

TLLC BRIDGESUBCO6 LIMITED

Company Registration No: 5173934

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 March 2009

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TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009

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Company information

Directors

S L Gumm
N M Leslau

Secretary and registered office

S L Gumm, Cavendish House, 18 Cavendish Square, London, W1G 0PJ

Company number

5173934

Auditors

BDO LLP, Emerald House, East Street, Epsom, Surrey, KT17 1HS

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2009

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows the profit for the year of £109,240 (2008: £90,757).

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend (2008: £nil).

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of property investment in the United Kingdom.

Directors

The directors of the company who held office during the year were as follows:

S L Gumm
N M Leslau

Principal risks and uncertainties - market factors

Since the summer of 2007, both the bank finance and property markets in the UK have experienced very turbulent conditions. The directors consider the properties owned by the company relatively well placed to withstand market fluctuations by virtue of the quality of the assets, strong tenant, and financing terms.

The properties are held in the financial statements at their 31 March 2009 internal valuation. It has to be recognised that at this particular and uniquely difficult time in the cycle, where there is only a limited banking market and no depth to the property market to speak of, that any accurate assessment of value is extremely difficult. We can confirm that the cash flow projections which supported this valuation at the year end are being achieved or improved upon. In the last few months, good quality real estate has seen a hardening of yields although the market remains thin. The directors consider that valuations should have stabilised or possibly improved since 31 March 2009.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2009 *(Continued)*

Directors' responsibilities *(continued)*

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

The directors have taken all the steps they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information which has not been brought to the attention of the auditors.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the Board

S L Gumm
Director



14 December 2009

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Report of the independent auditors to the shareholders of TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

We have audited the financial statements of TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited for the year ended 31 March 2009 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with those financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

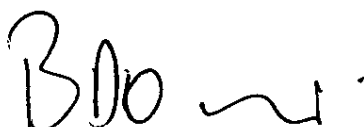
TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Report of the independent auditors to the shareholders of TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited (*Continued*)

Emphasis of matter – going concern

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 1 to the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The group of which the company is a member is currently negotiating with its lender over either the extension, repayment or refinancing of certain of its debt arrangements. While the directors have a reasonable expectation that these negotiations will be satisfactorily concluded, there are no binding agreements yet in place.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the group was unable to continue as a going concern.



BDO LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Epsom

United Kingdom

14 December 2009

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2009

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2009 £	Year ended 31 March 2008 £
Turnover	2	239,886	239,885
Direct property costs		(249)	(242)
Gross profit		239,637	239,643
Administrative expenses		(15)	(15)
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		239,622	239,628
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(130,382)	(148,871)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		109,240	90,757
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	-	-
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and retained profit for the year	12	109,240	90,757

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There was no difference between the historical cost result and the reported result on ordinary activities for the year.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2009

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2009 £	Year ended 31 March 2008 £
Profit for the financial year		109,240	90,757
Unrealised deficit on revaluation of investment properties in the year	12	(540,000)	(216,000)
Total recognised gains and losses for the year		(430,760)	(125,243)

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 March 2009

	Note	31 March 2009 £	31 March 2009 £	31 March 2008 £	31 March 2008 £
Fixed assets					
Investment properties	8		3,781,000		4,321,000
Current assets					
Debtors due within one year	9	-		1,707	
Net current assets			-		1,707
Total assets less current liabilities			3,781,000		4,322,707
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(2,272,387)		(2,383,334)
Net assets			1,508,613		1,939,373
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		1		1
Profit and loss account	12		351,336		242,096
Revaluation reserve	12		1,157,276		1,697,276
Shareholders' funds	13		1,508,613		1,939,373

The financial statements were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 14 December 2009.



S L Gamm
Director

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the company will continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due, for the foreseeable future. The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts which indicate, subject to the uncertainty noted below, that the company can continue as a going concern.

The company is a member of the group headed by Prestbury Hotels Limited ("the group"). At 31 March 2009, £61,382,873 of the group's total banking facilities of £428,113,872, which are secured on the group's assets, including the assets of the company, are due to expire in December 2009. In order to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future, the company requires either the term of this facility to be extended or the relevant loan to be repaid or refinanced. The directors of the group are currently in negotiations with the lender regarding the various options, including but not limited to the extension of this facility to October 2014, so that it expires at the same time as the rest of the group's borrowing facilities. While the directors have a reasonable expectation that these negotiations will be satisfactorily concluded, there are, as yet, no binding agreements in place.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the group's, and therefore the company's, ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

Turnover

Turnover represents rents receivable during the year from the leasing and letting of commercial properties at invoiced amounts less value added tax.

Investment properties

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value at the balance sheet date, on the basis of an annual valuation. Aggregate surpluses or deficits arising on revaluation are transferred to the revaluation reserve except where a deficit is deemed to represent a permanent diminution in the value, in which case it is charged directly to the profit and loss account.

Additions to investment properties include only costs of a capital nature. Costs such as interest and other property outgoings are treated as revenue expenditure and written off as incurred.

