria San Francesco S.r.l. *	Via Newton, 2, 20148 - Milano	Italy	Ordinary	08080110961
Clinica Veterinaria Citta di Catania S.r.l. *	Vittorio Veneto 313, Catania	(taly	Ordinary	05172900879
Animal Care Trentro S.r.l. *	Via Palermo 194 – 38122 Trento	Italy	Ordinary	02684730225
Domus Vet S.r.l. *	Via Carnia20, 33030 Majano, Udine.	Italy	Ordinary	03081980306
Clinica Veterinaria Sant'Anna S.r.l.*	Piazza Tre Torri no. 2, 20145 Milan.	Italy	Ordinary	11023910968
VetPartners France S.A.S.	1 Boulevard Victor Hugo, 75015 Paris	France	Ordinary	882607450
SAS Plein Centre +	67 Allee du Rouerge 31770 Colomiers	France	Ordinary	882607450
Clinique Veterinaire du Bas Poitou +	4 Avenue Marechal Juin, 85200 Fontenay le Comte	France	Ordinary	898939210

30

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Investments (continued)					
Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number	
SAS Edenvet Clinique Veterinaire +	94 Rue de la republique, 59750 Feignes	France	Ordinary	499261303	
Clinique Herbot +	18 Rure Amiral Baugen, 29150 Chateaulin	France	Ordinary	391803749	
SAS Veto Sur Couze +	10 Rue du Vieux Moulin, 63340 Saint Germain Lembron	France	Ordinary	752947366	
CHV Atlantia +	22 Rue Rene Voviani, 44200 Nant	France	Ordinary	10084952	
SAS Cabinet Veterinaire du Vieux Tronc +	Z.A di Vieux Trance, 29246 Pollaquen	France	Ordinary	900966862	
Groupe de Sante Animaliere du Blavet+	36 Rue de la Liberation, 56390 Locmine	France	Ordinary	810504464	
SAS Pont Dol +	2 Alleede la Viree de Galerne ZA les Rolandiers, 35120 Do de Bretagne	France	Ordinary	500489604	
Hegal Zabal S.C.P +	7 Rue d'Irandatz a Hendaye (54700)	France	Ordinary	415150515	
SAS Clinique Veterinaire My Little Veto +	Le Bas Faure, 87110 Le Vigen	France	Ordinary	902893254	
SCP Veterinaire Santer'Vet +	21 bis, Avenue Jean Jaures – 80700 Roye	France	Ordinary	398937649	
Selarl Veteriinaire Des Beauroy +	21 bis Rue Faubourg Dilo – Saint-Florentin	France	Ordinary	519341051	
SAS Du Chene +	1 Rue de Brandivy – 56330 Pluvinger	France	Ordinary	902024991	
Clinique Veterinaire Des Alizes +	41 Avenue Rene Coty Chateau d'Olonne – 85180 Les Sables d'Olonne	France	Ordinary	500658992	
Clinique Veterinaire de La Cardelle +	84 Chemin Dit De Cannes 06530 Le Tignet	France	Ordinary	394457543	
SAS Grand Maine +	12 Place Guy Riobe – Angers (49000)	France	Ordinary	440632552	
Veterinaire Du Parc+	125 Rue Charles Garnier – 88800 Vittel	France	Ordinary	478981632	
Clinique Veterinaire de La Fontaine +	13 Allee Joseph Touchais Doue-La-Fontaine, 49700 Doue-en-Anjou	France	Ordinary	878335496	
LesVets +	3 Pace Du Champ De Bataille – 29260 Lesneven	France	Ordinary	908927874	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Investments (continu	ued)			
Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Compar numbe
Selarl Des Milles Pattes +	39 Rue Du General De Gaulle – 60160 Montataire	France	Ordinary	7975940
SAS Velvet 31 +	78 Avenue Tolosane, immeubles Le pastel, 31520 Ramonville-Saint- Agne	France	Ordinary	8929561
SAS Du Ladou +	Route De Pau, 40500 Saint-Sever	France	Ordinary	4244807
Clinique Veterinaire De La Terrasse +	8 Avenue Lucien Barroux, 31500 Toulouse	France	Ordinary	9121868
Selarl Docteur Veterinaire Lacluche+	74 Rue du Mouthier, 60530 Neully-En-Theille	France	Ordinary	7805600
La Clinique Veterinaire Carpentier - Van Kote +	16 Avenue de la Republique, 78600 Mesnil- le-Roi	France	Ordinary	9084817
SCP Clinique Veterinaire Des Vingt Ponts et Des Tilleuls+	1 Rue des Varennes, 10140 Vendeuvre-Sur- Barse	France	Ordinary	48823079
Clinique Veterinaire du Grand Renaud, Selarl de Veterinaires+	Chemin Vicinal No1 le Grand Renaud – 72650 Sanit-Saturnin	France	Ordinary	38981460
Selarl Des Veterinaires du Pays de Douarnenez +	7 Rue de Breizh Izel – Zone artisanale de Sainte Croix – 291000 Douarnenez	France	Ordinary	79014169
SAS De L'Aubepine	5 Aliee de l'Aubepine – 49460 Montreuil-Juigne	France	Ordinary	79024312
Jamba Veterinaires +	466 Avenue Adjudant Hourcade – 83390 Cuers	France	Ordinary	79118252
SAS Des Trois Clochers+*	27 Avenue de Normandie, 35420 Louvigne du Desert, Rennes	France	Ordinary	48427895
SAS Oiselet+*	6 Rue Joseph Cugnot 38300 Bourgon-Jallieu	France	Ordinary	42 948075
La Societe Group Veterinaire Du Porhoet+*	Parc d'Activites Oxygene Lanouee – 56120 Forges de Lanouee	France	Ordinary	48925626
Selarl Benoit- Bacot+*	47 Boulevard de Linz 44210 Pornic	France	Ordinary	51025514
VetPartners Germany GmbH	Sonnenstrasse 6, 80311 Munchen	Germany	Ordinary	HRB12258
Tierarzte Kelberg GmbH	Wittum 15, 53539 Kelberg	Germany	Ordinary	HRB12269

