Registered number 05158466

Cyrus Audio Ltd

Filleted Accounts

30 June 2019

Cyrus Audio Ltd

Registered number: 05158466

Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2019

No	tes		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets			L		£
Tangible assets	3		71,187		80,786
Current assets					
Stocks		279,745		614,769	
Debtors	4	408,885		574,945	
Cash at bank and in hand		48,739		88,886	
		737,369		1,278,600	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	(742,180)		(800,874)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(4,811)		477,726
Total assets less current liabilities		-	66,376		558,512
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(1,333,230)		(1,067,594)
Net liabilities		-	(1,266,854)	-	(509,082)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			(1,266,855)		(509,083)
Shareholders' funds		-	(1,266,854)	-	(509,082)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Simon Freethy

Director

Approved by the board on 30 June 2020

Cyrus Audio Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2019	2018
		Number	Number
	Assessed to the control of the contr	40	27
	Average number of persons employed by the company	18	21

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and Land and machinery buildings etc		Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 July 2018	68,006	409,716	21,032	498,754
Additions	-	15,704	-	15,704
At 30 June 2019	68,006	425,420	21,032	514,458

	Depreciation				
	At 1 July 2018	67,868	329,862	20,238	417,968
	Charge for the year	-	24,509	794	25,303
	At 30 June 2019	67,868	354,371	21,032	443,271
	Net book value				
	At 30 June 2019	138	71,049	-	71,187
	At 30 June 2018	138	79,854	794	80,786
4	Debtors			2019	2018
				£	£
	Trade debtors			183,904	414,826
	Other debtors			224,981	160,119
			•	408,885	574,945
5	- Creditors: amounts falling due :	within one year		2019	2018
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year		2019 £	2018 £
5	Trade creditors	within one year			
5		·		£	£
5	Trade creditors	·		£ 553,568	£ 523,780
5	Trade creditors Taxation and social security costs	·	-	£ 553,568 14,698	£ 523,780 13,232
5	Trade creditors Taxation and social security costs		-	£ 553,568 14,698 173,914	£ 523,780 13,232 263,862
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security costs Other creditors			553,568 14,698 173,914 742,180	£ 523,780 13,232 263,862 800,874
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security costs Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due	after one year ings and undertakin	ngs in which	£ 553,568 14,698 173,914 742,180 2019 £	£ 523,780 13,232 263,862 800,874 2018 £
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security costs Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due Amounts owed to group undertak the company has a participating in	after one year ings and undertakin	ngs in which	£ 553,568 14,698 173,914 742,180 2019 £	£ 523,780 13,232 263,862 800,874 2018 £
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security costs Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due	after one year ings and undertakin	ngs in which	£ 553,568 14,698 173,914 742,180 2019 £	£ 523,780 13,232 263,862 800,874 2018 £

7 Other information

Cyrus Audio Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 5c Spitfire Close

Ermine Business Park

Huntingdon

Cambridgeshire

PE29 6XY

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.