

**CDC ACCOUNTING LIMITED  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018**

TI Accountancy

75-77 Buccleuch Street  
Barrow-In-Furness  
LA14 1QQ

**Cdc Accounting Limited**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 30 June 2018**

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**Cdc Accounting Limited**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**As at 30 June 2018**

Registered number: 05166773

		<b>2018</b>		<b>2017</b>	
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Tangible Assets	<b>4</b>		6,900		2,285
			6,900		2,285
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Debtors	<b>5</b>	16,934		10,687	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		2,970	
		16,934		13,657	
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>	<b>6</b>	(23,559 )		(14,364 )	
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>			(6,625 )		(707 )
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			275		1,578
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			275		1,578
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital	<b>7</b>		2		2
Profit and Loss Account			273		1,576
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			275		1,578

**Cdc Accounting Limited**  
**Balance Sheet (continued)**  
**As at 30 June 2018**

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For the year ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

**Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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**Mr Christopher Cheeney**

**24/01/2019**

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

**Cdc Accounting Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 30 June 2018**

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**1. Accounting Policies**

**1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

**1.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

**1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	Reducing Balance 25%
Fixtures & Fittings	Reducing Balance 25%

**1.4. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**Cdc Accounting Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 30 June 2018**

**2. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Office and administration	5	-
	<u>5</u>	<u>-</u>

**4. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Plant &amp; Machinery</b>	<b>Fixtures &amp; Fittings</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>			
As at 1 July 2017	3,920	-	3,920
Additions	4,744	980	5,724
As at 30 June 2018	<u>8,664</u>	<u>980</u>	<u>9,644</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
As at 1 July 2017	1,635	-	1,635
Provided during the period	1,007	102	1,109
As at 30 June 2018	<u>2,642</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>2,744</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>			
As at 30 June 2018	<u>6,022</u>	<u>878</u>	<u>6,900</u>
As at 1 July 2017	<u>2,285</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,285</u>

**5. Debtors**

	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	15,917	9,261
Prepayments and accrued income	418	1,426
Director's loan account	599	-
	<u>16,934</u>	<u>10,687</u>

**Cdc Accounting Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 30 June 2018**

**6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Trade creditors	3,328	4,204
Bank loans and overdrafts	970	-
Corporation tax	(9,174 )	1,861
Other taxes and social security	455	16
VAT	4,751	2,896
Net wages	3,111	2,584
Other creditors	19,471	1,104
Accruals and deferred income	647	-
Director's loan account	-	1,699
	<u>23,559</u>	<u>14,364</u>

**7. Share Capital**

	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

**8. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees**

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	<b>As at 1 July 2017</b>	<b>Amounts advanced</b>	<b>Amounts repaid</b>	<b>Amounts written off</b>	<b>As at 30 June 2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Mr Christopher Cheeney	<u>-</u>	<u>599</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>599</u>

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Dividends paid to directors

	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Mr Christopher Cheeney	15,000	15,000

**9. Ultimate Controlling Party**

The company's ultimate controlling party is Christopher David Cheeney by virtue of his ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

**10. General Information**

Cdc Accounting Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 05166773. The registered office is The Malthouse, Regent Street, Llangollen, LL20 8HS.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.