The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Progress Report Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

Company Number 5176309

Name of Company

company

(a) Insert full name of (a) Kenmore Capital Bristol Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) We (b) T G Walsh and address(es)

Of

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Plumtree Court

London

EC4A 4HT

J B Cartwright

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Erskine House

68-73 Queen Street Edinburgh EH2 4NHD

The liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my / our Progress Report under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

T. Lal.

Date 3 Feb 2011

address and reference

Presenter's name, Christine Yardley

(if any) PricewaterhouseCoopers LP

Plumtree Court London EC4A 4HT



24/02/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

ACUIZKUS" A23

07/02/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE 28

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Company's registered number

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

Name and address of liquidator

Kenmore Capital Bristol Limited

5176309

Members

10/07/2007

09/07/2010

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account -under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought forward	£ 0.00
		Carried forward	0.00

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursement	Amount
		Brought forward	£ 0.00
		Carried forward	0.0

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT

0.00

Analysis of	[£
Total realisations	0 00	
Total disbursements		0 00
	Balance £	0 00
The Balance is made up as follows -		-
Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00	
2 Balance at bank		0 00
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less the cost of investments realised	£	
Balance		0 00
Total balance as shown above	£	0 00

[NOTE- Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors 0 00 Floating charge holders 0 00 Unsecured creditors 62,640 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash 2 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

Inter-company loans totalling £252,131 79

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Tax position to be resolved
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed 6 months

During the period Kenmore Capital 2 Limited paid joint liquidators' fees and disbursements in respect of this liquidation and 13 connected companies amounting in total to -

 Fees
 £
 4,485 17

 Disbursements
 £
 310 10