REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BRIXTON (ACTON, WESTWAY ESTATE) 1 LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

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26/08/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Registered No. 5156530

DIRECTORS

T C Wheeler BSc FRICS (resigned 2 March 2009) S J Owen LLB FCA MCT

P A Dawson BSc MRICS

M J Andrews BSc MRICS

S D Lee BSc FRICS

C M Sheedy MRICS S H Armitage FRICS R Howell BA ACA

T P R Bridson BSc MRICS

(resigned 4 April 2008) (appointed 1 June 2008) (appointed 14 March 2008) (appointed 1 June 2008)

SECRETARY

A Whalley ACIS R Howell BA ACA (resigned 14 March 2008) (appointed 14 March 2008)

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE12AF

REGISTERED OFFICE

50 Berkeley Street London W1J8BX

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

In the year ended 31 December 2008 the profit/(loss) after tax of the company was £75,104 (year ended 31 December 2007: profit/(loss) after tax of £163,037). The directors do not recommend a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2008 (year ended 31 December 2007: £nil).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activities of the Company are property investment and development. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Brixton plc, a company registered in England and Wales.

On 2 July 2004, Brixton (Acton, Westway Estate) 2 Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, transferred its interest in the property at Acton, Westway Estate to the Company. The Company is expected to own the property for the foreseeable future.

Brixton demonstrated the resilience of its underlying operating business in 2008.

Due to the global market turmoil, the reduction in the supply of finance and weakening economic conditions there have been widespread declines in UK commercial property values in 2008. This accelerated in the fourth quarter of 2008 and it is widely expected that there will be further reductions in commercial property values in the UK during 2009. This has already been evidenced through declines in capital values and the IPD Monthly All Property Index of -3.0% in January. The valuation process continues to be conducted against a background of limited transactional evidence particularly in the prime London industrial markets.

It is anticipated that more investments will be traded this year: particularly between distressed, rather than willing, sellers and opportunist well funded purchasers which will provide more evidence of realisable prices. However, these transactions are likely to be below current balance sheet valuations. The transactional transparency should be welcomed and may help improve liquidity in the sector.

While market conditions remain extremely difficult, we are confident in the resilience of the business and the long-term strength of the underlying portfolio. We are focused on meeting the immediate challenge to protect against further valuation falls and strengthen our balance sheet.

On 10 August 2009, the shareholders of Brixton plc approved the recommended acquisition of Brixton plc by SEGRO plc. The acquisition through a scheme of arrangement is expected to become effective on 25 August 2009, at which point SEGRO plc will become the owners of Brixton plc and all its subsidiaries.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company can be classified under the heading of credit risk. Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for that other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company's policies are aimed at minimising such losses, and tenants are required to pay their rent in advance.

DIRECTORS

The directors holding office during the year ended 31 December 2008 and the present membership of the board is shown on page 1.

The Company's Articles of Association do not require the directors to retire by rotation.

Liability insurance cover for directors and officers of the Company was maintained during the year.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITORS

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquires of fellow directors and the Company's auditor, each director has taken all steps that he/she is obliged to take as a director in order to have made himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor of the Company.

ELECTIVE RESOLUTION

On 16 December 2004 the Company passed an elective resolution in accordance with s379 of the Companies Act 1985. In accordance with this resolution the Company is not required to lay reports and financial statements before the shareholders in general meeting, to hold an Annual General Meeting or to appoint auditors annually.

By order of the board

R Howell BA ACA Secretary

14 August 2009

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditors' Report set out on page 5, is made with a view to distinguishing for shareholders the respective responsibilities of the Directors and the Auditors in relation to the financial statements.

The Directors are required by company law to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the results of the Company for the year.

In preparing the financial statements the Directors have used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, and have followed all applicable accounting standards. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF BRIXTON (ACTON, WESTWAY ESTATE) 1 LIMITED

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Note of Historical Cost Profits and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

Ernst & Young LLP Registered auditor London Enter Young coo

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 December 2008

		2008	2007
	Notes	£	£
NET RENTAL INCOME/(EXPENSE) Administrative expenses	2	992,662 (36,000)	1,072,352 (45,000)
NET OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		956,662	1,027,352
Net interest payable and similar charges	3	(881,558)	(864,315)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Taxation	4	75,104 -	163,037
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION Equity dividends payable		75,104 -	163,037
RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	•	75,104	163,037
MOVEMENT IN RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) Opening balance Retained profit/(loss) for the year Realisation of revaluation reserve	•	(1,248,504) 75,104 -	(1,411,541) 163,037 -
At 31 December	-	(1,173,400)	(1,248,504)

The results in the profit and loss account relate to continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31 December 2008