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings Registered Office		Country	Holding	Company number
Tierarztpraxis Hohl Kyllburgh/Gerolstein GmbH	Kasselburger Weg 9, 54568 Gerolstein	Germany	Ordinary	HRB125648
Baab- Kleintierzentrum am Alzeyer Kreuz GmbH*	Albiger Strasse 1, 55232 Alzey.	Germany	Ordinary	HRB51506
Tierarztpraxis Schiffdorf GmbH & Co KG*	Pleschenstrasse 16, 27619 Schiffdorf.	Germany	Ordinary	HRB208567
VPG-103 GmbH *	Sonnenstrasse 6, 80311 Munchen	Germany	Ordinary	HRB113354
VPG-101 GmbH*	Sonnenstrasse 6, 80311 Munchen	Germany	Ordinary	HRB46274
Cluster 1A	Avenue de Lavaux 77, 100 Pully	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE- 497.095.963
Vetmidi SA – 50%	Rue du Pont-Levis 2, 1162 Saint-Prex	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE- 113.004.054
Vet Avenir Sarl	Impasse du Reposoir 1, 1260 Nyon	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE- 114.164.223
VetRenens Sarl	Rue de l'Industrie 5, 1020 Renen	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE- 200.990.652
VetLutry & Pully SA- 51%	Route de la Petite- Corniche 3, 1095 Lutry	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE- 272.000.081
Arche en VilleSarl	Avenue Gustave-Coindet 2, 1800 Vevey	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE- 243.297.186
Cabinet Veterinaire du Molage SA	Route du Molage 34, 1860 Aigle	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE- 107.329.051
VetAvry SA	Avry-Bourg 5, 1754, Avry- sur-Matran	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE- 213.383.119
Cabinet veterinaire des Jordils Sarl 55%	Rue du Midi 21, 1400 Yverdon-les-Bains	Switzerland	Ordianry	CHE- 104.934.988
VetLeman SA	Rue de Morges 17, 1023 Crissier	Switzerland	Ordinary	CHE312.998.92 2
VetPartners Espana SLU	Calle Velazquez 64 4 th izquierda, Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B06972806
VetPartners Clinicas Espana SL	Calle Velazquez 64 4 th izquierda, Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B67715953
VetPartners Clinicas Canarias SL	Calle Velazquez 64 4 th izquierda, Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B67715862

