REGISTERED NUMBER: 05166855 (England and Wales)

**Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023** 

for

HOSTRANGE LIMITED

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## HOSTRANGE LIMITED

# Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

**DIRECTORS:**B Prince
J Prince

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Spitalfields House

Stirling Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 2FX

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 05166855 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Primera Accountants Limited

First Floor Spitalfields House Stirling Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 2FX

## Balance Sheet 31 March 2023

	Notes	31.3.23 £	31.3.22 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	4	12,700,000	12,700,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	49,436	49,436
Cash at bank		1	<u> </u>
		49,437	49,437
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	(26,411)	(26,411)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		23,026	23,026
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		12,723,026	12,723,026
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	7	3,024	3,024
Share premium		12,697,001	12,697,001
Retained earnings		23,001	23,001
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>12,723,026</u>	12,723,026

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 13 December 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

B Prince - Director

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hostrange Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Hostrange Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

#### Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

#### Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Going concern

The directors have considered the company's financial resources and performance and believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully and that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Consequently, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Significant judgement and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no significant judgements or estimates involved in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2022 - 2).

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

## 4. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

4.	FIXED ASSE	I INVESTMENTS			Shares in group	
					undertakings c	
	COST				£	
	At 1 April 202	2				
	and 31 March				12,700,000	
	NET BOOK			•		
	At 31 March 2	2023			12,700,000	
	At 31 March 2	2022			12,700,000	
	The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:					
	Prince Investments Limited					
	Registered off	ice: Spitalfields House 1st Floor, Stirling Way ness: Investment company	, Borchamwood, England, W	/D6 2FX		
			%			
	Class of shares	5:	holding			
	Ordinary		100.00			
				31.3.23	31.3.22	
	A agragata can	ital and reserves		£ 16,888,368	£ 16,924,554	
	Profit for the y			295,699	406,848	
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR					
				31.3.23	31.3.22	
	A mounte over	d by group undertakings		£ 49,436	£ 49,436	
	Amounts owe	a by group undertakings		<u> 49,430</u>	49,430	
6.	CREDITORS	: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN O	NE YEAR			
				31.3.23	31.3.22	
	0.1			£	£	
	Other creditor	S		<u>26,411</u>	<u>26,411</u>	
7.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Allotted, issue	Allotted, issued and fully paid:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.3.23	31.3.22	
			value:	£	£	
	3,000	Ordinary of £1 each	£1	3,000	3,000	
	6	Ordinary A non voting of £1 ca	£1	6	6	
	6	Ordinary B non voting of £1 ea	£1	6	6	
	6	Ordinary C non voting of £1 ea	£6	6	6	
	6	Ordinary D non voting of £1 ea	£1	6 2 024	<u>6</u>	
				<u>3,024</u>	3,024	

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.