	2008	2007
	£	£
Profit/(loss) for the year Unrealised surplus/(deficit) on valuation of properties	75,104 (5,409,859)	163,037 (510,257)
Total recognised gains and losses for the year	(5,334,755)	(347,220)
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES Year ended 31 December 2008		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation Realisation of property revaluation surplus/(deficit) of previous years	75,104	163,037
Historical cost profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	75,104	163,037
Historical cost profit/(loss) for the year retained after taxation and dividends	75,104	163,037

BALANCE SHEET

at 31 December 2008

		2008	2007
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS		47 572 204	22.070.242
Investment properties Investment in subsidiary undertakings	5 6	17,573,201 -	22,970,213 -
	-	17,573,201	22,970,213
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	22,010,210
CURRENT ASSETS DEBTORS	7	397,716	66,799
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	8	(279,115)	(2,349)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	-	118,601	64,450
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		17,691,802	23,034,663
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Amount due to parent undertaking		(1,654,321)	(1,662,427)
Amounts due to associated group undertaking	0	(1,771,210)	(1,771,210)
Preference share liability Provision for liabilities	9 10	(15,940,890) -	(15,940,890) -
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	•	(1,674,619)	3,660,136
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•		
Called up equity share capital	11	1	1
Revaluation reserve	12	(501,220)	4,908,639
Profit and loss account	-	(1,173,400)	(1,248,504)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS/(DEFICIT)		(1,674,619)	3,660,136

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors 14 August 2009.

R Howell Director

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified by the revaluation of properties and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Fundamental accounting concept

These financial statements have been prepared under the going concern basis as Brixton plc, the Company's parent undertaking has agreed to provide continuing support to the Company, at least twelve months after the date of approval by the Directors of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 subject to the Company remaining 100% owned by Brixton plc, to enable the Company to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

After the year end the company entered into an arrangement to be acquired by SEGRO plc, a transaction which received Brixton plc shareholder approval on 10 August 2009.

Investment properties

All investment properties are valued annually. The valuations are adopted in the financial statements and the surpluses and deficits are taken to revaluation reserve, except for those deficits expected to be permanent which are included in the profit and loss account. All long leasehold properties with terms over 150 years are treated as freehold properties.

Finance costs associated with direct expenditure on investment properties under development or undergoing major refurbishment are capitalised from the commencement of the development work until the date when the property is physically complete and becomes available for occupation. The capitalisation of finance cost is suspended if there are prolonged periods when development activity is interrupted.

Depreciation

In accordance with SSAP19, no depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties. This is a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 which require all fixed assets to be depreciated. The Directors consider that this departure is necessary in order for the financial statements to give a true and fair view as the properties are held for investment and not for consumption.

Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration has been borne by Brixton plc. The fee attributable to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2008 was £2,000 (2007: £2,000). The Company is exempt from disclosing the auditors' fee for non-audit services since the ultimate parent company, Brixton plc, is required to make these disclosures in its consolidated financial statements.

Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration has been borne by Brixton plc.

Liability for taxation on investment properties

As all the Company's investment properties are held as long term investments, no provision is made for the tax which would arise if they were sold at their book values at the balance sheet date.

Statement of cash flows

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption given in FRS1 (revised 1996) 'Cash Flow Statements', from preparing a cash flow statement on the basis that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Brixton plc. The consolidated financial statements of Brixton plc are publicly available.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Net rental income

Income, which is stated net of value added tax, represents amounts invoiced to third parties for rental income receivable in relation to the leasing of investment properties, net of associated property costs.

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives are recognised over the shorter of the lease term and the date of the next rent review.

Financial instruments

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption given in FRS 29 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' with respect to disclosures as the group controls at least 90% of the Company's voting share capital, and the consolidated financial statements of Brixton plc, the ultimate parent undertaking are publicly available.

Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exception given in FRS 8, 'Related Party Disclosures' with respect to inter-group disclosures as the group controls at least 90% of the Company's voting share capital and that of associated group undertakings, and the consolidated financial statements of Brixton plc, the ultimate parent undertaking are publicly available.

Deferred tax

In accordance with FRS 19, deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed at the balance sheet date that may give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future. As all of the Group's investment properties are held as long-term investments, deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of those assets. Following the sale of a property any deferred tax provision not required will be released to the profit and loss account. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

2. NET RENTAL INCOME/(EXPENSE)

	2008 £	2007 £
Net rental income/(expense)	992,662	1,072,352

The source and destination of income is the United Kingdom. The Company has one class of business.

3. NET INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2008 £	2007 £
Third party interest receivable	-	(1,282)
Third party interest payable	-	-
Interest charged by/(to) parent undertaking	19,920	18,110
Interest charged by/(to) associated undertaking	100,959	104,193
Preference share dividend payable	760,679	743,294
	881,558	864,315

Net interest payable is stated after deducting capitalised interest of £nil (2007: £nil).