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments (continued)

mvestments (continued)					
Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number	
Clinica Veterinaria Ronda Sur SL	Calle Pedro juan Perpinan 106, bajos, Elche (Alicante)	Spain	Ordinary	B53597506	
Medican Servicios Veterinarios SL	Calle Bravo Murillo No 359 local 2-B, 28020 Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B85630648	
Centro Veterinario Atlantico SL	Calle Pl y Margall 42,bj, CP 35006, Las Palmas de Gran Canaria	Spain	Ordinary	B35454958	
L'Aif SLP	Calle Balmes 81,08008 Barcelona	Spain	Ordinary	B58505181	
Clinica Veterinaria Amanzora SL	Calle Carretera de la estacion km17 Baja – Local 1 Albox, 04800 Almeria	Spain	Ordinary	B04861779	
Hospital Veterinario Acena de Olga de Intermediacion SLU	Lugo, Rua de Fingol 117, Bajo	Spain	Ordinary	B27488584	
Clinica Veterinaria Tres Torres SLU	La calle Avenida Francesc Macia, 156,bajos, 08400 Granollers	Spain	Ordinary	B61793402	
Gil Arias Veterinaria SL	Calle Rosa Maria Molas, 6 de Castellon de la Plana	Spain	Ordinary	B12926002	
Especialistas Veterinarios de Andalucia	Urbanizacion Cosmoplois, locales 1 y 2, Mijas-Costa, Mijas	Spain	Ordinary	B93061729	
Grupo Veterinario Petsalud SL	Calle Castello 115, 7- officina, 28704	Spain	Ordinary	B85510656	
Thecmal Vets SL	Calle San Millan, 5 Bajo 2004, Logrono, La Rioja	Spain	Ordinary	B26545004	
Vetersalud Cangas SL	Rua Noria numero 4, 36940 La Rua, Orense	Spain	Ordinary	B94186962	
Marbella Vets SL	Plaza de Chile, S/N Marbella 29604, Malaga	Spain	Ordinary	B93745537	
Hospital Veterinario Vetindra SL	Avenue de Espana, 8 28941, Fuenlabrada, Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B88563531	
Servicios Veterinarios Finat SL	Calle Rafael Finat, 45, 28044 Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B01622893	
Pointer Veterinary Clinic SL	Avenue de los Girasoles, 344, 29660 Marbella, Malaga	Spain	Ordinary	B92328004	
Bellmar Veterinarios SL	Caleuega, 97, 28033 Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B87368353	
Urvet Costa del Sol SL	Castello 115, planta 7, oficina 704, 28006-Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B93501112	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investmen	ts (continued)
--------------	----------------

investments (continued)					
Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number	
Petsalud Tias SL	Calle Alcalde Jose Santos Gonzalez, 35291 Las Palmas	Spain	Ordinary	B01673888	
Petsalud Canarias SL	Calle Alcalde Jose Santos Gonzalez, 35291 Las Palmas	Spain	Ordinary	B06912711	
Lindo Pulgoso SL	Avda Galicia No 2 Bajos, 26500, Madrid	Spaín	Ordinary	B74028879	
Centro Veterinario Henares SL	Avenue de Vallehermoso,9, 19200 Azuqueca de Henares, Gaudalajara	Spain	Ordinary	B19124361	
Zhorava Proyectos SL	Avenue Jose Tartiere, 4, 33420, Lugones, Asturias	Spain	Ordinary	B74205220	
Estevania Salud Animal SL	CalleVelazquez,2 Bajos, 26500 Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B26546879	
Petsaluđ Vecindario SL	Avda Primero de Mayo, 11, 35002, Santa Lucia de Tirajana, Las Palmas	Spain	Ordinary	B10719813	
Clinicas Veterinarias Madrid SL*	La calle Marroquina 26 Posterior, local, 28030 Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B83960641	
Hospital de Referencia La Equina SL*	Manilva (Malaga), Ctra. De Martagina, KM 1,350	Spain	Ordinary	B91219949	
Integral Clinica Veterinaria SL*	C/Cervantes 32 Bajo, Cullera C.P. 46400 de Valencia	Spain	Ordinary	B40613952	
Janbarro SL*	La Avenida de Primo de Rivera 8, Bajo CP 15006 de A Coruna	Spain	Ordinary	B15527302	
Hospital Veterinario Montjuic SL*	La Calle Mexic numero 30, Barcelona 08004.	Spain	Ordinary	B66588054	
Bonafe Veterinaria SLP*	La Calle Juan Bonafe 6, Bajo la Alberca, 301150 Murcia	Spain	Ordinary	B73357204	
Mordisquito SLU*	La Calle Doctor Gomez Ulla 22, Arrecife, 35500 Las Palmas.	Spain	Ordinary	B35704063	
Terra Veterinarios SL*	La Calle San Antoni No 58, 1 Catarroja 46470 Valencia.	Spain	Ordinary	B98587702	
Clinica Cannis Monforte SL*	Carretera de Circunvalacion s/n Monforte de Lemos, Lugo	Spain	Ordinary	B27331203	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30	Investments (continued)		
	O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	A	11-

Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number
Argos Veterinaria SLU*	Avda. Finisterre 3, Cee 15, A Coruna	Spain	Ordinary	B15594724
Clinica Veterinaria Los Duranes SLU*	Vilagarcia de Arousa, calle Olero Pedrayo numero 7, baja, 36600 Pontevedra	Spain	Ordinary	B94149275
Kato Clinica Felina SL*	Calle Austria No 7, edificio V Centenario, Local 1, 41012 Sevilla	Spain	Ordinary	B90391673
Ocelote SL*	La Calle Castellar de la Frontera, nave 221, Polígono Industrial La Vega, 11380-Tarif, Cadiz	Spain	Ordinary	B72076144
Hospital Veterinario Retiro SL*	Calle Menendez Pelayo numero 23, local, Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B84396365
Centro De Formación Y Nutricion Bucefalo SL*	Calle Menendez Pelayo numero 23, local, Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B02673655
Especialidades Veterinarias Oftalvet SLU*	La Calle Malvasia 16, local 1, 35019 Las Palmasde Gran Canaria	Spain	Ordinary	B09858366
Clinica Veterinaria Cobena SLU*	La Calle Gandia, numero 3, piso 4 puerta 1ª, 28007 Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B67678748
Vetlasalle SL*	Avenida San Juan de la Salle, no 73, Bajo 41000, Sevilla	Spain	Ordinary	B91997304
Maestre Villora S.L.*	Avenida Valladolid n 2, local 8, C.P. 46020, Valencia	Spain	Ordinary	B98997562
Clinica Veterinaria Sedavi SLU *	Calle Germanias 2 Sedavi 46000 Valencia	Spain	Ordinary	B98090285
Vetsandel S.L.*	33402 Aviles, Calle Gitierrez Herrero no 1 bajo, Asturias	Spain	Ordinary	B74338526
Clinica Veterinaraia Romareda S.L.*	La calle Teniente General Gutierrez Mellado 11, Local 6, Zaragoza	Spain	Ordinary	B50807031
Glocarestvet S.L.*	Calle Vinegra no 6, 28047 Madrid	Spain	Ordinary	B88287271
VetPartners Practices Ireland Limited	Riverside Two, 43-49 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin D02 KV60	Ireland	Ordinary	703229
VetPartners Practices Spitfire House Limited	Riverside Two, 43-49 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin D02 KV60	!reland	Ordinary	719314

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30	Investments (continued)
	(

