Chancerygate (Bristol Way) Limited Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009

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Chancerygate (Bristol Way) Limited Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009

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Directors and advisors

Directors

A W Johnson A J Pettit W J Killick D S Bailey

Secretary and registered office

Chancerygate Corporate Services Limited 35 Hay's Mews London WIJ 5PY

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
10 Bricket Road
St Albans
Hertfordshire
AL1 3JX

Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2009

The directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2009

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows a profit for the year of £19,794 (2008 £27,941 loss)

Principal activities, trading review and future developments

The company's principal activity is that of property development. The company sold all of its stock and there are no plans to acquire any further property for development.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and up to the date of signing these financial statements were

A W Johnson

A J Pettit

W J Kıllıck

D S Bailey

Provision of information to auditors

So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware Relevant information is defined as "information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report"

Each director has taken all steps (such as making enquiries of other directors and the auditors and any other steps required by the director's duty to exercise due care, skill and diligence) that he ought to have taken in his duty as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2009 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Annual Report and the financial statements. The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally. Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. A resolution to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors to the company will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies

By order of the Diffectors

D S Bailey **Director**1 June 2010

Independent auditors' report to the members of Chancerygate (Bristol Way) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Chancerygate (Bristol Way) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2009 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of accounting policies and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the list of Directors and advisors, the Directors' Report and all of the other information listed on the contents page. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2009 and of its profit for the year
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

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Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

St Albans

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2009

	Note	2009	2008
		£	£
Turnover		19,068	-
Cost of Sales		-	(39,516)
Gross profit / (loss)		19,068	(39,516)
Administrative expenses		(4,330)	(400)
Operating profit /(loss)	1	14,738	(39,916)
Interest receivable and similar income	3	17,493	-
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(4,740)	-
Profit /(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		27,491	(39,916)
Taxation	5	(7,697)	11,975
Profit /(loss) for the financial year	9	19,794	(27,941)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

The company has no gains and losses other than the profit above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2009

	Note 2009	Note 2009 £	Note 2009	2008
			£	
Current assets				
Debtors	6	563,043	778,234	
		563,043	778,234	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	. 7	(9,347)	(244,332)	
Net current assets		553,696	533,902	
Total assets less current habilities		553,696	533,902	
Net assets		553,696	533,902	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	8	1	1	
Profit and loss account	9	553,695	533,901	
Total equity shareholders' funds	10	553,696	533,902	

The financial statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board of directors on 1 June 2010 and signed on its behalf by n

D S Baıley ` **Director**

Statement of accounting policies

Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 The principal accounting policies, which are documented below, have been applied consistently throughout the year

Turnover

Turnover represents income from the sale of development properties at invoiced amounts less value added tax and arises solely within the United Kingdom Sales of properties are accounted for when exchanged contracts become unconditional Profits on pre-sold development properties are only accounted for when all material development risks have passed

Turnover

Turnover represents rental income from outside customers on development properties and income from the sale of developments at invoiced amounts less value added tax and arises solely within the United Kingdom

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)" not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a "small" company under the Companies Act 1985

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. An asset is recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefits in the future is more likely than not. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities which have been recognised have not been discounted

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs to completion and disposal

Development costs directly attributable to property development activities are capitalised and included as part of the work in progress balance in stock and realized at time of sale

Statement of accounting policies (continued)

Capitalisation of finance costs

Interest on loans to finance development property is capitalised until the development is substantially complete

Related party disclosure

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8, "Related Party Disclosures", not to disclose transactions with members or investees of the group headed by Chancerygate Business Centres Limited Liability Partnership on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group and the company is included in its consolidated financial statements, which are publically available

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009

1 Operating profit

	2009 £	2008 £
This has been arrived at after charging		
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	1,100	950

2 Employees and directors

No employees were employed by the company during the year (2008 nil) No director received any emoluments during the year (2008 £nil)

3 Interest receivable and similar income

	2009	2008
	£	£
Bank interest	17,493	-

4 Interest payable and similar charges

	2009 £	2008 £
Bank interest	4,740	

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 (continued)

5 Taxation

(a) Analysis of tax charge in the year

2009 £	2008 £
7,697	(11,975)
7,697	(11,975)
	7,697

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year

	2009 £	2008 £
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before tax	27,491	(39,916)
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 30%)	7,697	(11,975)
Current tax charge for the year	7,697	(11,975)

6 Debtors

	2009 £	2008 £
Amounts due from group undertakings	552,993	752,733
Other debtors	10,050	25,501
	563,043	778,234

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 (continued)

7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2009 £	2008 £
Corporation tax	7,697	217,769
Accruals and deferred income	1,650	26,563
	9,347	244,332

8 Called up share capital

	2009	2008
	£	£
Authorised		
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 ordinary share of £1	1	1

9 Profit and loss account

	2009	2008
	£	£
At 1 April 2008	533,901	561,843
Profit for the year	19,794	(27,941)
At 31 March 2009	553,695	533,901

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 (continued)

10 Reconciliation of the movement in equity shareholders' funds

	2009	2008
	£	£
Opening equity shareholders' funds	533,902	561,843
Profit /(loss) for the year	19,794	(27,941)
Closing equity shareholders' funds	553,696	533,902

11 Ultimate controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent of the company is Chancerygate Business Centres LLP, a partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Chancerygate Business Centres LLP consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at 35 Hay's Mews, London, W1J 5PY

The directors do not consider there to be an ultimate controlling party