THE CENTRE FOR SOCIAL JUSTICE
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MAY 2021

		2021 20)20	
·	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		41,213		83,126
Investments	5		100		100
·			41,313		83,226
Current assets			·		•
Debtors	6	182,818		176,658	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,845,023		1,888,819	
		2,027,841		2,065,477	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	,				
one year	7	(783,142)		(1,128,856)	
Net current assets			1,244,699		936,621
Net assets			1,286,012		1,019,847
Het 453613					1,013,047
Reserves					
Income and expenditure account			1,286,012		1,019,847
All of a state of the			4.000.040		4 040 047
Members' funds			1,286,012		1,019,847
					======

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income and expenditure account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 May 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ..06.02.2022. and are signed on its behalf by:

Rt Hon Sir Iain Duncan Smith MP Director

Company Registration No. 05137036

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

The Centre for Social Justice is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Kings Buildings, 16 Smith Square, Westminster, London, SW1P 3HQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Income and expenditure

Income represents donations, grants and other income receivable less value added tax where applicable

Income in respect of donations is recognised when the company is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions by the donor have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably and it is probable that income will be received. Where there are no performance obligations, donations are recognised on receipt.

Grants of a revenue nature are credited to income so as to match them with the expenditure to which they relate.

Grants in respect of capital expenditure are credited to deferred income account and are released to the profit and loss account over the useful lives of the relevant assets.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements

20% on cost

Fixtures and fittings

straight line over 3 years

Computers

straight line over 3 years

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

Basic financial assets

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Basic financial liabilities

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Loans and borrowings that are receivable within one year are not discounted. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar loan.

1.7 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.8 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.9 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 26 (2020 - 17).

	·			2021 Number	2020 Number
	Total			26	. 17
	·	*		======	
4	Tangible fixed assets				
·		Leasehold improvements	Fixtures and fittings	Computers	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 June 2020	92,345	12,514	32,605	137,464
	Additions	•	•	3,583	3,583
	At 31 May 2021	92,345	12,514	36,188	141,047
	Depreciation and impairment				
•	At 1 June 2020	37,704	4,536	12,098	54,338
	Depreciation charged in the year	30,778	4,172	10,546	45,496
	At 31 May 2021	68,482	8,708	22,644	99,834
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 May 2021	23,863	3,806	13,544	41,213
	At 31 May 2020	54,641	7,978	20,507	83,126
5	Fixed asset investments				
				2021	2020
				£	£
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interes	sts		100	100
					===

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

6	Debtors		
	•	2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
•	Service charges due	5,000	-
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	76,447	_
	Other debtors	101,371	176,658
		182,818	176,658
		=====	
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	57,022	131,603
	Taxation and social security	54,588	31,532
	Other creditors	671,532	965,721
		783,142	1,128,856
		=====	

8 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2020	2021
£	£
263,267	105,307
•	

10 Grant Funding

Turnover includes £25,500 grant funding received from the Barrow Cadbury Trust which is restricted to the costs of salaries and running costs of our project 'Prisons and probation: Delivering the reform we need'. £22,297 had been spent as at 31 May 2021.