investments (continued)					
Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number	
Serengeti Limited	Riverside Two, 43-49 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin D02 KV60	freland	Ordinary	574072	
AAA Vet Care Limited*	Riverside Two, 43-49 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin D02 KV60	Ireland	Ordinary	647945	
Red Rover Limited*	Riverside Two, 43-49 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin D02 KV60	Ireland	Ordinary	719778	
ACVG Veterinary Supplies Limited*	Riverside Two, 43-49 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin D02 KV60	Ireland	Ordinary	575056	
Droberry Limited*	Riverside Two, 43-49 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin D02 KV60	Ireland	Ordinary	627568	
Market St. Veterinary Limited*	Riverside Two, 43-49 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin D02 KV60	Ireland	Ordinary	507027	
VP Clinicas Portugal, SGPS, Unipessoal Lda *	Rua Tierno Galvan, no 10, Torre 3 – Piso 6 – Sala 602	Portugal	Ordinary	517116820	
Vetfaro, Lda *	Urbanizacao Portas da Cidade, Lote 4, Loja A, 8900-487 Vila Real de Santo Antonio	Portugal	Ordinary	507673034	
Sinais de Esperanca, Lda *	Avenida da Trofa Velha, 107, 4785-716 Trofa	Portugal	Ordinary	508055113	
Clinica Veterinaria de Serralves, Lda *	Avenida Marechal Gomes da Costa, no 206,4150- 353 Porto	Portugal	Ordinary	507511220	
Hugo Brancal – ServicosVeterinario s, Sociedade Unipessoal, Lda *	Quinta das Ferreiras, 6200-289 Covilha	Portugal	Ordinary	508182190	
Torres Pet-Saude Animal Lda *	Rua da Varzea, Edificio Varandas da Cidade, Lote 2, Loja 7, Cidade, 2350- 433 Torres Novas	Portugal	Ordinary	509981577	
VetPartners Nederland B.V.	Landjuweel7, 3905 PE, Veenendal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89459717	
DierenDoktors Holding B.V. *	Landjuweel7, 3905 PE, Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	09148372	
DierenDoktors B.V. *	Landjuweel7, 3905 PE, Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	09148750	

30

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	drivers. Destinational Office	Ca	ب حالما ملا	Camaa
Subsidiary underta	skings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number
DierenDoktors Dierenklinieken B.V. *	Landjuweel7, 3905 PE, Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	57709610
DierenDoktors Schiedam B.V. *	Rembrantlaan 2, 3117 VJ Schiedam	Netherlands	Ordinary	78405564
DierenDoktors Amsterdam B.V. *	Landjuweel7, 3905 PE, Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	57710260
DierenDoktors Haarlem B.V. *	De Ruijterweg 18, zw, 2014AV Haarlem	Netherlands	Ordinary	82377545
Rodts DVM B.V. *	Prins Bernhardlaan 3, 2274HT Voorburg	Netherlands	Ordinary	85022640
DirenDoktors Hilversum B.V. *	Stationsstraat 6 A, 1211EM, Hilversum	Netherlands	Ordinary	73405922
Dierenartsenpraktij k Zeist B.V. *	Ze Hogeweg 87, 3701AW, Zeist	Netherlands	Ordinary	84780320
Dierenartspraktijk M.P.E.Jansen B.V.	Kalmoesplein, 10, 5643LM, Eindhoven	Netherlands	Ordinary	85981117
DGN Holding B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	64456056
DGN Gooi B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	65637313
DGN Klaver4Dieren 3.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89321790
DGN Barendrecht 3.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	88264971
DGN Groote Plein 3.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	70112436
Dierenkliniek Het Groote Plein B.V. *	Het Grote Plein 2, 1381 BE Weesp	Netherlands	Ordinary	32107934
DGN-Pijnappel B.V.	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	83210881
DierenKliniek Pijnappel B.V. *	St. Annastraat 35, 6524 EE Nijmegen	Netherlands	Ordinary	76849155
DAP Deil B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	84086165
OGN Rijnlaan & /an Zon B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89446380
OGN Hornstra B.V.	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordianry	90027469
Huisdierenkliniek Hornstra B.V. *	Van Lawick van Pabststraat 38, 6814 Arnhem	Netherlands	Ordinary	09105084
OGN Flevoland 3.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordianry	65637356