In accordance with SSAP 19 (as amended), no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of long leasehold investment properties. This treatment is a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 concerning depreciation of fixed assets. However, the company's investment properties are held not for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. The accounting policy is therefore necessary for the accounts to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 (Continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company has entered into a binding sale agreement and is unable to utilise existing capital losses within the group of which it is a member; and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates to make sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of any underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activities undertaken by the company and arose solely within the United Kingdom.

3 Employees

The average number of employees, excluding directors, during the year was nil (2008: nil).

4 Directors

No director received any emoluments from the company during the year (2008: none).

5 Auditors' remuneration

The auditors' remuneration is borne by the ultimate parent company. Fees for the audit of the company were £760 (2008: £760).

The consolidated accounts of Prestbury Hotel Holdings Limited disclose details of non-audit fees that were paid to the company's auditors in the prior year.

6 Interest payable and similar charges

	Year ended 31 March 2009 £	Year ended 31 March 2008 £
Interest payable on loans from group undertakings	130,382	148,871

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 (*Continued*)

7 Taxation

Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

	Year ended 31 March 2009 £	Year ended 31 March 2008 £
<i>UK corporation tax</i>		
Current tax on profits of the year	-	-

The tax assessed for the year varies from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below:

	Year ended 31 March 2009 £	Year ended 31 March 2008 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	109,240	90,757
Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 30%)	30,587	27,227
Effects of: Group relief claimed	(30,587)	(27,227)
Current tax charge for year	-	-

No provision for UK corporation tax has been made for the year due to the availability of group relief.

At present it is not envisaged that any tax will become payable in the foreseeable future, due to the availability of losses within the group of which the company is a member.

Deferred taxation

	31 March 2009 Unprovided £	31 March 2008 Unprovided £
<i>The company has an unprovided deferred tax liability which is made up as follows:</i>		
On the inherent capital gain arising on the carrying value of investment properties	255,124	402,737

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 (*Continued*)

8 Investment properties

	Long leasehold investment properties £
<i>At valuation</i>	
At 1 April 2008	4,321,000
Deficit on revaluation	(540,000)
	<hr/>
At 31 March 2009	3,781,000
	<hr/>

At 31 March 2009, the investment properties were valued on an open market basis by Nick Leslau BSc (Hons) MRICS, a chartered surveyor and director of the company and its parent companies, at £3,781,000 (2008: £4,321,000).

The historical cost of the company's properties is £2,623,724 (2008: £2,623,724).

A charge over the company's assets, including the above properties, has been granted to the group's lenders as part of the security for bank borrowings provided to Prestbury Hotels Limited, an intermediate parent company.

9 Debtors: amounts due within one year

	31 March 2009 £	31 March 2008 £
Trade debtors	-	1,453
VAT recoverable	-	254
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	1,707
	<hr/>	<hr/>

10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	31 March 2009 £	31 March 2008 £
Amounts due to group undertakings	2,272,387	2,383,334
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The amounts due to group undertakings are unsecured, bear interest at 8% and have no fixed repayment date. The above amounts include interest accrued of £722,103 (2008: £591,721).

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 (Continued)

11 Share capital

	31 March 2009 Number	31 March 2008 Number	31 March 2009 £	31 March 2008 £
<i>Authorised:</i>				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<i>Allotted, called up and fully paid:</i>				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

12 Reserves

	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £
At 1 April 2008	1,697,276	242,096
Retained profit for the year	-	109,240
Unrealised deficit on revaluation of investment properties in the year	(540,000)	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
At 31 March 2009	1,157,276	351,336
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

13 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

	Year ended 31 March 2009 £	Year ended 31 March 2008 £
Profit for the year	109,240	90,757
<i>Other recognised gains and losses:</i>		
Revaluation deficit	(540,000)	(216,000)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net deductions to shareholders' funds	(430,760)	(125,243)
Opening shareholders' funds	1,939,373	2,064,616
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Closing shareholders' funds	1,508,613	1,939,373
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

TLLC Bridgesubco6 Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009 *(Continued)*

14 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available to wholly owned subsidiary undertakings under Financial Reporting Standard 8, "Related Party Transactions", not to disclose details of any transactions with entities that are included in the consolidated financial statements of Prestbury Hotel Holdings Limited.

15 Cash flow statement

The company has used the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 1, "Cash Flow Statements", not to prepare a cash flow statement as a consolidated cash flow statement is included in the financial statements of its ultimate parent company.

16 Commitments and contingencies

The company, along with its current fellow group undertakings, has entered into an agreement with the bankers of Prestbury Hotels Limited, an intermediate parent company, to cross-guarantee the bank loans made to that company. At 31 March 2009 these bank loans amounted to £428,113,872 (2008: £425,037,400).

17 Controlling party information

At 31 March 2009, the company's immediate parent company was TLLC Bridgeco6 Limited and its ultimate parent company was Prestbury Hotel Holdings Limited. Both of these companies were incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated accounts of Prestbury Hotel Holdings Limited are available to the public and may be obtained from the company secretary, Cavendish House, 18 Cavendish Square, London W1G 0PJ.

Prestbury Hotel Holdings Limited is a joint venture company and is not controlled by any one individual or entity.