# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05177378**

# Urban&Civic Resolution Limited Financial Statements 30 September 2019

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# **Financial Statements**

# Year ended 30 September 2019

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# Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors PAJLeech

D L Wood

Company secretary

Urban&Civic (Secretaries) Limited

**Registered office** 

50 New Bond Street

London

W1S 1BJ

**Auditor** 

**BDO LLP** 

55 Baker Street

London W1U 7EU

# **Directors' Report**

#### Year ended 30 September 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2019.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year and to the date of this report were as follows:

P A J Leech D L Wood

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

**Directors' Report** (continued)

# Year ended 30 September 2019

This report was approved by the board of directors on 14 February 2020 and signed by order of the board by:

Urban&Civic (Secretaries) Limited

Company Secretary

Registered office: 50 New Bond Street

London W1S 1BJ

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Urban&Civic Resolution Limited

#### Year ended 30 September 2019

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Urban&Civic Resolution Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 September 2019 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings and the Statement of Financial Position, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion -

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Urban&Civic Resolution Limited (continued)

# Year ended 30 September 2019

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Urban&Civic Resolution Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2019

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Thomas Edward Goodworth (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor
London

14 February 2020

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# **Statement of Income and Retained Earnings**

# Year ended 30 September 2019

| Turnover  | Note<br>4 | 2019<br>£<br>12,999 | 2018<br>£<br>13,000 |
|---|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Gross profit  |           | 12,999              | 13,000              |
| Administrative expenses   |           | (2)                 | (2)                 |
| Operating profit  |           | 12,997              | 12,998              |
| Other interest receivable and similar income<br>Interest payable and similar expenses | 6<br>7    | 1<br>(16,539)       | 1<br>(16,413)       |
| Loss before taxation  |           | (3,541)             | (3,414)             |
| Tax on loss   | 8         | _                   | -                   |
| Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive income                            |           | (3,541)             | (3,414)             |
| Retained losses at the start of the year  |           | (178,285)           | (174,871)           |
| Retained losses at the end of the year  |           | (181,826)           | (178,285)           |

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

# **Statement of Financial Position**

# 30 September 2019

|  | Note | 2019<br>£ | 2018<br>£ |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| Current assets                                 | •    | 250 511   | 270 511   |
| Stocks   | 9    | 379,511   | 379,511   |
| Debtors  | 10   | 3,900     | _         |
| Cash at bank and in hand                       |      | 23        | 25        |
|  |      | 383,434   | 379,536   |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 11   | (565,259) | (557,820) |
| Net current liabilities                        |      | (181,825) | (178,284) |
| Total assets less current liabilities          |      | (181,825) | (178,284) |
| Net liabilities                                |      | (181,825) | (178,284) |
| Capital and reserves                           |      |           |           |
| Called up share capital                        | 12   | 1         | 1         |
| Profit and loss account                        | 13   | (181,826) | (178,285) |
| Shareholders' funds                            |      | (181,825) | (178,284) |
|  |      |           |           |

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 14 February 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

D L Wood Director

Company registration number: 05177378

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 30 September 2019

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 50 New Bond Street, London, W1S 1BJ. The principal activity of the company is property development.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

In preparing the financial statements of this company, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions as permitted by FRS102:

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash flows.
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d).
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraph 11.39 to 11.48A.
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Urban&Civic Plc as at 30 September 2019 and these financial statements may be obtained from Companies House.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

# Going concern

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to make an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Urban&Civic Plc has confirmed its current intention that neither itself nor any of its subsidiary undertakings would require repayment of the intercompany loan balances as disclosed in the financial statements for a period of not less than one year from the date of signing the financial statements unless the company was in a position to make such a repayment. Urban&Civic Plc has also undertaken to provide the company with any additional finance it requires to continue its activities over this same period. On this basis, the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2019

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The company makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future. These judgements and estimates affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates are continually evaluated based on historical experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements and estimates:

#### Stock impairment

Stock represents land and property assets held for resale. Typically assets are acquired or an agreement is entered into with a land owner to promote their site through the planning system. The asset increases in value following receipt of planning consent. As such management must ascertain the likelihood of such a change of use planning consent being obtained. In the event that planning consent is denied for a particular asset, management must establish the future prospects for the site with respect to a planning appeal or alternative planning application. The carrying value of the stock asset may need to be impaired in the event that the prospects of obtaining planning consent are reduced.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover represents rental income, excluding Value Added Tax and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

At each reporting date, inventories are assessed for impairment. If inventory is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2019

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost or their recoverable amount. Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterpart or default or significant delay in payment) that the company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable. The amount of such a provision is the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade debtors, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses. On confirmation that the trade debtor will not be collectable the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade creditors, other creditors, accruals and amounts due to group undertakings are originally recorded at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost under the effective interest method.

#### 4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

|      | 2019   | 2018   |
|------|--------|--------|
|      | £      | £      |
| Rent | 12,999 | 13,000 |
|      |        |        |

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

#### 5. Operating profit/ (loss)

Auditors remuneration was borne by another group company in the current and prior year.

The company has no employees other than the directors who did not receive any remuneration (2018: £nil).

#### 6. Other interest receivable and similar income

|                                       | 2019 | 2018 |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|
|                                       | £    | £    |
| Interest on cash and cash equivalents | 1    | 1    |
|                                       |      |      |

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30 September 2019

# 7. Interest payable and similar expenses

|  | 2019   | 2018   |
|--|--------|--------|
|  | £      | £      |
| Other interest payable and similar charges | 16,539 | 16,413 |

#### 8. Tax on loss

9.

10.

11.

#### Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year varies from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%).

| Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities by rate of tax  Utilisation of tax losses  Tax on loss | 2019<br>£<br>(3,541)<br>(673)<br>673 | 2018<br>£<br>(3,414)<br>(649)<br>649 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Stocks  |                                      |                                      |
|   | 2019<br>£                            | 2018<br>£                            |
| At 1 October 2018 and 30 September 2019   | 379,511                              | 379,511                              |
| Debtors   |                                      |                                      |
| Trade debtors   | 2019<br>£<br>3,900                   | 2018<br>£                            |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  |                                      |                                      |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings Accruals and deferred income Social security and other taxes                                 | 2019<br>£<br>561,359<br>3,250<br>650 | 2018<br>£<br>557,820<br>–            |

565,259

557,820

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30 September 2019

#### 12. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

|                            | 2019 |   | 2018 |   |
|----------------------------|------|---|------|---|
|                            | No.  | £ | No.  | £ |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | 1    | 1 | 1    | 1 |
|                            |      |   |      |   |

#### 13. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

#### 14. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed by FRS102 Section 33, 'Related Party Transactions', not to disclose any transactions with entities that are included in the consolidated financial statements of Urban&Civic Plc and are 100% owned.

#### 15. Controlling party

The company's immediate controlling undertaking is Urban&Civic North East Limited a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Urban&Civic Plc, incorporated in Scotland. The consolidated accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House. No other group accounts include the results of the company.