30

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Investments (continu	ued)			
Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number
DGN-Limburg B.V.	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	65637445
DGN-Pijls B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	72045663
Dierenkliniek Pijls B.V. *	Rijksweg Zuid 111A, 6161 BH Geleen	Netherlands	Ordinary	14058692
DGN DC Zuid- Limburg B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	85711810
Diergezondheidsce ntrum Zuid-Limburg B.V. *	Hweideweldweg 8, 9414 XL Heerlen	Netherlands	Ordinary	82489262
DGN Ganzeweide B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89332164
Dierenkliniek Leuven B.V. *	Weltertuijnstraat 70B, 6419 CV Heerlen	Netherlands	Ordinary	86410733
DGN Heerlen B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89935861
Kliniek voor Gezelschapsdieren Heerlen B.V. *	Kerlradersweg 13A, 6416 CC Heerlen	Netherlands	Ordinary	83903208
DGN-Zuid Holland B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	65637712
DGN-DGO B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	68712766
Dierenkliniek Goeree Overflakkee B.V. *	Marnix Gijenstraat 2, 0000BB Sommelsdijk	Netherlands	Ordinary	80192483
DGN-DC Zeeland B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	75759853
Diergeneeskundig Centrum Zeeland B.V. *	Zuidwellewg 4, 4326 SG Noordwelle	Netherlands	Ordinary	71986200
DGN Moens B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	88941493
DGN Polder B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89890647
Dierenkliniek De Polder B.V. *	Kwartelaan 44, 3145 AL Maassluis	Netherlands	Ordinary	73299545
DGN Kralingen B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89981596
Dierenkliniek Kralingen B.V. *	Oudedijk 197 B, 3061 AD Rotterdam	Netherlands	Ordinary	24433596
DGN Heemskerk B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89984625

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments (continued)

Subsidiary underta	kings Registered Office	Country	Holding	Company number
Dierenarts B.G. Heemskerk B.V. *	De Kempenaerstraat 21, 2341 GG Oestgeest	Netherlands	Ordinary	73415669
DGN-Noord Holland B.V.*	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	65637801
DGN Noord Holland Noord B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	65639669
DGN VCHN B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	38053899
VCHN B.V. *	Hoornseweg 31, 1775 RB Middenmeer	Netherlands	Ordinary	67288847
DGN Oudorp B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	65770013
Dierenkliniek Oudorp B.V. *	Scheldestraat 26, 1823 WB Alkmaar	Netherlands	Ordinary	37142867
DGN-DA NH B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	73156590
Dierenarts Noord Holland B.V. *	Juliana van Stolberglaan 6, 1814 HB Alkmaar	Netherlands	Ordinary	69074909
DGN ljmond-Noord B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	88264947
Dierenartsenpraktij k Ijmond Noord B.V. *	Raadhuisplein 7, 1902 CK Castricum	Netherlands	Ordinary	76385302
DGN De Jordaan B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89332253
Dierenkliniek De Jordaan B.V. *	Tweede Goudsbloemdwarsstraat 19, 1015 JX Amsterdam	Netherlands	Ordinary	75237741
DGN Lussing B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89659449
Dierenkliniek Lussing B.V *	Reina Prinsen Geerligsreef 11, 2135 HR Hoofddorp	Netherlands	Ordinary	81329113
DGN Dierentop B.V. *	Landjuweel 7, 3905 PE Veenendaal	Netherlands	Ordinary	89903447

^{* -} Investment acquired in the year.

^{** -} Dormant entity.

*** - Non-trading entity.

+ Entities where 49% of share capital and 99.9% of the economic rights have been acquired

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

30 Investments (continued)

The principal activity of VetPartners Limited is as an intermediate holding and investment company.

The principal activity of all other entities listed above is the provision of veterinary services with the exception of Vet UK Limited, an online retailer in the veterinary and pet product market; Time Right Group Limited a provider of pet cremation and animal waste services; Vetmedics Limited a provider of online veterinary consultations and Our PMS Limited which provides a bespoke practice management system.

The registered address for all subsidiaries registered in England and Wales is, Spitfire House, Aviator Court, York YO30 4UZ

The registered address of all subsidiaries registered in Scotland is, 171 Mayfield Road, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH9 3AZ.

The registered address of all subsidiaries registered in Northern Ireland is, 5 Old Moy Road, Dungannon, County Tyrone, Northern Ireland, BT71 6PS.

VetPartners Group Limited has provided guarantees in accordance with section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 to all of the above-named UK subsidiaries to allow them to claim exemption from audit.

VetPartners Group Limited has provided guarantees in accordance with section 448A of the Companies Act 2006 to all of the above-named UK dormant entity subsidiaries (**) to allow them to claim exemption from filing accounts.