4. TAXATION

	2008 £	2007 £
Deferred tax: Release of deferred tax in respect of conversion to REIT	-	•
Total deferred tax UK corporation tax – prior year	-	-
	-	-
Factors affecting the corporation tax charge for the year: Tax charge/(credit) on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at UK corporation tax rate of 28%/30% (2007: 30%) Effect of: Amounts not tax deductible	21,405 (21,405)	48,911 (48,911)
Impact of corporation tax – prior year	<u>-</u>	

The rate of corporation tax changed from 30% to 28% at 1 April 2008.

4. TAXATION (continued)

The Brixton plc Group converted to a REIT (Real Estate Investment Trust) on 1 January 2007. Consequently, the Company is not expected to pay corporation tax on rental income and capital gains arising on the disposal of qualifying investment properties in the future. As the Company's expected effective future tax is 0% no provision for deferred tax has been made as at 31 December 2008.

No provision was made in these accounts for the REIT entry charge, calculated as 2% of the market value of the Company's property assets as at 1 January 2007, as an undertaking was received from its ultimate holding company, Brixton plc, that the latter will assume all liabilities for this charge.

5. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2008 . <u>£</u>	2007 £
Freehold properties Opening book value	22,970,213	23,409,420
Additions Disposals	12,847	71,050
Revaluation surplus/(deficit)	(5,409,859)	(510,257)
Book value at 31 December	17,573,201	22,970,213

The Company's property was externally valued as at 31 December 2008 by King Sturge in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Standards of RICS which became effective on 1 January 2008, on the basis of market value. Market value represents the figure that would appear in a hypothetical contract of sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller. Market value is estimated without regard to costs of sale.

Investment properties have been included at market value after having (added)/deducted an amount of £66,799 (2007: £66,799) in respect of lease incentives included in tenant debtors.

The historical cost of investment properties as at 31 December 2008 was £18,074,421 (2007: £18,061,574).

The Directors have given due consideration to the revaluation movement in the period, and on reflection do not consider this downward revaluation to be a permanent diminution in value.

6. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

	2008	2007
	£	£
Book value at 1January	_	1
Disposals	-	(1)
·		
Page value at 24 December		
Book value at 31 December	•	-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
In 2007 the Company disposed of its investment in one £1 holding in the ordinary share capital of Brixton (Acton, Wescompany. 7. DEBTORS		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
- tenant debtors	395,966	66,799
 prepayments and accrued income other debtors 	1,750	-
- other deptors	•	-
Amounts fulling due to the discount	397,716	66,799
Amounts falling due in more than one year: - amounts due from parent undertaking	_	_
amounts due from associated group undertaking	-	- -
amounts are non-according group and adding		
	007.740	00 700
	397,716	66,799
8. CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONI	E YEAR	
	2008	2007
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	279,115	-
Corporation tax creditor Other creditors	• -	- 2,349
	-	2,545

279,115

2,349

9. PREFERENCE SHARE LIABILITY

Preference shares of £1 each	2008 £	2007 £
Authorised	15,999,900	15,999,900
Allotted, called up and fully paid	15,940,890	15,940,890
On 1 January 2007 the company issued 15,940,890 £1 propreferential dividend calculated at the average 12 month L basis points.		
10. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Deferred tax: Opening balance Charge for the year	- 	- -
Balance at 31 December	-	-
11. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	*****
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2008 £	2007 £
Authorised	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid Opening balance Issued in year	1 -	1
	1	1

12. REVALUATION RESERVE

IZ. REVALUATION RESERVE		
	2008 £	2007 £
Opening balance Revaluation surplus/(deficit) in year Transfer to profit and loss account	4,908,639 (5,409,859) -	5,418,896 (510,257) -
Balance at 31 December	(501,220)	4,908,639
13. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHO	LDER'S FUNDS/(DEFIC	IT)
	2008	2007
	£	£_
Profit/(loss) for the year Dividends paid	75, 104 -	163,037 -
Other recognised gains and losses for the year Share capital issued	75,104 (5,409,859) -	163,037 (510,257)
Net addition/(reduction) to shareholder's funds Opening shareholder's funds	(5,334,755) 3,660,136	(347,220) 4,007,356
Closing shareholder's funds/(deficit)	(1,674,619)	3,660,136

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2008

14. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The directors have authorised future capital expenditure which amounts to:

	2008	2007
	£_	£
Contracted for	-	-
Not contracted for	-	-
	-	-

15. ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The ultimate holding company is Brixton plc, a company registered in England and Wales.

The company has entered into an arrangement whereby SEGRO plc will become the new owners of Brixton plc and all its subsidiaries. The effective date of the arrangement is expected to be 25 August 2009.

16. GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The parent undertaking of the company for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the Company is a member is Brixton plc. Copies of Brixton plc's financial statements can be obtained from 50 Berkeley Street, London W1J 8BX.