Lubetec UK Ltd

Registered number: 05151672

Balance Sheet

as at 31 August 2019

	Notes		2019		2018
Fixed assets			£		£
Tangible assets	3		190,664		191,424
Current assets					
Stocks		17,278		16,833	
Debtors	4	111,867		151,871	
Cash at bank and in hand		656,051		514,405	
		785,196		683,109	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(123,109)		(119,786)	
Net current assets			662,087		563,323
Total assets less current liabilities		-	852,751	-	754,747
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	ar 6		(287,030)		(239,616)
Provisions for liabilities			(3,409)		(3,264)
Net assets		-	562,312	-	511,867
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			562,310		511,865
Shareholders' funds			562,312	- -	511,867

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Λ ct 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Miss Faiza Mughal

Director

Approved by the board on 17 July 2020

Lubetec UK Ltd

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 August 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures and equipment 15% reducing balance basis Motor vehicle 25% reducing balance basis

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax

assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2	Employees			2019 Number	2018 Number
	Average number of persons er	5	5		
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Land and buildings	Fixtures and equipment	Motor vehicle	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 September 2018	187,150	9,721	5,000	201,871
	At 31 August 2019	187,150	9,721	5,000	201,871
	Denocatedan				
	Depreciation At 1 September 2018		6,633	3,814	10 447
	Charge for the year	-	0,033 464	296	10 , 447 760
	At 31 August 2019		7,097	4,110	11,207
	Net book value				
	At 31 August 2019	187,150	2,624	890	190,664
	At 31 August 2018	187,150	3,088	1,186	191,424
4	Debtors			2019	2018
				£	£
	Trade debtors			111,867	151,871
5	Creditors: amounts falling d	2019	2018		
	9	£	£		
	Trade creditors			68,788	68,679
	Taxation and social security co	54,321	51,107		
				123,109	119,786
6	Creditors: amounts falling d	2019	2018		
	-5	,		£	£
	Directors Current Account			287,030	239,616

7 Other information

Lubetee UK Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Airforce House

Springwell Road

Leeds

West Yorkshire

LS12 1BH

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.